"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Snow or rain Friday; Saturday, clearing, colder; increasing south winds, becoming northwest.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,774. * * * NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1912.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

OUTLAWS SLAY JUDGE IN COURT

Also Kill the Prosecutor and the Sheriff at Hillsville, Va.

NINE OTHERS WOUNDED

Twenty Mountaineers, Failing to Rescue Prisoner, Flee—Posse in Pursuit.

PRISONER JUST CONVICTED

When the Band Burst Into the Court Room and Began Its Fusillade.

TROOPS ARE IN READINESS

Gov. Mann Offers Reward for Slayers Alive or Dead—Prisoner Shot, Too.

Special to The New York Times.

ROANOKE, Va., March 14.—Down to the quaint old red-brick Court House at Hillsville, the seat of Carroll County, where sentence was being pronounced on one of their number, a troop of twenty mud-splashed mountaineers galloped in with rifles from the surrounding hills early this morning, and in less time than it takes to tell it the Judge upon the bench, the prosecutor before the bar, and the Sheriff at the door lay dead in the courtroom. Several of the jurors were also shot, one probably mortally, and the prisoner also was wounded. The courtroom, which was crowded with country folk, was turned into a scene of panic and confusion.

The list of casualties follows:

The Dead.

Judge THORTON L. MASSIE of Pulaski.

Commonwealth's Attorney W. M. FOSTER of Hillsville.

Sheriff LEWIS WEBB of Hillsville.

The Injured.

FLOYD ALLEN, the prisoner.

DEXTER GOAD, Clerk of the Court.

J. H. BLANKENSHIP, a juror, will probably die.

Jurors A. T. HOWLETT, FOWLER, FADDIS, and KANE.

BRUCE MARSHALL and STUART WARRELL, bystanders.

Before the smoke of their rifles had cleared away the mountain outlaws had leaped into their saddles, and, putting spurs to their horses, galloped through the stunned little village. Before the village awoke—and then only to find itself helpless and stripped of all power either of pursuit or punishment—the desperadoes had reached the mountain wilderness where they make their home.

Posse Pursuing Outlaws.

It was not until to-night, when the outlaws had a good day's start in the mountain bush, that a posse of citizens hurriedly organized, started to make a semblance of pursuit. Sheriffs from neighboring counties and their deputies cannot reach Hillsville until morning.

The outrage, however, spreading like wildfire to the nearest telegraph station, fifteen miles away, has aroused the enitre State, and to-night Gov. Mann offered a reward of $1,000 for the capture of the outlaw band. This sum was increased almost immediately to $3,000.

A reward of $300 will be paid for the capture of individual members of the band, dead or alive. Few in Hillsville think any will be captured alive.

Troops have been ordered held in readiness at Roanoke and Lynchburg for immediate departure to the scene of the outrage, and Capt. F. W. Devant of the Second Virginia Regiment has already been ordered to Hillsville with his men, rifles, and ammunition.

A special train of twenty detectives was rushed from Roanoke to-night to Gallax, the nearest railway station, fifteen miles away. It will be midnight before these can get over the mountain roads, traveling hub deep in the soft Spring mud. It will be daylight before forces of the pursuers can be assembled and the pursuit of the outlaws begun in earnest.

Floyd Allen was before the bar this morning, convicted of taking a prisoner from a Deputy Sheriff. Allen had struck the Sheriff over the head with the butt of a rifle and the prisoner escaped. Sheriff Webb had gone up into the mountains and taken Allen, despite dire warnings of what such a venture might mean. Attorney Foster had prosecuted him fearlessly, and a mountaineer jury gathered from an inland section, for no man in Carroll County cared to sit on the trial of Allen, had convicted him.

Scene in the Courtroom.

This morning soon after court convened the jury went out to consider the case. In Carroll County, from time immemorial, court has started at 8 o'clock, the earliest hour, perhaps, of any court in the State. A few minutes after 8 the jury reported that it had agreed on a verdict, and soon afterward, under the direction of the Sheriff, the jurors came into the courtroom. Taking their seats in the chairs occupied by them throughout the trial, they were asked by the court if they had reached a verdict.

Replying in the affirmative, the court directed them to make known their decision. The Foreman announced that the jury had found Allen guilty and fixed his punishment at one year in the State penitentiary.

Acting in pursuance of the jury's decree, Judge Massie proceeded to sentence Allen. Having done so he directed the court officers to take the prisoners to jail.

Just as Allen was about to be taken away his two brothers, Sidney and Jack, at the head of a troop of twenty mount-

Continued on Page 2.

BIG FUND FOR AMUNDSEN.

Norway Cabinet May Grant Explorer $105,000 for His Polar Trip.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—The London Daily Telegraph has a dispatch from its Copenhagen correspondent, saying that a Cabinet council will be held in Christiania next week with a view to granting Amundsen a State subvention of $105,000 for the benefit of his polar trip.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

CHRISTIANA, March 14.—The King and Queen, Cabinet Ministers, Liplomatic Corps, and a representative gathering of citizens were present at the Geographical Society's meeting to-night, when Dr. Nansen delivered a lecture on polar exploration in general and Amundsen's achievement in particular.

Commenting on the long struggle to attain the south pole, Nansen paid a warm tribute to Capt. James cook and Capt. Ross. He continued:

"Their feats have been brilliantly followed up by Capt. Scott and Sir Ernest Shackleton, whose discoveries greatly contributed to Amundsen's success. Still the Tmundsen expedition was largely founded on Norwegian experience. The art and science of polar exploration have been highly developed by the Norwegians, and their methods have been adopted by all other countries, but Norwegians are better fitted to apply them in practice because they spring from Norwegian polar experience.

"The ski sleighs of the Norwegian peasants were the model of Amundsen's, and the Fram was built on the lines of Norwegian boats, engaged in the Lofoten fisheries.

"The development of national characteristic qualities allows a nation to attain its highest achievements. Our people's mode of life and our country's natural conditions give Norwegians advantages in polar exploration over other countries and explain the great results we have accomplished.

"Therefore, we must continue these explorations. We should not do what others can do better, but should concentrate our faculties on doing what we can do better than others."

RAKEMAKER PERPLEXED.

Shall He Give a Rake to Taft or a "Big Stick" to the Colonel.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 14.—The political embarrassment in which friends of President Taft and Col. Roosevelt find themselves because of the Colonel's entry into the Presidential campaign reaches as far back as Tyringham Village, which Richard Watson Gilder has immortalized in poetry.

There lives Marshall Steadman, rakemaker—be sure of his trade, a rakemaker and not a muckraker—the fourth of a generation of men who have turned out handmade rakes—not hand muckrakes—for the farmers of three States. Steadman last January began fashioning a hand rake for President Taft. To make it fit, he borrowed measurements from the President's Washington tailor of the length of the President's arm, his height, waist measure, and all the necessary figures so that the rake would have the right hang and sweep.

It was to be Steadman's masterpiece. Winter nights in his home in Tyringham he has shaped this rake. Every piece was cut by his own hand; every particle was sandpapered to show the hickory grain. It was nearing its completion when Col. Roosevelt announced that his hat was in the ring. Then Steadman halted. He admires the Colonel hugely. To present the rake to the Colonel's rival would be lese majeste to the ex-President.

Reluctantly Steadman has hung upon the wall of his rake shop the rake that was to be his finest work. If in the Chicago Convention the President is renominated he'll finish it. If the Colonel wins, Steadman plans to fashion a "big stick" of the choicest hickory that can be found in the Tyringham Valley and take it personally to Oyster Bay.

HER $1,500 NECKLACE STOLEN

Police Puzzled Over the Theft of Mrs. Wolf's Diamond Piece.

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty and Inspector Hughes are bending their energies to solve the mystery of the disappearance of a $1,500 diamond necklace from the home of Dr. G. Wolf, 1,889 Madison Avenue. On Saturday night Dr. and Mrs. Wolf entertained friends and it was not until three o'clock Sunday morning that Mrs. Wolf retired.

She took off the necklace and put it on a bureau near her bed. She was so tired that she did not remove her rings, a bracelet and earrings. When she awoke at 11 o'clock Sunday morning the necklace was gone.

The Wolfs occupy the whole house. The furnace man, when questioned by the police yesterday, said he remembered that on Sunday he found the gate and basement door open. What adds to the bewilderment of the police is that in the basement was a big mastiff with some reputation as a watch dog and so far as the police can learn the dog raised no disturbance that morning.

The necklace contained twenty-one diamonds, each a karat and a half, and a pendant from a French spiral chain.

NINTH POISONED BABY DIES.

Four-Months-Old Girl a Victim of Brooklyn Nursery Employe.

Another baby—the ninth victim—died yesterday in the Brooklyn Nursery and Infants' Hospital of the effects of oxalic acid, which was put into milk given to the babies on Feb. 17. The infant that died yesterday was Helen Rosenberg, 4 months old, whose parents live in Humboldt Street.

Eight of the babies died within four or five days after drinking the poisoned milk, but the Rosenberg child was one of four that the physicians hoped to save.

Winifred Ankers, who was employed as a maid in the hospital, was arrested after she had confessed to putting poison in the food given to the babies. She was arraigned in the Gates Avenue Court last month, and was held to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Angostura Bitters lends delicious flavor to grapefruit and jellies.—Adv.

PLEADS FOR PRISON TERM AT 88 YEARS

Old Criminal Induces the Court to Send Him to Clinton, the Only Home He Knows.

ALL HIS FRIENDS ARE THERE

Forged a Check, Then Hurried Off to Tell the Police About It—Wants to Read and Study.

"I don't want to go free and I don't want to go to the Poor House. I simply want to go to Clinton Prison for five years, and by then I may be dead," said Charles Bartlett, 88 years old, before Judge Edward Swann in General Sessions yesterday after he had pleaded guilty of attempted forgery in the second degree.

Bartlett entered the store of W. & J. Sloane, dealers in carpets, at 804 Broadway, on Jan. 27 and ordered two expensive rugs, giving in payment a check for $2,125, signed by W. B. Bennett and drawn on a Pittsburgh bank. He then went directly to Police Headquarters and gave himself up. When arraigned in court yesterday the aged prisoner said he was ready to plead guilty of forgery, but Judge Swann would not allow him to do so, and then Franklin Grier, the prisoner's counsel, said he would plead guilty to attempted forgery in the second degree for his client.

"Your Honor, this man wants to go to Clinton Prison for five years, as he figures that he will die in that length of time," said the lawyer. "He says all his friends are there."

"Yes, that is right," interrupted the aged criminal. "I do want to go there; it will take me out of temptation and protect society."

"A very remarkable case," commented Judge Swann; "tell me about yourself."

"Well, about forty-two years ago I was swindled out of all that I had—$28,000—and have devoted the rest of my life to swindling swindlers to advertise them. I did not try to swindle the Sloanes; I simply wanted to get back into prison."

At this point the Grand Jury filed in and Judge Swann said:

"Gentlemen, here is a very remarkable case. This old man has pleaded guilty to a crime, and wants to go back to Clinton Prison, and I don't want him to go to prison. What shall I do?"

The Grand Jurors talked among themselves and then announced that they were of the opinion that the prisoner should be sent where he desired to go.

"Do you wish to say anything more?" asked Judge Swann, again turning to the old man.

"Yes, I was born in Wayne County, Penn., and my brothers were all lawyers, and my own son, who died at the age of 60, was a respected man. I invested all my money in a New Jersey land deal and was swindled out of it. I had earned this money in the publishing business, and then I decided to swindle other people myself."

Judge Swann handed the old man a slip of paper and told him to read it aloud, and holding the paper far from him, and without the aid of glasses, the prisoner read this:

"The criminal record of Charles Bartlett, aged 88: 1870, Brooklyn, grand larceny, the penitentiary; 1872, Sing Sing, 5 years, grand larceny; 1880, Sing Sing, 2 years, grand larceny; 1896, State prison, 7 years, forgery; 1902, Boston, forgery, 8 years; 1908, New York, forgery, 3 years, Clinton Prison."

"Yes, that is my record. A church has offered to give me a home, but I don't want it, for I am not good enough, and it would reflect on the church. I don't want to go to the poorhouse, because there you have to have a well-filled pocketbook to get along. I won't say that I have been no good, for I was in my day.

"I was a canvasser, and one rainy day in the Winter I was in my little room in the Bowery with but thirty-six cents to my name. I went outside and saw two men eating frozen apples which they had picked from a garbage can, and I thought to myself: 'I must commit suicide or come to that.'

"I am an immortalist and believe in the soul and have traveled the world over, but I thought of suicide and that decided me. I knew how the Sloanes did business, and made up my mind to forge a big check, so as to be sure of arrest. I wanted to go to Clinton Prison again, and still want to go there. I am an old man. I want free use of the prison library, so that I can read and study and think. Please send me there."

"All right, I will do so," said Judge Swann, "but if at any time you desire to come out, write to me and I will communicate with the Governor and obtain your release."

"Don't worry about that, your Honor. All the friends I have left in this world are in Clinton Prison, and I will never change my mind."

The old criminal thereupon was sentenced to serve five years, and gave a sigh of apparent relief as he shuffled out of sight.

AUTO HITS WOMAN, GOES ON.

Owner of Suspected Car Believed His Machine Was in Garage.

Miss Dora Ameling, a cook, of 450 West End Avenue, was crossing Broadway at Eighty-first Street last night when she was struck and knocked down by a limousine automobile which continued its way with no lessening of speed. Coming behand was a taxicab driven by Daniel Silverman of 21 East 110th Street. He stopped his machine within a inch of the woman, put her in the cab, and, picking up Patrolman Power of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station, rushed her to Roosevelt Hospital. It was found that several ribs were fractured and it was feared that her right lung had been lacerated. She was detained at the hospital, as her condition was considered serious.

Silverman said he believed the number of the machine which struck the woman was 26,052 N. Y. The policeman said the license given by Silverman is owned by John F. Stevens of 330 West Eighty-ninth Street.

When inquiries were made at that address a man who said he was a son of Mr. Stevens said that their chauffeur had been away for the past two days and their car was in a garage in West End Avenue. His father, he said, was out, but he was positive that he was not in the machine. He said if the machine was being used it was without the knowledge of himself or his father.

CHAMP CLARK WINS KANSAS.

State Convention Instructs for Him First, Wilson Second.

HUTCHINSON, Kan., March 14.—The Democratic State Convention to-day, after rejecting by a vote of 310 to 283 a resolution introduced by the supporters of Gov. Woodrow Wilson declaring for an uninstructed delegation, unanimously adopted a resolution instructing the Kansas delegation to the National Convention at Baltimore to cast the twenty votes of this State as a unit for Champ Clark.

If it becomes evident that Clark cannot be nominated, the delegates will cast their votes for Wilson as second choice.

MR. DOOLEY.

St. Patrick's Day furnishes Mr. Dunne with the text for some philosophical observations in his best vein. Read his article in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

BURGLAR BAND RAIDS WESTERLEIGH HOMES

Pays Visit to Fifteen Residences Without Disturbing Sleeping Staten Islanders.

RAIDERS ROW OFF WITH CASH

Take Clothing Outdoors to Search It for Money, but Thoughtfully Return the Garments.

A burglar band paid Westerleigh, S. I., a visit some time between 10 o'clock Wednesday night and 4 o'clock yesterday morning, and although the invaders called at 15 houses, so silent was their coming and going that Westerleigh did not know it had been robbed until it woke for the day's work.

The burglars worked over an area of half a mile, and it is believed that they rowed over from New Jersey and after collecting tribute rowed back again. Cash was the object of their visit and though other articles were tossed about nothing is known to have been taken except money and one case of silver knives. Westerleigh was formerly Prohibition Park. It is purely a residential place, with houses that set back from tree-lined streets.

In every case the mode of operation was the same. Entrance into the houses was effected by either a front or rear window on the ground floor. Drawers and closets were ransacked in the search for money. All articles of clothing found were taken into the rear yards and the pockets gone through. When this was done the thieves in most cases thoughtfully tossed them back into the room and shut the window.

Six or seven pocketbooks are gone and in one house a child's bank was taken. The total of the losses is not known to the police, but it is thought to have been small.

When William Finley, clerk of the Surrogates' Court, living at 138 Wardell Avenue, got up yesterday morning he found the lower rooms of his house in disorder. Two of his coats and three belonging to members of the family had been searched. The silverware was untouched.

Henry Silva, who lives in Jewett Avenue, locks his bulldog in the cellar at night. The thieves entered through the front window, and after making a search of the lower rooms departed. If the dog barked no one heard it. In front of the Silva house is a neat boardwalk. This was taken up by the enterprising burglars, who stood one end of it against the windowsill of the house of J. E. Crofts, next door, for use as a runway to make less fatiguing the opening of the Crofts' front window. They confined their attention to the dining room, but took nothing away.

Charles Rilley discovered the lower part of his Livamore Avenue home topsy-turvy. Two pairs of his trousers had been taken outside and the pockets searched. His wife's pocketbook, containing $3.50, is missing, as well as his child's dime savings bank with the $5 it contained.

Another who was not overlooked was Capt. J. C. Smith. At his house, 272 Livamore Avenue, the thieves searched every drawer and closet on the lower floor, but took nothing, it is said, but a case of silver knives. Capt. Smith commands a municipal ferryboat. The parlor window was the means of entrance into the house of E. Silverstein, a school Principal, who also lives in Livamore Avenue. There was the same scene of disorder when the Principal went down yesterday morning. In the dining room a quantity of silver had been gathered up, but the thieves had evidently become frightened and left it, taking only a pocketbook containing $20 as a souvenir of their visit.

R. W. Latimers, who lives in Main Avenue, also reported to the police that his home had been entered. He thought he had lost his overcoat at first, but he found it in the rear yard with the pockets inside out.

The robbers left no clues behind them, and the police are at sea regarding the burglaries. Because of the silent coming and going of the thieves they incline to the belief that they came from New Jersey. This was the route taken by burglars when five years ago they visited Westerleigh and robbed thirteen houses.

PUZZLED BY NEW STAR.

Prof. Pickering Finds Some Spots on Latest Heavenly Visitor.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—In reference to the discovery of a new star reported from Kiel, a later telegram says:

"It is near Theta Geminorum, not Eta."

A brief glimpse was obtained of the new star at Greenwich last night through a break in the clouds, but the interval was too short to allow of accurate observation of its position.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 14.—Prof. Edward C. Pickering has discovered through a photograph taken at the Harvard Observatory that the hydrogen line on the spectrum of the new star discovered by Prof. Errebo at Dombaas, Norway, shows dark instead of the usual bright yellow.

If this dark line continues it will form the basis of a new star theory, and perhaps upset some of the existing theories concerning the origin and composition of stars. Prof. Pickering says: "Because the star has not been seen before it must not be taken that it has just been formed. It is several hundred years old beyond a doubt. The equation of light is such that it takes that long for the rays to come that distance to the earth."

KEPT UMBRELLA 22 YEARS!

Mrs. Billings, Who Left It in Theatre, Offers Reward for It.

Mrs. E. M. W. Billings of 19 Minerva Place, Bedford Park, the Bronx, lost last Saturday an umbrella which she had had for twenty-two years. She thinks she left it between two seats at the extreme left of the seventh row of the third balcony of the Criterion Theatre. It has a silver handle, engraved with her maiden name, "Miss Ethel M. Warren, Hillside, Roxbury."

Mrs. Billings values it for its associations and because she feels that it holds the record for the length of time it had been in the possession of one proprietor. She is advertising in the Lost and Found column of THE TIMES a reward of $5 for its return.

CRETA CREME HAND SOAP.
Mutual Auto Accessories Co., 1,937 Broadway.—Adv.

UNION LEAGUE CLUB DENOUNCES RECALL

Committee's Report Calls Roosevelt Plan Dangerous and Says It Would Imperil All Rights.

PUTS BENCH IN POLITICS

Hard to Understand How Any Fair-Minded Man Could Advocate Such a Proposition, Committee Declares.

At one of the largest meetings it has held in years, the Union League Club adopted last night without a dissenting vote a report of the club's Committee on Political Reform on the "Recall of Judges and of Judical Decisions by Popular Vote." While President Taft's renomination was not indorsed in so many words, his campaign arguments, as compared with those of Col. Roosevelt, were unanimously approved. Supporters of the President, including Chairman William Barnes, Jr., of the Republican State Commitee, declared the club's action to be one of the severest blows the Colonel's candidacy has received.

The report, which takes up ten printed pages of a pamphlet, does not mince words in describing the ultimate effect if the theories advanced by Col. Roosevelt in his Columbus speech are adopted. The adoption of his recall plan would imperil all rights and throw the country into a condition of hopeless anarchy, according to the report.

Resolutions Denounce Recall.

Resolutions, which were recommended and adpoted, setting forth that it was the opinion of the committee that the recall of Judges by popular vote would "destroy that independence of the judiciary which is so essential to the administration of equal and impartial justice." The club appeals to all loyal and patriotic citizens, irrespective of party, to "oppose to their utmost these dangerous and revolutionary proposals which treaten to overthrow in a common ruin both justice and freedom."

There were more than 500 members of the club present last night when the report was read, and it was adopted after sustained applause. The Chairman of the Committee on Political Reform is Robert C. Morris, and the other members are George B. Agnew, Ira H. Brainerd, Samuel S. Campbell, James G. Cannon, Gherardi Davis, Job E. Hedges, Robert N. Kenyon, Reuben Leslie Maynard, William Mitchell, J. Van Vechten Olcott, James R. Sheffield, and James L. Wandling. Samuel W. Fairchild, President of the club, presided. When asked why the club had not indorsed President Taft, Chairman Robert N. Kenyon replied that that phase of the situation had not been discussed, as the committee had not met to consider possible Presidential candidates but Republican principles.

"The subject of the recall," says the report, "has not attracted the serious attention of any considerable portion of the public because of its extreme radicalism, but when a person who has occupied the highest office in the gift of the people and who has been a powerful leader of his party, in a formal address delivered before a convention called to revise the Constitution of one of the most conservative States of the Union, clearly and emphatically urges the adoption of a system of judicial recall, and within a few days thereafter announces himself as a candidate for re-election, presumably upon a platform embodying such a proposal, it is time that thoughtful men should give their attention to this subject, and that popular opinion should be aroused to combat and overthrow these dangerous doctrines."

After outlining the judicial power as it exists at present, the report goes on:

It is now proposed to change all this and to adopt in its place a system of recall which is so new and untried that there is no experience of any extent or of any value from which any safe or reasonable deductions can be drawn to show whether the system will remedy the alleged evils which it is intended to correct, or will increase them to such an extent as to imperil all rights and to throw us into a condition of hopeless anarchy. Before considering such a revolutionary proposition surely it is wise to inquire what results the present system has in fact secured.

The system of judicial recall strikes down at a single blow the independence of the judiciary, and changes the nature of the judicial office from one of disinterested, unselfish, and impartial action to one of a political character. It introduces a new standard of judicial conduct and responsibility. Under the present system a Judge must obey and enforce the provisions of the Constitution and the statutes and of established law, whether they are popular or not. He must be controlled by the law as it exists, and not by what he thinks it ought to be, or by public opinion. Under the system of recall he will inevitably feel constrained to take into account the ebb and flow of public opinion.

He will not care to subject himself to the humiliating experience of having a petition circulated for his recall, and of being placed upon trial before the people. Some Judges will no doubt do their duty as fearlessly as before without thought of consequences. But the inevitable tendency will be with many Judges to introduce into their thoughts and actions an element of time serving, which will defeat justice instead of serving it. There can be no justice unless there is a fixed law, established by precedent or by constitutional or legislative enactment.

Fear Recall's Effect on the Judges.

Its adoption, continues the report, will mean that a Judge must become to some extent a politician, that the field of activity of the political boss will be greatly enlarged, and that the reverence which the people at large have heretofore felt for the law and for the courts as the instruments for its enforcement will be undermined. Regarding the recall of judicial decisions, the report says that it is hard to understand how any fair-minded man could advocate such a proposition.

In its resolutions the committee stated that the recall of judicial decisions would have the effect of "destroying all Constitutional guarantees, and of overthrowing our system of constitutional government, which has heretofore been the pride and the protection of our people and has for over a century commanded the respect and admiration of the world."

When seen at State headquarters last night Chairman Barnes said:

"The club's report sums up the whole thing in a nutshell. It states the situation in much the same manner as I did myself some time ago. So far as I can learn, the club did not indorse President Taft's renomination simply because it was dealing with principles and not men. The principles of the Republican Party have been attacked. What those principles are will be determined first and the matter of selecting a candidate to stand upon them will be left to the convention. The indorsement of any one man at this time would be superfluous."

GIRL STRIKER SENTENCED.

Shirtwaist Picket Sent to the Island—Arrested Twice Before.

Magistrate Kernochan sentenced Annie Cooper, 18 years old, of 528 East Eleventh Street, to fifteen days in the Blackwell's Island Workhouse yesterday. It was the second time she had been arraigned before Magistrate Kernochan for offensive picketing in the shirtwaist strike.

The Magistrate had warned her on her first arraignment that she would be sent to the Workhouse if she repeated the offense. It was the third time she had been arrested.

MORGAN HAS A STOLEN BOOK.

One of Volumes Lost by Peterborough Cathedral Was Sold to Him.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—The Times says it has transpired that one of the rarest of the books that were stolen recently from the Peterborough Cathedral library was sold to J. Pierpont Morgan for a sum in four figures sterling.

Another went to another American millionaire for over £1,000. ($5,000.)

John Edward Tinkler is charged with the theft of many books from the Peterborough Cathedral Library. The warrant against Tinkler was sworn out in December, 1910, but no opportunity was afforded to apprehend him until last Feb. 20. It is alleged that Tinkler had spent the intervening time in making frequent journeys to the United States for the purpose of disposing of the stolen books. It is believed that many of the missing volumes will be traced to the libraries of American collectors.

Shortly after his arrest, it was stated, Tinkler declared that he had sold one of the stolen books in America to a man named Levine or Devine for $4,000.

OKLAHOMA COLONEL'S, 2 TO 1

Two Ballots Overwhelm Taft Men—Contests in Third District.

GUTHRIE, Okla., March 14.—After a tumultuous half hour Roosevelt supporters gained control of the preliminary session of the State Convention this afternoon and a temporary organization was effected with B. F. Parmenter of Lawton Temporary Chairman. Parmenter received 364 votes to 184 cast for Frank H. Greer, nominee of the Taft forces.

At the evening session George C. Priestly, a Roosevelt supporter, was elected National Committeeman over James Harris, Chairman of the State Executive Committeeman and a Taft adherent. The vote was 411½ to 137½.

Contesting delegations were elected from the Third District to the National Convention. Roosevelt members bolted the Congressional Committee meeting two hours before the time set for the convention, when the Taft committeemen made an effort to unseat the Chairman, who was a Roosevelt supporter.

BLIZZARD TIES UP 50 TRAINS.

Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado Roads Blocked by Snow.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., March 14.—Not less than fifty railroad trains are snowbound in Nebraska, Colorado, and Kansas to-night, and there is small chance of the blockade being raised for twenty-four hours. The heaviest snow for years has been falling since Wednesday noon all over the West.

Gov. Aldrich of Nebraska is tied up on the Burlington, near Peru, Neb., and efforts to reach him have failed. The Burlington and the Rock Island Colorado trains are all snowbound. At Akron, Col., six through trains of the Burlington are stalled. The Union Pacific is the only line running trains westward.

The Northwestern, in Nebraska, gave up all attempts to operate this afternoon and not a wheel is turning on that line. A Northwestern train near Fremont has been in a drift since yesterday. The Rock Island, near Goodlands, Kan., is reported blocked for 100 miles.

SHOOTS TWO AND HIMSELF.

Discarded Sweetheart Kills Woman and Wounds Suspected Rival.

CAMDEN, N. J., March 14.—Miss Mazie Stockwell of this place was murdered in her home near here this morning by Charles Ford, her rejected sweetheart. After killing Miss Stockwell, Ford went to the home of Robert M. Wilson, an engineer, at Laurel Springs, and shot him. Leaving Wilson dying in front of his house, Ford fled to his home, where he barricaded himself. When the police came for him, he fired two shots into his own head. Both men are dying in the Cooper Hospital here.

The murdered woman discarded Ford several weeks ago and he thought Wilson was attentive to her. It was not until this morning that Ford found her living near Laurel Hill. When she opened the door of her home he shot her. He then went to Wilson's house and found Wilson alone. When Wilson ran into the street, Ford fired at him, the bullet entering his head. Wilson has a wife and several children and was well thought of by his neighbors. Ford is a Camden saloon keeper.

THINK FRICK THE DONOR.

Believed to Have Given $2,500,000 to Massachusetts "Tech."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 14.—Henry Clay Frick is named to-day as the man who gave the $2,500,000 building fund to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology just announced by President Richard Maclaurin.

Dr. Maclaurin told the members of the Tech corporation that the name of the donor would remain anonymous, but he gave some clue as to his identity by saying that he was not a graduate of Tech, nor was he a Massachusetts man, beyond the fact that he had a Summer home on the north shore. It was also said that the donor was very much interested in Tech and engineering work in general and that he approved of the plans already made for a new and bigger institute.

A process of elimination has led Tech men to settle on Mr. Frick. He could well afford to give this amount, he is a personal friend of Dr. Maclaurin, and for a number of years has been watching the work being done by the various technical schools throughout the country.

It was impossible to see Mr. Frick last night at his New York house when an attempt was made to verify the rumor.

HE WON'T BE A PRUNE TREE

So Zwetschkenbaum Gets Court's Permission to Change His Name.

Nathan Zwetschkenbaum of 85 Lewis Street, Manhattan, obtained the right from Judge La Fetra in the City Court yesterday to change his surname to Baum. He is of Austrian extraction, and the name in his native tongue means "prune tree."

Many of his acquaintances have used the name in ridicule, much to Mr. Zwetschkenbaum's annoyance, and he therefore filed a petition to have his name changed to Baum. He expects that the simpler name will also help him in business, since Zwetschkenbaum is difficult to pronounce.

Latest Shipping News.

REPORTED BY WIRELESS, (Marconi.)—SS George Washington, (North German Lloyd,) from Bremen, was 1,508 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 6:15 P. M.; due 18th, 11:30 A. M. SS. Taormina, from Naples, 1,636 miles E. of Sandy Hook, 7:30 P. M.; due 19th, 9 A. M.

SHOTS FIRED AT KING OF ITALY

Major Langa Hit by Anarchist's Bullet as He Screens Victor Emmanuel.

SAW MAN ABOUT TO FIRE

Spurred Horse and Interposed His Body in Front of Window of the Royal Carriage.

ALL ITALY IS STIRRED

Immense Crowds in Rome Enthusiastically Cheer the King and Queen.

QUEEN HELENA'S HEROISM

Threw Her Arms About Her Husband When First of Three Shots Was Fired—Assailant a Youth.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, March 14.—Throughout Italy there is rejoicing to-night over the escape of the King and Queen, at whom a young Anarchist named Antonio Dalba fired several shots this morning as their Majesties were proceeding to the Pantheon to take part in the annual memorial service in memory of the late King Humbert, who was born on March 14, 1844, and who was killed by the Anarchist Bresci at Monza on July 29, 1900.

Neither the King nor the Queen was hurt, but Major Giovanni Langa, the commander of the bodyguard, was hit by one of the bullets and fell from his horse. His wound was at first believed to be dangerous, but it is now expected by the doctors that he will soon recover. The would-be assassin was rescued by the soldiers and police from the people, who would undoubtedly have lynched him.

Italians of every degree are united in one common sentiment of deepest thankfulness that the lives of their Majesties were preserved.

Throughout the terrible experience the King remained calm, while the Queen displayed touching devotion and solicitude. As the first shots were fired she clasped the King in both arms as though trying to interpose herself as a shield. The King gently reassured her.

After a short delay the royal carriage proceeded to the Pantheon, and their Majesties took part in the service as though nothing had happened, but on departing King Victor, in a few quiet words, told the Queen Mother of the dastardly attempt. Queen Margherita was overcome with emotion, and, as the remembrance of the tragic fate of King Humbert, her husband, at the hands of Bresci came back in full force, she flung her arms around the King and burst into tears. His Majesty himself was much moved, and Queen Helena could scarcely restrain her emotion.

Officer's Heroism.

It is learned that Major Langa's wound was not in the nature of an accident, but the result of the deliberate intention of the devoted officer to save his King and Queen at the risk of his own life.

The action of Dalba in drawing his revolver was detected by the officer, who, realizing the impossibility of preventing the would-be assassin from firing, determined in a flash of thought to interpose his own body as a shield to his sovereigns. He therefore spurred his charger in front of the carriage window, bending his own form in such a manner as completely to cover the aperture. He was entirely successful, but both horse and rider suffered.

The King afterward visited Major Langa at the hospital to which the officer was taken, and received the welcome news that the wound was not dangerous. Major Langa is suffering from a slight cerebral concussion, owing to his fall from his horse.

Sympathy for the Queen.

In connection with the outrage much sympathy goes out to the Queen, who for years to come will now suffer anxiety and suspense every time the King or their son is out of her sight. All feel that she deserved something better of her subjects, to whom she has shown herself extraordinarily devoted in times of stress.

The would-be murderer will escape life imprisonment by a narrow margin, as he lacks only five months before coming of age. As a minor, the maximum penalty that can be inflicted on him is thirty years in jail. He would certainly have been torn to pieces if he had not been protected by the police.

The Pope showed unusual emotion at the news, and exclaimed:

"I believe that the King is a good man. What is the world coming to when father and son are both subjected to the same danger? The King should have been sacred after the fate of King Humbert."

Three Shots Fired.

ROME, March 14.—A youthful Anarchist, Antonio Dalba by name, who asserts that he is a member of no organizaaineers, rode up to the Court House. Their hardy ponies, splashed with mud, testified to a long ride through the hills.

The brothers and their companions, some carrying rifles and others armed with revolvers, crowded into the small tion, attempted to assassinate King Victor Emmanuel to-day. The King was not injured, nor was Queen Helena, who was driving with him in a closed carriage, but an officer of the King's guard, Major Langa, was wounded in the head and fell from his horse.

Three shots were fired at the King, who was on his way to the Pantheon to attend the annual service commemorative of the birth of his father, the late King Humbert.

As the King's carriage, escorted by cuirassiers, was passing along the Via Lata, a man pushed through the line of soldiers that guarded the streets and fired three shots from a revolver. One of the bullets went wild, another struck one of the horses, and the third wounded Major Langa, who was in command of the escort. A fourth time the assassin pulled the trigger, but the fourth cartridge failed to explode.

King Victor Emmanuel remained calm throughout and devoted his attention to quieting the fears of the Queen. The carriage proceeded to the Pantheon, where the ceremony was carried out with even more solemnity than usual, as though befitting the narrow escape of the King.

Meanwhile the infuriated populace sprang upon the King's assailant and beat him almost into insensibility. He was rescued by the guardsmen and handed over to the police.

Persons who were present in the Pantheon say that despite the narrow escape he had just had the King went through the service without a tremor, the Queen likewise showing no signs of emotion.

When the King and Queen left the Pantheon in their closed carriage the news of the attack on his Majesty had spread, and immense crowds had gathered in the great open space in front. The King's appearance gave the signal for an overwhelming outburst of cheering from the crowd, and the excitement of the people almost reached frenzy by the time their Majesties had reached the Corso, near the spot where the attempt had been made a short time before. Throughout the return journey the people along the streets and standing at the windows and on balconies waved their handkerchiefs and cried enthusiastically, "Long live the King!"

On their Majesties' return to the palace the King learned for the first time that Major Langan had been wounded, and his Majesty at once started for the hospital where the officer was lying to pay him a visit. He traveled in an open automobile and showed no sign of having passed through an ordeal.

Statements by Dalba.

The man who had fired the shots had in the meantime been taken to the police station, the policemen having great difficulty in passing through the crowds of people, who showed intense anger and desired to wreak immediate vengeance.

At the police station, in spite of the man's bad condition owing to the mishandling he had received from the crowds, he had to submit to a keen interrogatory.

He declared that his name was Antonio Dalba, that he was 21 years of age, and that he was a stone mason. He described himself as an "individualist Anarchist" and said that he had made the attempt on the King's life as a protest against the organization of society. He had, he said, taken up a position in the crowd near the Odescalchi palace and waited for the King's coming from the Quirinal. When the royal carriage arrived opposite the place where he was standing he fired three shots with the intention of assassinating the King. He added:

"For a time I thought I would kill Victor Emmanuel, but I am satisfied with what I have done. Nobody instigated me to do the deed."

Dalba does not belong to any political party. He has been twice sentenced for theft and once for maltreating his parents. He was born in Rome, but the family came from Abruzzi.

Dalba's mother, when seen this morning after the outrage, declared that her son when a boy had suffered severely from influenza, pneumonia, and meningitis, which had left him weak-minded. Within three months he was due to be called up for military service.

Immense Crowds Cheer the King.

All through the day great crowds paraded the streets, shouting "Long Live the King!" but the greatest demonstration occurred soon after King Victor Emmanuel had returned for the second time to the Quirinal Palace, around which 250,000 persons had gathered. They cheered the Cabinet Ministers, Senators, and Deputies—the Deputies including several Socialists, who called at the palace to express to the King their felicitations at his escape. All were admitted together to the great ballroom, where the King appeared, accompanied by the Queen and the Crown Prince. In reply to their congratulations the King said:

"At first I noticed nothing. I was looking out of the carriage window at the Colonnade Church, on the left, when I heard two shots. I had no thought that it was an attempt against my life."

Queen Helena explained that she had witnessed the act of the assassin as he fired the first shot. She had the impression that he had pulled the trigger three times more, but only twice had she heard a shot.

Signor Bisolati, the leader of one section of the Socialists in the Chamber of Deputies, who last year declined membership in the Cabinet, shook hands with the King, and said:

"Your Majesty, this great demonstration indicates the true feeling of the Italian people." The King replied: "I am touched by this demonstration of Rome."

"Were it not for the wounding of your officer," said Signor Bisolati, "we might be pleased at what has occurred, because of the manifestation of regard which it has occasioned, and because of the great courage which your Majesty displayed."

The King deprecated the idea of his courage, whereupon the Socialist leader explained that the people understood and appreciated his act in driving in an open automobile, without guards, from the Quirinal to the hospital, showing his complete confidence in the people.

The King, describing the impression he received during the demonstration at the Quirinal, said that it seemed as if not only Rome but the whole of Italy had gathered there.

The impression made throughout the city by the outrage on the King is one of the deepest concern. The announcement of the attempted assassination struck the Romans the more keenly because it was made on the anniversary of the birth of the late martyred King Humbert and in the midst of the solemn service in his memory. The spot near the Corso where Dalba attempted his regicidal act has been surrounded ever since the outrage by excited crowds waving Italian flags shouting "Long live the King!"

Everybody speaks in admiration of the coolness of the King and Queen at the moment of the attempt, and of his Majesty's fearlessness in going in an open motor car, after he had taken the Queen back to the Quirinal, in order to comfort Major Langa.

A most touching scene occurred in the Pantheon between King Victor Emmanuel and his mother, the Dowager Queen Margherita. She had arrived there and was waiting for the coming of their Majesties. When King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena came in they showed no sign and gave no hint of what had occurred. All assisted at the mass, and when it was over the King himself announced to his mother that an attempt had been made on his life. Queen Margherita appeared almost stunned. She stood still and looked over the King from head to foot as though to make sure that he was unharmed. Then she threw her arms around his neck and kissed him on both cheeks.

Many of those present wished to congratulate the King, but he left the Pantheon very quickly.

Veterans' Emotion.

Some moving incidents are related. When the King left the Pantheon after the mass one of the veterans guarding the tomb of King Humbert called to his companions "The King is safe. Let us shout 'Long live the King!'" The enthusiasm among the venerable soldiers, some of whom were crippled in the battles of the war of independence, and all of whom are decorated with many medals, was striking. A number of them had tears in their eyes.

Witnesses of the outrage on the King say it occurred at a few minutes after [illegible] o'clock. Dalba reached the spot from which he made his attempt to assassinate his Majesty shortly before that hour. He rode a bicycle, which he deposited in the doorway of the Salviati Palace.

When the royal procession was passing and cheers were raised by the throngs on the sidewalks Dalba nervously drew a revolver. Then, with a trembling hand, he pulled the trigger four times, but only three of the cartridges went off.

Pope Pius, when notified by the Papal Secretary of the attempt on the King's life, expressed deep regret, and added: "These are the consequences of the irreligions of our times."

The physicians in charge of Major Langa say that he will probably recover within a fortnight. His helmet probably saved his life, as it deflected the bullet when it struck and only a slight wound was caused in the scalp. The ball was afterward found inside the helmet. Langa suffered more from the shock of the fall from his horse, which caused a slight concussion of the brain and some severe bruises on the face and hands.

Italy's Rulers and the Pantheon at Rome.

THE PANTHEON, ROME.

QUEEN HELENE OF ITALY.

KING VICTOR EMANUEL

LATE KING HUMBERT OF ITALY.

DOWAGER QUEEN MARGHERITA OF ITALY.

DUE TO A TURKISH PLOT?

Suspicion in Vienna—Several Incidents That Support the Theory.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—The Times's Vienna correspondent telegraphs:

"The attempt upon the lives of the King and Queen of Italy causes more indignation than surprise.

"A few days ago, after an attempt had been made at Tripoli to assassinate an Italian journalist who had received threatening letters from Turkish quarters because he was supposed to have given the Italian Staff valuable information concerning the position of the Turks at Ain-Zara, the Austrian press reproduced from an Italian journal the announcement that the Committee of Union and Progress was plotting to procure the assassination in Italy of Premier Giolitti, the Foreign Minister; Marquis di San Giuliano, and other exalted personages.

"It was then stated that Czech Anarchists had been engaged for the purpose, and that in the circumstances the Italian police had entered into communication with the police of other countries.

"These statements were subsequently amplified. It transpired that not only the Italian journalist had been shot at and wounded at Tripoli, but that an Italian Professor and the present correspondent of the Paris Temps at Tripoli received from Turkish sources threatening letters, some of which were alleged to have been forwarded from Rome. The unsuccessful attempt last December to assassinate M. Carrère, former correspondent of the Temps at Tripoli, whose pro-Italian correspondence aroused Turkish displeasure, caused the Italian authorities to attach some importance to these threats.

"Though the outrage to-day, committed by a Roman anarchist, may be a pure coincidence, it fits in so well with these antecedents and with the methods of the committee against its opponents in Turkey itself that Italian suspicions of the existence of a Turkish international plot will be hard to eradicate.

"Such suspicions are not confined to Italy. To-day, however, the Austrian press refrains from giving them expression, and registers for the moment Dalba's assertion that he executed merely a commission received from a local anarchist group; but in political and diplomatic circles the view that the present crime may not be of purely local origin is regarded as more than plausible.

"Consequently the prospect of peace is earnestly discussed. Popular indignation is expected to push the Italian Government to more vigorous action against Turkey and to stiffen its attitude in regard to mediation."

King Humbert's Assassination.

King Humbert, the father of King Victor Emmanuel III., was assassinated on July 29, 1900, being attacked in the street at Monza, near Milan, in much the same fashion that King Victor was attacked yesterday. King Humbert was 56 years old. He had attended a distribution of prizes at a gymnasium, and while he was entering his carriage several shots were fired at him by an anarchist named Bresci. The King died in a few minutes.

Bresci was a member of an anarchistic society in Paterson, N. J. As capital punishment is not provided for in the laws of Italy, he was sentenced to solitary confinement for life. He made no attempt to disprove his guilt. He declared that he was a naturalized American.

Victor Emmanuel, the then Crown Prince, was cruising in the Mediterranean when his father was killed, and a squadron of warships went out to meet him. He was proclaimed King the following day.

Two or three attempts have been made to kill King Victor Emmanuel, although he has proved in many ways a popular sovereign. On June 25, 1906, two bombs were found to have been placed by Anarchists in the Aurelian Wall near the Porta San Lorenzo for the purpose of wrecking the royal train on its return from Ancona.

In May, 1907, while the King was on his way to Venice, a bomb exploded near the railroad track four minutes before the royal train reached the spot.

Two years ago King Victor Emmanuel received warning that Anarchists had gone to Italy from Switzerland and the Argentine Republic for the purpose of taking his life.

In spite of the attempts on his life King Victor Emmanuel has always made it a point to hasten to scenes of disaster, such as the Messina earthquake. When he first ascended the throne he used to enjoy walking about the streets of Rome incognito, and was with difficulty persuaded to give up this practice.

OUTLAWS SLAY JUDGE IN COURT

Continued from Page 1.

courtroom and stood behind the rail and about the door. Floyd Allen, tall and gaunt, much the familiar type of mountaineer, was in the dock. In his youth he was a fine figure of strength, and even at 50 now, when his reddish brown whiskers are turning to gray, he is no weakling.

Before Judge Massie's order had been uttered the fusillade began. Allen, with an oath that he would never go to prison, sprang out of the prisoner's dock as Judge Massie collapsed upon the bench. Another roar of shots and Prosecutor Foster was on the floor in a heap. Sheriff Webb was springing forward for his prisoner when the lead found him.

Then holding the panic-stricken jurors and onlookers at bay the assassins backed out of the Court House and across the green to the troop of ponies. In a second they were galloping like mad through the aroused village and off to the hills.

With them the assassins half carried, half dragged one of their number, wounded, and it was said that this was Sidney Allen, one of the brothers.

Various reports are given as to who began the shooting. Some say that Floyd Allen, the prisoner, fired the shot that killed Judge Massie with a revolve rthat one of the mountaineers had succeeded in slipping to him unnoticed by any of the court attendants. Others, however, say that it was Allen's brother Sydney or one of the other outlaws who started the killing.

Floyd Allen, the prisoner, was shot several times, probably not fatally. When some semblance of organization came out of the chaos several horsemen hurried down into Beaver Dam Valley to spread the news and get help. Word of the tragedy was slow in getting to points from which help could be asked, but the machinery of the law once started worked quickly. Gov. Mann ordered the State companies of militia at Roanoke and Lynchburg ready to move to Hillsville if their aid should be necessary. Police, detectives, and volunteers from near-by places took all possible means of transportation to get to Hillsville.

After the raiders had escaped the spectators gave their attention to the victims of the tragedy. Clerk Goad and Juror Blankenship were taken to their homes and Allen was carried to a room in the courthouse. The bodies of Judge Massie, Prosecutor Forster and Sheriff Webb were borne to rooms in a nearby hotel.

Persons who entered the court chamber to perform these offices saw a ghastly scene. There was the bent body of the distinguished Judge with arms stretched out on the desk. He still breathed faintly when they got to him, but a few seconds later was dead. In a huddle was the Prosecuting Attorney. Flung face forward on the floor was the body of the Sheriff, his fingers still tensely clasped about the revolver with which he had attempted to defend himself and fellow officers. Clerk Goad had fallen unconscious behind his desk. Juror Blankenship, less dangerously wounded, had started to crawl toward the door, but fell fainting within a few inches of the body of the lank, unconscious mountaineer, the cause of the day's amazing tragedy.

Bullets had torn patches of plaster off the walls, window panes were shattered, tables and chairs overturned, and some of them smashed by men who had used them for clubs in fighting their way out of the court room that had been so suddenly turned into a chamber of death.

Late to-day Gov. Mann telegraphed to Judge W. R. Staples of the Roanoke Corporation Court will go to Hillsville and take charge of judicial proceedings. Attorney General Williams has also been ordered to Hillsville. He and Judge Staples will meet at Pulaski to-morrow and proceed together.

The place is awarkedly situated for such an emergency as this. It lies in the Beaver Dam Valley, four miles from the top of the Blue Ridge Mountains. Across the valley a strip of indigo along the sky on a clear day shows the Alleghenies. The country is rough, the roads are bad, and at this time of year, with Spring thaws, are nearly impassable. Illicit stills are said to be many.

Floyd Allen lives on one side of the town and his two brothers on the other. All the men of the family have been known as stern characters and were feared by many in the county. The Deputy Sheriff who would serve a warrant on one of them was accounted a brave man.

Floyd Allen's familiar boast was that he had thirteen bullet holes in his body, and that five of them had been put there by his brothers.

Sidney Allen, who took part in the shooting to-day, is under sentence of two and a half years in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta for perjury and was out on an appeal. His trial was to come up in April. Allen was tried with Preston Dickens for counterfeiting. Dickens was convicted and Allen was acquitted, but was convicted of perjury for his testimony in the case.

The Allens were regarded as well-to-do people. Some were farmers, and some were merchants.

Judge Massie was one of the most prominent jurists in the State. He was appointed to the bench by Gov. Swanson in 1908, and was 48 years old, and is survived by a widow, two sons, and a daughter. He had been considered recently for promotion to the State Supreme bench.

Commonwealth's Attorney Foster had held his office for eight years. He was 40 years old and known as a fearless prosecutor. He was a Republican leader in the county.

Sheriff Webb had been a deputy for fifteen or twenty years before being elected Sheriff last November.

GOV. MANN OFFERS REWARD.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., March 14.—Gov. Mann issued the following statement this evening in regard to the court shooting at Hillsville:

"The murder of the Judge, Commonwealth's Attorney, and Sheriff of Carroll County occurred this morning about 9 o'clock. Hillsville, the county seat of Carroll, is about five miles from any railroad, but by 9:45 I had arranged for a force of picked men to go by special train to Hillsville, arrest the murderers, and preserve the peace.

"I offered a reward for the arrest of the murderers, and as Carroll is on the North Carolina line wired the Governor of that State to have his officers look out for and arrest the guilty parties, and also telegraphed the Sheriff of the county in North Carolina adjoining Carroll, informing him of the reward.

"I have designated a Judge to hold the remainder of the term of the Circuit Court of Carroll, and to-morrow morning the Attorney General of the State will be on the ground. Everything possible will be done to secure the arrest and conviction of the murderers, and the laws of this Commonwealth will be faithfully and fearlessly executed.

"WILLIAM HODGES MANN,
"Governor."

GOVERNORS WARN SHERIFFS.

Special to The New York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 14.—Responding to a special appeal from Gov. William Hodges Mann of Virginia, Gov. Kitchin of North Carolina this afternoon telegraphed the Sheriffs of Stokes, Surrey, and Alleghany Counties that border on Carroll County, Va., to take every step possible for the apprehension of the desperadoes who killed the Judge, Commonwealth's Attorney, and Sheriff of the Carroll County Court this morning.

The following wires were exchanged between Gov. Kitchin of North Carolina and Gov. Mann of Virginia to-day:

"I am informed there were seventeen of the desperadoes, and that they are making their way to the North Carolina mountains adjacent to Carroll County line. I will thank you to have North Carolina officers look out for and arrest the outlaws."

Replying to this telegram Gov. Kitchin wired:

"I deplore the awful tragedy. Have wired the Sheriffs of border counties fully."

ALLENS A DESPERATE LOT.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 14.—"Jesse James was as harmless as a Sunday School teacher in comparison with Floyd Allen," said H. E. Thomas of Charlotte, who is in the employ of the Secret Service Department of the Government, to-night, in discussing the court tragedy at Hillsville, Va.

Mr. Thomas is personally acquainted with the entire Allen family, and has arrested them several times, the last time on a charge of counterfeiting and perjury, more than a year ago.

"I am both hated and dreaded by the Allens," said the Secret Service agent. "They have planned to kill me more than once, and but for a friendly mountaineer, Floyd Allen would have succeeded when I last went into the mountains after him. When I approached his house he was hiding near by and leveled his rifle to kill me when a mountaineer friend knocked the gun up in the air and the load intended for me punctured the atmosphere.

"I arrested the Allens, and when the trial came up they threatened to slay all the officers of the court at Greensboro as well as myself, but their scheme was nipped. They were sentenced to two years and a half in prison, but on appeal the decision was reversed."

Floyd Allen, he declared, has been shot thirteen times to his own knowledge. Their career has been one of bloodshed. Mr. Thomas is anxious to be empowered to go after the men. He feels positive he could capture the bandits.

"RECALL" WITH A VENGEANCE.

Speaking on the subject of "Social Unrest" at the ninth annual banquet of the Hide and Leather Association of New York City at the Hotel Astor last night ex-Congressman William S. Bennet referred to the killing of a Judge in the Court House at Hillsville, Va., as "an example of the policy of judicial recall carried to excess."

"This, I believe, is a concrete example of our social unrest," he said.

"But social unrest is not altogether a bad thing. It merely indicates that there exists a general distrust in the equitable enforcement of law. That there is a reason for this distruct in many instances nobody can deny. For myself I cannot imagine anything more degrading to American citizenship than the spectacle of innocent women and children clubbed and beaten as at Lawrence because they attempted to assert the right of free travel from one State to another."

Arthur Brisbane spoke in defense of "Yellow Journalism." In the course of his address he paid a tribute to the memory of Joseph Pulitzer.

The other speakers were the Rev. Dr. W. C. P. Rhoades and Edward Earl, President of the Nassau National Bank of Manhattan.

FELT MAJ. RAY'S INFLUENCE.

Gen. Sniffen Tells House Committee He Succumbed to It.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Paymaster Beecher B. Ray, whose political friendship for President Taft and whose army conduct is being investigated by a House committee, was also the friend and supporter of every Republican Presidential aspirant in campaigns in which he participated prior to the 1908 campaign, according to testimony to-day by Brig. Gen. C. E. Sniffen, retired Palmaster General.

Gen. Sniffen reviewed Major Ray's record for the committee. He referred to political influence used by Major Ray, and injected the names of Senator Cullom of Illinois, Elihu Root, former Senator Hemenway of Indiana, as well as the late Senator Mark Hanna of Ohio, into the discussion. He also referred, in one of his letters, "to a relative of the Secretary of War." This relative he identified as Charles P. Taft, brother of President Taft.

The General said he was astounded at the political influence Major Ray had. Gen. Sniffen said he issued orders to Ray because of the influence brought to bear on him.

"I succumbed to it. I admit it with shame," he added.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DENTISTRY

The editor of a leading dental journal, Dr. Ottolengui, says: "In regard to specialization the trend is in that direction and it is inevitable. Specialization is being adopted in all branches of the arts, sciences and professions; how then can dentistry escape?"

It cannot escape. Specialization is bound to become general in dentistry just as it has in medicine. I am simply a few years in advance of my profession in furnishing specialists in each of the six branches.

I am also in advance in another important matter—painlessness.

Send for "Dentistry by Specialists and the Gentle Art of Painlessness" and read what prominent people say about my methods; people who have tried them.

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COHAN AS "KID" BURNS

In Pleasant Revival of "45 Minutes from Broadway" at Cohan Theatre.

George M. Cohan last night revived "Forty-five Minutes from Broadway," one of his earlier successes. The occasion was especially interesting because the actor-manager-playwright now appears in the rôle of "Kid" Burns.

In the original production this part was most artistically played by Victor Moore, who made of it a distinct characterization marked by quaint humor and many delicate sentimental touches.

It was hardly to be expected that Mr. Cohan would efface the impression of his predecessor, but he is to be credited with a distinct success in the rôle. Having written the lines, some might suppose that he would naturally be the best one to "get them over," as the saying is on Broadway. But that fact does not necessarily follow. Mr. Cohan, however, is an actor as well as all the other things nominated in the hyphenated title, and he makes all of Kid Burns's comedy speeches tell, while playing the gentler passages with touches of real sentiment and pathos.

Miss Sallie Fischer appears as Mary in this revival, and she plays the part prettily and sings the popular numbers with good effect. Louise Achell is attractive as the actress, and there are good sketches by Ada Gilman, Elmer Booth, Lawrence Wheat, George Parsons, and Lorena Atwood.

THE PHILHARMONIC CONCERT

Mr. Stransky Plays Three Symphonies and a Concerto.

The programme of the concert of the Philharmonic Society last evening was of an unusual nature. It was evidently Mr. Stransky's intention to show the development of music during the classic period, and he chose the four representative composers—Bach, Hadyn, Mozart, and Beethoven—with this end in view.

Instead, however, of playing overtures or other shorter numbers by these men, Mr. Stransky elected to play three symphonies, Bach being represented by a "concerto grosso." An evening devoted to three symphonies must be considered something of a novelty.

The evening began with the third of Bach's Brandenburg concertos in G major. This work itself is in two movements. Hadyn was represented by one of his most popular symphonies, and one which is frequently played, the seventh of the Salomon set. The key of the work is D major. Mozart's "Jupiter" symphony followed, and after the intermission came Beethoven's symphony in C minor.

RUSSIAN ACTORS AT GARRICK.

Paul Orleneff and Company Appear in Ibsen's "Ghosts."

Paul Orleneff and his company of Russian actors made their first appearance at the Garrick Theatre last night in Ibsen's "Ghosts." Mr. Orleneff's work as Oswald in this play has been commented on at length in THE TIMES when he played the part at the little Garibaldi Theatre, in West Fourth Street.

The audience last night filled the Garrick and expressed appreciation of the acting of the company, although there were evidently very few people who understood a word that was spoken. Mr. Orleneff will continue in "Ghosts" the rest of this week, and on Monday he will present the forbidden drama of "Tzar Paul I."

Oratorio, "Quo Vadis," at Carnegie.

The Catholic Oratorio Society will present Felix Nowowiejski's oratorio, "Quo Vadis," for the first time in America next Tuesday evening at Carnegie Hall. The composer himself will conduct the work. He recently arrived in New York expressly for this purpose. The rehearsals have been under the direction of Mme. Selma Kronold.

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TROOPS TO STOP ALL ARMS INTO MEXICO

Entire Border Will Be Guarded, Following House Indorsement of the Root Resolution.

TAFT ISSUES PROCLAMATION

Mexicans See Early End to Rebellion by This Tight Embargo on War Supplies Crossing Line.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Within a few days the entire boundary between the United States and Mexico will be practically under the guard of regular troops to prevent the exportation from this country into Mexico of arms and ammunition for the insurrecto forces. The House promptly passed to-day the Root resolution empowering the President to use the military forces of the United States to prohibit the exportation of arms to any country where "conditions of domestic violence exist," and the Senate concurred in a verbal correction which made it necessary for the resolution to be again considered in the upper chamber.

For a time it seemed that final action would not be reached until to-morrow, as the Senate was in the midst of eulogies of the late Senator Frye. No more solemn business ever engages the attention of the Senate than obituary ceremonies, and they are never interrupted. At the State Department the President's proclamation was all drawn up, ready to be issued, but the matter was laid by to await the action of the Senate.

Vice President Sherman took upon himself the responsibility of doing what had never before been done, according to the best parliamentary authorities in the Senate. When the last speech had been made and a motion to adjourn out of respect to the late Senator Frye had been put he laid the resolution before the Senate, and called attention to the House amendment and the necessity of action. The Senate immediately concurred in the amendment, and the resolution was signed and sent to the State Department. The President at once signed the proclamation, which reads:

> Whereas, a joint resolution of Congress, approved March 14, 1912, reads and provides as follows:
>
> That whenever the President shall find that in any American country conditions of domestic violence exist which are promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States, and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to export, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, any arms or munitions of war from any place in the United States to such country until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress;
>
> And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the said joint resolution:
>
> That any shipment of material hereby declared unlawful after such a proclamation shall be punishable by fine not exceeding $10,000 or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both.
>
> Now, therefore, I, William Howard Taft, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority conferred on me by the said joint resolution of Congress, do hereby declare and proclaim that I have found that there exist in Mexico such conditions of domestic violence, promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States as contemplated by the said joint resolution; and I do hereby admonish all citizens of the United States and every person to abstain from every violation of the provisions of the joint resolution above set forth, hereby made applicable to Mexico, and I do hereby warn them that all violations of such provisions will be rigorously prosecuted. And I do hereby enjoin upon all officers of the United States charged with the execution of laws thereof, the utmost diligence in preventing violations of the said joint resolution and this, my proclamation issued thereunder, and in bringing to trial and punishment any offenders against the same.
>
> In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.
>
> Done at the City of Washington this fourteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirty-sixth.
>
> WILLIAM H. TAFT.
>
> By the President:
> HUNTINGTON WILSON,
> Acting Secretary of State.

Major Gen. Wood said to-night that orders would be issued as rapidly as practicable to enforce the proclamation. The Fourth Infantry has been ready to move at short notice for several days, and will be ordered to-morrow to Texas. The two battalions of the Eighteenth Infantry at Fort Mackenzie will also be ordered to the border within a few days. The First Battalion is now at El Paso. In addition to these organizations, eight or nine regiments of cavalry, in fact all the available cavalry now in the United States, will be utilized to patrol the border.

It is expected that orders for this mobilization will be issued within the next thirty days. Gen. Wood says that even with all the cavalry of the army it would be impracticable to patrol the entire 900 miles of the international boundary that must be guarded to carry out the terms of the proclamation. He will station troops at the principal towns where there are Customs Houses, and at all the railroad crossings and the old wagon roads that lead into Mexico.

MEXICO REASSURED.

From a Special Correspondent of The Central News, London.

MEXICO CITY, March 14.—The prompt action of President Taft, in response to the request of President Madero, that every step possible be taken to enforce the neutrality laws between Mexico and the United States, and the unanimous vote of the United States Congress on the neutrality resolution, have created a most favorable impression in both Government circles and the American colony.

President Madero said to me this evening:

"I am greatly pleased with the action of President Taft and the United States Congress in taking steps to cut off the supply of war munitions to the rebel forces. I consider it the best possible proof of the friendship of the Government and people of the United States for Mexico. Please convey to the American people my thanks and the opinion that the resolution will severely cripple the rebels in the north. It will be worth more to the Mexican Government than regiments of troops."

The foreigners are pleased because they have felt that Mr. Taft's previous proclamation was misunderstood by the masses. His latest action, it is believed, will do much to remove the bad effects of his proclamation. A speedy termination of the rebellion in the State of Chihuahua is predicted.

Other large bankers, as well as Speyer & Co., are willing to negotiate and place loans that may be authorized by the Mexican Congress. All the money that may be needed for agricultural, irrigation, and other authorized purposes can be secured, declares the Finance Minister. The telegram which he has received from Speyer & Co., and those of a similar character from other large bankers, would appear to be ample proof of the correctness of his statement if proof were needed.

AMPLE FUNDS FOR MEXICO.

Speyer & Co. have announced, through a telegram sent to President Madero at Mexico City, that the Mexican Government can count upon ample financial support in its efforts to put down the latest rebellion, which is being directed by Gen. Orozco, at the head of disgruntled soldiers and adherents of former President Porfirio Diaz. The telegram was signed by James Speyer, head of the firm, and was as follows:

> I much regret to hear that there are rumors current to the effect that we refused to make a loan to your Government.
>
> As you are aware, these rumors are absolutely unfounded. On the contrary, we wish to repeat to you that we are prepared to make any loan your desire and to render your Government any other service within our power.

This telegram was for the purpose of contradicting widespread stories circulated at Mexico City in behalf of the revolutionists, which were calculated to weaken the Madero Government. It is asserted that the Orozco interests have $4,000,000 deposited in El Paso banks and that they are paying the revolutionists $1 a day. Friends of Madero believe that the outbreak will not become dangerous so long as the administration has money to pay the loyal troops.

It was said yesterday that Speyer & Co. have not been asked to make further advances, and that the telegram was not the forerunner of an announcement of a new loan. This firm has acted as bankers in this country for the Mexican Government for the past seven years and is largely interested in the National Railways of Mexico and other enterprises. A few years ago Speyer & Co. underwrote a $20,000,000 issue of gold bonds for irrigation development work and before that the firm had co-operated with the Deutsche Bank of Berlin in the organization of the Mexican National Bank of Commerce and Industry.

At the office of Allan A. Ryan & Brother, where Thomas F. Ryan makes his headquarters, it was denied yesterday that he had promised to lend the Mexican Government "all the money it wants," as stated in dispatches from Mexico City yesterday. It was said that Mr. Ryan's first knowledge of the belief that he would lend money to the southern republic was when he saw a story to that effect in a morning paper.

Incidentally, it was pointed out in Wall Street that the Madero family are direct business rivals of Thomas F. Ryan in the rubber business. He has one of the largest interests in the Intercontinental Rubber Company, which operates a factory for the manufacture of rubber from the guayule shrub at Torreon, and owns large tracts on which the shrub grows. Next to the Intercontinental Rubber Company the largest owners of guayule in Mexico are the Madero family.

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Braunah

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AMERICANS' NARROW ESCAPE.

Women in Danger of Death at Canton—Fighting Continual.

HONGKONG, March 14.—Americans resident in Canton have been in serious danger during the fighting in the streets of that city.

The house occupied by Mrs. Wilson, an American medical missionary, was riddled with bullets. Mrs. Hooper, wife of an employe of an American oil company, was a visitor at Mrs. Wilson's. The women made an attempt to leave the city in a motor boat, but the boat was compelled to return. A launch from a United States gunboat tried to rescue them, but was unable to proceed because of the hail of bullets.

Later the two women, joined by other Americans, Dr. Thompson, J. H. Brett, manager of an international business concern, and H. Butler of the American Consulate, managed to reach a place of safety. Mrs. Hooper was prostrated and had to be carried.

PARIS, March 14.—An imposing tribute was paid to the new republic of China to-day when four hundred Chinese from all parts of Europe assembled in Paris at a banquet under the auspices of the Chinese Republican Committee of Europe and of the China-French Union. Every Chinese legation in Europe was represented and many prominent Frenchmen were present. The banquet was one of the most enthusiastic that has taken place in Paris for years.

One of the most striking features was the presence of a number of young Chinese women dressed in the latest Paris fashions. Many Chinese students also participated. Most of them are able to speak English, French or German, and all are preparing to return to China, where they will engage in the practical building up of the new China. They are unanimously of the opinion that the greatest need of China is qualified engineers and that she will have to wait for years before her own members of that profession will be sufficiently advanced to enable her to dispense with foreign engineers.

HELD UP IN HIS STORE.

Two Young Thieves Took Cash from East Side Grocer.

Samuel Heller had a busy day in his grocery store at 1,577 Second Avenue yesterday and late last night he started for his home. He put out all the lights in the store except one over the cash register, the contents of which, $110, he counted out, and put in his inside waistcoat pocket. He was completing the operation when the door of the store opened and a young man entered. Heller went behind the counter.

"I want half a pound of cheese," the young man said.

Heller went to the rear of the store, opened his ice box and was cutting the cheese when he heard a movement behind him, looked around and found himself looking into the barrel of a revolver held in the hands of the man.

"Never mind the cheese. I want your money," he said. A second man came into the store at this time, and, while the first man kept Heller covered with the revolver his confederate seached the grocer's pockets and found the $110.

"You keep quiet about this or you'll hear from us," said the man who had first entered the store as the thieves backed away and got to the street.

Heller disregarded their warning and ran out into the street, yelling for the police. No policeman came, however, and then he went back to his store and got his coat and hat and walked to the East Forty-eighth Street Station, where he told the story to Lieut. Cooney.

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PRESENTS AMERICANS AT COURT IN LONDON

Countess Benckendorff Takes the Place of Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, Who Is Indisposed.

BEAUTIFUL GOWNS WORN

Mrs. James B. Duke, Mrs. Robert Grant, Jr.; Miss Bradhurst, and Miss Perin Among the Debutantes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—Mrs. Whitelaw Reid was unable to make the American presentations at to-night's Court owing to a slight attack of rheumatism, and Countess Benckendorff, wife of the Russian Ambassador, was again her substitute.

The Americans presented included Mrs. James B. Duke, Mrs. Robert Grant, Jr., of Boston, and Miss Bradhurst, daughter of Mansell Bradhurst of Witham, Essex. Other Anglo-Americans who paid their devoirs were Lady Monson and Mrs. Cecil Bingham, who presented her daughter, Miss Alice Chauncey.

Mrs. Bingham wore a satin gown of palest lemon shade brocaded in silver, with a court train of pale blue satin, lined with yellow of the same tone as the dress. Her jewels were a tiara of diamonds and turquoises and a necklace of the same gems, while a long rope of diamonds and turquoises passed across the corsage from shoulder to shoulder and helped to secure the train.

Miss Chauncey's dress was of the orthodox white satin and tulle, with a train of white satin embroidered in a design of Madonna lilies.

A very beautiful dress was worn by Mrs. Duke, who was one of those presented by Countess Benckendorff. The gown itself was composed of white and gold brocade. The bodice was embroidered in pearls and diamonds. An exquisite contrast was made by a manteau de cour of geranium red velvet lined with gold tissue. Mrs. Duke wore a diamond tiara and two long ropes of pearls.

Mrs. Robert Grant, whose husband was presented to the King at Monday's levée, was in white satin veiled in old lace, with a train of pink and silver brocade lined with silver gauze. Her jewels were a long pearl chain and a diamond tiara.

Mrs. George Howard, daughter-in-law of Sir Henry Howard, is staying in town for a few days with her father-in-law, as Miss Margaret Perin, her daughter by her first marriage, was among those who made their first appearance at to-night's Court. Miss Perin wore a dress of white satin veiled with tulle embroidered with pearls, the train of cloth of silver having trails of apple blossom falling from the shoulder to the hem.

Mrs. George Howard and Miss Perin will leave London for Paris almost immediately, and thence will return here in April. They will go back to Washington in May.

As the daughter of an American, Mansell Bradhurst, Miss Bradhurst was to-night presented through the American Embassy, although her mother is English.

MISS LEISHMAN NOT ENGAGED

German Paper Said She Was to be Betrothed to the Duke of Croy.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 14.—The Berliner Salon, a popular society weekly, gives public currency to-day to rumors which have been circulating in Court society for some time that a betrothal is pending between Miss Nancy Leishman, the younger daughter of Ambassador Leishman, and a young nobleman.

The Salon says that a leading topic of conversation at a ball in the Thiergarten-Strasse this week was Miss Nancy Leishman's "forthcoming betrothal to the Duke of Croy." The Duke is 23 years old and is now serving as a Lieutenant in the exclusive Gardes du Corps at Potsdam. The Salon says such a match would be particularly noteworthy because it would probably be the first case on record of a "Dollar Princess" entering into a matrimonial alliance with a European nobleman richer than herself. "Mr. Leishman's fortune," the paper says, "is estimated at only between four and five million dollars, but the Duke of Croy enjoys an annual income of $250,000."

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is authorized on behalf of the American Ambassador to state that there is absolutely no truth either in the report of his daughter's engagement to the Duke or in another report that she is engaged to Prince Fugger, a scion of the ancient German house which was once the wealthiest in Europe.

Finds Submarine's Loss an Accident.

PORTSMOUTH, March 14.—The verdict at the Coroner's inquest into the cause of the death of the officers and crew of the submarine A-3, which was sunk in collision with the depot ship Hazard on Feb. 2, was that the collision was entirely accidental, and that no blame could be attached to any one.

J. B. DUKE DOUBTS IF MERGER HELPED HIM

Might Have Been Better Off Had He Stayed Out of Tobacco Trust, He Says.

MANY PARTNERS TO PLEASE

Fears Trust Legislation May Cripple Our Manufacturers by Aiding Our Foreign Competitors.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—It is not often that James B. Duke, head of the American Tobacco Company, consents to talk for publication, but he made an exception to-day in favor of THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, who found him at the Ritz Hotel on the eve of his departure for Paris.

The ostensible object of the call was to obtain particulars of the dress worn to-night by Mrs. Duke, who was presented at their Majesties' second Court.

Mr. and Mrs. Duke, who are in excellent health, received the correspondent cordially, and after Mrs. Duke had supplied the details of her dress, particulars of which will be found elsewhere, Mr. Duke said that he made an exception in the correspondent's favor, as THE NEW YORK TIMES was his paper "whenever I am home," remarking that he had watched with great interest the tremendous growth of THE NEW YORK TIMES during the last ten years, which, he imagined, must be unique in the history of American journalism.

Before settling down to talk Mr. Duke lit a cigar and offered the correspondent one.

The talk first turned on politics. Mr. Duke led off by saying that he was nothing of a politician, knew very little about politics, and that it did not matter to him who was President. It did seem to him, however, that there was more than a chance of a Democrat being the next President.

He thought it a pity that Mr. Roosevelt had come out against President Taft, for if he had waited until Mr. Taft had served another term, it was more than likely that the Colonel could have succeeded him. He thought the only trouble with Mr. Taft was that he was not politician enough when he was elected, but his experience during his term had been very valuable to him, and the results would be shown if Mr. Taft were elected for a second term. On the other hand, Mr. Duke thought that Col. Roosevelt would make a much better President if elected than he was in his previous terms.

Turning to industrial conditions in the United States, Mr. Duke referred to the so-called Progressive spirit, which he called a dangerous factor.

"We are going ahead fast enough, I think," he said. "We don't want to use up in this generation too much of the resources of our country. Business is not booming in America, but it is on a good basis. Of course, it is upset by the uncertain conditions of the laws. There is the Sherman law, for instance. Under it nobody seems certain what he can or can not do. I can not tell what is a good Trust or a bad Trust. We all want to do what is right. Only in this way can a lasting business be built up, but so far no one can tell exactly what is right or wrong.

"I hope the Steel Trust case will settle the market definitely, but if it means going back to the position we were in twenty years ago, before the Sherman law was enacted, it remains to be seen whether the country will progress during the next twenty years as greatly as during the last twenty.

"What the effect of the present policies will be in the future, no one can tell. It has got to be tried out, but I am more than afraid that interference with these large industrial concerns is going to interfere seriously with our export and manufacturing business.

"We have had a tremendous development in our export and manufacturing business in the last few years, and whether a reversion to the old state of things would have the effect of crippling this most important branch of the Nation's business is a question which has got to be tested."

In support of his contention, Mr. Duke mentioned the enormous export business done by the Standard Oil, Steel, and Tobacco combinations, all of which was made possible, he said, through the consolidation of their businesses.

"Split them into numerous smaller concerns, with separate managements," he resumed, "and you at once make it extremely improbable for them to compete with European markets, where labor is so much cheaper.

"At present America practically controls the markets of the world for oil, steel, and tobacco. This is made possible by powerful combinations, enabled to take advantage of every modern improvement that money and brains can provide. But if the law demands the disbandment of these combinations as illegal, it is extremely doubtful whether smaller concerns will be able to succeed.

"Against this there is one argument, namely, the fear of prices being inflated, which is absolutely unfounded, besides being bad business."

Mr. Duke instanced John D. Rockefeller, who, he said, had never raised the prices of oil. The one aim, he said, of large industrial concerns was to increase their business by giving the public better value for its money all the time. He said that the Tobacco Trust was now giving the public ten cigarettes for 5 cents of such value as would be utterly impossible for smaller concerns to give.

In concluding, Mr. Duke referred to the fact that it was in 1883, when, as a young man, he took over the management of his father's business, with a capital of $70,000. After seven years' hard work, during which the business grew by leaps and bounds, he went with the American Tobacco Company. "And I have often thought," he said, "I would have been a lot better off if I had stayed by myself. There would not have been so many partners to please."

Asked what he thought was the key to success in business, Mr. Duke replied: "Ability."

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ADMIRES ENGLISH CREWS.

Averill Harriman of Yale Laments There Is No International Race.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—During an interesting talk which THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent had to-day with William Averill Harriman, son of the late E. H. Harriman, it was learned that there was no chance of an international boat race this year between the leading universities of England and America.

Mr. Harriman is making the Carlton his headquarters, but spends all his days on the river, watching the practice of the Oxford and Cambridge crews for the coming race. He is here in the interest of Yale rowing, although anxious to have it understood that he is acting in no official capacity. He said:

"I am just seeing if I can pick up any points that may be useful."

He added that he did not feel competent to draw any comparison between English and American university rowing, especially as the English system is altogether different from that in the United States. He went on:

"Here I find rowing much more popular at the universities than in America. Here nearly every man goes in for it, consequently there is a great deal more material to draw from."

When asked whether the Oxford and Cambridge rowing impressed him, he replied that the feature of it was the wonderful machine-like precision with which the men rowed.

"Though," he said, "I remember that no American university crew has been successful here, it had been hoped to arrange for a visit of an American crew here this Summer, but a conflict of dates prevented this, as the visitors could not come until July, owing to their own boat race in June, and by that time the Oxford and Cambridge crews would be disbanded and out of training."

Mr. Harriman thought it would be some years before such an event could be arranged. He will not wait for the Oxford-Cambridge race, but is expecting to sail in a few days.

POISONER IS CONVICTED.

Londoners Rush to the Old Bailey When Seddon Hears Doom.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—The sensational trial at the Old Bailey of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Seddon for the alleged poisoning of Miss Elizabeth Barrow, which has aroused the greatest interest in London of any case since Dr. Crippen stood in the same dock, ended to-day with a verdict of "guilty" against the man and "not guilty" in the case of the woman.

All classes of society clamored for permission to be present in court to witness the final scenes. Crowds of well-dressed persons assembled outside the doors long before they were opened. Those who were refused admission waited outside for the verdict, despite the fact that it would not be announced for many hours.

Attorney General Sir Rufus Isaacs's address to the jury in behalf of the Crown was one of the greatest speeches ever delivered in a London court. His detailed and masterly analysis of the evidence shook the foundations of the defense to pieces.

Seddon listened to Sir Rufus's terrible, almost relentless, indictment unmoved, but the wife was visibly affected, and shed tears toward the conclusion of the speech, when Sir Rufus seemed to offer her a ray of hope.

Intensely dramatic scenes marked the close of the trial. When the foreman of the jury announced the verdict man and wife clasped each other in a close embrace, lips met in a long farewell kiss, and as the woman was assisted below the crowd could hear her sobs die away in the distance.

Before sentence was pronounced Seddon declared earnestly to the Judge that "before the Great Architect of the universe" he was not guilty. His speech to the Judge lasted a quarter of an hour. It was a remarkable piece of special pleading, but ineffectual. Once his accents faltered, when he referred to his wife, but otherwise he spoke with scarcely a tremor in his voice.

A remarkable scene followed. The prisoner in the dock was calm, but the Judge on the bench in passing sentence was moved to tears. There was scarcely a dry eye in court as with gentle words and in touching tones the Judge begged the man to make his peace with his Maker.

"I am already at peace," interjected the man.

Then sentence was passed, and Seddon disappeared from the public gaze.

Seddon and his wife were charged with the murder of Miss Barrow, a spinster 49 years old, who died of arsenic poisoning in September. According to the evidence of some of the witnesses in the case Miss Barrow, who was eccentric in her habits and weak-minded, had money invested in India stocks and house property, and also kept several hundred dollars in a cash box at her residence. The circumstances of her death were such as to direct suspicion toward Mr. and Mrs. Seddon. In his charge to the Grand Jury at the Central Criminal Court in London on Feb. 27 the Recorder advised the return of a true bill against Seddon.

4,000,000 AFFECTED BY BRITISH STRIKE

Tens of Thousands Already Hungry—Every Branch of Industry Now Suffering.

ANOTHER FRUITLESS MEETING

Conference Adjourned Till To-day—Some English Miners Protesting Against Continuance of Fight.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—After a session lasting four hours yesterday the joint conference at the Foreign Office of representatives of the Government, the coal owners, and the miners adjourned until 11:30 A. M. to-day.

The increasing clamor against adherence to the policy of secrecy concerning negotiations vitally affecting the whole nation seems only to have made the Government more reticent. The official statement issued was the briefest yet, the only information vouchsafed concerning the proceedings being: "The position was further discussed."

The miners' executive later gave out resolutions which were adopted prior to the opening of the conference and later presented to the delegates and Ministers in joint session. The resolutions in effect state that the miners will sanction district negotiations for the settlement of rates for piece workers other than coalgetters when the owners concede the minimum rates provided for in the schedule drawn up by the Miners' Federation, with five shillings as the irreducible minimum for men and two shillings for boys.

The miners still insist that the settlement of the strike must be national in scope. This, one of the miners' delegates frankly admitted yesterday, "leaves no ghost of a chance for an immediate settlement."

In the meantime, there are indications that the English colliers, who are in a position to make favorable terms with the owners, are growing restive. At Sunderland the miners of the neighboring districts met yesterday and protested against the continuance of the strike. They agreed that the Durham lodges should urge the members to return to work if a truce were not effected by the end of the week. In Lanarkshire, Scotland, two pits have been reopened with non-union miners.

The pangs of hunger are already affecting tens of thousands of the workers who have been thrown out of employment owing to the miners' strike. There are over 1,000,000 of these men who have lost their work in consequence of the impossibility of running factories and mills without fuel, and their families have to rely on their savings or on the small out-of-work pay provided by the trades unions. There are, however, a large number of these men unconnected with the coal trade who do not belong to any trade union from which to draw benefits, and those, with their families are among the greatest sufferers.

The magnitude of the strike is almost inconceivable. It has affected in a direct way, counting only the miners and the other men thrown out of work, with their families, over 4,000,000 persons.

In other respects, the strike has paralyzed practically the whole life of the nation. Prices of food have gone up, fuel is virtually unobtainable, the railroads have curtailed their services, shipping has been held up, and every branch of industry has stopped to some extent.

Even the wealthy trades unions are now beginning to feel the pinch caused by the great demands on their resources by the huge army of the idle.

An index to the check on National trade caused by the strike is found in the returns of the Bankers' Clearing House for the week ended March 13. These show $350,000,000 less business than for the corresponding week in 1911.

Arthur Chamberlain, brother of Joseph Chamberlain and head of the business world in Birmingham, declares that the miners' demands are just and should be conceded, with Parliamentary security for their enforcement. He further advocates the nationalization of mines the owners of which refuse to comply.

The Daily Chronicle is becoming alarmed at the prospects of the collapse of the coal conference, and protests in an editorial against the Government's policy of secrecy. The Chronicle demands that Parliament and the nation be fully informed as to how matters stand, so that the force of public opinion may be brought to bear upon those responsible for continuing the deadlock.

GERMAN TROOPS CALLED OUT.

Infantry, Cavalry, and Artillery Ordered to Westphalia Strike Area.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 14.—Three regiments of infantry, four squadrons of cavalry, and a battery of machine guns were dispatched to-day to the scene of the coal strike in the Westphalia district.

The War Office decided to act on the receipt of information from the police to the effect that they feared they were no longer able to cope with the lawless conditions which have arisen.

All strategic points of the strike area, especially the places where bloodshed has already occurred, are patrolled to-night by soldiers, who have orders to "act with decision" in case of a renewal of violence.

There are now 230,000 strikers, and 130,000 men willing to work. It is these latter whom the troops have been sent out to protect.

BERLIN, March 14.—The German coal strike is spreading rapidly to other coal fields besides those in Westphalia. Over 300,000 miners have now laid down their tools, and the Socialist Unionists are being joined in many places by the members of the Christian Miners' Unions.

The feeling against the authorities is growing in intensity owing to the killing of two miners by the police in the course of disturbances at Herne and Buer.

ESSEN, March 14.—While the disorders resulting from the coal strike in the Westphalian district have not been widespread, some of them have been serious. A gendarme at Wattenscheid shot and killed two of a mob which was attacking him, after he himself had been shot twice in the face, and a third bullet had passed through his helmet.

At Erbe, near Buer, an open air meeting of 5,000 strikers was dispersed by the police, fifty persons being wounded.

The strike leaders at the most important points are constantly warning the strikers to observe the law.

STRASSBURG, March 14.—About 2,300 Merlonbach miners went on strike to-day. They refused the proffered 10 per cent. increase, which was to be effective July 1. At Regensburg a big phosphate factory has been closed on account of lack of coal.

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SCRAMBLE FOR BELGIAN COAL.

Enormous Demand Upsetting the Country's Transport Arrangements.

BRUSSELS, March 14.—The enormous demands for coal from the Belgian collieries for shipment at Antwerp are completely paralyzing transport arrangements. The merchants are complaining to the Minister of Railroads that trade is at a standstill because they cannot obtain a single car.

It is believed that the strike which threatened all the Belgian collieries will be averted, as the owners are showing a disposition to concede the increase demanded by the men. The Mariemont colliery has already granted a 5 per cent. increase.

MINERS HERE STAND FIRM.

Their Representatives Declare They Will Make No Concessions.

John P. White, President of the United Mine Workers of America, and the Presidents of the three anthracite district organizations mainly affected, were certain yesterday that it would not be possible to make any concessions in their original demands upon the operators. The headquarters of these representatives of the mine workers in the Victoria Hotel hummed all day with the beat of typewriters and the hurrying of messengers.

The answer to the communication from the operators, which was given to them on Wednesday, was in course of preparation, and every effort was made to have it ready for delivery at noon to-day. Every question raised by the operators was taken up in order and answered. President White was quoted as having said that if the entire demands of the men were not met a general strike of the miners would be called on April 1. But it developed afterward that what Mr. White really said was that if no agreement was reached between the operators and the men by April 1 the men would go out.

"Whether there s a strike or not," said Mr. White, "depends upon the operators themselves. They seem to be trying to straddle the issue and place us in the position of being solely responsible for any strike that may occur. Well, we refuse to be placed in such a position, and so we are going to answer the communication of the operators in categorical fashion."

In regard to the statement of the operators that since the sliding scale went into effect a total bonus of $30,000,000 over wages had been paid to the mine workers, he explained that the miners got 1 cent out of every 5 cents of the price of coal above $4.50 a ton.

"Now, if, as the operators declare, we made that bonus, they must have an increase of more than $120,000,000, because they would get at least 4 cents to our 1 cent," replied Mr. White. "But that doesn't state the fact, either, because if coal was 9 cents over the $4.50 they would get 8 of the 9 cents and we would noly get 1 cent. It would have to be 10 cents before we got our 2 cents."

Late in the day the operators, having seen Mr. White's statement about the bonus of $30,000,000, sent out this statement:

"In the first place, Mr. White stated the operation of the sliding scale incorrectly. It is not one cent, as he says, but one per cent. that is added to the mine workers' pay. Since the labor cost of producing a ton of anthracite is $1.50, the one per cent. of the advance in the mine workers' pay means one cent and a half. This is paid on the whole production, and, instead of being a small fraction of what the operator gets, it is an equal share."

The operators have been trying for some time to discover just what the situation is among the mine workers in the anthracite regions. It was said yesterday that some reports showed no general dissatisfaction among the workers.

HAMMERSTEIN NOT WORRYING

Many Subscriptions for His London Summer Season Are Coming In.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—Oscar Hammerstein will leave London to-morrow for Paris in connection with his Summer season of grand opera here. The urgent calls upon his time will prevent any long absence.

Mr. Hammerstein told a NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-day that subscriptions were coming in splendidly and he was not worrying about the Summer season, but he did not know how he could face another Winter season unless subscriptions were forthcoming, which he considered doubtful.

FRANCO-SPANISH BREAK.

Spain Refuses French Demands for Compensation in Morocco.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—The Daily Telegraph's Paris correspondent wires under last night's date:

"Bad news has been received here from Madrid this evening. The Spanish Government is reported to have refused all the chief French requests for compensation in Morocco, in particular the cession of Cap Deau, in the French zone of influence, or of Cabo de Agua, in the Spanish zone, and the rearrangement of the frontier between French and Spanish Morocco on the River Lukkos, southwest of Al Ksar, asked for by France, is also rejected. Not only that, but Spain requests a rearrangement of the frontier in her favor in the Muluya watershed.

"This is a holiday here, and official opinion is unobtainable, but I can say with assurance that the French Government will not accept these terms."

For some time past there has been the question pending of organizing a French protectorate over Morocco irrespective of Spain. If Spain proves unamenable she will simply be ignored by France in the matter.

ALFONSO TO GET LEGACY.

French Court Refuses to Admit Plea That Donor Was Lunatic.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 14.—The civil court at Saint Gaudens, to which the matter of the $600,000 legacy bequeathed to King Alfonso of Spain by Albert Sapene had been referred, after hearing arguments from both sides pronounced in his Majesty's favor and granted his request for the appointment of a sequestrator.

The judgment means that the contention that Sapene, who died in a lunatic asylum, was not in his right mind when he drew up the will was not admitted by the court.

AMAZING TIN PROFITS BEAT RUBBER BOOM

Nineteen Hundred Per Cent. Rise in One Company's Shares in a Year Startles London.

NEW "NAPOLEON" REVEALED

Edmund Davis, Who Is Back of Present Manipulation, Likes the Title and Dresses the Part.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—The records of quick profits made in the rubber boom have been beaten by those established during the rise in tin shares, which has been going on quietly the past year. Only now is the public, outside of the Stock Exchange, beginning to take notice of the tin boom, which is still far from attracting as much general attention as did its predecessor, the rubber boom, in which all London seemed to have taken a hand.

Last year Anglo-Continentals were despised and rejected, and stood at 7 shillings. ($1.75.) To-night they were bid for greedily up to $35. Thus the lucky person who had a thousand shares at 7 shillings, costing him $1,750, would, if he held them until to-day, have been able to sell for $35,000. This is a stupendous profit and beats anything the rubber boom gave us, at any rate as far as the speed of making is concerned.

Edmund Davis, the man at the back of the tin boom, is one of the most picturesque figures in the City. He has been associated with West African properties for many years, he is a director in over forty companies, likes to be called a "Napoleon of Finance," and rather dresses the part. He also likes to be thought a great connoisseur of art. At one time he rented the Plazzo Desdemona in Venice, and perhaps still retains it. He is almost as well known on the Continent as in London, and he is supposed to be the smartest market manipulator the City has ever seen.

He was the creator of the present boom, and he is now careering round the Continent, carrying the glad news that Anglo-Continental 10-shilling shares are cheap at $35 to all the greedy people in Paris, Berlin, and Holland. When he is in Berlin he wears the Order of the Red Eagle, which he received from the Kaiser, according to The London Evening News, from which these details are taken, "ostensibly because he disagrees with the anti-German feeling in England, but the probability is that he put the Emperor William into some 'good things' at the bottom, for even the Emperor is not averse to buying shares at 7 shillings and selling them at $35. We hope this remark will not be taken to mean that the German Emperor is at the back of the Nigerian tin boom.

"Numberless small people have followed Davis into tin, but the curious thing is that although they were willing enough to sell their shares when the market first rose they all now are buying back the holdings which they disposed of some months ago. Therefore, at the moment no large fortunes have been actually made out of the tin boom. They are all paper profits.

BIG SUFFRAGETTE FUND.

At Least $575,000, It Is Stated at London Police Court Hearing.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—The fact that the militant section of the suffragettes possess a "fighting fund" of at least £115,000 ($575,000) was disclosed at the Bow Street Police Court to-day in the course of the hearing of the conspiracy charges against the leaders.

LONDON, March 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, joint editors of Votes for Women; Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, and Mrs. Mabel Tuke were brought up again to-day at the Bow Street Police Court on a charge of conspiracy in connection with the recent window-smashing campaign in the streets of London.

Archibald Henry Bodkin, counsel for the Treasury, produced a mass of documentary evidence which, he declared, unveiled such a mischievous, extensive, and deliberate conspiracy as must insure the committal of the accused for trial at the Old Bailey Sessions under the criminal law.

The defendants, Mr. Bodkin said, were engaged continuously in inciting other persons to acts of violence and damage. No less than $20,000 had been paid by them for the hire of halls for meetings, the sole object of which was to instigate so-called "militant protests."

The other evidence produced to-day was very brief and purely formal.

The accused were remanded until March 21.

EATING A MERCY TO OYSTER.

London Physiologist So Replies to Charge of Man's Cruelty.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—In view of the announcement that a prevention of cruelty to oysters campaign is to be inaugurated by the President of the Alabama Oyster Commission, the Professor of Physiology at the London Medical School said yesterday:

"The oyster has a certain nervous structure, and undoubtedly has a certain amount of nervous sensibility. It is impossible, however, to say whether its nervous sensibilities are of a sufficiently high development to enable it to experience pain. In any case, it would be hard to find a more sudden or a more merciful way of killing an oyster than by eating him."

LORD PIRRIE NOT RETIRING.

Report That He Is Quitting Harland & Wolff Is Denied.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 14.—I am authorized to state that there is absolutely no truth in the statements which have appeared in the press declaring that Lord Pirrie intends to retire from the active management of Harland & Wolff.

The rumor is entirely without foundation.

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Convinced They'll Elect Him, After Talking with Thousands of Western Men.

LOOKED UP LABOR AFFAIRS

And Believes Now Labor Strikes on Principle for Its Rightful Share —Made Studies First Hand.

George W. Perkins, who for the last year has been giving his time almost exclusively to the study of National problems, involving the relations of capital and labor, and business generally, returned from a coast to coast trip recently and last night he told a TIMES reporter of some of his observations. Mr. Perkins included politics in his intensive quest for knowledge of conditions as they actually exist and that he is now more than ever convinced that Theodore Roosevelt will be the next President of the United States. He also admits that capital is not as fair to labor as it should be.

Mr. Perkins wanted to find out for himself, he said, what the people of the West were thinking about—what they thought about the country's business, about the labor problems, about the corporations—and about statesmen. He wanted this information for his own personal satisfaction, and he collected it in his own way, meeting men of all conditions of life to the numbering of several thousand, lunching with them, attending their public meetings, conversing with them on trains, in hotels, and railway stations, and, in general, ransacking in search of public opinion wherever he might be.

Mr. Perkins practically traveled incognito, and the brakemen, the miners, the factory hands, and other day laborers to whom he talked do not know to this day that they talked to one of the foremost financiers of the country. Mr. Perkins said yesterday that he wanted representative expressions on the big questions of the day, and his own convictions, he said, were based solely on what he heard and carefully noted. Nor was politics most prominent in Mr. Perkins's mind. The reporter was forced, in fact, to bring it forth from behind the questions of capital and labor with which Mr. Perkins seemed obsessed.

Demand a Progressive President.

"It isn't a question of parties in the West," observed Mr. Perkins. "This coming campaign will be fought on principle. Above everything else the people out West want a candidate for President that is progressive. He must be progressive. They won't stand for anything else."

"But suppose that both parties nominate a progressive?" he was asked.

"Then it will still be a question of principles."

"And how about Roosevelt's standing in the West?"

"That's easy," replied Mr. Perkins. "You know, the people out West look upon the present campaign as representing a number of moral questions. The business question, for instance, is regarded as a moral question. And they look upon Roosevelt as having revivified these moral questions. They have absolute faith in his integrity of purpose and the things he stands for. They believe that he will put through what he now advocates. They know he never lets things die by the wayside."

"Then you imply that President Taft is not popular and cannot be popular in the West because, it is contended, he has not lived up to his promises."

"That is what you will hear in the West," replied Mr. Perkins. "The basis of the present weakness in the ranks of the Republican Party has been caused by the failure of the party to live up to its pledges to the people as made in the Chicago platform of four years ago, particularly as regards the tariff and the trusts. The West feels that its confidence has been violated."

Mr. Perkins said that the disappointment in tariff legislation was too obvious to require much comment. As to trusts he had much to say, and referred to his article in the current number of The Saturday Evening Post, in which he quoted from the Chicago platform relative to the Sherman anti-trust law.

"As I said there," he continued, "the Republican Party expressed itself as being in favor of amending the Sherman law, and clearly indicated that there existed companies which had the power and influence to effect monopolies and which companies should be supervised and controlled by the Federal Government. The Democrats at that time had a plank in their platform which was intended to prevent any company from getting control of more than 50 per cent. of the total amount of any product, and now we are seeing the Republican Party, which won at the polls, not only forsaking its own platform, but actually picking up the Democratic plank. The Standard Oil and American Tobacco dissolution fiascoes are the result

Looks to Roosevelt.

"Now, the West knows about this breach of promise, and that is why it takes a Progressive to hold up the ends of the Republican Party. They are looking toward Roosevelt.

"Why, all last Summer and Fall the country was told in various speeches that the Sherman law was perfectly clear and reliable; that what we needed was to live by the interpretation of this law as the Supreme Court rendered it and that everything would then be prosperous. Surely there is no blame to be attached to the Standard Oil and to the American Tobacco Companies. They have been ordered to dissolve and compete and they are simply carrying out their instructions.

"All through the Western country the people are absolutely out of patience with the dissolving of corporations and they think that the present method is absolutely no solution of the trust problem at all."

"Then do you think that the Federal regulation of the trusts will again be an issue in the coming campaign and in spite of the recent interpretation of the Sherman law?"

"Positively," declared Mr. Perkins, "the country will line up for Federal regulation of the trusts, and what is more, will put it through, I think, under a Progressive leader. The nthe Supreme Court decision will be cast aside to make way for constructive legislation. That is what ought to be done. Business is stifled now and we cannot have prosperity in which we may share unless we first break down the barrier to prosperity."

Mr. Perkins was asked whether the things which tended to make Col. Roosevelt unpopular in the East, for instance, his interference in the Gubernatorial campaign two years ago in this State and his recent speech in Columbus, Ohio, also tended to make Roosevelt unpopular in the West.

"The defeat of Stimson," declared Mr. Perkins, "in my judgment helped Roosevelt in the West. The Westerners feel, as one Westerner expressed it, that if New York State was going to turn itself over to Tammany Hall just for the sake of biting off Roosevelt's nose, then New York must be a provincial kind of a place, which can't possibly hurt Roosevelt much.

All for Initiative and Recall.

"As for the initiative, referendum, and recall, they like those principles out West. They like them because they are progressive. As a matter of fact, Westerners look at these principles with broader view than ours. For instance, they argue that our officials are all in a way subject to recall. They want to be re-elected at the end of their term, and they are influenced accordingly, are they not? It is to be noted that Col. Roosevelt in his Columbus speech specifically said that these were State questions, and the recall, therefore, does not apply to United States Judges. This has been almost generally misconstrued, I think, here in the East. The Westerners know what Roosevelt says in his speeches better than we do. They don't want Judges wholly set in a sacred niche like Kings and priests. They realize that Judges are responsible persons and to be highly respected, but they also realize that the are not infallible."

Mr. Perkins drifted from politics to his favorite subject of business conditions. He made a confession which few capitalists have ever made, and he made it, he said, after seeing things as they are.

"My deliberate judgment is," Mr. Perkins said, "that the wage-earning class is more just and more considerate to capital than capital is to the laboring class. I am sure that the laboring class wants capital to make a handsome return on its investment.

"I went to Los Angeles to observe the labor principle that rules there. I think I have found the keynote to strikes. If I were to boil the whole labor and capital controversy into one sentence should say that the masses of our people, through the working of our public school and vast educational system, have become enlightened to a point where they are striking for a principle rather than for an increase in wages.

"Thus, when the laborers demand $3 a day, instead of $2.50, they are not striking for the 50 cents increase. They are striking for what they consider labor's proper percentage of the profits in a particular business.

Believes in Profit-Sharing.

"The maids in my own home come down at night and ask for the day's papers and magazines. They can read them as well as I can. That is the simple truth which some persons do not seem able to understand. It ought to be easy for every one to see that the laboring class, having advantage of this enlightenment, knows enough about a business to know what the profits are. The solution lies in wages and in profit-sharing arrangements."

A full statement of Mr. Perkins's proposed business remedies appear in The Saturday Evening Post for March 16, issued yesterday. He says:

"What the present situation needs is immediate constructive legislation; and such a programme does not present insurmountable difficulties. Its solution would be comparatively easy and prompt if we could have a little more patriotism and a little less politics. If our legislative friends really want to stop playing politics for personal or party gain and do something of a constructive nature for the country, they need but to follow precedents that are already established, and that are well understood and approved by the people. No experiments on a large and doubtful scale are necessary. Congress in a very short time could adopt a policy that would give both immediate and prospective relief; and this could be done by working somewhat along the following lines:

Immediate Relief.

First—Create at once, in or out of the Department of Commerce and Labor, a business court or controlling commission composed largely of experienced business men.

Second—Give this body power to license corporations doing an inter-State or international business.

Third—Make such license depend on the ability of a corporation to comply with conditions laid down by Congress when creating such commission and with such regulations as may be prescribed by the commission itself.

Fourth—Make publicity, both before and after the license is issued, the essential feature of these rules and regulations. Require each company to secure the approval of said commission of all its affairs, from its capitalization to its business practices. In the beginning, lay down only broad principles, with a view to elaborating and perfecting them as conditions require.

Fifth—Make the violation of such rules and regulations punishable by the imprisonment of individuals rather than by the revocation of the license of the company, adopting in this respect the method of procedure against National banks in case of wrongdoing.

Prospective Relief.

First—The House and the Senate should join at once in appointing a commission to make a careful study of the Sherman law and the various suggestions that have been made regarding its repeal, amendment and amplification.

Second—Said commission should study and report on the wisdom and practicability of a National incorporation act.

In the foregoing manner immediate relief could be provided. At the same time, the questions surrounding the Sherman law and National incorporation would be under an investigation that would be proceeding in a calm and orderly manner, with a view to reaching ultimately a wise and permanent solution of the whole question.

A board of control, with power to license such companies as were clearly working for and not against public interest, would take the place of a number of long-drawn-out lawsuits, and would have the effect of placing such licensed companies where they would know they were proceeding along lines not in violation of National laws or Federal authority. Such concerns as could not or did not wish to meet this test would then have no right to complain if they were proceeded against under the Sherman law. Meanwhile uncertainty would be dispelled simply by working along lines already well understood by the people. The developments of the last few months make it clear that dissolution is no solution. The wrecking crew has been working overtime. Is it no time to put a construction gang on the job?

HOLDS SCHIFF CAN'T WAIVE IMMUNITY

Grand Jury Must Decide Whether or Not to Call Brandt's Accuser, Judge Crain Declares.

NOT LIKELY TO HEAR HIM

Jurors May Hand In a Presentment Early Next Week—Newspaper Denies It Fed Brandt.

Judge Crain rendered an opinion yesterday holding that any person testifying before a Grand Jury in a conspiracy proceeding could not be prosecuted afterward for the offense concerning which he testified. This decision will probably prevent Mortimer L. Schiff and Howard S. Gans from appearing before the Grand Jury that is now inquiring into the circumstances attending the sentencing of Foulke E. Brandt to thirty years imprisonment on the charge of robbing Mr. Schiff's home in the Spring of 1907. Judge Crain says that the Grand Jury, if it pleases, may permit Mr. Schiff and Mr. Gans to testify, but it is not likely that this permission will be given.

District Attorney Whitman was asked if he would offer any objections to the testimony of Messrs. Schiff and Gans. He said that he had nothing to do with it. Then he was asked if it was likely that the jury would hear them if they requested permission to testify under a waiver of immunity. Mr. Whitman declined to answer this question. He again declared that the whole matter was now in the hands of the Grand Jury.

The elimination of Mr. Schiff and his lawyer, Mr. Gans, will probably bring the Grand Jury inquiry to a close early next week. Twenty-four hours after the jury finally adjourns, its findings will be made known. It is the opinion of some lawyers who have paid close attention to the case that the matter will be disposed of in a presentment.

Judge Crain in his opinion said:

Needn't Follow Court's Advice.

"Grand Jurors, are under legal obligation to follow and apply the law stated in a charge. Grand Jurors are under no legal obligation to either follow or apply advice given to them at their request by a Judge of the court. The advice sought by you is upon a specific and stated question; namely, whether it is legally possible for certain persons to appear and testify before you in a pending investigation without such persons thereby becoming by virtue of the provisions of Section 584 of the Penal law, immune from prosecution and non-punishable for the crime of conspiracy."

Judge Crain then cites authorities bearing on the case and carefully explained the law. He said that the statute referred to requires all persons to testify and prohibits the assertion of the constitutional privilege of silence. A person coming before the Grand Jury and being sworn as a witness upon an investigation of a charge of conspiracy is under legal compulsion to testify. This situation requires the witness to speak and takes from him the power of choice. Full immunity is granted concurrent with the compulsion. Then Judge Crain says:

"Waiver implies that the person making it has an option and that he is so circumstanced that he may forego a privilege and where there is no statute compelling the giving of testimony couple with the grant of immunity the general constitutional privilege which is only a privilege of silence may be waived, but where, as in this case, a statute has taken away the privilege of silence there is nothing upon which a waiver may operate."

Further on Judge Crain says:

"Immunity from prosecution is not a privilege conferred. It is a status created by operation of law not subject to change by the individual."

Judge Crain then says that in the latter part of Section 584 of the Penal Law it is made clear that only those who are required to testify and are not excused, are immune from prosecution. Then he says:

"If, therefore, the persons named in your request for advice were forced to appear before you or testimony was exacted from them in your pending investigation, apart from any inherent compulsion in the statute, they would be comprehended within the class made immune by the statute, but on the other hand their appearance is at their own initiative and request, and their testimony likewise, so they would not be comprehended within the clause to render immune."

Judge Crain says that this statute was made for a two-fold purpose—to get testimony not otherwise procurable and to shield those giving the testimony. He says that any person who might be on trial for conspiracy could not be tried if he took the stand and showed that he had been a witness before a Grand Jury. In conclusion Judge Crain says:

"The presentation of these conflicting arguments is not at the expense of a categorical and explicit answer to your question. You are advised that, as at present informed, in the opinion of the Judge advising you a negative answer is required to your question."

Further on Judge Crain says:

"Although the advice is given upon a point of law, test the validity of the reasoning from the moral as well as the mental viewpoint, for injustice in a result may be symptomatic of legal error. Remember that in a sense it has not been subject to such a test, for the actual situation before you is known to you, but not to your adviser. Bearing in mind at the time of your decision that if the law be correctly ascertained and correctly applied it is likely to attain a result just to the people of the State and to these persons."

New Witnesses Before Grand Jury.

There were two witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday. They were John A. Waldron, a clerk in the Executive Chamber in Albany, and a man named Atherton, who was the Secretary of the Special Prison Commission that investigated the prisons and other public institutions last year. Waldron was questioned about the application Brandt made to the Governor for clemency. Atherton is supposed to have had a talk with Brandt while the committee was inspecting Clinton Prison, where Brandt was confined.

The Auditor of The New York American may be called before the Grand Jury to reply to the statement made by Virginia Tyler Hudson that it was she and not Mr. Gans that paid for meals for Brandt while he was in the Tombs in 1907. This man has the records of the staff expenditures in the period referred to by Miss Hudson. Her account, it is alleged, shows no charges for meals furnished to Brandt or to anyone else. The records show, it is alleged, that Miss Hudson was employed on the paper, and that she was assigned to visit Brandt and get a story from him. One of her assignments reads:

"Schiff provides luxuries for Foulke."

Miss Hudson's expense account shows, it is said, that she spent only $1.50 on this assignment. She was engaged on it for several days, but did not get a big story out of it. She got a power of attorney from Brandt to get whatever letters were in his room, but somebody appears to have got there ahead of her and carried the letters away. Miss Hudson was subpoenaed yesterday afternoon to appear before the Grand Jury next Tuesday. She was found at the office of her lawyer, John W. Hart.

John Willett, a lawyer, representing District Attorney Hogue of Clinton County, appeared before Supreme Court Justice Gerard yesterday and asked him to amend the order on which Brandt was admitted to bail. District Attorney Whitman was represented by Assistant District Attorney Johnson. Deputy Attorney General McQuaid, representing the Attorney General, and Mirabeau L. Towns was on hand to look after the interests of Brandt. It was said that the order was incorrectly drawn and was therefore not appealable and that it should be amended by inserting the fact that bail had been accepted on both the charge of assault and the charge of burglary. After a long wrangle, Justice Gerard said that he would take the matter under advisement. District Attorney Whitman does not believe that the failure to show that Brandt was admitted to bail would affect the power to appeal from the decision

PASTOR McFARLAND ON TRIAL

Statement Girl Made Before Her Death Admitted as Evidence.

PITTSBURGH, Match 14.—Holding the hand of his aged wife, the Rev. Dr. McFarland, grown gray in the service of the public schools and the ministry, entered a plea of not guilty when brought to trial in the Criminal Court here to-day for his alleged connection with the death of his former secretary, Elsie Dods Coe.

District Attorney William A. Blakeley, for the Commonwealth, submitted a statement Miss Coe made before her death accusing the minister.

The aged defendant is the former Principal of the Pittsburgh Central High School, having come here from Tennessee, where he had charge of a United Presbyterian mission, without extradition.

Judge Haymaker overruled all motions to quash the indictments. It was stated that the aged mother of Elsie Coe would not appear as a witness, as it was feared she was dying at her home, to which she has been confined since the case has arisen.

When court adjourned for the noon recess Dr. McFarland walked to where the District Attorney was standing, and, extending his hand, said:

"How do you do, Mr. Blakeley?"

Mr. Blakeley shook hands with him, and was presented by the white-haired minister to his wife.

Mrs. McFarland expressed the deepest concern for Mrs. Coe, and followed with tearful eyes the tall form of Lillian Coe, sister of the dead girl, as she entered the courtroom, saying to those near her.

"How I would like to go and speak to her! My heart goes out to her."

TRAIN WRECKED, 34 HURT.

Three New York Men In Accident on Chicago Great Western.

WATERLOO, Iowa, March 14.—Andrew Bennett of Bryant, S. D., was fatally injured and thirty-three other passengers were more or less seriously hurt early to-day when the south-bound Chicago Great Western passenger train was derailed three miles north of Dunkerton, Iowa.

The train consisted of baggage, mail, three chair cars, and a steel sleeping car. The foremost chair car, while rounding a curve, lurched violently from the rails followed by the two remaining chair cars and the sleeper. The chair cars ran on the frozen ground for a short distance, turning over on their sides thirty feet from the track. The sleeping car remained upright.

Among the injured are George Delaney, Ottawa, Canada, hurt about head; George Blodas New York; B. I. Papas, New York, and J. E. Landholt, New York.

TARIFF BILLS TO BE PUT UP TO TAFT AGAIN

Insurgent Senators Will Join Democrats to Embarrass President with Vetoes.

WRANGLE OVER FREE SUGAR

Charges in the House That Trust Is Contributing to Campaign Funds—Steel Bill Before the Senate.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The beginning of the real tariff fight of the session came in the Senate today when Mr. Penrose for the Committee on Finance adversely and without amendment reported the House bill reducing the duties on iron and steel. The House has the exclusive right to initiate tariff legislation and the leaders there have agreed on a programme which includes the revision of the steel, chemical, sugar, wool, and probably the cotton schedules. But the passage of these measures through the House comes as a matter of routine.

In the Senate, on the other hand, none of the three factions has a majority, and tariff legislation can result only from combinations and alliances that will change on every bill, and in which politics will play an important part.

Privileged resolutions in the Senate will probably postpone formal consideration of the Steel bill on the floor for several weeks, but to-day's action by the committee following the complete failure yesterday of a secret conference between leading regulars and insurgents, aimed at obtaining agreement for a Republican tariff programme, makes plain what will be the course of tariff leislation in the Senate. At that conference Mr. Penrose, Chairman of the Finance Committee; Mr. Smoot, his right-hand man, and Mr. Crane, the Republican whip, represented the regulars, and Mr. Cummins of Iowa, a Presidential candidate, and Mr. Bristow of Kansas represented the insurgents.

That the insurgents will get together on steel with the Democrats is certain, and the resulting measure, while it will look different, will be barely distinguishable in rates from the measure passed by the Democratic House. So eager are the insurgents to embarrass President Taft by forcing him to veto measures on the eve of the campaign that they have already offered to meet the Democrats on every schedule yet considered, except chemicals, and, possibly, sugar, and even Mr. Penrose concedes that all these schedules will probably pass and go to the President. But Mr. Penrose is certain that the President will veto them all, with the possible exception of wool, on which the Tariff Board has already reported, and cotton, upon which a report is expected very soon.

The Democrats will insist upon voting first for the measure as sent up from the House. After that, following last Summer's tactics, they will accept amendments offered by insurgents changing the form, and, in some instances, the rates, and the amended measure will then pass by combined Democratic and insurgent votes.

A bitter wrangle among the Democrats of the House was precipitated when the Underwood Free Sugar bill was taken up under general debate in the House today. Not only the removal of the duty proposed by the House tariff leaders but also the methods employed in framing the bill were criticised and condemned, especially by Representative Broussard of Louisiana and Representative John A. Martin of Colorado. They charged that the removal of the present duties would kill the cane sugar industry in Louisiana and the beet sugar industry in Colorado and the West Floor Leader Underwood criticised the Democratic opponents of the bill severely, charging that they were seeking special advantages for their own States instead of looking at the interest of the consumers of the country as a whole. Mr. Underwood insisted that as a result of the present collection of $52,000,000 annually in sugar customs the consumers of the country were paying $117,000,000 more for their sugar.

The contribution of campaign checks by the Sugar Trust to both parties was the basis of charges and counter charges which enlivened the debate and aroused gales of applause on both sides. Chairman Underwood stated that the American Sugar Refining Company had been a contributor to the campaign funds of the Republicans, who had protected the sugar industry in return.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Tomorrow marks the end of a savings opportunity without parallel in the history of fine clothes selling in New York.

14.00	for 22.50 to 35.00 Suits in year 'round fabrics, cut on advanced models, that will be good style for a whole year.
18.00	for 27.50 to 40.00 Suits in year 'round fabrics, cut on advanced models that will be good style for a whole year.
23.00	for 40.00, 45.00 and 50.00 Suits in year 'round fabrics, cut on advanced models that will be good style for a whole year.

Here are most unusual special values in Spring Coats.

Broken size Spring Coats, regularly 18.00 to 25.00—Smith Gray & Co. tailored—excellent value at original prices....... 12.50

Spring Coats of black and Oxford vicuna thibets; smart worsted cheviots and velours—correct shades in exclusive designs and models—regular 20.00 and 22.50 values........ 15.50

Silk lined Spring coats, black and Oxford vicuna thibet, correct velours, worsted cheviots and tweeds—exclusive fabrics and models—standard 25.00 garments........ 18.50

Silk lined to edge Spring Coats—black and Oxford vicuna thibet—the very best Spring coat value in all New York........ 20.00

CHILDREN'S DEPT. Reductions.

Children's Russian, Sailor, Norfolk and Double-Breasted Suits—regular values 6.00 to 7.50.......... 3.50

TROUSERS Reduced.

Standard value at 7.00 and 8.00—tailored in the Smith Gray & Co. custom shops from fine worsteds in new correct English stripe designs.............. 4.75

DERBIES & SOFT HATS Reduced.

Formerly 5.00, Now.............. 3.25

Formerly 4.00, Now.............. 2.50

Formerly 3.00, Now.............. 2.00

FURNISHINGS Reduced.

SHIRTS—Smith Gray & Co. custom tailored shirts—in neat stripes and plain figures—plain, pleated and stiff bosoms—laundered and soft cuffs—coat models—values 1.50, 2.00 & 2.50......... 95c

WALKING GLOVES—genuine mocha—all silk sewn—finished with spear backs—regular and cadet sizes—full 2.00 values.......... 1.50

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs

Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across From City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

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"The Big Store"—Two Mammoth Buildings

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 6th AVE., 18th & 19th STS.

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.—MAIN BUILDING

A Two Days' Sale of $15 Gold-Filled Watches, at $3.95

More than $15,000 worth of Watches—a prominent manufacturer's entire over-stock of high-class timepieces in a sensational sale, today and tomorrow.

Every watch is fully guaranteed—the movements are the best ever put into $15 watches; 7 jewels; genuine rubies and sapphires; exposed winding wheels; adjustment for two positions.

A Comprehensive Assortment for Both Men and Women

Your Choice of Hunting or Open-Face Cases

THE MEN'S WATCHES are in three sizes—16, 12 and a thin model, size between 12 and 16.

FOR WOMEN—O size only.

Beautiful Engraved Engine-Turned Designs or Plain-Polished Cases

This is a watch sale without a parallel—a value-giving occasion that will undoubtedly establish a new selling record for March in our Jewelry Store.
(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

$30,000 to Charity

WE give this amount and we ask our CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money.
IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Share Our Profits to the Extent of 5 Per Cent.

By Collecting S.&H. Green Trading Stamps Which Are Given Free with Purchases Here.

We also make it easy for you to open a charge account, and Greenhut, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Bankers, offer excellent banking facilities and allow 4 per cent. per annum on money deposited.

Double S.&H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Hackett, Carhart Spring Suits and Overcoats at Half Price

Beginning this morning the Liquidation Sale of our discontinued wholesale department's stock of light weight garments.

Included, also, is the balance of all our medium and winter weight Suits and Overcoats.

You may choose from blue, black and fancy mixture garments—all at half price or less.

Men's $20, $25 and $30 Suits and Overcoats $13.50

Men's $35 and $38 Suits and Overcoats $17.50

Men's $40 and $45 Suits and Overcoats $23.50

Men's $45 Full Dress Coats $20

Men's $40 Tuxedo Coats $17.50

$15, $18 & $20 Spring Suits $10
A limited number of Suits, sizes 31 to 40 chest measure only, from our wholesale department. New fancy mixture designs, distinctively for young men.

Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway Cor. 13th St. | 119 W. 42d St. Near Broadway | 125th Street Near 3d Avenue

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

Andrew Alexander

Ample Stocks of all the Spring Shoes

Particularly well prepared with tan leather shoes of high and low cut for men, women and children.

Sixth Avenue at Nineteenth Street

Fifth Avenue above Forty-fifth St.

LOZIER
TOURING CARS OF QUALITY

In owning a Lozier car you get the satisfaction of feeling that no one whom you meet at the Club, the seashore, in the mountains, on the boulevard or on the road, has a car as high class as yours—no one except other Lozier owners.

LOZIER
56th & Broadway

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Estab. 50 Years

Are You Perfectly Satisfied With Your Glasses?

Maybe they don't help your eyesight as much as they should.

Maybe you've worn them so long they have outgrown their usefulness, and stronger glasses are now required.

Maybe your glasses aren't adjusted properly.

In any case "Ehrlich" service will help if you're not altogether sure your glasses are just right.

Our Registered Physicians, Oculists of Long Experience, Examine Your Eyes Without Charge
Perfect Fitting Glasses, $2.50 to $12
With Bifocal Lenses, $4.50 to $18.

J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves.,
350 Sixth Avenue, at 22d St.
223 Sixth Ave., at 15th St.
217 Broadway, Astor House.
101 Nassau, at Ann St., N. Y.
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn

CENTEMERI GLOVES
"Florine" Quality
Gun Metal "Tranchant" 1.65
Gun Metal color with White Embroidery and Stitching. Harmonizes with every costume.
296 FIFTH AVE
ONE DOOR SOUTH OF 31ST STREET

MARTIN AND MARTIN
First Annual
SALE
Imported leather goods & Sporting
NOVELTIES
London made Briar Pipes, 75c
18 inch Traveling Bags, $7.50
Traveling Requisites
Steamer Rugs, $7.50
AT GREAT REDUCTION
333 Fifth Avenue,
Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

A PICTURE GALLERY.

"Quest of the Holy Grail." Fifteen beautiful pictures by Edwin A. Abbey, reproduced in the original colors. Easter Number of The New York Times, Sunday, March 24. Edition limited to regular daily readers of The Times. Order to-day to be sure of a copy.—Adv.

NO CASH FOR GIRL WHO SUED CARUSO

Italian Glove Seller's $50,000 Breach of Promise Suit Is Thrown Out of Court.

HE MUST PAY THE COSTS

Daughter and Father Had Exciting Interviews with Singer in Berlin —Another Suit Pending.

MILAN, March 14.—The breach-of-promise suit for $50,000 brought against Enrico Caruso, the operatic tenor, by Pasquale Ganelli on behalf of his daughter, Elisa, was disposed of to-day.

The court gave a verdict for Caruso, but condemned him to pay the costs of the action.

Enrico Caruso, the tenor, received a cable yesterday morning from his lawyer in Milan which carried the news that the breach of promise suit for $50,000 brought against him in February had been thrown out of court. Mr. Caruso showed the cable dispatch indifferently yesterday afternoon at his apartment in the Knickerbocker, and declared that the outcome could not have been otherwise.

The suit against Mr. Caruso was brought by the father of a salesgirl named Elisa Ganelli.

"It was all the father's doing," declared Mr. Caruso yesterday.

He sat at the window overlooking Broadway and worked with a knife on the crusted dirt on a Venetian dish he recently acquired for his collection.

"Because I am a public character," he added, "he thought that I would pay $50,000 in order to avoid a scandal. But I will not be cheated in any such manner."

"The girl has no claim on me," said he. "I should have been glad to do much for her, but when people bring suit, that is another thing. She was simply—what do you call it?—badly advised."

This suit was first presented to the court in Milan on Feb. 17. Counsel for Pasquale Ganelli, the young woman's father, told how Mr. Caruso had met her at a glove counter and had fallen in love with her. He declared that the tenor had introduced her to many people as his fiancée, and had given her numberless expensive dresses and had paid for her course at a girls' school. Then, it was alleged, Caruso invited the girl to meet him in Berlin and to bring a chaperon. Signorina Ganelli was delighted, and with her father went to Berlin. But then Mr. Caruso, said the lawyer, was found to have grown indifferent, and wanted to make a friendly settlement. Four days were spent in excited interviews and recriminations. The Ganellis returned home and decided to bring suit. The tenor, it was admitted, paid the expenses of the journey.

Mr. Caruso's answer to the suit was that the case was one of blackmail, and it was denied that he had made any promise of marriage.

ROOSEVELT MEN SPLIT.

Complaint Made of Lee's Work and Campbell Supplants Him.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 14.—The relations between Edwin M. Lee and Charles H. Campbell, who have been jointly managing the Roosevelt campaign in Indiana, have become so strained that they have separated their headquarters.

Mr. Lee's work was not satisfactory to George W. Perkins and others interested in the Roosevelt campaign, and Mr. Campbell, a Shelbyville manufacturer, who was appointed to act with Mr. Lee, gradually assumed the sole management here. Mr. Lee complained, and now he has been virtually set aside and is now taking no part in the work, though keeping his headquarters open.

At the primaries in Evansville last night, which did not close till midnight, there was a great deal of rioting, and several of the Roosevelt men were badly handled. Col. Roosevelt's friends were in a minority in every city ward, but they refused to submit, charged unfairness on the part of the Taft organization, and held meetings in every ward, selecting contesting delegations to the district conventions to-morrow, at which two National Delegates will be chosen. The Taft men will control the convention and name the delegates.

The local Roosevelt Republicans are charging to-night that the Taft organization is arranging for extensive frauds in to-morrow's primaries.

ROOSEVELT SURE OF WARD.

Colonel Is Confident Westchester Boss Will Aid Him.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., March 14.—Col. Roosevelt spent several hours to-day putting the finishing touches to the address which he is to deliver before the Civic Forum next Wednesday evening as the opening gun of his campaign in New York State. He indicated that he expected to wage a hard fight in the State and declared that he is to have the backing of William L. Ward of Westchester, the Republican National Committeeman, who, it has been implied, is wavering in his support.

The Roosevelt Committee in the Metropolitan Tower fell back upon George Washington yesterday to help the Colonel out of the third term dilemma. Chairman Duell in a long statement sought to prove that the Colonel was no more inconsistent in desiring a third term than the Father of his Country was in accepting a first one. He quoted Washington as saying when he resigned his command in the army in 1783 that he was "taking leave of all employments of public life." He was afraid this statement would be held against him, Mr. Duell said, when, five years later, he was urged to become a candidate for the Presidency. Washington finally consented, says Chairman Duell, with the understanding that he would serve two years. Then he went on and served eight years.

Oscar R. Hundley of Birmingham, Ala., one of the Roosevelt leaders in that State, sent word to Col. Roosevelt that in Alabama primary elections are provided for by law, and that if one is held,

MORE DELEGATES FOR TAFT.

President's Friends Now Claim 136 of the Delegates Elected.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Four more delegates were added to-day to the steadily growing list of Taft supporters for the Republican National Convention, bringing the President's total strength up to 136. His managers concede only three delegates to Col. Roosevelt, two to Senator Cummins, and none to Senator La Follette. To-day's increases in the Taft column come from the Third Oklahoma District and the Eighth Iowa. Col. Roosevelt's increase of two delegates is the result of a late count last night in the First Oklahoma District.

The verbal battle on the subject of primaries, which for the time being has been dropped between the headquarters of Col. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft in Washington, has broken out in lively fashion in Kansas. There each side accuses the other of utilizing patronage to the utmost, and the Roosevelt supporters, headed by Gov. Stubbs, add to this the charge that the Taft men are all fighting to prevent primaries.

Whatever may be the truth of the charges and counter-charges, to-day's reports make it certain that the Republican organization in Kansas is working solidly for the President.

TAFT MEN START WORK HERE.

The newly established Taft political headquarters in the Cambridge Building, at 334 Fifth Avenue, opened yesterday to fight Col. Roosevelt on his own ground. The members of the Advisory Committee which is to assist John W. Hutchinson, Jr., in conducting the bureau are Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, Otto T. Bannard, President of the Republican Club; Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University; William M. Cohen, ex-Supreme Court Justice; William T. Davies, Marcus M. Marks, Edgar L. Marston, Hendrick F. Holden of Syracuse, Chandler A. Chase, John Henry Hammond, William Berri, R. Ross Appleton, Richard A. Young, George Blagden, George R. Sheldon, and James R. Sheffield.

The committee's first work was to send out an appeal for funds to aid in the renomination of President Taft. The appeal says that the money is to be used to prevent the nomination of Col. Roosevelt because he is seeking a third term and because his position on the question of the recall is untenable. The bureau is to be known as the Eastern Branch of the Taft National Bureau.

URGES BLACK TO SERVE.

C. V. Collins Wants ex-Governor as Delegate to Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, N. Y., March 14.—The return to active politics by Ex-Gov. Frank S. Black seems practically assured in view of a statement to-day by Cornelius V. Collins, Republican leader of Rensselaer County. Mr. Collins said:

"I have heard from so many sources and from so many distinguished men in the Republican party of this State their desire that ex-Gov. Black should be present at both the State and National conventions that I propose to ask Mr. Black and to use my best efforts to obtain his consent to serve instead of myself as a delegate to the State Convention.

"I am confident that the ex-Governor will be elected as one of the big four delegates from this State to the National Convention at Chicago, and I know of no one the people of New York would rather see there to help in the battle for the sound and well approved principles of the Republican party."

PERCIVAL ANSWERS HIS WIFE.

Fighting Divorce, He Says She Received Attention from Others.

Lewis A. D. Percival, President of the Amalgamated Paint Company of 42 Broadway, filed his answer to the complaint of his wife yesterday, who is suing him in the Supreme Court for divorce. Mr. Percival denies his wife's charges and makes allegations against her.

According to Mr. Percival, his wife, in 1902, became addicted to the use of alcohol. From then on, Mr. Percival declares his wife received the attentions of other men.

"In 1903," the Percival affidavit says, "my wife told me that she was in love with Edward Arkenburg, and that he was in love with her. I finally denied him access to my home. Arkenburg then told me that if he could not see her, he would commit suicide. A few days later he died suddenly. These occurrences took place in Bay Shore, Long Island."

CONVICTS MUTINY; KILL THREE OFFICERS

Shoot Down Warden Delehanty and Two Guards in Nebraska State Prison.

ESCAPE IN A BLIZZARD

Bank Robbers Are Believed to Have Had Arms Smuggled Into Their Cells — Fourth Man Wounded.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 14.—Three prisoners in the State Penitentiary at Lancaster, three miles south of here, this afternoon killed Warden James Delahunty, Deputy Warden Charles Wagner, an usher named Heilman, and wounded a cell house keeper named Doody.

The convicts then escaped from the front entrance of the penitentiary and were swallowed up in the blizzard that is now raging here. The killing was done by three convicts named Morley, Taylor, and Dowd, each sentenced for bank robbery. Morley had previously served a sentence in Missouri for murder. The trio shot Wagner in his office, which looks out on the prison yard. Doody was shot just outside the cellhouse, of which he was the keeper.

The murderers, after blowing off the lock of the first steel door which leads into the public entrance of the prison, rushed the turnkey at the point of a revolver, forced him to unlock another door, took his keys, and let themselves into the main corridor.

Before the men let themselves out they shot Delahunty and Heilman by firing through the barred doors, the two men having rushed out of their offices into the main corridor when the first shot was heard. The Warden was shot once and Heilman twice. As the trio rushed past the Warden another bullet was fired into his body as he leaned against a door casing.

None of the other convicts attempted to escape. The turnkey immediately locked the remaining convicts in their cells.

As soon as news of the uprising reached the Governor's office the local company of State militia was sent by special train to the penitentiary. Sheriff Hyers and Chief of Police Hunger also started with posses.

Gov. Aldrich directed that Adjt. Gen. Phelps be put in temporary charge of the penitentiary. It is believed that weapons were smuggled in to the convicts by former prisoners.

Word was received at the penitentiary late this evening that three men had been seen going into a haystack about three miles west of the penitentiary. A posse started for the place.

Unrest has been prevalent among the convicts for more than a month. On Feb. 11 a negro convict named Albert Prince fatally stabbed Deputy Warden Davis during chapel services.

GRACE'S DYING STATEMENT.

Repeats That Wife Shot Him and Then Refused Assistance.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 14.—Eugene S. Grace, who physicians say cannot live more than twenty-four hours, made an ante-mortem statement to-night, accusing his wife of shooting him. Doctors said the lower half of his body already is dead, caused by the cutting of the spinal cord by the bullet alleged to have been fired by Mrs. Grace as he lay in bed.

The ante-mortem statement was made to attorneys and members of the Grace family and was not revealed to the public. It is known, however, that he told in detail a story of how his wife shot him; that she remained with him several hours after he was shot, and that he begged for physicians and then for water, but got neither.

Mrs. Grace received the news of her husband's condition in the cell where she still is held without bail.

FUGITIVE MAYOR OUSTED.

French President Removes Schier, Accused of Embezzlement.

PARIS, March 14.—President Fallières to-day signed a decree removing from office Mayor Schier of the town of Houplines, in the Department of the Nord, who is now supposed to be in Detroit, Mich.

The embezzlement of the city's funds is given as the ground for the dismissal.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, March 14.—Schier, the absconding French Mayor, who was discovered here about two weeks ago, disappeared the following day and nothing further has been learned of him.

He is supposed to have gone to Chicago.

Decoration Day
Independence Day
and Labor Day

Will come and go, vacation days will be here and gone, Spring and Summer will have passed and Autumn will be with us—yet, when it's all over and we begin to think of Winter, you will still wear, without a hole or tear, the Holeproof Hosiery which you buy here to-day, or we will replace them with new ones free.

Holeproof Hosiery
Men's, Women's and Children's, Guaranteed 6 Months.

For Men, 6 pairs, $1.50; Mercerized, $2; Silk Lustre, $3
Men's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for three months, $2
For Women and Children, 6 pairs, $2; Silk Lisle for Women, $3
Women's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for 3 months, $3

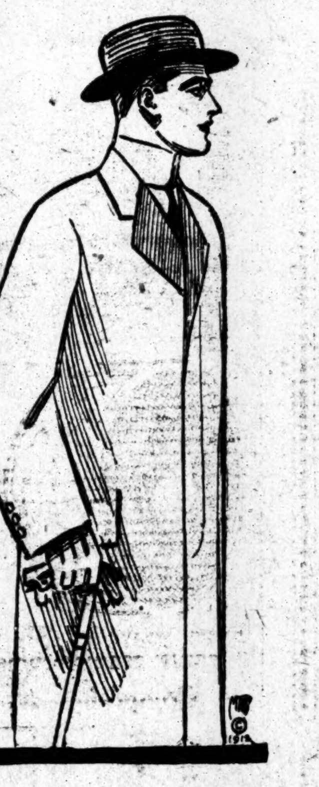
We are New York Agents. Mail and phone orders promptly filled.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY, at 49th ST. 279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125TH ST., at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

GIMBELS

Shall We Reserve a Table for You for Afternoon Tea at the "PROMENADE"?
Table, for two or more persons, may be reserved by application, in the Tea Room, by mail or by telephone—(Madison Square 8200; Extension 243).

Five Days to Spring—And Here Are Men's $25 Silk-lined Spring Overcoats At $15



As the picture shows, these are the three-quarter length Chesterfield Overcoats that are always correct in style, and chosen by three men out of four.

It is at least unusual to offer such Coats at less than their ordinary price, just when men want to put them on. But this is another shipment of a very generous order that we placed long enough ahead to take advantage of all the "soft spots" in the maker's business. They are made in his regular way, which means up to our standard, of handsome all-wool plain black or Oxford or Cambridge gray cheviot in Spring weight. Lined throughout with pure Merveilleux silk, and either silk faced to edge or with cloth lapels. All sizes, at $15 each.

Men's $20, $22 & $25 Suits, $15
Mostly small groups from in our stock, with the addition of some special purchases of Spring-weight Suits of equally high quality. There is an excellent choice among the rich new grays and tans, also many browns, blue serges and fancy mixtures. All sizes up to 48-inch chest measure, at $15 a Suit. Fourth Floor

MEN—Just a Minute, Please
Most of you are tired of the old order of things, and looking for new Shirts, and a new Scarf or two, with which to spruce up your wardrobe for the new season.

We commend unreservedly to your attention the fine, new GIMBEL stocks of Men's Furnishings, gathered by experts who know well men's tastes in dress, from long study. In particular, these special lots, in which good style is mixed with a strong note of economy:

Silk Shirts, $3.25
Pure silk, with fine stripes, that are always good style; a few in plain colors. Plain negligee, French cuffs. A large order for Shirts of such high quality, brought down the price from $5 to $3.25.

Pajamas, $1.15
Made of a soft, pleasant quality of mercerized cotton. Generous in cut, and fine in finish. In plain blue, tan, white, gray and lavender; military collar and pearl buttons. Sizes A, B, C, D.

Plaited-Bosom Shirts, $1.15
About seventy-five patterns, all of them good—conservative stripes on white grounds of fine percale. Attached cuffs; sizes 14 to 17, in various sleeve-lengths. Check these up many with Shirts costing $1.50 or more—you will buy these.

Scarfs, 35c
A round-up. Formerly 65c. and specially-priced at that. All fancy colorings and designs, in open-end four-in-hands. Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
Bloomingdales
Lexington to 3d Ave. 59th to 60th St.

Sale of Beaded Garnitures
An exceptional purchase that permits of rarely low prices—lower even than former wholesale prices. In the assortment are 1,000 beaded garnitures in gold, silver, pearl and in color combinations, desirable for street and evening costumes.

Their former wholesale prices ranged from 75c. upward to $7.50.

To facilitate quick selling, they are arranged in four lots:
Garnitures worth to $1.50, at 50c.
Garnitures worth to $3.00, at 1.00
Garnitures worth to $4.50, at 1.50
Garnitures worth to $7.50, at 2.00

Hand-Made French Flowers
Reduced Half and More. A timely offering this, with flower dress trimmings so prevalent on the new Spring style dresses. In the assortment are bouquets and sprays made of ribbon, silk and gold and silver net, and their adaptability for dress trimming, millinery purposes and all fancy work must readily appeal to every woman.

Former prices 75c. to $3.50.
On sale to-morrow at 39c. to 69c.
Trimming Shop, Main Floor.
Bloomingdales', Lex. to 3d Ave., 59th to 60th St.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

BOYS' CLOTHING FOR SPRING
What You Gain By Buying It at Macy's

All wool—all silk sewed—all trousers cut full and not skimped—all knickers with a fine quality waist-band, preventing the "slackness" common to average suits—all seams serged, thereby strengthening the parts most subjected to wear (which is one reason why Macy's suits prove so durable) all bone buttons and well-made buttonholes—all knickers with watch pocket and belt loop, all lining alpaca or serge—in fact, all suits made as only good suits are made.

Macy's prices for these quality cloths are in many cases even lower than prices for "botched up" suits turned out in greater quantities. Second Floor, Rear.

Suits
2½ to 8 yrs. All wool Russian Blouse Suits, in serges and cheviots, $2.97 up to $9.74.
Sailor Suits in serges and cheviots, $2.97 up to $9.74.
This includes new French sailor blouses of serge and cheviot, with novelty belt and extra large bow.
2½ to 10 yrs. Wash Suits in both sailor and Russian blouse model, $1.36 to $7.49.
6 to 15 yrs. All-wool Norfolk Suits, $3.96 up to $14.74.
10 to 19 yrs. Knickerbocker Suits, both double and single breasted, $3.96 up to $14.74.

Overcoats
2½ to 10 yrs. Reefers of serges, mixtures, worsted and shepherd's plaids, $3.59 up to $10.74. This includes a new model for boys from 3 to 10 years, at $7.49. (Illustrated.)
10 to 18 yrs. Overcoats of cheviots and cassimeres $4.95 up to $12.74.

This New Overcoat $7.49
Made of cheviot in gray, tan, and blue. Patch pockets and belt.

Rain Coats
4 to 18 yrs. Of waterproof surface and English double texture, from $3.49 up to $9.74.

Two-Trousers Suits
A Macy Specialty—We have all sizes up to 19 years.
If you ordered extra trousers separately, they would cost you one-third of the price of the suit. By buying the three pieces at once, the extra trousers cost you only one-sixth.

The advantages of the two-trouser suit are pretty well realized by all experienced mothers. With the average boy the coat is yet new while he is wearing the second pair of trousers.

We are showing boys' clothing in all the new shades of the season, in the finest grades of imported and domestic materials. There are as many as eight different models in the Norfolk double and single breasted suits, all of which are strictly hand tailored with hand-made buttonholes, hand-felled collar and hand-padded shoulders.

Prices for these superior three-piece suits range from $7.49 up to $14.74.

Two-trouser suits at popular prices.

$6.94—New single-breasted suits (with two pair of trousers) with patch pockets, *as illustrated*. Cassimeres in gray, tan and olive herringbone pattern in six different models in Norfolk and double-breasted. The trousers are lined throughout, the seams being reinforced to prevent ripping.
Norfolk model, sizes 6 to 15 years.
Double-breasted model, sizes 10 to 18 years.

$4.96—Two-toned suits made of serges, cheviots and worsteds with either sailor or military collar. They can be had in blue, gray, brown or tan mixtures.
Russian model, sizes 2 1-2 to 8 years.
Sailor model, sizes 5 to 10 years.

"RIGHT SHAPE" SHOES
For Boys, Misses & Children.
For years the inventive mind has experimented with a Shoe that would combine the maximum comfort with the maximum dressiness. Here it is, illustrated.
Prices, $1.39 to $3.49.

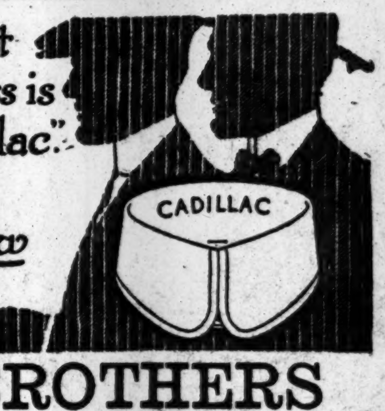
"Equal Rights for Every Toe."

New Model Overcoats, $12.74
For boys from 11 to 18 years
A Raglan Overcoat in gray and tan cheviot mixtures, skeleton lined, with large patch pockets and novelty leather buttons.
A coat built exactly on the lines of men's English coats. They are sure to be tremendously popular, especially as they are finished in the same first-class style.
Other Raglan Overcoats in stock from $4.96 to $12.74

New "Utility" Rainproof Coats, $3.49
All our boys' raincoats are guaranteed.
We consider this one of the most desirable raincoats made. Sizes 5 to 16.
Tan cloth surface with black rubber lining.

New Spring Hats
The New "King Alfred" Hat.....$1.29
A knockabout hat of stitched rough cheviot, with high band. Can be worn in any one of a dozen ways, and comes in all suit colors. All sizes for boys from 6 to 16 years.
New Spring Alpines and Telescopes.................$1.39
In plain or rough scratch felt, also the new heather mixture, which is extremely smart. For boys of all sizes. Another quality at $1.88.
Golf Caps, lined or unlined..........................46c
Made of cheviots or serges, in blue, gray, brown and tan mixtures. Another quality at 86c.

Frisbie Collars
The "little touch that means so much" in dress is conferred by the "Cadillac." It's the right collar for right now
2 for 25 Cents



GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

MASS MEETING TO-NIGHT
CARNEGIE HALL
7th Avenue and 57th Street.
To be held under the auspices of Typographical Union No. 6.
THE PEOPLE VOTED FOR MUNICIPAL
SUBWAYS
AND THEY ARE GOING TO HAVE THEM.
Speakers: John S. Crosby, Joseph Fels, Cornelius Donovan, Fred C. Leubuscher, and the Committee expects an acceptance from Champ Clark. "They Gotta Quit Kickin' My Dawg Aroun'."
ADMISSION FREE—Parquet Tickets Free at Cigar Store, World Bldg.; Doblin, 120 W. 42d; 173 E. 125th; 2141 8th Av.; Bronx—532 Willis Av. (149th); Brooklyn—399 Fulton St. Also ask for "Traction Question Told in Brief." DOORS OPEN AT 7.30.

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THE START
ON THE SANTA FE
ROSE COTTAGE FARM
JOHN—PICK THE RIPE ORANGES, MOW THE ALFALFA, SHIP THE STRAWBERRIES, SELL THE OIL, BOX THE TOMATOES AND MILK THE COWS WE'RE OFF FOR A RIDE TO THE BEACHES.
IN CALIFORNIA A YEAR LATER

$33 from Chicago

March 1 to April 15

A farm is waiting for you in Arizona and California.

Go this Spring. Go on the Santa Fe. Ride in a tourist sleeper; berth rate low.

Eat Fred Harvey meals.

A fast run on the Fast Mail; two other trains to choose from.

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377 and 1236 Broadway, New York City.
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Santa Fe All the Way

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for San Joaquin Valley book and six months' free subscription to "The Earth."

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PARIS

will bear (besides the waistbands which for the Summer season of 1912 will be lettered "Van Dyck Brown" on white ground) a conspicuous **Guaranteed Label,** mentioning the name of the model and that of the purchaser. This label will be **sealed on the dress by a safety lead.** Every model presented as a Paquin creation and not bearing this label must be considered as a copy not coming from the firm's ateliers. **PAQUIN** reminds the public that his **only selling houses are**

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And—our great Motor Vans throb to serve you.

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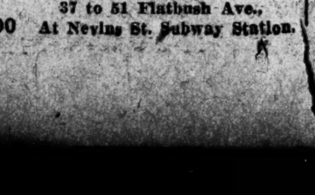

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At Nevins St. Subway Station.

WOMEN OPEN THEIR BIG INDUSTRY SHOW

Reception to Mrs. Dix at New Grand Central Palace Exhibition.

GOWNS OF FOUR CENTURIES

Suffragists Were Forgotten, but a "Votes for Women" Department Is Quickly Installed.

The big Woman's Industrial Exhibition opened yesterday with all the wheels going smoothly at the New Grand Central Palace, Lexington Avenue and Forty-sixth Street. Mrs. John A. Dix, who is honorary President, was present in the evening when a reception was given in her honor. The Governor was not able to be present, but sent representatives.

Everything that women ever thought of doing in business and philanthropy is to be found at the exhibtion and it is the best of its kind ever held. All the women prominent in different interests are to be found there, and the different booths or departments are as pretty as they can be made.

Coming to New York on the special train from Albany with Mrs. Dix were Lieut. Harry Underwood of the Governor's staff, Col. and Mrs. Harry Curtis Cushman, and Mr. and Mrs. Hervey Jackson. Gen. Nelson Herrick Henry and Charles E. Spratt met the party at the station and escorted them to the Palace.

In the party receiving Mrs. Dix at the exhibition were Mrs. Henry, the directress of the exhibition, who is its active manager, and the Vice Presidents, Mrs. Clarence Burns, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, Mrs. William Einstein, Mrs. Arthur Elliot Fish, Mrs. Parker D. Handy, Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt, Miss Winifred Holt, Mrs. Richard Irwin, Mrs. Edward G. Janeway, Mrs. James E. Newcome, and Miss Alice Preston. These are the Vice Presidents of the exhibition, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock being the President. Others in the receiving line were Miss Elsie De Wolf, Miss Anne Morgan, Miss Elizabeth Marbury, Mrs. Frank L. Northrop, Miss Elizabeth Perkins, Mrs. Frank L. Hoppin, Mrs. Charles O'Maas, Mrs. Seymour Ballard, Mrs. Frederick Nathan, and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer.

Gift for Mrs. Dix.

Mrs. Dix was presented with a beautiful bag made of silver thread and worked in jet beads, made by one of the young women of the New York Association for the Blind in recognition of the sympathy shown the association by Gov. and Mrs. Dix. The Governor assisted recently in the laying of the cornerstone of the new lighthouse for the blind, which is to be opposite their old building in Fifty-ninth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues. The gift was a a large square bag suspended from a heavy rich cord, a Gaby Deslys bag, the young blind girl who made it told Mrs. Dix.

One of the first things the visitor sees on entering the exhibition is an inclosure of old-time beauties wearing gowns dating from 1,500 up to the early part of the nineteenth century. Catherine de Medicis is there in a rich and voluminous gown, which contrasts strikingly with the dress of a couple of little ladies' of 1820 in simple low necked frocks with short skirts and little laced slippers. The Empress Josephine in an empire robe stands before a mirror in a crowd of other notables of other ages, and in another corner of the main floor of the show the latest styles in twentieth century frocks are shown.

These are shown on a stage set with a background of rich green velvet. One after another twenty pretty young women models appear in different up-to-date gowns, walk once or twice gracefully across the stage, and then fade gently away through the green velvet doorway, still facing the audience. There are electric kitchens, gas kitchens, women making candy and doing laundry work, and there is nothing in the way of women's wearing apparel that cannot be had for the asking, if one has the money.

Among the philanthropies is the Stony Wold Sanatorium Association, which has a Japanese tea room that is a dream, with real little Japanese women in native dress as well as pretty young American girls, also wearing the rich Oriental robes and obis. The George Junior Republic has apparently brought itself down bodily. There is its big Government Building, and little rose-covered cottages, which represent actual buildings in the Republic. The blind girls of the Blind Association are showing all the kinds of work they can do, and young Italian girls of the Italian school are embroidering.

There was everything but woman suffrage in the exhibition up to yesterday afternoon when Mrs. William M. Ivins wandered in, was conscious of a great need, hurried away and before night there was a "Votes for Women" booth with several attendants giving out literature. The exhibition will be open until March 23.

MISS ARNOLD NOT A MILITANT.

Declares Mrs. Pankhurst Has Failed as a Suffrage Leader.

Miss Ethel M. Arnold, granddaughter of Dr. Arnold of Rugby and a niece of Matthew Arnold, lectured yesterday afternoon in the Hudson Theatre on "The Citizenship of Women." Miss Arnold left a sick bed to fill her engagement; she was compelled to make her address brief and she almost fainted when she was assisted from the stage.

Miss Arnold believes that women should have the right to vote and that "the time is soon coming." She said she was opposed to the window-smashing tactics of Mrs. Pankhurst and her followers. She said this might not meet with the approval of some of her audience and to judge by the lack of applause it did offend.

"I do not deny that violence and the destruction of property has been necessary on the part of men to gain certain of their rights," she said, "but I have never felt that such methods have any part in the women's movement. I would prefer to have the settlement of the matter postponed, that when I go to cast my first vote I won't have to look back with sorrow upon the methods we employed.

"I cannot conceive what the reason for such violence was at this particular time, when everything favored us, and though I receive the London newspapers each day I have not read a single word in expalnation of it. I have received letters from friends at home who say they have broken off all connection with Mrs. Pankhurst's organization."

Miss Arnold declared that the amendment to the Manhood Suffrage bill in Parliament, giving women the suffrage, would surely pass, though, she added, party politics might delay it.

"The recent events in London shake my faith in the generalship of Mrs. Pankhurst and her associates," she added.

CROSBY GALLERIES EXHIBIT.

Paintings by Willard Metcalf, Paul Dougherty, and Other Artists.

At the Crosby Galleries Willard Metcalf has on exhibition a beautiful bit of Hudson River scenery with flowering banks and fresh shrubbery, an intimate view of a kind of landscape usually painted with the old false comparison between the Hudson and the Rhine too much in mind—an early example of Mr. Metcalf's work and a good one.

Paul Dougherty also has one of his older marines on view, "After the Squall," painted in 1904 and blessed with a sense of spaciousness and depth not always to be found in his later work. The ships are riding the waves with gusto, and the flaming sky is a fine piece of color.

Theodore R. Pembrook shows seven canvases as rich in color as the landscapes of Diaz, with something of the same feeling for the romantic and dazzling moods of nature, the Oriental moods that even a New England landscape puts on at certain hours of day and seasons of the year. The sky in the picture called "After the Storm" is picturesquely seen in a contrast of silver and gray, and a twisting road meets the horizon. In "A Hillside" the sense of the dip of the earth is successfully given, and the sky is a brilliant harmony of blue and silver. All of Mr. Pembrook's work has decorative quality, but he has not cut loose from his study of nature.

Other pictures in the exhibition are by Robert C. Minor, Albert L. Groll, William E. Plimpton, J. C. Cowles, George Hitchcock, J. Crawford Thorn, William E. Norton, and K. E. Termohlen, whose still life of a violin and music, careful, realistic, and clearly defined, shows him in a very different aspect from the romantic "Moonlight" and "Summer's Day."

GREEK SCULPTURE ON VIEW.

Marble Head of Athlete of Fifth Century in Art Museum.

The marble head of a Greek athlete of the fifth century is a remarkably fine specimen of Greek sculpture to be seen in the Recent Accessions Room at the Metropolitan Art Museum. The head, which is life-size, was purchased last Summer and is now on view for the first time. It is one of several Roman copies of a very beautiful Greek statue and this is the finest so far known. It is practically perfect. A few breaks in the hair and the tip of the nose have been replaced in plaster.

A "Crucifixion" attributed to Spinello Aretino is a recent purchase. It is an interesting picture in brilliant colors adding the picturesqueness of a crowd of spectators to the principle figures in the scene. Seven important Renaissance portrait medals which have been acquired by the Museum within the last few years are now on exhibition. Six Italian medals are shown in the case of small bronzes in the south end of the hall in Wing F and the French medal which commemorates the marriage of Louis XII and Anne de Bretagne in 1499, presented to the Queen by the Consulate of Lyons, is in the adjoining Gallery 6. There are portraits of both King and Queen. One of the Italian medals is of Leonello d'Este, Marquis of Ferrara by Vittore Pisano called Pisanello,—the most beautiful; and another is of Cardinal Pietro Bembo by Benvenuti Cellini.

Interesting pieces of pottery presented by Mrs. Abraham Lansing include a famous "Washington and Lafayette" plate, made to commemorate Lafayette's second visit to this country; a "Fifteen States" plate and a teapot with an eagle and shield. A Conder fan and a French fan presented by Mrs. Edward Luckemeyer are other accessions. A few pieces of the church silver seen at the recent exhibit of old silver are to be allowed to remain on loan and can be seen in the gold room.

Romney Portrait Sold for $50,000.

The Blakeslee Galleries announce the sale of a portrait, by Romney, to T. B. Walker of Minneapolis. The sitter is Mrs. Charnock. She is painted three-quarter length, seated out of doors. Her gown is creamy white and the background has a golden tone. Her blonde hair is partly covered by the quaint headdress of the period. The picture comes from the Arthur Sanderson collection in Edinburgh and is described in Ward's "Life of Romney." The price paid for it is said to be in the neighborhood of $50,000.

Reunion of Quackenbos Alumni.

The alumni of the Quackenbos Collegiate School, which was in existence back in the civil war days, held a reunion and banquet at the Murray Hill Hotel last night. Dr. Quackenbos, an alumnus of the school and a son of the founder, was toastmaster. The guests at the dinner, though a mere handful in number, constituted almost a majority of the surviving alumni. Dr. Quackenbos recalled the days of the early sixties. An alumni association was formed, of which James C. Thomson was made Secretary and Dr. Quackenboc President.

New Legal Aid Society Branch.

A new branch office of the Legal Aid Society was opened yesterday at 127 Madison Avenue at the offices of the New York-New Jersey Committee of the North American Civic League for Immigrants. The name of this new branch office is "The Immigration Branch of the Legal Aid Society." George Muller has been put in charge.

MACHINES IN LEAGUE TO BLOCK DIX BILLS

Bi-Partisan Combination That Fought Hughes Is Revived for Active Work.

REFORM MEASURES DOOMED

Tammany Fears of Losing Control Since Bissell's Rejection Inspires Move—Governor Is Silent.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 14.—Not for the purpose of leading a punitive expedition against the Tammany element in the Senate, which brought about the defeat of Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo, his nominee for Public Service Commissioner, but for the purpose of keeping his record with the people straight, Gov. Dix is preparing to put to final test the question whether a "gentlemen's agreement" between two political bosses shall outweigh the expressed wishes of the up-State Senators who stood by him and who in prestige and in the territory and number of Democratic voters they represent stand for much more than the men whom Tammany Hall sends to the Senate.

Incidentally, evidence was presented here to-day that old bi-partisan combination of Tammany and the Republican machine is being revived, and that the Governor's whole legislative programme is in danger.

The action of the Senate yesterday has stirred the Governor more than the defeat of Edward G. Riggs for a place on the New York City Commission or any of the moves made against him by Tammany during the present session. The Governor is of quiet demeanor and is not in the habit of exhibiting his feelings in the market place, but his friends declare that the present sense of grievance and outraged decency is not likely to wear off, and that from now on he is through with the "organization" and prepared to steer a course independent of Murphy.

The Governor has received many letters from influential Democrats of an independent type and the telephone in the Executive Chamber has carried messages all day congratulating the Governor on the course he has mapped out. None in the Governor's office who has seen these missives doubts that there is a stronger public sentiment behind Gov. Dix as a result of the Senate's action yesterday than there has been at any time since he took office.

Gov. Dix said this afternoon that he was not yet prepared to comment on the action of the Senate, but in all probability would have some statement to make to-morrow.

Might Leave Commissioners in Office

The Governor, if he were to follow his present inclination, would refrain from sending to the Senate the name of any nominee in place of either Riggs or Bissell. The failure on his part to act would have the effect of keeping the present Republican incumbents in their position until another Governor can appoint their successors.

To-day it has been pointed out to the Governor by Democrats with whom he has conferred that he could hardly assume the responsibility of giving this advantage to the Republican machine, which helped to defeat his own nominees. The Governor has been advised to substitute for the nominations turned down by the Senate the names of high-class Democrats regarding whose qualification there could be no question and whose freedom from organization influences has been established—in other words, Democrats as distasteful to the bosses as any he could select.

The Democratic leaders in surveying the situation found their triumph in turning down the Governor's nominee was worse than a barren victory. As a result of the division in the ranks of the Senate Democrats, which arose in connection with the rejection of Bissell, the small Democratic majority in the Senate has virtually been wiped out. Nine insurgent votes were recorded in favor of Mr. Bissell yesterday. A loss of three votes to the Democrats would wipe out the present Senate majority and prevent the Democrats from passing their own measures. If the Republicans could win over five insurgents they would be in a position to pass anti-Tammany legislation in the Senate and have it concurred in by the Republican Assembly.

Bi-Partisan Deal on Foot.

To-day Senator Wagner, realizing the awkward position in which he had been placed as a result of the methods adopted by Tammany Hall yesterday, was making advances to Speaker Merritt of the Assembly with a view to a bi-partisan understanding like the one which existed between the Tammany element on the Democratic side and the "Old Guard" element in the Republican ranks during the two Hughes administrations. It is understood that Mr. Wagner made a specific demand on Mr. Merritt not to consent to an extension of the present session beyond March 29, the date fixed for adjournment. Senator Wagner received assurances that no effort would be made by the Republican Assembly to hold back any measures the Democratic organization really wanted very badly. In return the Democratic Senate is to deal gently with the Republican measures that may come before it.

With a hard and fast understanding between the two machines the Democratic leaders in the Senate feel that they can get along well without the Governor, for they feel they have all the patronage there is to be had from him and that he will use his veto power to pay off old scores.

URGE SUBWAY REFERENDUM.

Legislators Offer Bill to Let Voters Decide Control.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 14.—Senator Travis and Assemblyman Murray to-day introduced bills providing that, prior to entering into any contract for the equipment, maintenance, and operation of any rapid transit railway in New York City, the Public Service Commission must submit to a vote of the electors of the city the question whether or not the railway shall be equipped, maintained, and operated by the city.

A bill introduced to-day by Senator Coats authorizes the State Labor Commissioner to employ investigators to inspect labor camps, immigrant lodging places, and contract labor agencies, and, in connection with the State Department of Education, devise plans for the instruction of aliens within the State.

FOR RELIEF OF TAXPAYERS.

Senate Passes Two Bills Affecting Real Estate Assessments.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.—In the Senate to-day two bills were passed affecting the payment of taxes for local improvements in Greater New York. The measures which were introduced by Senator Harte of Queens are favored by the city officials.

One provides that where the assessment on real estate for pavements or other local improvements is greater than 5 per cent. of the total assessed valuation it may be paid in ten annual installments with interest.

The other bill gives the same advantage in the case of unpaid assessments in cases where the assessments were confirmed after Jan. 1, 1908.

Names A. J. Tulley Insurance Counsel

ALBANY, N. Y., March 14.—Supt. William T. Emmet of the State Insurance Department has appointed Alfred J. Tulley of New York Counsel at a salary of $5,000 a year, and Dennis Spellacy of New York Third Deputy, salary $4,500.

PAY PASSENGER FOR COFFYN.

Aviator Carries Man from Up-State Over Statue of Liberty.

Frank Coffyn, who has cruised above the bay many times for the pure love of flying, carried a pay passenger in his aeroplane trip yesterday. The passenger was a visitor from up state who offered much money for a flight, so Coffyn's manager said. Coffyn took his passenger out over the water where he could look down upon the Statue of Liberty, and then brought him back over Governors Island.

There is no doubt that the public excitement over aeroplane flights is rapidly wearing off. Employes in the sky scrapers facing the waterfront worked on through the period of the propellers whirring just as if it was a part of everyday life. Coffyn declared on alighting, that the day of aviation's real progress will now dawn just because the people are tiring of the aeroplane as a toy.

"Someday," he said, "they'll learn it's the machine that flies and not the man, and then money can be obtained to back earnest experimenters in an attempt to produce the engine that aviation requires, and the planes with adjustable expanse so that the trimming of the machines in the air can make for speed without sacrificing safety on alighting."

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S SHOES AT $3.50 PER PAIR ARE ON SPECIAL SALE, INCLUDING PUMPS, COLONIAL TIES AND OXFORDS IN SEVERAL KINDS OF LEATHERS. AMONG THEM ARE A NUMBER OF DISCONTINUED STYLES. REGULAR PRICES $5.00 TO $7.00 PER PAIR.

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EXCLUSIVE MODELS IN HATS HAVE JUST BEEN RECEIVED FROM PARIS. MANY SMART DESIGNS FROM B. ALTMAN & CO.'S WORKROOMS ARE ALSO SHOWN. THIRD FLOOR

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

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From the ultra-fashionable to the conservative—to suit all *discriminating* tastes—yet, as *sensibly priced* as the very best workmanship and materials will permit.

Gowns, Wraps, Tailored Costumes and Suits, Coats, French Blouses and Paris Millinery.

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ILLEGAL BOXING BOUT AROUSES COMMISSION

State Body Plans to Refund Money After Such Fiascos as Cross-Hogan Fight.

The unsatisfactory ending of the Leach Cross-One Round Hogan bout at the Madison Athletic Club Wednesday night was the principal topic of discussion in sporting circles yesterday. Many boxing fans contend that Referee Charlie White did the proper thing in stopping the bout and others declare that the referee was a bit hasty in his action. Two features of the case were generally agreed upon wherever the case was discussed. The first was that Referee White has the rules of the game to back him up in his action, and regardless of whether he was hasty or not he did exactly what the Frawley law requires of a referee. The other was that the crowd which attended the Madison Athletic Club show did not "get a run" for its money.

Commissioners Frank S. O'Neil and John J. Dixon, who comprise the State Athletic Commission, entered into a long discussion of the affair at an informal meeting yesterday afternoon. At the close it was said that although they regretted that such an unfortunate affair occurred there was nothing that they could do to effect a remedy. It was said, however, that a rule would probably be adopted at the meeting of the commission on next Wednesday afternoon which will prevent a recurrence of such an affair.

In formulating the proposed rule the commission will adopt a suggestion made by James E. Sullivan at a meeting on Aug. 24 last. At that time Mr. Sullivan was Chairman of the commission, and at a meeting held at his home in Huntington, L. I., he proposed several additions to the rules already adopted. The minutes of that meeting, which were exhibited by the commission's Secretary yesterday, contained the following:

"Commissioner James E. Sullivan suggested several additions to the rules, one in particular being relative to the safeguarding and protection of the public and the patrons of the sport. It was to the effect that the clubs should hold all gate receipts for a stipulated time of anywhere from twenty-four to forty-eight hours to provide against any fake or fraud happening, for the purpose of refunding moneys to all who had paid admission. This was not a motion, but simply a suggestion for action at an early meeting."

The meeting in question was the second held by the commission and the last which Mr. Sullivan attended, as he resigned a few days later. The matter had not been taken up by the commission through oversight, but the Madison Athletic Club occurrence brought its wisdom forcibly to light, and it will be taken up next week. Commissioner John J. Dixon said yesterday that such a rule would undoubtedly be adopted at the next meeting to protect patrons of boxing shows.

The opinion was general yesterday that the one solution to the difficulty laid with the Madison Athletic Club on Wednesday night, and that return checks should have been tendered to all the spectators for another bout between the two boxers. This would have satisfied all concerned, but in allowing the crowd to leave without coupons of some kind all chance of redress was lost. The club was not to blame for Hogan's foul tactics, and the referee acted within his rights, but the club failed to do its part in giving the public equal return for its money. The club itself will be the principal sufferer. The question of issuing checks was put up to the club management Wednesday night before Referee White returned and made his declaration, but it was refused. The story that another match had been made for the near future was denied by Cross, who declared that he would not box Hogan at the Madison Athletic Club again.

Peter Maher, the old-time heavyweight, visited the commission's office yesterday and underwent a physical examination by the commission's physician. Maher is contemplating a return to the ring, and decided to be on the safe side, so he asked the commission to engage the physician for an examination. He said he had been matched to appear at the Gowanus Athletic Club of South Brooklyn. The club officials later declared that they had considered arranging a bout between Maher and Sailor White for March 16, but had called it off. The physician's report regarding Maher will be announced at the next meeting of the commission. Maher gave his age as 42 years.

GOOD FIGHTS AT FORDON A. C.

Hommey Beats Chicago Tommy Murphy—Referee Disqualifies a Boxer.

Fight fans were conceded to have received their money's worth last night at the bouts of the Fordon Athletic Club, which had as special attractions two ten-round battles and the usual preliminaries. John J. Dixon, one of the Boxing Commissioners, was an interested spectator, and asserted that he was thoroughly in accord with the ruling of the referee, Harry Lenny, when he disqualified Teddy Murphy, one of the principals in the first of the star attractions, for holding his opponent, Jimmy Murray of the west side.

Murray had put his man down in the fourth round and twice in the seventh, whereupon Murphy resorted to holding tactics. After having been warned seven times, the referee ordered him out of the ring. In one of the preliminaries Young Eddy won from Willie Baker in the third round, the referee stopping the go because he believed that Baker's nose had been fractured.

The final bout was one of the best ever seen in the clubhouse. It was full of action from the first gong and brought together Chicago Tommy Murphy and Packey Hommey, a local lad. Each weighed in at 135 pounds. Hommey was the aggressor in most of the sessions and earned the popular verdict in the first, and from the seventh round on to the finish.

Hommey showed himself possessed of a stiff jab which the Chicago lad could not apparently escape. Murphy whipped in many left hooks, but missed many well-meant attacks on his opponent's jaw. The second, third, and fourth rounds broke evenly, but after this Hommey inclined to carry the fight to the visitor. In the last round Murphy crossed his man with a right to the jaw which sent him down. Hommey was up in an instant, however, and immediately began to hammer his man with both hands.

POOR BOUT AT NATIONAL.

Joe Coster and Young Shugrue Engage in an Uninteresting Bout.

Joe Coster of Brooklyn and Young Shugrue of Jersey City went through ten rounds of uninteresting boxing at the National Sporting Club last night, and neither was able to hand out enough punishment to gain any noticeable advantage over his opponent at any stage of the contest. At the finish honors, if there were any in the contest, could be distributed evenly without doing either an injustice. Continual clinching and holding marred the bout, and Referee Patsy Haley was forced to utter his "Break now, Leggo," or pry the boys apart continually in every round.

In the early part of the contest Coster had a slight lead over his opponent, doing effective work with his left swing. Shugrue, however, was the more aggressive and the better infighter, and in the last two rounds he slowed Coster up considerably with his terrific punches to the body. Practically all the blows were delivered in the clinches, as the boys did not stand back and box to any extent. Neither had his opponent in distress at any time, and no knockdowns were scored. Coster went down in the eighth round from slipping.

The six-round semi-final was much better than the main bout. It brought together Knockout Sweeney of New York and Oscar Williams of Paducah, Ky. It was the first appearance here of Williams, and he proved a whirlwind fighter. There was little to favor either boy in six rounds of the hardest kind of work, and both received ovations as they left the ring. They were immediately rematched for the semi-final on Thursday, March 28.

Thorne's Copps Wins Over Jumps.

PARIS, March 14.—Copps, owned by Thomas P. Thorne, won the Prix Cotentin, a selling steeplechase of $600, at the Auteuil race course to-day. The distance was two miles and one and a half furlongs.

GRAY LOSES TWO GAMES.

Raynolds and Carter Winners in Pocket Billiard Tournament.

Edward F. Gray lost two games in the pocket billiard tournament for the amateur title at the Amateur Billiard Club yesterday. He lost the afternoon game to Edward Raynolds by a score of 125 to 117, and in the evening game Lester F. Carter won an easy victory by a score of 125 to 51. Carter played a steady, consistent game, while Gray was far from his best form and missed continually.

Carter dropped eleven balls in the first frame, and from that time on he played with much confidence. His game improved as he went along, while Gray's playing became worse with each succeeding frame. In only one frame did Gray get more balls than his opponent. That was in the twelfth, when he got eight balls to Carter's seven. Carter had the better of every other frame, and in the fourth, after Gray slipped up on an easy straight shot for the corner pocket, he cleared the table with a run of fifteen.

Gray, far in the rear, resorted to desperate tactics, especially in calculating combination shots. One of these attempts in the tenth frame would have been beautiful if it had worked out as the cueist planned. Gray approached the pyramid on a two-cushion bank, with the intention of smashing a ball into the side pocket. He drove the cue ball against the cushions with much force and the balls were scattered all over the table. The ball he played for the side was kissed out of its true course just enough to miss the pocket.

Carter studied his shots carefully before he played them. He is now tied for the lead in the tournament with Hyman. Carter has the best record thus far, having won three games, while Hyman has won two.

Gray's exhibition last night was the weakest of the tournament, two matches in one day proving too much for his eyes. He fell down badly on shots which ordinarily would be very easy for him. When Carter passed the 100 mark in the tenth frame of the match, Gray had collected only thirty-one balls.

This afternoon Carter will play Raynolds, and in the evening Hyman will play Gray.

The score of last night's match by frames:

Lester F. Carter—11 7 11 15 11 9 14 12 11 8 7 9 3—127. Scratches—2. Net total—125.
Edward Gray—4 8 4 0 4 6 1 3 4 7 8 6 0—55. Scratches—4. Net total—51.

Edward Raynolds made the high run of the tournament in the afternoon match with Edward Gray, running off 34 balls in the seventh, eighth, and ninth frames. Raynolds held the whip hand from the start. Gray took a number of difficult chances on combination shots, but missed several of them.

In the eighth frame Raynolds had pocketed 84 balls, while Gray was plodding slowly along with only 29 to his credit. His game showed some improvement toward the end, and he reached the 94 mark when Raynolds finished his necessary 125 balls. The score by frames:

Edward Raynolds—8 13 9 12 5 12 13 15 2 5 6 8 6 7 6 1—128. Scratches, 3. Net total, 125.
Edward Gray—7 2 6 3 10 3 2 0 13 10 9 7 9 8 9 8—101. Scratches, 7. Net total, 94.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Carter	3	0	1.000
Hyman	2	0	1.000
Raynolds	2	1	.667
Tilt	1	1	.500
Gray	0	3	.000
Douglas	0	3	.000

HOPPE AND SUTTON AT 18.1.

Championship Billiard Match in Hotel Astor To-night.

In the ballroom of the Hotel Astor "Willie" Hoppe and George Sutton will to-night play what may be the last championship match at 18.1 balkline billiards. If Hoppe wins the championship the emblem will become his personal property and hereafter 18.1 will only be played in special matches or handicaps. On March 16, 1910, Hoppe won the emblem from his present challenger, and has since retained it. Under the rules governing the championship a player who holds the trophy for two consecutive years becomes the owner of it. But if a challenge issued by any player other than Sutton be filed at any time to-day, Hoppe, if the winner of to-night's game, will have to accept and play within sixty days. There is, however, no probability of such a contingency.

Sutton, if defeated, will be estopped by the governing regulations, which provide that a challenge from a defeated player shall not become effective until fifteen days after such defeat. He contended that, if no other player challenged in advance of him, a challenge issued by him should prevent the championship from lapsing.

In preparing for to-night's game Sutton has performed better than Hoppe. He has also worked harder. Since his arrival from Chicago he has practiced diligently and well. Every afternoon he has played on a private table set up for him in the Hotel Gerard, and each evening he has scored 500 points at Maurice Daly's. At the latter place he has averaged from 16 to 33 and has made a high run of 176. Friday night, when only a few hours off a train, he ran 176, and followed with 76. Daly says he plays 18.1 better than 18.2.

Bevins Easily Defeats Millwood.

In the continuation of the amateur handicap three-cushion carom billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn last night, George Bevins easily overcame a 7-point handicap and defeated Harry Millwood by the score of 37 to 15. The winner was playing at 37 points, and made his necessary tally with a high run of 5 points in sixty innings. Millwood only tallied 15 points in fifty-nine innings. His high tally was 2 points.

Philadelphia Billiardist Wins.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Jones of Philadelphia defeated McCourt of Pittsburgh in a National amateur three-cushion billiard championship game here to-night by the score of 50 to 47 in ninety-seven innings. Jones's high run was 5 and McCourt's 4.

YALE FACULTY VANQUISHED.

'Varsity Chess Team Shows Instructors How to Play Chess.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, March 14.—Smarting under the defeat sustained earlier in the season, the Yale 'Varsity chess team encountered a team of seven representing the Faculty, including President A. T. Hadley, who played at the fourth table, to-day. The result was a signal triumph for the students by the score of 6½ to ½. Prof. E. W. Brown of the Mathematical Department drew his game at Board 3 against H. D. Hecker of the intercollegiate quartet, but otherwise fortune favored the collegians.

Prof. Bakewell of the Philosophy Department was the only Faculty player who obtained a threatening advantage at any time, but T. A. Lightner fought a hard uphill game, finally scoring as the result of a severe counter-attack.

President Hadley lost to P. Robertson in nineteen moves, which was also the length of the game between R. Beach and Dean Brown of the Divinity School. President Hadley had the white pieces in a Scotch gambit. His opponent knew the defense thoroughly and outwitted his distinguished adversary in the middle game. Prof. Hawley of the Forestry School, Prof. Palmer, head of the German Department, and Prof. Petrunkewitsch of the Department of Invertebrate Zoology, all went down to defeat. In the first round the Faculty were victorious by 5 to 4. The summary:

YALE 'VARSITY.		YALE FACULTY.	
Bds.		Bds.	
1—E. E. Stearns	1	1—Prof. Hawley	0
2—R. Beach	1	2—Dean Brown	0
3—H. O. Hooker	½	3—Prof. E. W. Brown	½
4—P. Robertson	1	4—Prest. A. T. Hadley	0
5—A. S. Terry	1	5—Prof. Palmer	0
6—T. A. Lightner	1	6—Prof. Bakewell	0
7—L. A. Norton	1	7—Prof. Petrunkewitsch	0
Total	6½	Total	½

RESTRICT BOXING IN PARIS.

New Regulations Prohibit Finish Bouts and Bar Boys Under 21.

PARIS, March 14.—New regulations have been drawn up by the Boxing Federation on instructions from the police, as the outcome of the death of the French boxer, Raphael Belli, who died from the effects of a blow in a contest at Paris on March 6. M. Lepine, Prefect of Paris, the following day announced that boxing would be prohibited unless suitable regulations were formulated.

The new rules prohibit finish fights, necessitate the presence of a doctor, bar out boxers under 21 years of age, and provide that the ring shall be covered with thick felt, and that gloves weighing from four to six ounces shall be used.

GIANTS VICTIMS OF RAINSTORM AGAIN

Heavy Downpour at Marlin Once More Prevents Proper Baseball Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 14.—The rain arrived to-day on schedule time and submerged Emerson Park before it passed on to the east and north. It left the Giants' training field so wet and heavy that no work of any sort was attempted on it until after luncheon to-day and then the exercises were limited to catching, hand ball and batting practice.

Manager McGraw led his forces on a run to the field immediately after breakfast, hoping to find a few dry spots where his pitchers, at least, might warm up. The rest of the squad is in such splendid condition, despite the handicap they have been working under, that they could afford to lay off, but the pitchers, who should be throwing curves by this time, are still hesitating before putting all their speed on the ball.

The prospect was so uninviting, however, that McGraw got no further than the gate. Regular practice was called off for the morning and the entire squad sent off on a cross-country run to the fair grounds and return. The going was so heavy that most of the athletes slowed down to a walk after a very little running and held the same gait until their work-out brought them back to the paved streets.

The field dried out some later, but was still too slippery for any real work in the afternoon. The regulars batted twice around in practice, but the muddy mound prevented the pitchers from getting a foothold and the practice was of more benefit to the Rookies catching flies in the outfield than to the hitters.

To-morrow night the squad will be divided into two sections for the week end exhibition games at Galveston and Houston. McGraw will command the regulars, placing Wilbert Robinson in charge of the Colts. It is McGraw's present intention to play the regulars at Galveston on Saturday and move them over to Houston on Sunday. These are the games McGraw wanted to cancel that the Giants might play the Athletics in San Antonio.

WORKOUT FOR YANKEES.

More Rain Falls Following the Morning Batting Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 14.—Baseball life down here this Spring is just one rain after another. The training trip of the Yankees to date has been a continued story of weeping skies. There have been more kinds of rain than were dreamed of in any ball player's philosophy, and to-day's daily output started in mildly at noon, fell coyly for an hour or so, and then quickened its stride to vigorous showers. At evening everything was dripping and saturated, and the state of mind of the players is becoming as peevish as the weather.

But, as the poet says, "Look around and you will find every cloud is silver lined," and the silver lining to-day was a good workout in the morning. The outfield was dry enough for use, and a stiff batting dose was prescribed by old Dr. Wolverton and enjoyed by his patients. Quinn, Vaughn, Martin, Upham, Clark, and McConnell pitched to the batters, among whom was Birdie Cree, who arrived last night, but who has not signed his contract. Vaughn and McConnell had something on the ball, and the manager is pleased with the earnest efforts Vaughn is making to fit himself for the 1912 season, if it is not postponed until 1913 on account of wet grounds. McConnell, too, is rounding into shape. Jack Warhop growled at the weather, and said all he asked was five or six days of sunshine. In fact, that was all most of the players needed to put them in form. Hope springs eternal, and those days may come.

Catcher Williams was unable to practice on account of jabbing himself in the thumb with a pocketknife while acting as his own cobbler. Infielder Curry is ailing and confined to his room. The chances of a battle on Saturday with the Atlanta team have diminished greatly.

Rain Keeps Superbas Idle.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 14.—Manager Dahlen of the Brooklyn Club had intended to play a full nine inning game between the Ebbets Field and Washington Park teams this afternoon. The downpour of rain last night and this morning compelled him and his men to remain idle the entire day. Conditions were such that even light practice in front of the hotel was out of the question. The players put in their time packing up, anticipating their departure to-morrow morning.

Instead of sending part of the team to Little Rock to-morrow for an exhibition game, the entire team will go there and probably remain over Saturday, instead of going to Memphis, where exhibition games are scheduled for Saturday and Sunday. This change is due to the bad condition of the grounds in Memphis. If the grounds there are in good condition a game will be played Sunday, otherwise the team will remain in Little Rock as long as possible, reaching Nashville in time to play a series of games, commencing Tuesday.

Pitcher Rucker and Outfielder Hummell, the only two members of the hospital brigade, are in good physical condition again, but will not take any chance until the weather settles. Cy Seymour left last night. It is reported that the former Giant will play with the Newarks this season. Jack Chesbro will welcome his old club, the Pirates, who are due here to-morrow for two weeks' stay.

Manhattan Baseball Dates.

Manhattan College baseball team opens its season on March 30 in a game with the Stevens Institute team at Hoboken. One of the strongest schedules ever arranged for a Green and White team is announced by Manager Daniel C. Bandeccha. The most important game is the one with Fordham University on May 30, probably at the Polo Grounds. This will be the first game between the two teams in eight years and will mark the resumption of one of the closest series of college baseball games ever afforded New York fans. The new teams on the schedule are: Lafayette, Georgetown, St. Anselm's, Dean Academy, St. John's of Annapolis, and Mount St. Joseph's. The schedule follows:

March 30, Stevens at Hoboken; April 10, Rockhill College at Ellicott City, Md.; April 11, Mount St. Mary's at Emmitsburg, Md.; April 12, Mount St. Joseph's at Baltimore; April 13, Bucknell at Lewisburg; April 15, Dean Academy at New York; April 17, Lafayette at Easton, Penn.; April 19, Bucknell at New York; April 22, Villanova at New York; April 25, St. John's of Annapolis at New York; April 27, All Collegians at New York; April 30, Norwich University at New York; May 1, Seton Hall at South Orange; May 4, St. John's at Brooklyn; May 6, Niagara at New York; May 9, Springfield at New York; May 10, Georgetown at New York; May 11, Crescent A. C. at New York; May 15, Lafayette at New York; May 16, St. John's at New York; May 17, Mount St. Joseph's at New York; May 18, South Orange Field Club at South Orange; May 22, Cushing at Ashburnham, Mass.; May 23, Springfield at Springfield, Mass.; May 23, Dean Academy at Franklin, Mass.; May 25, St. Anselm's at Manchester, N. H.; May 27, Villanova at Villanova; May 28, Seton Hall at New York; May 30, Fordham at New York; June 1, Bloomfield at Bloomfield, N. J.

Two Ball Players' Cases Decided.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 14.—Two decisions on appeals of players were made public to-day by the National Baseball Commission. Lester W. Wilson asked the commission to decide whether he belonged to the Boston American League team or to the Bedford Club of the New England League. The commission held that the latter club was entitled to his services. The complaint of Al Schweitzer against the St. Louis American League Club was decided adversely to the player, and his release to the Memphis Club of the Southern League was held to be valid.

Connecticut League Opens April 26.

NEW HAVEN, March 14.—At a meeting of the Connecticut Baseball League here to-day the schedule for the 1912 season was adopted. The season opens April 26, and closes Sept. 15, and calls for each team to play thirteen games with each other team. One sale was reported, that of First Baseman Frank Gygli of the New Haven team to New Britain.

Changes in Syracuse Club.

SYRACUSE, March 14.—Dick Trainor signed a contract with the Syracuse Stars of the New York State League to-day as a backstop. Lee Meyers, second baseman, has been released by purchase to the Trenton (N. J.) Club of the Tri-State League. Syracuse will be one of the few clubs to have a trainer this season, James Dunbar, a former pugilist, having been signed to-day to take charge of the men.

THREE RECORDS IN POOL.

Bedford Branch, Y. M. C. A., Swimmers Establish New Marks.

Three new branch records were established last night at the sixth annual swimming championships of the Bedford Branch, Y. M. C. A., which was held in the branch natatorium in Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn. Ten events made up the programme, ranging from short sprints up to a 220-yard swim, which concluded the list.

Among the entrants of several of the events were the record holders and champions, but they were forced to relinquish their holds in several instances to the new element.

The first record broken was in the second event, a 44-yard handicap swim. First place went to O. Wharry, who started with an allowance of two and one-fifth seconds, and, after a desperate struggle for second place, A. W. Young, the scratch man, and R. Wensley tied for the place. The time of Young was announced as 24 1-5 seconds, which bettered the old mark of 27 2-5 seconds, made by P. Scherer in 1910, by 3 1-5 seconds.

F. J. Morrell created a new figure for the century swim by covering the distance in 1.06 1-5. The race was one of the best on the card, and E. H. Wood, the former recordholder, who was also a starter in the race, had to be content with second place.

Morrell also came in for another new figure by beating the figures of Wood for the 200-yard swim. This event brought out six competitors, and, owing to the small size of the tank, it was contested in heats, with the fastest time deciding the winner. Morrell's time for the distance was 2:59 1-5, while the best previous mark was made by Wood in last year's championship, which was 3:01 2-5. T. H. Barret captured the all-around honors with a total of 25 points. The summaries:

25-Yard Swim.—Won by T. H. Barrett; W. H. Brownell, second; R. R. Hudson and E. T. Mints, tied for third place. Time—0:13.

44-Yard Swim, Handicap.—Won by C. Wharry, (2 1-5 seconds;) P. W. Young, (scratch,) and R. Wensley, (2 1-5 seconds,) tied for second place. Time—0:26 1-5.

50-Yard Swim.—T. H. Barrett and W. H. Brownell, tied for first place; R. R. Hudson, third. Time—0:29 4-5.

Plunge for Distance; Length of Pool 46 Feet 6 Inches.—Won by T. H. Barrett; R. S. Atkinson, second; C. R. Agnew, third. Time—0:22 1-3.

25-Yard Swim; Backstroke.—Won by T. H. Barrett; D. M. Baker, second; S. M. Clark, third. Time—0:17 2-5.

Dive for Form; Boys.—Won by W. Palmer, 96 5-6 points; A. W. Young, 93 2-5 points, second; A. J. Reinecke, 87 points, third.

100-Yard Swim.—Won by F. J. Morrell; E. H. Wood, second; W. H. Brownell, third. Time—1:06 1-5.

50-Yard Swim, Breast Stroke.—Won by T. H. Barrett; G. E. Reddall and D. M. Baker, tied for second place. Time—0:36 1-5.

Fancy Diving.—Won by C. R. Agnew; D. M. Baker, second; T. H. Barrett, third.

220-Yard Swim.—Won by F. J. Morrell; D. M. Baker, second; S. M. Clark, third. Time—2:59 1-5.

220 Yards Breast Stroke Record.

CHICAGO, March 14.—Michael McDermott of the Chicago Athletic Association last night reduced his own National record of 2:43 1-5 for the 220-yard breast stroke swim of the National Amateur Athletic Union championships by making the distance in 2:39. Duke Kananamoku, the Hawaiian, won the 100-yard swim in 0:57. Frizelle of New York was second.

R. L. SPOTTS HIGH GUN.

Larchmont Clubman Wins Honors in Keystone Shooting League.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Ralph L. Spotts of the Larchmont Yacht Club, New York, by breaking his last sixty targets without a miss won first honors in the opening day's shoot of the fifth annual tournament of the Keystone Shooting League here to-day with a score of 145 out of a possible 150. A. B. Richardson of Dover, Del., and Frederick Plum of Atlantic City tied for second place among the amateurs with 142 each.

Horace F. Kirkwood of Boston was high gun among the professionals with 144 breaks. Neaf Apgar of Pleasantville, N. J., and H. H. Stephens of Russell Park, N. J., broke 142 each.

Blackburn Rovers Beat Manchester.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, via Glace Bay, N. S., March 14.—The replayed match in the fourth round of the Football Association Cup tie resulted to-day as follows: Blackburn Rovers, 4; Manchester United, 2.

Wrestlers on Mat To-night.

An international wrestling match will be staged to-night at the Clermont Avenue Rink, Clermont Avenue, near Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn. Karla is the first mat artist from the Far East who has appeared in America, and is looked upon by those who know of his ability as a formidable opponent for Mahmout, the Turk, and they expect that he will defeat Dr. Roller decisively, notwithstanding the latter's cleverness. Roller feels confident, however, that he can avoid the aggressiveness of the dark-skinned disciple of Mohammed until he tires him and then apply the winning toe hold, which has won for Frank Gotch, the world's championship.

Herr Lehigh's Wrestling Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., March 14.—George Diller Herr of Stratsburg was to-day elected Captain of the Lehigh University wrestling team. Herr wrestles in the 115-pound class. During the past season he won his bouts with the men of Pennsylvania, Pennsylvania State, and Princeton, losing only to Cornell and the Navy.

Columbia Athletes Get Letters.

As a reward for winning the intercollegiate basket ball championship, the members of the Columbia five received the 'Varsity letter yesterday after a special meeting of the Insignia Committee. The honor of wearing the 'Varsity C was also extended to the manager of the team. Other awards made include hockey insignia and track. The following men were recipients of the 'Varsity C for basket ball: Capt. C. D. Benson, '12; S. Jacques, '13; J. C. Lee, Jr., '15; E. H. Osterhout, '12, and Manager Clyne. The minor letters, C B B, were awarded to R. J. Reynolds, '12, and J. Rohn, '12. The letters for cross country, C C C, were bestowed upon H. W. Evans, '12; H. H. Anderson, '12; C. P. Browning, '12; S. Reichard, '12, and E. B. Slade, '14. The hockey letters C H T, were awarded to Capt. R. J. Trimble, '12; J. S. Bates, '13; P. B. Whitlock, '12; F. N. Bangs, '13, L.; J. M. Lovejoy, '12; A. R. Shiland, '13; R. W. Harris, '14; R. W. Milbank, '14, and E. H. Koenigm, '12, manager.

Harvard Crew on the River.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 14.—The Harvard 'Varsity crew made its first appearance of the year in the Charles River to-day. Six of the old crew, with three new men, shouldered the shell and walking a short distance down the river from the boathouse, found sufficient water for a quarter-mile practice spin. Coach Wray directed the oarsmen from the shore.

Yale 'Varsity Eights Row on Harbor.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 14.—Two Yale 'Varsity eights were out on the harbor to-day for the first time this season. A two-mile row was the task for each boat, and the other candidates were sent out in pair-oared boats.

FAVORS AUTOMOBILE RECIPROCITY BILL

Former Gov. Murphy of New Jersey Withdraws Opposition to Non-Resident Tourists.

An announcement of the greatest interest to automobilists is contained in the statement authorized by former Governor Franklin Murphy of New Jersey, to the effect that he has withdrawn his opposition to the Stickel bill now pending in the Senate, which will grant fifteen days' free use of Jersey roads by residents of other States. This bill has already passed the lower house by a large majority. Ev-Gov. Murphy's statement, which appears in The Automobile, is in part as follows:

"I am in favor of reciprocity. I have modified my views on the subject, I would like to see House Bill 22, or some other measure providing for reasonable reciprocity, passed by the Legislature and inscribed on the Statute Books.

"It is repugnant to my ideas as an American citizen that an automobile pleasure car or truck should be halted at the border of any State by action of law, while other varieties of vehicles may pass over without question.

"Even if an appropriation of several hundred thousand dollars is necessary to take the place of the license fees lost by reason of a reciprocal law, in order to maintain the roads of New Jersey at their present high level of perfection, I am in favor of the passage of such a law.

"I am an automobile owner and have sold off my horses, realizing the wonderful development that has been brought about in the art, but the reason for my changed attitude is that I have given the matter much patient thought as a citizen of New Jersey and the right and equity of reciprocity have come home to me.

"The situation in New Jersey is different from that of any other State in the Union. New Jersey is not a rich State as compared with many others, but it is not poverty stricken. Its roads have attracted attention all over the land, and the State is proud of them and its highway system. To the north lies New York City, with its millions, and to the south is Philadelphia and its suburbs, with other millions. New Yorkers overrun the northern half of the State and Philadelphians make a practice of touring in South Jersey. They appreciate the good roads and use them liberally.

"It has been estimated that four times as many foreign automobiles tour in New Jersey as Jersey automobiles tour in other States. This is said to be true even under the present law, and in case the State was thrown open to all automobilists the proportion would be extended.

"If 100,000 additional automobiles toured New Jersey for, say, three days a year, the amount of money spent would run into the millions. It is a question in my mind whether there would be any actual profit to the State by allowing such an influx of tourists, but the money spent by the visitors would go some distance, at any rate, toward settling for the increased road appropriations. Hotels, resorts, merchants of all sorts, garages and general business would be stimulated by the increased flow of money.

"When I was Governor the automobile had not progressed to its present stage of development. High speed then was per se recklessness. To-day the cars are built more sturdily and can sustain a higher rate of speed without so much risk. If a law could be framed and enacted to prohibit reckless driving it would be better than any maximum speed law.

"The ideal law has not been discovered so far. We are groping in the dark with a real civic problem. The legal situation briefly is this: We may all have our ideas as to what should be done in the way of statutory regulation, but the real question is not what we want, but what can we get?

"As I have said, I am in favor of reciprocity. If House Bill 22 cannot be passed, I am in favor of passing some other measure that will give reciprocity."

Cortlandt Field Bishop Sails.

Cortlandt Field Bishop, former President of the Aero Club of America and Vice President of the International Aeronautic Federation, sailed yesterday on the French liner Provence for Havre with his wife and daughter for a six months' vacation. He said that he intended to go to the island of Corsica and pursue the elusive mouffion to its lair, or further, and make a long tour through Europe in an automobile. Mr. Bishop said that he intended to engage as many aviators as he could for the meet next Fall in the West, where the international aviation championship trophy will be contested for, and he will attend the International Aeronautic Congress in Vienna in June. His daughter Beatrice, an engaging child of 10, was attired in an aviation costume consisting of a jacket, bloomers, and leather leggings, which attracted the attention of their fellow-passengers.

Elizabeth Club's High Score.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., March 14.—Sixteen teams from Paterson, Newark, and Elizabeth rolled in the National Bowling Tournament here to-night. The Elizabeth club was the high team for the night with 2,601. The St. Bonaventura team of Paterson rolled second high with 2,584. There was no change in the leaders in the individual or two-man competition to-day. Mahwinney and Hersinger lead the two-man with 1,124, and John Recker of New York is high in the individual with 603. The Bruech Colts of Chicago, the first of the Western contingent to roll, are scheduled to shoot in the five-man competition to-morrow night. The Saginaws of New York are the only New York five scheduled for to-morrow night.

Rochester Quits Athletic Union.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 14.—Under recommendation of the Students' Association, the Athletic Council of the University of Rochester to-night voted to withdraw from the New York State Intercollegiate Athletic Union. The decision will be made known formally by letter to the Directors, who will meet Saturday. Rochester will play its baseball and football schedules out, but the games will not count in the league race. Colgate is said to contemplate similar action on Rochester's ground, that the other colleges are so small as to be of no benefit in athletics.

$600 More for Olympic Fund.

Treasurer Julian W. Curtiss of the American Olympic Committee yesterday received from Charles H. Carter, member of the Finance Committee for New England, and Chairman of the Athletic Committee of the Boston Athletic Association the following contributions to the Olympic fund: Boston Athletic Association, $25; George W. Hunter, $100; A. Paul Keith, $100; Edward E. Babb, $50; Charles H. Carter, $50; George Wright, $50; total, $600.

The Finance Committee for New England expects to collect between $10,000 and $15,000 to the fund, and have started on a vigorous campaign.

BIG HOCKEY MATCH OFF.

Victorias of Winnipeg Cannot Play Crescents Here To-morrow.

The hockey game for the International Hockey Championship, between the Crescent A. C. and Victorias of Winnipeg, the respective winners of the American and Canadian championships, which was scheduled for the St. Nicholas Rink to-morrow night, will not be played owing to the fact that the Canadian champions, who are the holders of the Sir Montagu Allen Cup, have been ordered to defend the trophy against the Regina team in Winnipeg. The challenge from the latter came after the "Vics" had disposed of all the other challengers and had made all arrangements to play here. C. Northey of Montreal, who is the trustee of the trophy, announced that under the provisions of the deed of gift, he had no other alternative than to order the "Vics" to defend the trophy against Regina if they desired to hold their position as the recognized amateur champions of Canada. This they decided to do, and as they were unable to reach New York in time to play the Crescents to-morrow night the game was abandoned.

This will leave the first game of the Canadian series for a purse of $2,500 between the four leading professional teams to be played next Monday night at the St. Nicholas Rink. These teams include Quebec, the winner of the Stanley Cup; Ottawa, Wanderer of Montreal, and Les Canadien, the French-Canadian professional team. This preliminary series of games will be played in conjunction with a series at the Boston Arena and the winners of the games in both series to play two final games here on Thursday and Saturday of next week for the purse.

Cleveland Wins at Hockey.

BOSTON, March 14.—The Cleveland Athletic Club hockey team defeated the Boston Athletic Association team to-night, 3 to 1, at the Arena.

Columbia and N. Y. U. in Gym.

Columbia will compete against New York University in a dual gymnastic contest to-night. Judging by comparative scores, the chances seem to favor the violet team. New York won from Rutgers last Saturday evening by the score of 34½ to 24½, and this is the precise score by which Rutgers defeated Columbia the preceding week. The University Heights team has developed rapidly this year under Coach Bissenger, and in its meet in New Brunswick last week showed up exceptionally well. Cremer, who took third place in the all-around intercollegiate meet last year, is again with the team and in good form. He alone scored 18 points against Rutgers. The events will be held on University Heights.

Count Festetics Lectures on Yachting

Count Rudolph Festetics of Hungary, who recently arrived in New York on his yacht Tolna, gave an interesting lecture last night at the New York Yacht Club on cruising in the South Sea. The lecture was illustrated with stereopticon views, and was enjoyed by fully 500 members of the club and their friends.

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NEW GOLF CHAMPION.

R. H. McElwell of Onwentsia Wins Florida Title at Palm Beach.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 14.—R. H. McElwee of Onwentsia is the new golf champion of Florida, displacing James R. Hyde of the South Shore Field Club, who won the title here last year, and has one leg on the championship cup which Richard Croker offered. McElwee to-day easily defeated Henry J. Topping of Greenwich, having him four down in the morning round, and finishing 7 to 6 in a 36-hole match. Results in other divisions:

Second Flight.—F. E. Rumbaugh, Asheville, defeated Waldo A. Avery, Detroit, 3—2.

First Consolation.—A. F. Huston, Merion, defeated John Shepard, Jr., Wannamoisett, 3—2.

Second Consolation.—Robert M. Fair, Midlothian, defeated William J. Connors, Buffalo, 2 up.

Davidge Reaches Golf Senior Finals.

BELLE AIR, Fla., March 14.—Two Pennsylvania golfers, one from the metropolitan district, and a fourth from Massachusetts will be the semi-finalists in the local championship to-morrow. The Pennsylvania players are J. C. Head of Pittsburgh, and E. K. Bispham of Philadelphia. S. B. Davidge is the representative of the metropolitan district, and S. R. T. Crocker of Brookline, the survivor from Massachusetts. All four won their spurs to-day without much difficulty, Crocker furnishing the surprise of the day by the easy fashion in which he defeated R. W. Harvey of Philadelphia in what was expected to be one of the hardest fought matches of the tournament. Davidge, who beat another New York golfer, C. T. Parks, laid his opponent four stymies in the course of the round. The summary.

C. T. Becker, Boston, defeated R. W. Harvey, Philadelphia, 4 up and 3 to play; J. C. Head, Pittsburgh, defeated W. V. Kelley, Chicago, 2 up and 1 to play; S. P. Davidge, New York, defeated C. T. Parks, New York, 5 up and 4 to play; E. K. Bispham, Philadelphia, defeated T. F. Cole, Duluth, 3 up and 1 to play.

Summer Golf at Ekwanok.

Dates for Summer golf tournaments have been announced by the Ekwanok Country Club of Manchester, Vt. A start will be made on July 4, when members and guests will compete for the Independence Cup, conditions calling for handicap vs. bogey. July 10 to 13 is the period selected for the Taconic Cup competition, while play for the First President's Cup will last from Aug. 7 to 10. The Equinox and Orvis Cups will be played for about the middle of September.

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Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't & Tr. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.

Address all communications

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office	Times Square
Downtown	15 Beekman Street
Wall Street	2 Rector Street
Harlem	263 West 125th Street
Bronx	149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn	343 Fulton Street
Staten Island	8 Richmond Tce., St. George
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1912.

THE COLONEL FOR THIS WEEK.

In his current Outlook article on "The Conservation of Business," Col. Roosevelt pillories and exposes The Times in a way that would make us blush for shame were we not much preoccupied with other emotions. The Colonel's argument is that the prosecution of trusts under the present law is a waste of time. The question is between the strangulation of business and the control of it. He has pointed the way to control through Federal incorporation, rigid inspection, and all that sort of thing. When he expounded this method of control in The Outlook some four months ago Wall Street, alarmed at the operation of the Anti-Trust act, turned with hope and with favor to his plan. This was coincident with a rise in stocks. Now Wall Street has changed its mind. It is seen that the most conspicuous effect of dissolving the Tobacco Trust and the Standard Oil Trust is an enormous increase in the value of their securities; hence, of course, "those New York dailies which "are owned in or directly or indirectly "controlled by Wall Street, have "shown by their recent utterances that "they have made up their minds to "fight the effort at just control of big "business." They prefer the pretense of destruction under the Sherman act.

Specifically, this is where the Colonel lands heavily on The Times. He says:

> The suits against the Standard Oil Trust and the Tobacco Trust were only nominally successful. For a moment Wall Street was much alarmed, and turned to my proposal. Then it plucked up heart and inspired and entered upon a campaign of violent denunciation of me. The reason for the change is revealed with unconscious clearness by one of the chief newspaper supporters of Wall Street policies, The New York Times, in its issue of March 6, as follows.

The dreadful part of the business is, in fact, what "follows," being a news article from the columns of The Times exposing in the most ruthless and unfeeling manner the revolting practices of the Standard Oil Company. The article sets forth that the insiders cut a monstrous big melon for the stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of Indiana in the shape of a $29,000,000 stock dividend, and never said a word about it to the stockholders of the former subsidiaries of the Standard Oil Company, whom we represented to be "bubbling with indignation." The news of the dividend was not permitted to reach New York until four days after it was voted. No wonder the outsiders were mad about it. It was a flagitious proceeding. But the conduct of The Times in telling the story of it was worse. What a precious lot of incompetents these Wall Street money-grubbers must be if they let the newspapers which they own or directly or indirectly control show them up with such "unconscious clearness"! Not the bitterest foe of the Standard Oil Company, not even Mr. La Follette or any other scourge of the Wall Street gang, could have told the infamous story of this $29,000,000 melon in a way to do more damage to the big interests that are fighting Roosevelt. Although we have the Colonel's word for it that they own us, or directly or indirectly control us, we embrace this favorable opportunity to flout and jeer and express our contempt for the impotence of their control. If Wall Street cannot keep such stuff out of its newspapers it might as well go out of the newspaper business.

"My proposal," is, of course, the solution of the trust problem upon which the Colonel has set his heart. And the country refuses to accept it! The reason is that, as Mr. Roosevelt is preparing to be our President for some years to come, the people fear that with Federal control we should have a Government of men and not of laws. Mr. Roosevelt when he was President was in the habit of granting indulgences. When the offenders in the Atchison case and in the Sugar Trust case drew near "home," did they feel the watchdog's honest bite? Ask Judson Harmon. Ask George H. Earle. You have caught these offenders redhanded, but spare them, they are friends of mine, was the command; but bring me Harriman's head on a charger, and cudgel Rockefeller good and hard. That is what Federal regulation and control comes to under a President like Mr. Roosevelt. And that is why "my proposal" finds small favor. That is why the Roosevelt campaign for delegates has been such a ghastly failure.

The American people sometimes go in for self-seekers, for humbug, insincerity, false pretenses, and quackery, but this year their inclinations are otherwise.

THE RECALL AT HILLSVILLE.

Judge Thornton Massie will never again pass sentence upon a convicted criminal. Commonwealth Attorney Foster of Carroll County, Va., has urged the conviction of a felon for the last time. Sheriff Webb of Carroll County has been relieved of all the cares of office and of life, because he tried to uphold the authority of a court of law. The recall was applied most effectively yesterday in Hillsville, a small town in Virginia near the North Carolina border. Armed mountaineers invaded the courtroom, where Floyd Allen had been tried and sentenced, and retired leaving the Judge, Sheriff, and Prosecuting Attorney dead and the Clerk of the Court injured. Allen, the prisoner, was badly wounded.

The people of the Hillsville neighborhood are rude, unlettered, and traditionally lawless. The mountaineers felt that the prosecution of Allen, for performing an act of friendship in helping a prisoner to escape, was unjustifiable. The court opposed their views, and they have made the court feel the "people's" power. Yet it was their own court, conducted for their own good. Doubtless many of the proceedings in that court had met their approval.

It is to be hoped that all these murderers will be captured and punished. Virginia is a State in which the law is generally respected. Criminals are dealt with quickly. These mountaineers are criminals. Yet the spirit that prompted them was that which underlies the demand for the recall of Judges. They applied the recall in their own rough way.

A UNIVERSAL EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

There is no danger that the trades unions ever will marvel at their own moderation. It is one of their dearest tenets that any gain is merely a step toward another demand, as is natural, since none of their gains is at their own cost. They have the votes, and what they cannot get for themselves can be got for them, they reason, by those whom they elect, to represent not the common welfare but their special interests. The best example of these two strings to their bow is seen in one of the sequels to the Lawrence strike, contrasted with the protest of employers against a bill which already has passed the House of Representatives. Tom Mann, the British labor leader, is negotiating with Haywood, the leader at Lawrence, for a universal eight-hour demand. And the employers of the United States are protesting at Washington against the limitation to eight hours of laborers employed by contractors on Government work.

No one objects or conceivably could object to any amount of leisure or shortening of work by any one who has earned the right so to indulge himself. On the contrary, it is much to be desired that Americans in positions of independence should to a greater extent leave the business world to those in less fortunate position. It would be better for them, and better for those to whom they would resign the turmoil of life. It is otherwise with shortening of the work day by an act akin to highway robbery from one point of view. It has been published that the Lawrence strike has resulted in an estimated increase of wages by five million dollars a year. The method of distribution is by an increase in reverse ratio to merit. That is to say, those contributing most to production get the least increase, and those contributing least to production get most. Evidently this is according to "social justice" rather than to economic merit, and raises the question just how much justice of that sort the economic situation can stand. Another example of the injustice of "social justice" as it is practiced is afforded by the contrast in the cost to the taxpayers of the battleships Utah and Florida. Private contractors with labor at market rates built the Utah seven months sooner, at a cost of $2,400,000 less, than the Florida, which was built under the eight-hour law in a Government yard.

The taxpayers paid the difference, and nobody feels it, or would feel it if the eight-hour law were extended to all Government work by contractors. But it need not be fancied that the universal eight-hour law proposed as a sequel to the Lawrence strike would not be felt by consumers, or that the unions do not intend that it shall be felt. The eight-hour day is intended to decrease per capita production, to the end that the undiminished needs of consumers shall be filled by a larger number of workers, whose wages must be increased to correspond to the abnormal demand for labor thus created. In this form the eight-hour day must be regarded as a strike against consumers, rather than against employers. Doubtless the first brunt must fall upon employers, but they will recoup themselves from consumers or go out of business. Business at a loss for the support of trades unions is inconceivable. Restriction of production as a means of increasing wages is as reasonable as the idea that a man could get fat by eating his own flesh. The unions have the idea that wages are paid from an inexhaustible fund, and that dividends are paid by being declared at will. Dividends and wages come from the same source, production by the co-operation of capital and labor. United they profit, divided they lose. Just as there are capitalists who envy wage-earners, so there are wage-earners who envy capitalists. If either is dissatisfied with his lot in life it is his privilege to change it, or if unable to change it to cast up accounts with himself and Providence as to the reason for the inability. The problem at bottom is to remedy the cause for the inability. It cannot be done by votes of either trades unions or legislators. They may alleviate some symptoms, but the disease is incurable except by giving all workers the ability and the disposition to earn all they want to spend. As this is impossible there is urgent need of some such force as religion or philosophy to teach proportion between desires and deserts.

The disease from which the world is suffering, therefore, is either a deficiency of industrial capacity or a deficiency of character to accept the situation, which is the fault of the individual as much as of society. The world never had so much to divide as at this time when dissatisfaction with the division is universal. The working classes never received so much in the division as at this time when they are demanding more than they can get by the methods which they are pursuing.

While capital is declared to be the enemy, capital is concerned with the increase of production, and the increasing of aggregate profits on a decreasing ratio of profit. Labor, on the other hand, is engaged in diminishing production, and simultaneously demanding a larger share. The disease must run its course, and will cure itself as surely as that the processes of subtraction will never give the results of addition.

KING VICTOR'S ESCAPE.

The son of King Humbert of Italy has narrowly escaped his father's fate. The good Father in the Vatican has said that the attempted assassination is due to the irreligion of our times. Probably the young man who fired the shots is not religious. He describes himself as an "individualist Anarchist," and he may know what he means. His mother says he has always been weak-minded and has had meningitis. Thus he is sufficiently accounted for personally, but it is always hard in these cases to believe that the assassin has no accomplices, that he is not carrying out a pledge to fellow-conspirators. Happily King Victor Emmanuel escaped unhurt, and the wound inflicted on Major Lang of his bodyguard is not severe.

Not only Kings, but every person decently prominent in public life, is in more or less danger from so-called individualistic Anarchists and others of murderous instincts. A man of the same sort shot President McKinley, the kindest, least pretentious, and most humane of men. We cannot draw any lesson, from this crime, of Italian lawlessness and enmity to authority. But it is perfectly true that Southern Europe seems to produce more of these dangerous fanatics than any other part of the Western World. The Roman crowd, however, showed its patriotism and fondness for the King. He can find comfort in the great demonstration that followed the attempted assassination and the arrest of the Anarchist.

Dalba, it seems, had no chance of escape. He was roughly treated by the crowd, and the police had difficulty in getting him to the station. He had chosen the day of the memorial service in honor of the King's murdered father to commit the crime, and, whatever the underlying circumstances may be, it is clear that he is of the common type of King killers, inordinately vain, fanatical, and intellectually defective.

LATIN-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

The amendment to the joint resolution of 1898, increasing the President's power to enforce the neutrality laws, passed Wednesday by the Senate and yesterday by the House of Representatives, will help greatly to strengthen our friendly relations with the Mexican Government, and to prevent the shipment of arms, ammunition, and supplies to the rebels. Such power should have been given to the Executive a year or more ago. The new law will apply also to the fitting out and arming on our soil of expeditions against Central American and South American Governments. A large increase of the military patrol along our Mexican border is probably necessary, but the relations of the United States with all Latin America are now satisfactory.

We hear continually how much the people of the republics south of our border hate us. Perhaps they only hate some of us. Secretary Knox has assuredly been well received in Nicaragua, whence we have received many tales of anti-American feeling. The Cuban Minister at Washington has sent to his Government, on the authority of President Taft, assurance that no intervention of the United States is contemplated. That "certain circles" in Havana have been spreading rumors of intervention for their own purposes may well be believed. All authentic advices from Cuba indicate that that young republic is battling with the maladies incidental to infancy in a very encouraging manner.

A report has been widely published of the formation of a powerful Mexican revolutionary junta of which ex-President Diaz, Limantour, de la Barra, and Creel are members. Mr. Creel has lately issued an appeal to his countrymen to support President Madero. It is not likely that there is any organization so powerful against the Madero Government, and under the new law no revolutionary junta is likely to do much mischief in this country.

THE PAY OF POLICEMEN.

Has Police Commissioner Waldo any difficulty in augmenting his force at the present rates of pay? Is not New York's force the finest in the world? These questions are suggested by the proposed Aldermanic resolution under Section 56 of the Charter, to add $200 a year to the pay of the 8,500 patrolmen in each of the seven grades, which now range from $800 to $1,400 a year. The increases would cost annually $1,700,000.

New York needs at least 3,000 more patrolmen, if it would guard the lives of its dwellers as well as London and Berlin protect their populations. Nobody complains of the quality of the patrolmen which this city can get at present rates of pay, as fast as the money is appropriated. The increases asked by the present force would pay at least 1,700 new men.

Judge Crain's decision that Mr. Schiff and Mr. Gans could not be prosecuted for conspiracy after testifying before the Grand Jury is accompanied by an admonition that the Grand Jury should perform its duty with an open mind and an independent judgment. The jurors are told that they should "hesitate to adopt a re-"sult unjust in the light afforded by "the situation that confronts" them. The situation is that the convict Brandt has been allowed to tell his story before the jury, and according to current reports he has there repeated the falsehoods and the slanders elsewhere uttered by him, yet as the matter stands the persons he has lied about and slandered have no opportunity to be heard. If that is not a result unjust in the light of the Grand Jury's knowledge we do not know what could be called unjust. But full justice will not be done in this matter until the real, not the fictitious, conspiracy so much talked about has been unearthed.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Took Chances Like a Real Man.

Train robbing, both as art and as a trade, received a blow from which it will not soon recover when the express messenger, Trousdale, effectively comminuted with a mallet the skull of one bandit and then with his first victim's own rifle shot dead the remaining member of the enterprising pair who were—as they supposed—about to get a generous reward for their courage and skill.

The affair seems to have been as well planned and—so far as it went—as well executed as was any of the many like affairs that have had a very different termination. The persuasion of aimed weapons had won the usual docility from such members of the train crew as had been subjected to it, and even Trousdale himself had made reassuring announcement that his was not a fighting salary. Apparently the danger was over and there was nothing left for the robbers to do except to carry away a lot of money and spend it at their leisure.

They did not know Trousdale. According to report, as a spectacle he is not impressive nor is his bearing fierce. He did not aspire to gain fame as a man who had died in the performance of duty, but he did seize opportunity and the mallet when the invader of his car stopped to pick up a package, and the end of that particular train robbery was the sudden death of both robbers.

To rejoice over slaughter, even of men like these, would not be seemly, but their demise can be calmly viewed, with full appreciation that it was, as the doctors say, "indicated" by the symptoms. Trousdale took a risk which wisdom condemns—and instinct justifies and admires. He attacked a man bigger and better armed than himself, did it for good reason, and won the battle. If more good citizens were equally rash, more of them would live long and prosper, and the number of bad citizens living without work would steadily decrease.

Shakespeare Shocks Flushing.

That father over in Flushing who has made public protest to the Board of Education because his little daughter was asked to read aloud in school a passage of Shakespeare which shocked her—and his—sense of the proprieties, will doubtless be made the object of much humor and sarcasm. He has ignored the fact that by common and almost unanimous consent Shakespeare has been put above criticism and all that Shakespeare wrote been declared good.

Were we as courageous as the Flushing father we might say that he has a right to exercise his common sense in regard to Shakespeare, as in regard to everybody else, and agree with him that the immortal William, as a purveyor of pabulum for child minds, will stand and needs a whole lot of judicious expurgation. Safer than to do that, however, is to wonder, or to pretend to wonder, why the Flushing father thinks that a little girl, even though of sensibilities as delicate as his, should be troubled because the Prince of Morocco, having come unexpectedly upon a human skull where he expected to find a more pleasing object, exclaimed, "Oh, hell, what have we here!"

That certainly is not indecent, and, while to many ears it gives the impression of profanity, the owners of those ears would have enormous difficulty in showing why hell cannot be as freely mentioned as heaven. Neither to the word nor to the place it designates can sacredness by any straining of ingenuity be ascribed, and about the worst to be truthfully said against the word "hell" is that its use as an expletive is common with those who really are profane. That, however, is hardly a reason—it cannot be more than a poor excuse—for banishing the word from refined vocabularies.

Perhaps, therefore, the Flushing father, instead of writing so proudly about his little girl's delicate sensibilities, would more profitably employ his time in teaching her not to be more nice than wise.

"Habitual" Used in a New Way.

A man who died of poison, self-administered, in a New York hotel this week wrote before starting on his long journey a letter addressed to the Coroner, explaining his reason for departure. Of $13,000, it seems, he had lost all except $6 in real estate speculations. Hence he considered himself a failure in life and without hope.

As an excuse for suicide, this is probably as good as most and better than many that have been deemed adequate by discouraged or desperate mortals, and it would hardly deserve comment—could get none not highly platitudinous—except for the fact that one line in the man's letter reads, "not finding success in this habitual earth."

That is a most curious use of the word "habitual"—at least as curious as is the New York Central's use of "terminating," to which attention was recently called—and just what the man meant by it cannot now be known; it can only be guessed. Perhaps his idea was to characterize the earth as inhabited or inhabitable; possibly the reference was to it as a place where bad habits calculated to interfere with success are formed with lamentable ease.

More plausible than either of these suggestions is this one—that the man intended to write, and thought he had written, a word meaning "monotonous" or "wearisome." Something of that significance might logically enough be given to "habitual," and the usage might in time become elegant as well as convenient. Only this man ever did it, however, so far as we know, and with him, poor fellow, it will never become—"habitual;" in any sense, old or new.

Now is the Time to Change.

Our new Health Officer, Dr. O'Connell, asks the Governor to ask the Legislature to appropriate a lot of money—something like $400,000—for improving the buildings and boats used in the quarantine service.

In describing conditions as he found them on assuming control, Dr. O'Connell takes the trouble to say, in effect, that they were what might have been expected by anybody who had read the Bulger report. That is calculated to make the friends of Dr. Doty—practically the whole medical profession, in other words, and certainly the best part of it—incline to suspect Dr. O'Connell of desiring to criticise his predecessor as much as to provide the station with better facilities for doing its work.

To indulge in suspicion, however, is not a profitable occupation. It is better to admit that Dr. O'Connell's demands seem reasonable enough. in view of the fact that the Port of New York cannot be too well provided with means of protection. Why, however, should this State spend so much money for doing, and in doing, work that is of little if any more advantage to itself than to the rest of the country—to that rest of the country of which it is in a quarantine sense only the gateway?

The present is as good a time as any—no, it is a better time than any time still to come—for turning the New York Quarantine over to the Federal authorities, where, as everybody with a right to speak on the subject rays, it belongs.

PARK LINK BETWEEN MUSEUMS.

Plan Urged by Gutzon Borglum Is Decried as Ridiculous.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Has Gutzon Borglum been correctly quoted in last Sunday's Magazine article on "Park Link Between Big Museums"? He generally displays a keenly observing mind, which expresses itself undauntedly and forcibly, but here he makes the most ridiculously absurd suggestion imaginable. Hearing of the availability of the drained reservoir, he would build new museum buildings at the bottom of the pot, cover the top of the ugly sixteen-foot surrounding wall with shrubs, and give us a fine view of handsome (sic) roofs! And when what is to be the most magnificent art collection in the world shall be installed, we will look for it by tunneling through the surrounding wall as if we were visiting a Western cyclone cellar. True, after we got inside the cup we would find a fifteen-acre building surrounded by a twenty-acre garden, that might look very surprising and very attractive—perhaps. If we had nothing now, it might be a pretty notion.

But what about the "stone fence cutting off Fifth Avenue from the Park"? With the magnificent disregard of some for whatever is bought and paid for—would all those buildings that have cost, thus far, almost $2,000,000, I believe, have to come down to provide more park space? That is carrying the matter a little too far. D. C. PREYER.

New York, March 13, 1912.

PURE OLEOMARGARINE.

Authority Says It Is Better Flavored and More Wholesome Than Butter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In connection with the discussion regarding the high price of butter, I wish to call attention to the fact that oleomargarine made under Government inspection and in accordance with the National pure food law has a better flavor and is more wholesome than the average dairy butter. This is the real secret of the ten-cent tax which Congress imposed on artificial butter. There is an occasional butter-maker on the farm who is able to make butter equal to the finest creamery product. But she always has a few favored customers in the nearest city, who pay a premium over ordinary dairy butter as sold in the stores.

Ordinary farm butter is an impure, contaminated product. It has a musty flavor and gets strong and rancid in a short time. The milk from which the cream is raised is usually kept in a cellar where vegetables are stored during the Winter, and the air becomes charged with "foreign ferments," which find their way into the cream and also into the butter while it is waiting to be taken to town.

A commercial manufacturer of food products would be driven out of business by the Government if he attempted to carry on business with the unsanitary conditions that surround the production of farm butter. Even without law, business necessity would force the manufacturer to be more sanitary. Dealers would buy their goods from some competitor who is more careful.

We make a terrible fuss in this country about pure food laws, and punish with fine or imprisonment the manufacturer who is unsanitary, and then turn around and tax the manufacture of pure, wholesome oleomargarine in order to protect the business of making impure, unwholesome country butter.

PAUL D. ALDRICH,
Editor The National Provisioner.

New York, March 14, 1912.

A Printer's Error.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An unfortunate error of the printer in substituting "without" for "within" changes entirely the meaning of Mr. Olmsted's words, which were quoted in my letter of March 10.

I beg space for the paragraph as written by its author: "Large public buildings, such as museums, concert halls, schools, and the like, may best find place in town streets or squares. They may wisely, perhaps, be placed near or facing upon the Park, but to place them within it is simply to defeat the highest service which the Park can render the community." W. B. VAN INGEN.

New York, March 13, 1912.

Not "Big," but "Privileged" Business

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am somewhat shy of the term "big business"; that it is big is no indictment. Is not what we really mean, privileged business?

I am aware that, with a few persons interested in economics, big business has come to have an indefinite significance as business in politics, but the term is inaccurate and misleading. Little business, like the control of licorice, is just as much a beneficiary of tariff, &c., as big business. BOLTON HALL.

New York, March 14, 1912.

A TAXI-AEROPLANE.

Frank Coffyn Is Looking for Fares at Pier A, North River.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I thank you for your comment on my trusting my aeroplane. You are like the boy in the well-known song in that you "guessed right the very first time." Aeroplanes, particularly hydro-aeroplanes, are very much safer than people think. In my opinion the machines are ahead of the men who pilot them, for probably 85 per cent. of flying is in the machine one flies. That is immediately apparent when one sees that almost everybody who wants to learn how to fly does so very quickly. Aeroplaning is not for supermen, and they who fly are not supermen at all.

But aeroplaning, particularly in this country, has received several black eyes because of the carelessness, amounting almost to criminal recklessness, of some airmen and some aeroplane builders. Imperfect machines there are, of course, just as there are badly built automobiles. Chauffeurs who try to take sixty-mile-an-hour automobiles around street corners at that speed find imitators among the airmen. You will find such antics more or less common with every kind of vehicle, born, probably, in the familiarity which breeds contempt for the factor of safety.

I agree with you that "it would be interesting to know how many people in this city would be willing to take a ride in an aeroplane." It costs money to operate a flying machine, particularly with the present types of motors. I cannot, therefore, much as I should like to do so, invite people to ride with me at no expense to themselves. But I will carry passengers, either male or female, from Pier A, North River, to and around the Statue of Liberty at a price that should not hamper those who really want to ride. Aviation has not yet reached the stage where it has become a poor man's pleasure, as the case is with the automobile.

My hydro-aeroplane is, in my opinion, a far safer machine than the average New York taxicab. Certainly I feel that I take far fewer chances in it than I do when I ride through New York's crowded streets in a taxicab, whose chauffeur is trying to take me to my destination as quickly as possible, regardless of decent precautions for my own or pedestrians' safety, so that he may pick up another fare at an early moment.

Again permit me to thank you for your editorial. If the same class of people who made the automobile industry, as it now exists, possible by their purchase of motor cars were only to try aeroplaning, particularly over the water, which is ten times safer than flying over land, I am sure that aviation would receive that stimulus which would quickly put it on a sound and sane footing, free from crazy exhibition features and disgusting exploitation of circus stunts.

FRANK T. COFFYN.

New York, March 11, 1912.

The Times and Abbey's Pictures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reading your announcement as to the reproduction of Abbey's famous pictures illustrating the "Quest of the Holy Grail," this enterprise is on all fours with your policy of giving us the best in every department of newspaper activity. I am old enough to remember when The Times, good and honest and clever as it was, had quite a circumscribed circulation, but as education has spread among the people, it is natural that so educative a force as yours should have made its presence felt.

Wherever I go to-day I see The New York Times, and of course I am alive to the fact that your advertising has grown with the circulation. To a middle-aged man, accustomed to watching the varied developments in our American civilization, there is still the charming novelty of a newspaper growing on its intrinsic merits and enlarging its sphere of usefulness day after day. AN OLD TIMES READER.

New York, March 14, 1912.

Foreign Workmen In Lawrence.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The main and really the only argument in favor of a high protective tariff is protection for the American working men, from the competition of cheap European labor. The native American workman has to compete with the pauper labor of Europe right on our own shores. This is forcibly illustrated in the Lawrence "strike," and shows the inconsistency of the so-called protective tariff on the one hand and "free trade" in foreign workmen on the other hand, for nearly all the Lawrence workers are from forty different foreign nationalities.

As it is now only the manufacturer is protected and not the American workmen.

H. L. HERSHBERG.

Titusville, Penn., March 9, 1912.

The Colonel's Houn' Song.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In view of the reception accorded his Charter of Democracy, by the press, and with due apology to the author of the Ozark Houn' Song, the following is suggested as a campaign cry for the Colonel:

The editors keep kicking what I say around.
It makes no difference if it is unsound,
They gotta quit kicking my platform around.

El Paso, Texas, March 8, 1912. A. D.

MARCH.

No blade of green amid the gray-brown grass,
No bud, Sweet Spring, that swells to feel you near,
Ice-bound the brook, and white the distant hills.
Men say: "'Tis thus she pays us for our love.
Hark, there the wind sweeps through the moaning pines,
And brings the driving snow, no breath of Spring!
O fools, that trusted to her coming back,
Spring has forsaken us upon the earth."
Let fall the snow! They never loved you, Dear;
And so you'll steal upon them unawares.
But yestermorn I wakened to a sound;
And when the sleep-clouds drifted from my mind,
I could not tell what waked me. Then I felt
Your sudden stirring presence near to me,
And sped to find you in the woods and fields.
And still you sought to hide, you foolish Sweet,
And thought, because the grass was dead and dry,
And drifted snow lay cold between the roots,
Where withered leaves clung wetly to my feet,
I should not heed the singing in my heart!
Dear, to the lover God gives God-like eyes.
The sun was there so early all at once,
His warmth, half-felt, half-dreamed, your shy first kiss;
And on the birch tops lay the misty flush
I know so well, and find each time so new;
And then from out the woodland came to me—
To me, because I loved you and had faith,
To me, because I had gone out to find—
Your voice, Belovéd, in a robin's song.
Let fall the snow! Let those, who know you not
And cannot therefore love you, hear the wind!
I know that where the birches climb the hill,
Their twigs all rosy in the early sun,
A robin sings, and there you lurk and wait,
To rush out laughing at the silly world.
For there I found and kissed you yesterday.

MARGARET DOANE GARDINER.

NEW YORK AMERICAN CITED FOR CONTEMPT

Summoned for Ignoring Injunction Against Printing The Times's Amundsen Story

AND FOR RETAINING ORDER

Process Servers Recite That They Were Thrown Out of the American Office and Their Papers Seized.

Judge Holt of the United States District Court signed an order yesterday requiring the Star Publishing Company, which publishes The New York American, to appear in court on March 22 and show cause why it should not be adjudged guilty of contempt for violating an injunction order signed by him on March 8 restraining The New York American from publishing Capt. Roald Amundsen's own story of his discovery of the south pole, which was copyrighted in this country by the New York Times Company. Judge Holt's order signed yesterday also requires the Star Publishing Company to show cause why it should not deliver up the original of Judge Holt's injunction order and why an attachment should not be issued against the company and its officers for resisting the court order.

Judge Holt's action yesterday was based on affidavits and petitions presented by Alfred A. Cook of the law firm of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan, counsel for the New York Times Company. These papers recited that The New York Times had contracted for the sole rights to Capt. Amundsen's polar story in this country and had protected these rights under the copyright law.

In order to prevent an infringement of these rights the New York Times Company obtained from Judge Holt on the evening of March 8 a temporary injunction restraining certain newspapers, including The New York American, from publishing or disposing of, verbatim or colorably, Amundsen's narrative. The service of this order was intrusted to John F. Jacobs and Jacob Kaufman, employes of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan. What happened when they went to the office of The New York American, and how Judge Holt's original order, instead of the copy, was left there, is set forth in an affidavit made by Mr. Jacobs as follows:

"A person who appeared to be in charge of the editorial rooms confronted us and wanted to know our business. We said we had Judge Holt's order and wished to serve it on the city editor or whoever was in charge of the office. The person said that the city editor was out and that he himself could not legally be served with the order because we did not know his name. We tried to serve the order on him, but he refused to accept it, saying, 'You can't serve me.' He also began shoving Mr. Kaufman toward the door, and the order, which Mr. Kaufman had placed upon the person's chest, fell to the floor. I was also seized by other persons present and both of us were thrust out in the hall. I stooped to pick up Judge Holt's original order, and Mr. Kaufman called out: 'There is the original order. Get it.' But the persons who had put us out slammed the door shut upon us and paid no attention to us."

Leventritt, Cook & Nathan subsequently wrote to the Star Company asking that Judge Holt's original order be returned. The Star Company never answered the letter or returned the order, the affidavits presented to Judge Holt assert.

Only a few hours after Judge Holt's restraining order was so secured, The New York American, on March 9, according to the affidavits presented to Judge Holt, published Capt. Amundsen's story of the discovery of the south pole. The American's story was in the third person. But in its first edition it carried the story under the heading of "Amundsen's Own Story of Discovery of the South Pole." The heading was modified in the later editions to read "Full Story of Amundsen's Discovery of the South Pole."

The American printed the story in its first edition as a special cable dispatch from Hobart, Tasmania, but the "special cable" line was removed from later editions, and affidavits presented to Judge Holt express the belief that The American did not obtain the story from Hobart, Tasmania, at all, but by cable from its London office, which got it from The London Daily Chronicle, that newspaper having the European rights to the Amundsen narrative and having duly copyrighted it.

Judge Holt's latest order will be served to-day on the Star Publishing Company.

TURKEY KOWTOWS TO BRITAIN.

Yokohama Inquirer Asks Meaning of Recent Chess-Board Shift.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Telegraphic dispatches inform us now that the Sultan of Turkey has bestowed simultaneously on the King of Great Britain two of the highest Turkish decorations. A few months ago the Kaiser of Germany bestowed the order of the Black Eagle on the Sultan of Turkey and the heir to the Turkish throne.

Highest orders and highest decorations are of course out of the reach of humble individuals, therefore for fear of being likened to the fox who looked at the rich ripe clusters of grapes out of his reach and called them sour, I refrain from comments on decorations; besides decorations are in themselves inanimate things, and as my lookout is for animate objects I have neither the leisure nor the inclination to fritter away thought on inanimate things; but what I am disturbed about is that behind these inanimate things portentous causes and effects may lurk.

Those who are behind the scenes tell us that Russia and Germany have divided between themselves those countries that are now misnamed Turkey and it is planned that the settlement be made in the Spring.

We who are outside of the charmed circle of diplomacy are not privileged to know, we can only puzzle our heads and guess; so I am puzzling my head and trying to guess. Is the Khaliff of Islam turning for protection to the British Lion as he did in 1878? In 1895 he turned for succor from the growling of the British Lion to the muscular paws of the Russian Bear and the sheltering wings of the German Eagle. Now as the patterns shift in the kaleidoscope of politics, is Turkey going back in 1912 to his old love?

DIANA AGABEY APCAR.

Yokohama, Japan, Feb. 18, 1912.

Amundsen and His Dogs.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Criticism of Amundsen for eating up his friends would be tempered somewhat by a knowledge of the character of dogs used in arctic work. They are very much like wolves, always fighting among themselves, have very little of the affection and intelligence which we associate with pet dogs, and in fact do not appeal to one very much.

I am a lover of dogs, have always had them about me, but when among the dogs of the kind used for arctic work do not even try to make friends with them. They would love me were I to allow it, but in the way suggested in an advertisement of a bull terrier for sale, which read, "Will eat anything; very fond of children."

The kinds of dogs used chiefly in arctic work would not hesitate to attack and devour a man if they were hungry and were not kept in fear of him. NORTH.

New York, March 13, 1912.

Mr. Roosevelt's Struggle.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

For one who said he would only take a nomination for the Presidency on condition that he was called upon by the people, the man now struggling so hard to secure it is in a very inconsistent and ridiculous attitude. The letter to his manager was evidently written because he sees that the drift is stronger each day in favor of the nomination of Taft and feels that he must do something to stem the tide. N. D. A.

New York, March 14, 1912.

A Jocular Coinage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Cynopophagy"? Was it meant as a joke? I hope it was. Evidently the author of this fine Greek monster thought of "anthropophagy" when creating "cynopophagy." It recalls to me the memory of the backwoods doctor on Racquette Lake, who declared that if a cat had been bitten by a rabid dog and contracted rabies, the illness was called "catophobia." DR. GERSTER.

New York, March 13, 1912.

'MONA,' PRIZE OPERA, WARMLY GREETED

Work of Americans, Prof. Parker and Brian Hooker, Given at Metropolitan.

MME. HOMER THE HEROINE

Fine Performance of a Difficult Score —Profoundly Serious Music—Book of Poetic Beauty.

Mona	Louise Homer
Enya	Rita Fornia
Arth	Herbert Witherspoon
Gloom	William Hinshaw
Nial	Albert Reiss
Caradoc	Lambert Murphy
The Roman Governor of Britain	Putnam Griswold
Quintus	Riccardo Martin
An Old Man	Basil Ruysdael

Conductor, Alfred Hertz.

The Metropolitan Opera Company last evening produced for the first time "Mona," the opera that won the prize of $10,000 offered by the company a few years ago. "Mona" is the work of Prof. H. W. Parker, Professor of Music at Yale University, and Brian Hooker. The prize was accompanied by the promise of the production of the successful opera at the Metropolitan Opera House, and last night's performance was the fulfillment of that promise.

The opera was received with demonstrations of applause such as are not often heard at the Metropolitan Opera House; demonstrations that were evidently intended to give the warmest greetings to singers, composer, librettist, and conductor. After the first and second acts all the singers were recalled again and again, and finally Prof. Parker, and then Mr. Hooker appeared, showing some uncertainty as to the methods of getting on and off a stage. The same demonstrations were repeated after the second act. Mr. Hertz, came, too, and with the rest Mr. Taylor, stage manager.

There was a copious distribution of wreaths and flowers to artists and the composer. Wreaths were sent to Prof. Parker from the Summer colony of Blue Hill, Me., of which he is a member, accompanied by a gift of studs, from the Bohemian Club of this city and from the New Haven Oratorio Society. These were the friendly manifestations of a first night audience. It will be the earnest hope of the friends of American art that they signified a lasting impression made by the opera, and yet it is a hope for which the known value of first night expressions and the evident qualities of the work itself do not give a very substantial basis.

The Story of the Opera.

The story of "Mona" has been widely made known and the public has benn well prepared by a previous knowledge of it to appreciate and enjoy. It is that of a British maiden of Boadicea's line, foretold by prophecies and marked out by signs as the deliverer of her people from Roman rule; who learns only after disaster and too late that had she followed the call of her woman's love and married her half-Roman, half-British lover she would have gained peace for her country, won back old liberties, compassed all her endeavor.

Mr. Hooker has set his theme, one that deals with fundamental springs of human action, emotions, passions, and aspirations, back into the gray uncertain historical twilight of the Roman occupation of Britain. He has thereby been able to make his characters of an ancient heroic mold, untrammeled by modern conventions or historical verities and acting in accordance with elemental human motives. He has presented a subtly wrought psychological study of a woman's soul actuated by the ideal of a great mission, the freeing of her native land from the Roman domination. She is stimulated by patriotism, by religious and hieratic fervor, mingled with the counter-claims of love for Gwynn, who is destroyed by the fervor that blinds Mona's eyes to the practical road toward peace and that dazzles her with the temptation to be herself the fulfillment of ancient prophecy and the leader of her people.

The characters, the posture of circumstances, the interplay of emotions are evolved with a strong imagination. Their development is the result of a keen psychological analysis. The book is written with a fine, often a beautiful, literary skill. It is the work of a poet of real gifts and imagination, and it is couched in the diction of true poetry. It is safe to say that very few operatic librettos in English have had the distinction from a literary point of view that this has.

Book Is Undramatic.

That is one thing; and it cannot call forth too great admiration. But as an operatic libretto Mr. Hooker's book has faults, which may be summed up in the words that it is undramatic and especially that it has little fitness for development and elucidation by music. To begin with, too little happens upon the stage for long stretches of time together. There is too much discussion of a political and religious nature, too much narrative of what has happened and is expected to happen, and too little that actually does happen.

There are several splendid climaxes, but they are long in coming. Again, the psychology is perhaps too subtle, too acute, to be laid bare in the broad strokes that must necessarily, in the main, be the method employed by the lyric dramatist. The motives and counter-motives that impel Mona this way and that operate in a delicate and subterranean manner and within a circle of ideas that easily elude the listener's comprehension. And lastly, it may be said that, with all the essential literary and poetical distinction of Mr. Hooker's diction, it is not a diction adapted for music. He has not taken thought of the sounds, the combinations of vowels and consonants, that are best adapted, sometimes that are adapted at all, for musical utterance.

Prof. Parker's musical embodiment of this operatic book is unquestionably a work of remarkable musicianship. But it is greatly to be feared that on the whole, it will be found so bleak and austere in its quality as to meet with little favor from even the musical public. It has many elements of beauty, strength, and originality. But it suffers from the trouble that lies at the bottom of Mr. Hooker's book, that it is not, in the true sense of the word, dramatic—it is not able to keep and hold the listener's attention as the interpretation of long and sustained action upon the stage.

It is profoundly serious music; it makes not the slightest concession to popularity. With very few exceptions, it keeps a stern and unyielding mood from the beginning to the end. There are no lascivious pleasings of the ear in "Mona," and this unbending severity is something that burdens even the most sympathetic listener long before the end is reached. Our American art, especially when it attempts the higher flights, is, as Emerson says, "young and intolerably severe."

In "Mona" Prof. Parker has presented his art under a different aspect from that in which it is best known here, as in his "Hora Novissima," and his other choral works, his organ concerto, his orchestral works. He has moved toward a point where he writes with less obviousness of melody and clarity of expression. It is an old and oft repeated reproach laid upon that which is new in music, that it is "unmelodious"; but this is often invalidated by time and greater knowledge on the part of listeners. The impression of "Mona" that will first prevail is that of a lack of melodic flow. Its vindication from this charge, if vindication there be, must be left to time.

This music is largely made up of "leading motives" in the Wagnerian sense, relating to the characters, the emotions, the ideas that form the substance or the background of the drama. These are used in more or less approximation to the Wagnerian manner, by which they make their appearance to suggest or to interpret the matters to which they refer, woven compactly, developed and combined, into the orchestral fabric. The composer has also made use of a device that, so far as we know, is his own; that of associating certain of his characters with certain keys. How far he may have carried this out to his own satisfaction will not easily appear, especially in the ceaseless welter of modulation in which the score swims. But however far, it must necessarily be a procedure that gives its principal satisfaction to the composer himself. It can, in the nature of things, have only the smallest effect upon the audience, who remain in profound ignorance of it, and even if not, in profound indifference to it.

Orchestral Fabric Complex.

This orchestral fabric is a continuous tissue of great complexity and ever changing aspect. A close study of it will reveal the great skill with which it is made, the many subtle involutions of the thematic material, the many devices of great learning and resource employed in it. One of its most noticeable characteristics is its incessant shifting of harmony, by modulating, by abrupt changes of key, by any method whatever. Scarcely two measures together seem to be in the same key; and this, taken with the general avoidance of cadence and points of repose, gives an effect of great restlessness. Prof. Parker writes as one skilled in the most expert manipulation of harmony, who has all its mysteries at his fingers' ends; but the matter is overdone.

Prof. Parker has been, it seems, too intent on following the course of the drama with his leading motives and his closely interpretative score, the cadences, accents, and rhythm of the speaking voice with his declamation, to give himself opportunity to write in a manner that is sufficiently free, or that gives his musical substance time and space to develop spontaneously and musically. The score seems cramped and confined from this cause. The musical treatment adopted involves a continuous declamation for the voices; a style that very seldom develops into anything broader and freer. And so this declamation most rarely shows any melodious shapeliness, following minutely as it does the inflection and cadence of the verse and sentence. The composer has not allowed himself any development whatever into broad and lyric climaxes, any exposition of the musical thought for its own sake or for what it can do in this manner to heighten the emotional significance of the situation.

In this absence of lyrical moments, of passages of really musical climax, the greatest deficiency of "Mona" as a lyric drama is to be found. It signifies the neglect of a principle that has been an essential element of the lyric drama ever since it first came into being, one that has been in one form or another recognized by composers of every school, even of the most modern, until the day before yesterday that brought forth "Elektra" and "Pelleas."

There are snatches of melodic form here and there but they are fugitive, they are not allowed to reach development. They may be found in the impassioned speeches by Gwynn and Mona in the first act, in the scene in which Nial introduces the second, the love duet that comes later. There are a few other passages of a similar sort in which a hint is given, a beginning made; but nothing is allowed to come of it. The result of all this is still further to enhance the feeling to which we have referred, of restlessness, even of incoherence, from a purely musical point of view. The ear longs for a point of repose; for a development in a purely musical sense that shall at the same time be a development of a lyrical mood or lead to an emotional climax.

A Few Superb Climaxes.

It thus seems that the musician has not taken advantage of what the poet has offered him. There are a few superb climaxes in the drama. The scene of Mona's dismissal of Gwynn at the close of the first act and her self-dedication to Fire, and a sound of battle and a dream, and, still more so, the scene of the blessing of the swords at the end of the second act, have great possibilities; but the musician has treated them scurvily. This scene at the climax of the second act is one of splendid and barbaric picturesqueness: Mona standing in the flickering light of the altar flame between the two bards, handing her the swords of the fighting men as they come up, one on each side. The choruses which these throngs sing as they respond to Mona's vehement summons have savage energy and power calling down "ruin upon Rome" in rhythmic and alliterative verse.

One of the most pleasing episodes of an opera in which very little concession is made to sensuous pleasure is the opening scene in the second act, in which Nial is seen at the altar in the forest dancing with his shadow, speculating on the shadowy nature of souls and communing with the birds. Here are melodic grace, insinuating rhythms, seductive harmonies, and a suggestion of naiveté.

The last act is in some respects inferior in interest to the others, even though it contains the catastrophe and gives the ultimate exposition of Mona's disastrous failure both to understand and to achieve. There is the passionate scene of Gwynn and Mona's meeting, her slaying of him as a traitor even as he implores her to understand and, going with him, to save what may yet be saved of Britain's day. The issue is curiously ineffective from the point of view of the stage. Mona's eyes are opened when the Governor comes; and she delivers a long monologue of self reproach; she concludes:

"I have had dreams—
"Only great dreams.
"A woman would have won,"

and she is led off by the soldiers to her death. Poetically this ending is beautiful; dramatically it is inconclusive. And though the music is wrought with great skill in thematic treatment and a splendid orchestral crescendo it does not succeed in raising it to a higher power.

Perhaps the greatest distinction that belongs to the score of "Mona," as well as the greatest pleasure that it offers to the attentive listener, is the composer's treatment of the orchestra. The orchestration is of the greatest beauty, rich, transparent, incessantly varied and contrasted, dramatically expressive in its scale of color. It is the work of a master, who understands restraint in the use of a large orchestra, such as he demands in this score, and who yet can obtain from it all that it can give, in terms of the highest beauty.

An Excellent Performance.

It would not be easy to say too much in praise of the performance of "Mona." Mr. Hertz conducted it with apparent conviction and enthusiasm and understanding of what the composer desired. The orchestral performance of a difficult score was remarkably fine. Mme. Homer's impersonation of the heroine must rank among her most excellent creations, heroic in spirit and in appearance, with its aspects of tenderness, exaltation, savage fury and profound abasement. Never has she sung with greater beauty, power and expressiveness of voice.

Of the men there must be praise especially for Mr. Hinshaw as Gloom, a part to which he gives great significance and in which his fine voice is displayed to the highest advantage; to Mr. Griswold as the Roman Governor, striking in appearance and in the suggestion of the arrogance of power and in voice wonderfully fine; and to Mr. Reiss as Nial, a part in which it would be easy to be ineffective and to miss the true note, but which he makes most sympathetic and attractive. Mr. Martin does not take all the opportunity that is offered him as Gwynn, for he is lacking in decision and boldness of action and bearing, as well as in song; the fine quality of his voice is made to count for much. Mme. Fornia was capable and satisfactory as Enya, and Mr. Lambert Murphy did most creditably in the part of Caradoc, the most important one that has been entrusted to him since he has been a member of the company. His voice, not a powerful one, had beauty of quality.

"Mona" was sung in English, the language in which it was written. In view of much that has been debated and discussed on operatic language it was interesting to note what the results were. It was not possible for most in the audience last evening to gain any continuous light upon the doings on the stage from the words of the singers—and yet in this opera, more than in most, a close and uninterrupted following of the lines is necessary for its true understanding. It might truly be said, however, that in the small experience with opera in English that has been had at the Metropolitan the text has never before been understood so well. There were some of the singers whose diction was pre-eminently good and whose lines were intelligible as far as the orchestra and other hindrances would allow them to be. Foremost among these was Mr. Reiss, the only one in the cast to whom English is not native. His diction was very excellent. At the same time it should be said that the composer has generally accompanied his declamation with a lighter orchestration than he has given most of the others. Messrs. Griswold, Hinshaw and Murphy, and to a considerable degree Mr. Witherspoon enunciated in a way that made their speeches intelligible. Mme. Homer was less good in this respect, and Mr. Martin seldom made himself understood.

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SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Van Rensselaer Kennedy and family have gone to the Hot Springs in North Carolina for a visit.

Mrs. Carl F. Boker will give a musicale this afternoon at her home, 23 West Seventy-sixth Street. The artists will be Edith Chapman Goold, Francis Rogers, and Dorothy Baseler.

The wedding of Miss Dolly Lynch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Lynch of Lakewood, N. J., to George Douglas Clews of Orange, N. J., will take place on April 24 in All Saints' Memorial Church at Lakewood. A reception will follow at Lynx Hall, the home of the bride's parents.

Prince Mavrogordato of Florence, Italy, returned yesterday from a visit to Aiken, S. C., and will be at the Hotel Gotham for some time.

Among those sailing for Bermuda tomorrow on the Arcadian are Mr. and Mrs. J. Harper Poor and Miss Mildred Poor and Mrs. Eugene Philbin and her daughter, Miss Eugenie Philbin.

The Mi-Careme Matinee Densante in aid of a special scholarship in Vassar College, is to be held on Wednesday morning, March 20, at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Darwin P. Kingsley are at the Hotel Manhattan for a visit.

Frederick Townsend Martin returned yesterday from Palm Beach, where he was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Flagler.

An entertainment will be given at the Plaza this evening in aid of the Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm. The entertainment will consist of a farce and fancy dances, followed by a supper and general dancing.

Mrs. John A. Dix, wife of the Governor, and Mrs. Harry C. Cushman are at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. William C. Langley of Great Neck, L. I., are in town for a few days and are at the Wolcott.

The Sowers, an organization of young society women who work for charity, entertained forty little patients from the Darrach Home for Crippled Children yesterday afternoon at the Kinemacolor Theatre to see the Coronation pictures.

Justice and Mrs. Richard T. Lynch of 190 Riverside Drive are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter on March 7.

Mrs. Lucia Ames Mead will make a brief address on "Common Fallacies About Peace, War, and Justice," on Wednesday evening, March 20, at 8:30 at the residence of Mrs. Lauterbach, 761 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. Edward Landon and her daughters will sail next week for Europe.

DANCE FOR JUVENILE CLUB.

Mi-Careme Vaudeville Also Given by Society Amateurs.

The Mi-Carême Vaudeville Show and Dance last night at Sherry's netted about $2,000 for the West Side Juvenile Club in Greenwich Street.

The vaudeville, by society amateurs, began at 10 o'clock and lasted perhaps half an hour, after which the floor was cleared for dancing.

James L. Breese, Jr., did a clog dance, Frederick Wendt did a number of his monologues, Henry C. Smith sang several of his funny, original songs, and a quartet also sang. There was also an Irish peasant dance in costume, by the Misses Isabel Hoyt, Genevieve Sanford, Ursula Brown, Kathryn Motley, Howland Z. Davis, J. Horton Ijams, W. B. Boulton, Jr., and Alfred Ely, Jr.

Dancing began about 11 o'clock and the committee in charge was made up of the officers of the club, headed by the President, Howland S. Davis. The others were Percy S. Weekes, J. Horton Ijams, C. Arthur Richards, Harold Imbrie, Charles King, De Courcey Hard, Frederick S. Hoppin, Tracy Hoppin, Fahys Cook, Schuyler M. Meyers, Arthur C. Nash, William M. Beekman, Noel Bassett, Edward S. Brockie, Philip G. Brickhead, W. B. Boulton, Jr., George M. Bodman, J. R. Knapp, Robert R. Livingston, Alan Fox, H. L. McVickar, Webster W. Stetson, Edward Shippen, 2d, Henry C. Smith, George A. Washington, 2d, Jefferson Newbold, Howard A. Plummer, G. H. Bull, William Shippen Davis, Alfred Greenough, Sidney P. Winshaw, Colgate Hoyt, Arthur C. Nash and J. R. Knapp.

The girls who were largely instrumental in making the affair a success included the Misses Vouletti Proctor, Margaret Sloane, Genevieve Sanford, Evelyn Witherbee, Marjorie Weeks, Mary Sturgis, Rosalie Elliman, Hester, Ruth, and Sybil Davis, Alice Ely, Rosette Ford, Emily and Rosalie Coe, Winifred Chisolm, Ruth Adams, Betty Carson, Helen and Kathryn Auerbach, Frances Burr, Ursula Brown, Florence and Marjorie Blair, Agnes and Bessie Claflin, Kathryn and Cornelia Chapin, Gwendolen Condon, Madeleine Cook, Anna Cronkite, Florence Gayley, Zoe Hannah, Eleanor Hinton, Frances Henry, Noel Johnston, Dorothy Hurry, Isabel Hoyt, Sarah Manice, Agnes Landon, Laura Livingston, Mary Meyers, Kathryn Motley, Jane Morgan, Sarah Morgan, Aileen Osborn, and Elsie Nicoll.

There was a long list of patronesses, most of whom were present.

FELL-STEWART ENGAGEMENT.

Mrs. Ethel Abercrombie-Fell to Wed John A. Stewart, 3d.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—Mr. and Mrs. Francis Paterson-Abercrombie of Chestnut Hill announce the engagement of their daughter, Mrs. Ethel Abercrombie-Fell, to John A. Stewart, 3d, of New York, the son of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stewart, Jr., of Short Hills, N. J. The wedding will take place in the early Summer at Bay Head, the Summer home of the Abercrombies.

Mrs. Fell was divorced from Robert Gratz Fell six years ago, Mr. Fell shortly afterward marrying Miss Florence Biddle Adams.

DELFS—FOX.

Mrs. Mary C. Delfs of 79 West Ninety-second Street announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Lucy Cecelia Delfs, to Henry Arthur Fox. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss May Weds L. M. Bodenheimer.

The wedding of Miss Elsie May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris May of 50 Central Park West, to Leon M. Bodenheimer of St. Louis, Mo., took place last night in the large ballroom at Delmonico's. The Rev. Dr. Berkowitz of Philadelphia officiated. Miss Helen Selig, a cousin of the bride, acted as maid of honor. The bridesmaids were the Misses Catherine Levy, Elsie Richter, Blanche Bodenheimer, and Jeannette Selig. Arthur Kastor was best man.

A reception and dinner for 250 guests followed the ceremony. The tables were decorated with white lilacs and pink roses. The couple will leave this morning for a trip South.

Saks-Drey Wedding on April 29.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Isabel Drey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Drey of 54 East Seventy-fourth Street, to Horace Andrew Saks, son of Andrew Saks of 524 Fifth Avenue, will take place on April 29 at Sherry's.

FOR ACTORS' FUND BENEFIT.

Goodwin and Miss Collier to Appear in Scene from "Merchant of Venice."

The programme for the Actors' Fund benefit to be given at the Century Theatre on Friday afternoon, March 29, will have for a special feature the trial scene from "The Merchant of Venice." Nat C. Goodwin will appear as Shylock, Constance Collier will play Portia, A. E. Anson, Antonio; Julian L'Estrange, Bassanio, and Shelly Hull, Gratiano. The other rôles will be taken by equally prominent actors, and the "extra people" in the courtroom will be well-known players. Another feature will be the appearance of Lewis Waller and Madge Titheradge in the courtship scene from "Henry V.," and Laurette Taylor and Ian Maclaren in Kate Jordan's sketch, "Susan's Gentleman."

ARTISTS APPEAR AT SHERRY'S.

An Hour in Marie Antoinette's Salon Given by Miss Pelton-Jones.

An hour in Marie Antoinette's Salon was given at Sherry's yesterday afternoon in the tapestry room by Miss Frances Pelton-Jones, who was assisted by Miss Mabel Beddoe, a Canadian mezzo-contralto, who made her New York début in a group of old Scotch and traditional songs; Mme. Augette Foret, soprano; Miss Hendrika Troostwyk, violinist, and Paul Default, tenor. All of the artists were in costume, Miss Pelton-Jones after the period of Louis XVI., and Miss Beddoe representing the time of Jenny Lind.

Among the patronesses were Miss Mildred Armour, Mrs. Simon Baruch, Mrs. Anson D. Bramhall, Mrs. Charles K. Carpenter, Mrs. E. H. A. Corea, Mrs. George Doubleday, Mrs. C. A. Fulle, Miss Florence Guernsey, Mrs. John Henry Hammond, Mrs. Adrian Hoffman Joline, Mrs. Frank Jordan, Mrs. Lauterbach, Mrs. Charles A. Mann, Mrs. Frederick B. Pratt, Mrs. Joseph T. Ryan, Mrs. Russell Sage, Mrs. Jordan Smith, Mrs. Charles H. Spang, and Mrs. J. Alfonso Sterns.

Mrs. Wilbur F. Wakeman's Luncheon

Mrs. Wilbur F. Wakeman gave a luncheon yesterday at her home in East Thirty-fourth Street, in honor of Mrs. Henry S. Brown. Among those present were Mrs. T. St. John Gaffney, Mrs. Lewis L. Pierce, Mrs. George W. Atkins, Mrs. Herbert D. Kingsbury, Mrs. Arthur R. Wilson, Miss Alice Maguire, and Baroness von Wolf.

Benj. N. Duke Back from Bermuda.

Benjamin N. Duke returned yesterday from a visit to Bermuda and joined Mrs. Duke and his daughter, Miss Mary L. Duke, at their residence, 1,076 Fifth Avenue. When seen at his home regarding the reported engagement of his daughter to Prince Ludovic Pignatelli d'Aragon, which has appeared several times in print during his absence, although emphatically denied by Mrs. Duke, he said that he had nothing further to add to the denial first made by Mrs. Duke, and that there was no truth whatever in the report.

Arrivals from Europe.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

VADERLAND (Antwerp)—Mrs. J. A. Anderson, J. Anderson, Mrs. Mary Coviello, Andrea Coviello, W. L. Cummings, T. S. Meng, J. M. Baldwin, Charles W. Barnes, Mrs. W. Bern, Mrs. H. G. Fisher, Miss Alice Heinds, Capt. J. Harrison, Mrs. R. W. Smith, Charles E. Turner, Baron Oscar von Loo, Miss Gertrude H. Walch, Miss Jennie A. Walch, William F. Walch, H. J. West, J. W. Valiant, Mrs. Gertrude C. Satlin, and L. Schreiber.

NIAGARA (Havre)—Miss C. M. Collam, Miss C. Donovan, Mrs. A. Chalbos, G. R. Miner, Miss R. Satill, Mrs. Rose Roth, Miss Isabella Rogers, and Mrs. A. Violette.

ADMIRAL DE CUVERVILLE DEAD

French Officer of Legion of Honor Succumbs to Injuries.

PARIS, March 14.—Vice Admiral Jules Marie de Cavlier de Cuverville, officer of the Legion of Honor and for a time Naval Attaché at London, died to-day from injuries received last week when he was knocked down by a wagon. He was born July 28, 1834, at Allineuc (Cotes du Nord.) He was educated at Saint-Sauveur de Redon, and was married to Mlle. Latimier du Clesieux of Saint Ilan (Cotes du Nord.)

Admiral de Cuverville was decorated in 1855 for bravery at Sebastopol, where he was seriously wounded. Besides the Crimean war, he had taken part in African campaigns. He had written extensively on naval affairs. He was Commander in Chief of the North Atlantic Division, 1890-92, and in 1893 was made Vice Admiral.

Dr. Edmund K. Goldsborough.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Dr. Edmund K. Goldsborough, prominent in social and professional life at the capital, died at his home, on K Street, this morning, after an illness of several months. Dr. Goldsborough, who was 69 years of age, served as Surgeon in the Confederate Army during the war, and later established himself in this city. He is survived by a widow, who was Miss Mary Coyle of Georgetown, three daughters, and two sons, Edmund K. Goldsborough and William Goldsborough, students, at the University of Virginia.

Walter Lafthouse Dean.

Walter Lafthouse Dean, a marine artist, died yesterday at his home in East Gloucester, Mass. "The Halibut Catchers" is one of his pictures, and another represents the Vigilant passing the Valkyrie in the yacht race of Oct. 13, 1893. Mr. Dean was born in Lowell in 1854, and after a course at the State Normal Art School in Boston under Achille Oudinot he went to Paris, where he studied under Boulanger and Jules Le Febre. Mr. Dean was a member of the Salmagundi Club of this city and numerous Boston societies.

Charles Hazen Russell.

Charles Hazen Russell, lawyer and international jurist, died yesterday at his home, 425 West End Avenue, in his sixty-seventh year. He was born in Canton, N. Y., and founded the law firm of Russell & Percy of 32 Nassau Street, this city. Mr. Russell was a Trustee of the Nassau Trust Company, Washington Trust Company, Director of the Twenty-sixth Ward Bank of Brooklyn, American Union Life Insurance Company, and a member of the Universalist, New York, St. Lawrence, Republican, and Union League (Brooklyn) Clubs.

Miss Katherine C. Biddle.

Miss Katherine C. Biddle, a member of one of the oldest Philadelphia families, died in Philadelphia yesterday. Miss Biddle, who was noted for her charities, served as a nurse in the Episcopalian Hospital. For the last fifty years Miss Biddle has devoted herself to charitable and philanthropic work in the Kensington mill district. She built three churches in that section. Miss Biddle was 80 years old. She was educated in Lexington, Ky.

101

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LORILLARD SPENCER IS DEAD.

Prominent in Society and Clubs Here and in Newport.

Lorillard Spencer, prominent in New York society, died yesterday from Bright's disease at his home, 7 East Eighty-sixth Street. He had been ill since Feb. 28. Lorillard Spencer was 53 years old. His father was Lorillard Spencer, one of the best-known men in this city fifty years ago. His mother, before her marriage, was Miss Sarah J. Griswold. Mr. Spencer was brought up and educated abroad. His sister married into the Cenci family of Rome and became closely attached to the Court of Queen Margharita. Young Lorillard Spencer, after going through a church school in England and attending several schools on the Continent, was not satisfied with life away from his own country. He returned to the United States in 1878 and entered the Columbia Law School.

Mr. Spencer on Oct. 3, 1882, was married to Miss Caroline S. Berryman, a granddaughter of Stephen Whitney of New York. One son, Lorillard Spencer, Jr., was born of the marriage. Mr. Spencer was Commissioner from Rhode Island to the Chicago World's Fair. He at one time owned and published the Illustrated American Magazine. He was a member of the Metropolitan and Whist Clubs. Though Mr. Spencer accounted himself a resident of this city and maintained a home here he lived the greater part of his time, when not travelling, at Newport, where he had a splendid home, Chastelleux on Halidon Hill.

William P. Sands.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., March 14.—William P. Sands, for nearly fifty years cashier of the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, died here to-day at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Arthur Underhill. Mr. Sands had been suffering for a year from cancer. He was a veteran of the civil war, having been a member of the Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn, N. Y. While a resident of Brooklyn he was a Deacon of the Church of the Incarnation. He moved to Glen Ridge, N. J., twenty years ago and later came to Montclair. Besides Mrs. Arthur Underhill he leaves another daughter, Mrs. Ernest Underhill of Morris Plains. His daughters married brothers. Mr. Sands was 68 years old.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES KERR, who held the record for long service in the United States Postal Department, died in Painesville, Ohio, yesterday. On Washington's Birthday he resigned from the Chicago Post Office, having completed sixty-two years of service, and returned to Painesville to die at the old home where he was born eighty-four years ago.

MICHAEL H. LAWLER, an expert on the propagation and care of trees of foreign growth, and known to horticulturists in all parts of the United States, died at his home, 104 Broadway, Flushing, L. I., yesterday, aged 63 years. He was born in Ireland and came to this country when a young man and went to work for the Parsons nurseries in Flushing. He assisted Robert S. Parsons in importing many varieties of trees from Europe. At the death of Mr. Parsons Mr. Lawlor went into the nursery business in his own name.

Dr. ALEXANDER PERRY, a former Collector of the Port of La Paz, Cal., died on Wednesday at his home, 1 West Sixty-ninth Street. Dr. Perry was born in Newburg, N. Y., eighty-eight years ago, and after finishing in the schools of his native place he entered West Point and later the Columbia University Medical School. After graduation he went to California, but later returned to this city. In 1884 he retired from practice. Dr. Perry served in the Mexican War. He was twice married.

W. S. RHOADES, traveler for a metal polish house, is dead in Edwardsville, Ill. Mr. Rhoades, who was found dead in his room in a hotel, was the original "Dusty Rhoades" of cartoon fame. His son Louis is a cartoonist in this city, and his brother, J. H. Rhoades, lives here. Mr. Rhoades was formerly employed in Thomas A. Edison's laboratory as an expert mechanic.

JOB C. REGER, one of the oldest residents of Hunterdon County, died Wednesday night at the home of his son, T. J. Reger, at Center, N. J., in the house in which he was born eighty-six years ago. Mr. Reger was a farmer. He leaves a son and two daughters.

M. BENARD, President of the Paris Metropolitan Railway, died in Paris Wednesday.

AUGUSTE RENOURD, founder of the Renourd Training School for Embalmers, died Wednesday at his home, 291 Sixth Avenue. He was born in Louisiana seventy-three years ago and after graduating from St. Francis Xavier's College in St. Louis took up the study of medicine. During the Civil War he served as assistant surgeon in the Confederate Army. Four daughters and two sons survive him.

PHILIP GEISER is dead in his 77th year at his home in Darien, N. Y. During the civil war he suffered imprisonment in Libby and Andersonville prisons.

JAMES PRITCHETT, President of the American Label Company and one of the oldest lithographers of this city, died Monday of heart disease at his home, 272 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 68 years old and is survived by two sons and one daughter.

KING T. SHELDON, Town and Borough Assessor for fourteen years, and Vice President of the Connecticut Temperance Union, died Wednesday in the County Hospital, Winsted, Conn. Mr. Sheldon was a veteran photographer. He was born Dec. 20, 1846.

Mrs. SARAH A. SPEAIGHT, widow of Capt. William A. Speaight, long an officer of the Seventh Regiment, died Wednesday at her home, 95 Wilson Street, Brooklyn. Mrs. Speaight was born in Norfolk, Va., eighty-two years ago. She left three daughters and a son.

CHARLES P. REYNOLDS, who before his retirement from business four years ago was a sugar planter in Durban, South Africa, is dead in Mexico City. Mr. Reynolds travelled extensively. He was 57 years old and leaves a widow.

WILLIAM H. BULL, aged 91 years, died at his home in Circleville, near Middletown, N. Y., Wednesday.

Dr. MARY FRANCES BUTTERWORTH, widow of Chief Engineer James Butterworth of the Navy, died Wednesday at her home in Revere, Mass. She was 66 years old.

FREDERICK ROBERT of this city died yesterday in Saratoga, N. Y. He was a son of Christopher Rhinelander Robert of this city.

Mrs. MARIE STEIN, after an illness of nine years, died Tuesday at her residence, 39 Hillyer Street, Orange, N. Y. Mrs. Stein was the wife of Adolph Stein. She was 64 years old and is survived by her husband and seven children.

HARRY C. LONG, one of the best known of Delaware River pilots, died Wednesday at the University Hospital, Philadelphia. He was 55 years old.

Mrs. ELLA M. LE VINESS, 66 years old, died Wednesday at her home, 2,142 Seventh Avenue. She was the widow of Richard Le Viness and leaves three sons and one daughter.

Mrs. MARY TUCKER died Wednesday at her home, 148 St. John's Place, Brooklyn. She was 62 years old.

EDWIN C. PHILBRICK, formerly a member of the firm of Hallgarten & Co., bankers, of 5 Nassau Street, died yesterday after a short illness at his home, 301 West 106th Street. Mr. Philbrick was born in this city seventy-two years ago and lived here all his life. After fifty-four years in active business life, he retired in 1903. Mr. Philbrick leaves a son, Alan, and a daughter, Mrs. Thomas B. Hasler. He belonged to the Manhattan Club.

$500,000 Needed to Help Cancer Patients

We have reached a crisis in our work. With money we can purchase an addition to our present well-equipped plant that would give us double our present capacity.

This Hospital is supported by voluntary contributions, and all of its 100 beds are occupied. Will you not help us to receive the scores of sufferers who come to us for treatment, and for whom we have no room?

The recent purchase and installation of the most advanced apparatus for the treatment and relief of cancer have brought a flood of cases to us demanding care.

NEW YORK SKIN AND CANCER HOSPITAL,
2d Ave., Cor. 19th St.,
New York City.

J. CLEVELAND CADY, President.
J. EDWARDS WYCKOFF, V-Pres.
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DUTTON'S
31 WEST 23RD STREET, N.Y.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

McLAUGHLIN.—March 8, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. L. McLaughlin, a son.

Engaged.

FOX—DELFS.—Mrs. Mary C. Delfs, 79 West 92d St., announces the engagement of her daughter, Lucy Cecilia, to Henry Arthur Fox, March 14, 1912.

Married.

Connecticut.

PALMATIER—FRAZURE.—March 9, Bessie Frazure to Silas E. Palmatier.

New Jersey.

DE PEW—COLE.—March 12, Newton, Lillian Cole to Claude M. De Pew.

Died.

ADLER.—Frances Adler, (nee Levin,) beloved wife of Carl Adler and mother of Emil and Rosalynd Adler, on March 14, in her 47th year, at her residence, 41 Convent Av., Manhattan. Funeral private.

AUSTIN.—At Lake Mahopac, N. Y., on Wednesday evening, March 13, 1912, Emma Odell, wife of Charles L. Austin, in the 67th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at her late residence on Saturday, March 16, at 2 P. M. Carriages will meet the 11:14 A. M. train from Grand Central Station, Harlem Division, on its arrival at Lake Mahopac.

BAILEY.—At Hobe Sound, Fla., Monday, March 11, in her 65th year, Ruth Louisa Bailey, widow of the late James A. Bailey. Funeral service at Intercession Chapel of Trinity Parish, Broadway and 158th St., at 2:30 P. M., Sunday, March 17. Interment private.

BIGELOW.—At Meadville, Penn., March 12, 1912, Charles Allen Bigelow, in the 47th year of his age. Funeral services at mortuary of John C. Kuhlke, 154 Court St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Friday, 2:30 P. M. Masonic services St. Cecile Lodge, No. 568, F. and A. M., following services by New York Lodge, No. 1, B. P. O. E., Thursday at 8 P. M. at same address.

CHAPMAN.—On Wednesday morning, March 13, 1912, Joseph Thomas Chapman, in his 70th year. Friends and members of Bethel Lodge, No. 733, F. and A. M., are invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 76 West Merrick Road, Freeport, L. I., Friday evening, March 15, 1912, at 8:15. Interment private.

CHARDAVOYNE.—At Warwick, N. Y., March 14, 1912, William H. Chardavoyne. Funeral from his late residence Monday, March 18, at 1:30 o'clock.

DAVISON.—At New Brunswick, N. J., on Wednesday, March 13, 1912, Sarah Wetherel Schenck, widow of the late John J. Davison, in the 79th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. John Christopher Meyer, Highland Park, New Brunswick, on Monday, March 18, 1912, at 2:45 P. M.

GALBRAITH.—Caroline A., wife of John C. Galbraith. Funeral service at her late residence, 155 West 63d St., on Saturday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

HOFFMAN.—On March 13, 1912, at his late residence, 67 West 73d St., Daniel Hoffman, in his 81st year. Funeral private.

HOWARD.—Suddenly, in Paris, France, Alan P. Howard of Boston, in his 39th year. Interment private.

JONES.—At the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank L. Catlin, Maplewood, N. J., Tuesday, March 12, 1912, Caroline M., wife of the late John E. Jones, in her 68th year. Funeral service at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Harry T. Clark, Jr., 1,083A Prospect Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday evening, March 15, at 8 o'clock.

KARSTENS.—Henrietta, entered into rest March 13, 1912.

KINGSLEY.—On Sunday, March 10, at Mississippi City, Miss., Rachel M., beloved wife of Dr. Orrin D. Kingsley. Funeral services from her late residence, 19 North Broadway, White Plains, N. Y., on Friday, March 15, at 3 P. M.

KNAPP.—At Wernersville, Penn., on March 12, Charles Banks Knapp, son of the late Shepherd F. Knapp, formerly of New York City. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery on Friday, March 15, at 2 P. M.

LAWLOR.—March 14, 1912, Michael H. Lawlor, at his late home, 104 Broadway, Flushing, N. Y. Funeral from the above address on Saturday, March 16, 1912, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Michael's Church, where a requiem mass will be offered for the happy repose of his soul. Interment Mount St. Mary Cemetery.

LEE.—On Tuesday, March 12, 1912, Mabel Kershaw Lee, wife of Dr. Burton J. Lee. Funeral service will be held at her late residence, 128 East 73d St., on Friday, March 15, 1912, at 2 P. M.

MEURY.—Rev. Emil A. Meury, D. D., suddenly, at Christ Hospital, Jersey City, N. J., March 13, 1912. Funeral on Sunday at 1:30 P. M., Second Reformed Church, Summit Av. and Hutton St., Jersey City.

PHILBRICK.—Edwin C., on March 14, at his residence, 301 West 106th St., after a short illness. Funeral on Saturday, March 16, 2 P. M., at St. Stephen's Church, 69th St., near Broadway. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery.

PHIPPS.—March 14, 1912, Theodore Phipps, aged 30. Funeral from STEPHEN MERRITT'S NEW CHAPEL, 8th Av., near 21st St., Friday afternoon.

RUBINSKY.—On Thursday, March 14, 1912, Amelia Rubinsky, 53 years old, passed away, beloved wife of John L. and mother of Ben, Moe, Lillie, Rose, and Joseph. Funeral from her late residence, 145 East Broadway, Friday at 9 A. M.

RUSSELL.—On Thursday, March 14, at his home, 425 West End Av., Charles Hazen Russell. Notice of funeral hereafter.

SANDS.—At Montclair, N. J., March 14, 1912, William Phoebus Sands, at his late residence, Claremont Av., Montclair, N. J. Funeral service Saturday, March 16, at 3 P. M., at the Church of Incarnation, Gates Av., near Franklin Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

SPENCER.—On March 14, Lorillard Spencer, at 7 East 86th St., in his 52d year. Funeral service at St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Sq. and 16th St., Saturday, March 16, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

TUCKER.—At 148 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., in the 63d year of her age, Miss Mary Z. Tucker, sister of Mrs. Alfred G. Reeves. Funeral and interment at Millville, N. J., Saturday, March 16, at 2 P. M.

UNTERMEYER.—On March 13, Carrie, beloved wife of Henry Untermeyer and mother of Melville and Walter Untermeyer and Rita U. Werner. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

VOELCKEL.—Suddenly, Wednesday, March 13, Louise Voelckel, beloved wife of Emil Voelckel. Funeral services Friday, March 15, 8 P. M., at late home, 1,780 Bussing Av., Bronx. Interment private.

WALD.—Henry M., beloved husband of Rebecca Wald (nee Gilbert,) on the 9th inst., in Los Angeles, Cal.

WYLIE.—At Montclair, N. J., March 12, Christina Sharp Wylie, widow of George S. Wylie, after a short illness. Funeral private.

BROWN.—Jeannie, 263 West 152d St., March 12.

BURGIESER.—Bertha, 217 East 57th St., March 12. Funeral to-day.

BURNS.—Elizabeth, 299 East 146th St., March 12, aged 56. Funeral service to-day.

EFFRIGE.—Mary, 179 Varick St., March 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

GOLDEN.—Adell, March 12. Funeral 1,365 St. Nicholas Av.

HEALY.—George, 238 East 63d St., aged 23. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HENE.—Charles L., 1,662 Holland Av., Van Nest, March 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HENRY.—Maria, Rosebank, March 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

Died.

JACKSON.—Abraham L., 1,443 5th Av., March 13, aged 80.

KANE.—Catherine, 320 East 57th St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

LEE.—Margaret, 531 West 152d St., March 12. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

LE VINESS.—Ella M., 2,142 7th Av., March 13. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

MADDEN.—John, 333 East 22d St., March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

MAY.—Jennie, 1,427 Madison Av., March 13, aged 43.

MEAGHER.—John J., 352 East 82d St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MEYER.—Albert, 149 West 14th St., March 13, aged 86. Funeral private.

MULLANE.—Gertrude, 510 Manhattan Av., March 12. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

NESBIT.—Mary A., 380 East 137th St., March 12. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

OHLWEILER.—Gustave, Jr., 2,193 7th Av., March 13.

PECK.—Alice E., 201 West 122d St., March 13. Funeral private.

PEYERL.—Louise, 497 East 138th St., March 13, aged 75. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

QUINN.—Ellen, 367 West 48th St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

REHN.—Matilda K., 65 West 143d St., March 12. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

SAMS.—Adam, 1,034 2d Av., March 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCHADT.—Margaretha, 873 Macy Place, Bronx, March 13. Funeral service to-morrow.

SCHROFF.—William, 604 East 168th St., March 12. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

Brooklyn.

CAMPBELL.—George W., 253 Cumberland St., May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

EDWARDSEN.—Ingeborg S., 149 Sullivan St., March 13. Funeral March 17.

FARRELL.—Thomas J., 449 56th St., March 14. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

HARRINGTON.—William G., 229 Court St., March 14. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—Bernard, 186 Snyder Av., March 13, aged 74. Funeral to-day.

McCORMACK.—John, 155 5th Av., March 12. Funeral to-day.

McKAY.—Daisy S., 825 Halsey St., March 12. Funeral to-day.

McLOUGHLIN.—Martha, 223 North 7th St., March 13.

MONTAGUE.—Thomas F., 405 Van Buren St., March 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MORCH.—Wilhelmine, 97 South 9th St., March 13. Funeral March 17.

PEIDEMANN.—Frederick J., 575 Dean St., March 13, aged 55.

POPP.—Sebastian, 1,290 Putnam Av., March 13, aged 67. Funeral to-morrow.

PURDY.—Anna, 461 Pulaski St., March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

RAEMER.—Louise E., 124 Miller Av., March 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—Howard, 25 St. Mark's Av., March 13. Funeral service to-day.

TOOTHILL.—John, 107 Hall St., March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WITTIG.—Louise, 619 Hart St., March 12, aged 35. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WRIGHT.—Cora E., 1,444 Broadway, March 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

ALZMANN.—Gussie, Ridgewood, March 11, aged 2.

CONNOLLY.—Mary S., Rockaway Beach, March 11, aged 57.

DECKINGER.—Florence, Jamaica, March 13, aged 1.

GRASSICKE.—Matilda C., Evergreen, March 12, aged 11.

HOEPPNER.—Wilhelmina, 464 Broadway, Long Island City, March 12, aged 90.

IRION.—Augustus G., 115 Vernon Av., Long Island City, March 12, aged 69.

KANE.—Andrew, Elmhurst, March 11, aged 58.

KRULDER.—Margaret, 97 Jackson Av., Long Island City, March 12. Funeral to-day.

MARTIN.—Agnes V., Corona, March 12. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

NELSON.—John, Rockaway Beach, March 12, aged 38.

SAMBROTTO.—Michael, Maspeth, March 13, aged 74.

SCHMIDT.—Mary, Jamaica, March 12, aged 62.

SCHULZ.—Albert, Union Course, March 11, aged 62.

SORRENTRO.—Lucia, Jamaica, March 12, aged 59.

STEWART.—Joseph, Elmhurst, March 12, aged 43.

WELSH.—Dorothy, 14 Prometcha Av., Corona, March 12.

Connecticut.

BROWN.—Orrin M., New London, March 12.

BULL.—William, Circleville, March 13, aged 91.

CARROLL.—Bridget S., New Haven, March 13, aged 86.

CAVANAUGH.—Mary D., Hartford, March 13.

CHIDSEY.—Louise A., Hartford, March 12, aged 57.

CRANE.—Lydia A., Rainbow, March 13, aged 87.

HUTT.—Albert W., New Haven, March 13, aged 57. Funeral to-morow, 1 P. M.

MAHON.—John W., Hartford, March 12, aged 42.

MILLER.—Mary, Winsted, March 12, aged 59.

PIERCE.—George, Danbury, March 13.

ROSE.—Harriett E., New Haven, March 13, aged 72. Funeral to-day.

SMITH.—Horace C., New Haven, March 12, aged 26.

SHELDON.—King T., Winsted, March 13, aged 66.

SPRENGER.—Dr. William E., New Haven, March 12, aged 63.

New Jersey.

ALPAUGH.—George N., Whitehouse, March 12, aged 77.

BANNEN.—Patrick, Newark, March 12. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

BRASCH.—Carrie D., Newark, March 13. Funeral service to-day.

CONOVER.—James M., Summit, March 13, aged 52.

CANTRELL.—Mary J., Belleville, March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

CARMAN.—Harriet, Boonton, March 13. Funeral to-day.

CARLTON.—Jennie F., Newark, March 13.

DALEY.—Florence K., Paterson, March 12.

COOK.—Mary E., 280 8th Av., Newark, March 13, aged 81. Funeral to-morrow, noon.

DRESSLER.—Anna F., Irvington, March 13, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DURYEE.—Lorraina A., Vailsburg, March 13, aged 10. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

EDDY.—Eliza B., Elizabeth, March 13, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

EDGE.—James F., Ocean Grove, March 13. Funeral service to-morrow.

ESPOSITO.—Rose, 85 West 22d St., Bayonne, March 12, aged 42.

FREIBOURG.—Oscar L., 31 Bayview Av., Jersey City, March 13.

FROSER.—Elizabeth, 130 West 20th St., Bayonne, March 12, aged 1.

HALTON.—Norah, 141 Garfield Av., Jersey City, March 13, aged 41. Funeral to-morrow.

HERRING.—John R., Park Ridge, March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

HINCHMAN.—Clement, Long Branch, March 13, aged 62.

HUGHES.—Elizabeth M., Fanwood, March 13. Funeral notice later.

LENDRIM.—Catherine, Paterson, March 12, aged 46. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McWILLIAMS.—Isabella, 151 Park Av., Paterson, March 12.

MERSHON.—George, Bordentown, March 13, aged 85.

MERZ.—Max, Newark, March 13, aged 50. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—David, Paterson, March 12.

MORRELL.—John, Jersey City, March 13, aged 84.

MUNDAY.—Catherine, 92 Boyden St., Newark, March 13.

O'CONNELL.—Thomas, 311 Willow Av., Hoboken, March 13. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

OLTMANN.—Minna, Newark, March 13. Funeral service to-day.

PANSING.—Fred, 124 Sip Av., Jersey City, March 13. Funeral to-morrow.

POINTNER.—Margareth, Hilton, March 13, aged 55.

PRENDERGAST.—Abina, 24 Jefferson St., Newark, March 14.

REGER.—Job C., Centre, March 12, aged 86.

RONZA.—Michael, 6 Trimbly Place, Bayonne, March 13, aged 17. Funeral to-day.

SAUER.—Mrs. Eugene, 105 New York Av., Newark, March 12.

SECKENDORF.—Gertrude H., 892 Clinton Av., Newark, March 12.

SLOAN.—James L., Belleville, March 12, aged 26. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

THOMAS.—Herman, 568 Jersey Av., Jersey City, March 13. Funeral service to-day.

New York State.

MOORE.—John W., Nyack, March 12, aged 76.

MOORE.—Kathryn A., Peekskill, March 13, aged 31.

O'REILLY.—Edward, Kingston, March 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

TOMPKINS.—Mary E., Peekskill, March 13. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

VAN VLECK.—Harriet, Humphreysville, March 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

FARRINGTON.—Martin, mass St. Aloysius's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

SCALES.—Minnie F., mass St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

STEINLIN.—Alfred C., mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

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CEMETERIES.

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RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY, Broadway at 120th St. Eight Public Lectures on "Religion and Thought in Ancient Egypt" by Prof. JAMES H. BREASTED, Ph. D., of the University of Chicago, at five o'clock.

Friday, March 15—The Origins: Nature and the State in their Impression on Religion.

Monday, March 18—The Hereafter: Death and Its Impression on Religion.

Wednesday, March 20—The Realms of the Dead.

Friday, March 22—The Emergence of the Moral Sense.

Monday, March 25—The Social Forces and Their Impression on Religion.

Wednesday, March 27—The Triumph of Osiris: Conscience and the Book of the Dead.

Friday, March 29—The World-State and Its Impression on Religion: The Earliest Monotheism.

Monday, April 1—Personal Piety; Sacerdotalism and Final Decadence.

NEW HEWITT CURRENT FOR RAILWAY POWER

Inventor Announces That His System Will Drive Trains Long Distances.

CURRENT IS A DIRECT ONE

Operating Stations Need Not Be Nearer Together Than 200 Miles —Great Results Expected.

Peter Cooper Hewitt, son of the late Abram S. Hewitt and grandson of Peter Cooper, inventor of the electrical lamp that bears his name, announced yesterday that after several years' work he has invented a vacuum transformer by which it is now possible to change an alternating electrical current into a direct current, by which trains can be operated entirely by electricity with the power stations 200 miles apart.

The inventor says that with this direct current trains can be operated between New York and Chicago with only three or four intervening power stations, while it will be possible to operate them across the continent.

The invention has been tested by the Westinghouse Company in Pittsburgh, and these tests, it is said, give every indication of accomplishing all that Mr. Hewitt expects. He has named the current the "Negative Reluctance." With this new current, he says, trains will be able to make a speed of 100 miles an hour, and its perfection may mean the eventual electrification of every railroad in the United States. On a line from New York to New Orleans probably not more than half a dozen power stations would be needed, while to San Francisco probably not more than fifteen power plans would be required.

Mr. Hewitt was seen in his workshop in the Madison Square Garden Tower yesterday afternoon. He talked freely of "Negative Reluctance," and said he believed it would revolutionize railroading in this country when it is fully developed.

"The current," said Mr. Hewitt, "is a vacuum transformer, by means of which we can change an alternating electric current into a direct current. The rectifier makes possible the use of the alternating current transformer in connection with the direct current systems. It acts like an ordinary check valve in a water pipe, permitting the current to flow in one direction and prohibiting its flow in the other.

"In order that these direct current impulses shall come so close together as to be practically a direct current it is only necessary to increase the number of alternating currents and have them at different phases or periods.

"This invention of mine is several years old, but not until now have I felt justified in stating that it is applicable to the enormous power required for railroad purposes. To-day, as a result of demonstrations made by the Westinghouse Company in Pittsburgh, I feel justified in saying that it can be used for power of any magnitude."

Mr. Hewitt made his discovery of the new current while working on the Cooper Hewitt lamp. Years ago, he said, Prof. Roentgen warned scientists that his X-ray was but one of many fugitive phenomena to be found in a Crooke's tube. His invention, he says, is simply one of these phenomena that is of great commercial value.

"The possibilities of the current I believe to be so great that most of the railroads will eventually take it up, and I think they will hardly wait for their present equipment to get out of date before adopting it. It would be cheaper for them to turn over to electricity and use the direct current without delay. I am of the opinion that enough energy goes to waste in a manufacturing city like Connellsville, Penn., in the form of escaping gas from the great coke ovens to furnish the power to operate several big railroad lines.

"But it will take capital to do all this, and as long as this agitation against capital goes on we need not expect that co-operation which ought to exist between capital and labor, which, after all, are the best of friends if they only knew it. I believe that everything possible should be done to make our working people more efficient, for in that way alone may they expect a permanent increase in wages. The thing that makes man supreme is brain, not brawn."

Mr. Hewitt has another invention under trial in France. It is an apparatus for the purification of dirty water by means of ultra-violet rays emitted by his new quartz lamp.

HE'D DRIVE CARS THROUGH AIR.

Inventor Thinks He'll Work Wonders with "Electro-Magnetic Levitation."

In a little shop where there wasn't a single big man of science, though several, it was said, had been invited, reporters were introduced yesterday afternoon to a puzzling, if not wonderful, new method of rapid transit—gravitationless, frictionless, electrical—the Bachelet method of electro-magnetic levitated transportation, which, if half of what its inventor expects of it is realized, will presently send whole carloads of passengers whizzing on invisible waves of electro-magnetism through space anywhere from 300 to 1,000 miles an hour. The bare announcement, much less such a ride, was enough to make spectators catch their breath.

Emile Bachelet, the inventor, is innocent of college or university degrees in science. In 1894 he says he was State electrician at Tacoma, Wash., and also city electrician. Later he came to New York, where he says he invented a magnetic wave machine which, it was modestly explained, cures all the diseases of blood circulation. He said he had cured two of his own children of scarlet fever and diphtheria by the machine. But he disclaimed any further connection with the company now operating it than that he receives royalties from its use. It is used, he said, in ever so many hospitals, the names of which might be learned from the company, but were not obtainable at his shop.

His latest invention, on which he says he has spent eighteen years and procured patents in sixteen countries, but for which he has as yet no capital or operating company, is a method of transportation that "eliminates the force of gravity, sustains any desired amount of weight by means of electro-magnetic repulsion, causes the weight so sustained to move laterally at will with great speed by means of electro-magnetic attraction or otherwise, and eliminates all friction except that of the atmosphere." He said he would prove it right there in his shop at 180 East Third Street, Mount Vernon.

Before starting his model car, Mr. Bachelet showed the elementary principles of his invention by placing a pierced aluminium plate, half an inch thick, on a sort of brass pigeonhole file, over a bobbin or coil of insulated wire. Then he turned on an electric alternating current through a synchronized interrupter. Off popped the aluminium plate, soaring straight upward.

Thereafter Mr. Bachelet levitated an aluminium plate an eighth of an inch thick, and above it on the same file a brass plate of equal thickness. He fetched a glass bowl of water, containing an aluminium plate, with several live goldfish swimming above it. He placed the bowl above the coil and turned on the current. The aluminium plate rose smoothly out of the water, and as the fish dodged under it, hovered motionless in the air above the bowl.

While he was unwilling to prophesy with any degree of definiteness just what his invention could do in a practical way, he declared it could create for experimental purposes a speed of 1,000 miles an hour. Mr. Wheeler added that he had figured out the precise operating cost of such a levitational-electro-magnetic railway.

"It would cost us 8 cents to lift 100 pounds and maintain it in the air for an hour," he said.

Mr. Bachelet said he has not yet attempted to put his patent on the market.

ROOSEVELT ON TRUST SUITS.

Control of Big Business, Not "Impotent Methods" Needed, He Says.

In a two-page editorial article in the current number of The Outlook, Col. Roosevelt says that what this country ought to do is to quit its present "impotent methods" of trying to strangle business by a succession of lawsuits which either punish inadequately or, as in the recent Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases, "actually benefit" the real offenders.

Col. Roosevelt points out that the Republican Party, in its platform four years ago, declared that experience had shown that the Sherman law could be effectively strengthened by amendments, but that absolutely nothing had since been done by the party to live up to the pledge implied in this plank.

"Our laws to-day do not prevent overcapitalization or the flagrant abuse of business power," says Col. Roosevelt. "There is urgent need that they be made both more definite and more efficient."

The editorial is entitled "The Conservation of Business—Shall We Strangle or Control It?" and begins by stating that: "Our people will no longer tolerate the unbridled, unregulated, potential power that enables a group of men who find themselves in a strong position to put up prices and squeeze the consumer for their own pecuniary advantage; or the almost equally mischievous extreme of a similar group of men who, finding themselves in a position of great potential power, get to fighting among themselves and wreak their vengeance on each other, for personal prestige or gain, by so cutting and slashing prices as to bring failure in their wake, or else a serious reduction in wages."

"There should be absolute clearness of the law," the editorial goes on, "and there should be a competent administrative body to do for the world of industrial production what the Inter-State Commerce Commission has done for the world of industrial transportation. It should be the policy of the Government clearly to define and punish wrong-doing, to give in advance full information to every man just what he can and just what he cannot legally do.

"It is idle to trust such regulation merely to the effort to prohibit all combinations, and thereby to restore the conditions of sixty years ago. Nothing can be accomplished in this manner. Nor is it wise to trust only to a succession of lawsuits for removing the evils of monopoly and the like. The effort to strangle big business has been successful chiefly to the extent of alarming all business, and has not been successful as regards thoroughly and adequately controlling the very kinds of big business which it is most urgently necessary thus to control."

Col. Roosevelt concludes that the reason Wall Street prefers an indefinite continuance of the Government's present "succession of impotent lawsuits" as a method of trust busting instead of effective amendment of the Sherman law is "revealed with unconscious clearness" in the account which THE NEW YORK TIMES, "one of the chief newspaper supporters of Wall Street policies," gave of the big coup which Standard Oil insiders made a week ago by a delay in announcing a $29,000,000 dividend.

"When such a state of affairs results from a successful suit under the Anti-Trust act it is small wonder that Wall Street regards the act with derision," Col. Roosevelt remarks.

HYDE'S TRIAL SET FOR APR. 1.

Justice Davis May Hold It and Hyde Issues a Protest.

Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday fixed April 1 as the date of the trial of ex-City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde, who is under indictment for bribery in connection with the $300,000 larceny from the Carnegie Trust Company.

Hyde appeared in court yesterday with Max D. Steuer, John B. Stanchfield, and Gustav Rogers, his counsel, while Assistant District Attorneys Frank Moss and John Kilkland Clark appeared for the people.

It is understood that Justice Vernon M. Davis, who presided over the trials of William J. Cummins, who was convicted of grand larceny in the Carnegie Trust case, and Joseph B. Reichman, who was convicted of making a false report to the State Banking Department, will preside over the Hyde trial.

After the court proceedings Mr. Hyde issued a statement against the protests of his counsel, in which he said that he wanted his trial to be set down for the March term because he had heard that Justice Davis had been assigned to hold the April term. He declared also that the reason he had moved for a change of venue in January was because if he had been tried at that time the trial would have been held by Justice Davis. All the delay in th ecase, he intimated, was due to efforts by the prosecutor to have Justice Davis try him.

Mr. Hyde said that one reason he did not wish to be tried before Justice Davis was that he would never want a case to go before a Judge that the other side was so anxious to get it before. He made note of the fact that his friend, Mayor Gaynor, had once criticised some of Judge Davis's appointments, but admitted that he knew of no reason why Justice Davis should not give him a fair trial.

Mr. Hyde also expressed some bitterness over the action of presiding Justice Ingraham, of the Appellate Division in granting a stay of an order made by Justice McCall transferring his case to General Ssessions, an order that was upset on appeals.

Mr. Hyde seemed to think that the District Attorney had gone to unusual lengths to have him tried before Justice Davis and he declared that if he found that the District Attorney had any real purpose in the course he had pursued he would take any step necessary to prevent being tried before Justice Davis in April.

4-LEAF CLOVER LUNCHEON.

Hawaiian Singers Entertain Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken's Guests.

Mrs. S. Stanwood Menken gave the second of her two four-leaf clover luncheons yesterday. The decorations of four-leaf clovers and the miniature garden scene were the same as for the first luncheon on Wednesday, and each of the seventeen guests received, as did those of the first luncheon, gold four-leaf clover pins with pearl centres. The Hawaiian dancers and musicians from "The Bird of Paradise" company played and danced, and flung their flower chains over the guests, and Mrs. Menken's small son recited.

The guests were Mrs. Edgar Marston, Mrs. George Vanderhoef, Mrs. Henry Bischoff, Mrs. W. C. Demorest, Mrs. Emil Stehli, Mrs. Jabish Holmes, Mrs. William M. C. Fleitmann, Mrs. Carl Goepel, Mrs. Daniel Bacon, Mrs. John Aspegren, Mrs. Robert Morris, Mrs. Stephen C. Millett, Mrs. Emil Boas, Mrs. Alexander Ward, Mrs. Arthur von Breisen, Mrs. J. J. Manning, and Miss Alice Richard.

MI-CAREME IN PARIS.

More Elaborate Celebration Than Usual—Floats from Nice Carnival.

PARIS, March 14.—The Mi-Carême fêtes were begun to-day with even greater zest than in previous year, and the parade was more elaborate than usual.

A feature of the parade was the magnificent floats which figured at the Nice Carnival.

The boulevards were crowded to-night with confetti throwers.

Fifteenth Annual Exhibition
Ten American Painters
Montross Gallery
550 Fifth Ave., above 45th St.
Admission Free

WARNS GOVERNMENT OF ELECTRIC GROUP

Grip on Power Sites, Railroads, and Banks Revealed by Herbert Knox Smith.

URGES SEIZURE OF SITES

Necessary, Commissioner of Corporations Tells Taft, to Prevent Monopolization.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Concentration of control over water powers by large interests in important localities is increasing so rapidly that Herbert Knox Smith, Commissioner of Corporations, has reported to President Taft that the Government should preserve title to the remaining power sites and develop them to prevent a possible monopolization of public utility companies.

A full report of the Commissioner's investigation of water power development was presented to the President to-day.

Commissioner Smith directs particular attention to the increasing affiliation of water power concerns and public service agencies, such as street railway and lighting corporations, and oftentimes banks as well. The connection between such concerns he regards of serious public significance. The concentration of control over water powers, the Commissioner declares, is exercised partly by direct ownership of stock, but mainly through interlocking directorates. Regarding interlocking directorates, Mr. Smith says:

General Electric Power.

A more general relationship of a sort not peculiar to water power, but nevertheless of broad public significance, is best illustrated in the General Electric Company. Men who are officers or Directors in that company or of its three wholly controlled subsidiaries are also officers and Directors in many other corporations. These other companies, with their subsidiaries, and with the General Electric and its subsidiaries, make a far-reaching group thus interconnected by active personal and financial relationship.

This one group of interrelationships controls or influences 24 corporations that operate hydro-electric plants, over 50 public service corporations, not counting as many minor subsidiaries; more than a dozen railroads, numerous industrial corporations, and, finally, over 50 banks and financial houses, many of them in the first rank of importance. About twenty "General Electric" men in all constitute most of this chain of connection, three of those being members of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., which is generally regarded as the dominant interest in the General Electric Company. These connections in no sense always mean control by the General Electric Company, or even identity of policy. They do, however, mean a striking degree of community of interest.

Fears a Great Monopoly.

The rapidly increasing concentration of water power control, about which the Commissioner sounds a warning, may become, he says, the nucleus for a monopoly of both water and steam power. If the water power cannot meet the entire demand of a given locality he points out that the owners can acquire auxiliary fuel plants and handle water and fuel power over the same distributing lines, and thus a complete commercial power monopoly might gradually be built up—in fact, already exists in a number of communities.

Ten great groups of interests, with the General Electric Company as the most powerful, are declared by Commissioner Smith to control about 60 per cent. of the developed commercial water power of the United States. These ten groups themselves are more or less interrelated with resultant growing community of interests.

The General Electric interests, the report says, control or influence 939,000 horse power of developed water power in eighteen different States and 640,000 horse power of undeveloped resources, a grand total of more than 1,500,000 horse power.

Next are the Stone & Webster interests, which either own or strongly influence 278,000 horse power chiefly in connection with public service concerns.

They exercise control largely through management rather than ownership of more than fifty-five or sixty companies. Eight have water power, the largest being on the Mississippi River and in the Puget Sound region.

The other groups are the Hydraulic Power Company of Niagara Falls, 144,000 horse power; the Pacific Gas and Electric Company, with 118,000 horse power developed; the Southern Power Company, 101,000 horse power, which owns the great bulk of the commercially developed power in South Carolina; the S. Morgan Smith interests, (Georgia,) 76,000 horse power; the Brady interests, (Tennessee,) 70,000 horse power; the United Missouri River Power Company, 65,000 horse power, which, with the Butte Electric Power Company, (General Electric group,) practically dominates the power situation in Montana, and the Tulleride Power Company, (Colorado, Idaho, and Utah,) 56,000 horse power. The last-named nine interests also include under their influence 887,000 horse power undeveloped.

Urges Immediate Action.

Mr. Smith, urging the immediate formulation of a definite policy of developing the remaining water power sites on the public domain, recommends, generally speaking, that the Government retain the ultimate control of these sites. They should be developed at once, he declares, not only to conserve the fuel supply of the country, but because they are fast passing into private control. It is estimated that the water power now in use saves 33,000,000 tons of coal annually, and, Mr. Smith adds, the water power resource is not expended in its using.

The problem of development, the Commissioner continues, cannot be solved by fixing by law the selling price of water power by itself, which, in any event, will be controlled by the cost of fuel power. Recognizing that the most efficient use of water power requires a considerable degree of unified control, the Commissioner makes this recommendation for the development of public water powers:

"The public can either develop and operate the sites, selling the energy at market rates, or the public may lease the sites at a rental fairly representing its natural value." The Commissioner favors the rental system.

There are fifteen directors of the General Electric Company, two of whom, J. Pierpont Morgan and Charles Steele, are members of J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. The others are Gordon Abbott, Oliver Ames, C. A. Coffin, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., George P. Gardner, C. P. Hamilton, Henry L. Higginson, J. P. Ord, Robert Treat Paine, 2nd, Marsden J. Perry, E. W. Rice, Jr., S. L. Schoonmaker and B. E. Sunny. The President is C. A. Coffin and the vice-presidents are E. W. Rice, Jr., Hinsdill Parsons and J. R. Lovejoy.

Mr. Morgan is a director of about forty-six transportation companies, most of them small lines of the New York Central system, but including also the New York, New Haven & Hartford. Both the Central and New Haven have spent many millions in electrifying their suburban lines out of New York. He is also the most influential director of the United States Steel Corporation. Mr. Steele is a director in the Atchison, New Jersey Central, Chicago Great Western, Erie, Lehigh Valley, Northern Pacific, Southern and other lines. He is also on the United States Steel Board.

Oliver Ames of Boston is an active director in the Harriman roads. Mr. Coffin is a director in a number of electric power companies and is in the American Locomotive Company. C. P. Hamilton is connected with the Public Utilities Corporation of Boston. Marsden J. Perry, who is chairman of the Electric Bond & Share Company, is a director in the Norfolk Southern and several electrical companies. S. L. Schoonmaker is on the board of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company, the Western Electric and the Norfolk Southern. B. E. Sunny heads the Chicago Telephone Company.

INQUIRY INTO WRECK.

Investigations to Fix Responsibility for Accident to Twentieth Century.

Three investigations were begun yesterday to determine the nature of the defect in the broken rail which caused the wreck of the Twentieth Century Limited, between Hyde Park and Poughkeepsie, on Wednesday, when five cars of the flier were thrown into the Hudson.

The first investigation was started by three agents of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, who hurried to the scene of the accident on Wednesday night to get evidence while it was still to be had. The second investigation is undertaken by the Public Service Commission, and the third by engineers of the New York Central. The Inter-State Commerce Commission agents in a preliminary report yesterday declared that a defective rail was the cause of the accident.

At the offices of the Lackawanna Steel Company, which made the rail that broke, it was said that the steel rail was of the best grade, 100-pound weight, and had undergone the proper test for that grade and weight. It was denied that the break was due to any inherent defect in the steel.

Dr. P. H. Dudley, consulting engineer for the New York Central lines, thought that the cold weather, the coldest, he said, in twenty years, was indirectly responsible for the accident. It was also suggested that the carbon content of the steel in making the rails was too low.

"Our cars stood the test," said one officer of the company. "Our roadbed is of the best, and as for a broken rail, that is likely to happen anywhere and can't be helped or found until a smash comes."

The dispute between railroad men and steel men relative to the cause of breakage in steel rails was considered a month ago at a meeting representing both interests, called by E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, to consider the subject of improving if possible the character and quality of rails. The steel men insisted that they were blameless in that the rails were furnished on specifications; while the railroads replied that since the five-year guarantee was withdrawn by the steel mills the character of the rails was so debased in the competition for increased output that specifications became unnecessary. A committee of railroad men and manufacturers appointed to bring about co-operation in improving the quality of steel rails will meet about March 20.

FIGHT FOR CANADA TRAFFIC.

Rate War Expected Between Rival Steamship Lines.

The agents of the Russian-American line in this city announced yesterday that the steamers of this line would in the future stop at Halifax on their way from Libau and Rotterdam to New York to land passengers and freight. The Uranium Line has been doing this for some time as the tendency of immigration now from Europe is to Canadian ports; Montreal and Quebec in summer and Halifax and St. John, N. B., in the winter.

There will be eight steamship lines competing for the Canadian traffic this season and there is a possibility of a rate war, as the Canadian Pacific Railroad controls the Allan Line and forms the biggest fleet in the trade. It is understood in shipping circles that the forces of the Canadian Pacific will be centered on the White Star-Dominion line to Canada. The railroad is having three twenty-two knot steamships built on the Clyde.

Failure on Consolidated Exchange.

The failure of Stanley M. Moran, a floor trader on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, to meet his clearing house balance was announced yesterday. His transactions were on a small scale, and the suspension caused no embarrassment on the floor. He was a trader for his own account. He has been a member of the Exchange since Nov. 6, 1890.

SURPRISES DEFENSE IN SUGAR TRUST SUIT

Government Calls Lawyer Harned, Under Indictment and Codefendant, as a Witness.

COMPELS HIM TO TESTIFY

While He Protests Indictment Against Him Is Quashed—He Tells About $1,250,000 Loan to Segal.

District Attorney Wise sprang an unpleasant surprise on the defense in the Sugar Trust trial before Judge Hand, in the Federal District Court yesterday, by suddenly calling one of the defendants, Thomas B. Harned, to the stand. Mr. Harned found himself a Government witness against his will, and it was clear that his co-defendants were much exercised over the turn the trial had suddenly taken. Mr. Harned was the attorney for Segal at the time that the $1,250,000 loan was made to him, by means of which the Government contends the American Sugar Refining Company obtained control of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company.

He had conferences with John E. Parsons in connection with the loan, and was presumably able to give testimony to back up the written evidence, of which, judging by the number of documents that have been identified, the Government has more than enough. It is understood that Mr. Wise is reluctant to call Segal, and both yesterday and the day before De Lancey Nicoll brought up the probability of his absence in an attempt to discredit the prosecution, but now it seems that Mr. Harned may provide enough spoken evidence to make the lack of Segal's testimony unimportant.

It was nearing the hour of adjournment when Mr. Wise suddenly called for Thomas B. Harned. The man himself was so surprised that he sank back in his chair after he had instinctively risen as he heard his name. William Leary, the Clerk of the court, called him a second and a third time, and then Harned's counsel, Leavitt J. Hunt, sprang up in protest.

"I don't suppose Mr. Harned has any power to prevent this," he said. "But he has no desire to win immunity by giving testimony for the prosecution and wishes to remain a defendant. If he has any power in this matter, he would prefer to have the jury pass on his case."

Harned Cleared in a Second.

"I propose," said Mr. Wise, "to call Mr. Harned and made him a witness for the Government. I move, therefore, to nolle pros the indictment against him."

"But Mr. Harned," protested Mr. Hunt, "has for three years been under indictment and has been held up with the other defendants as a criminal conspirator. He refuses to have the case against him quashed and wants a verdict from these men."

De Lancey Nicoll broke in with a legal objection as to the immunity that would be granted if a witness were not subpoenaed. Mr. Wise replied that that was easily settled, and dispatched a messenger for a subpoena, to be served formally on Mr. Harned.

On Mr. Wise's motion, the indictment of Harned was quashed, and the court took a brief recess, during which counsel for the defense conferred with Judge Hand. When Mr. Harned was finally called to the stand he protested that he was entitled to some privileges in the court and asked that some satisfaction be given him for the three years he had been under indictment.

The result was that the court declared the jury should be instructed to acquit him formally, and District Attorney Wise began his examination by entering on the record that he was giving evidence under subpoena.

The first question asked him had to do with the affairs of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company, the Champion Construction Company, and the Majestic Apartment House Company. In particular he was asked whether he was familiar with the voting trust agreement of the Sugar Refining Company.

Agreement to Hold Independence.

Evidence about this had been given earlier in the day by William C. Pollack of the Real Estate Trust Company of Philadelphia. This appeared to be an agreement to preserve the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company from being absorbed by any other concern. The stock was deposited with Frank K. Hippel, President of the Real Estate Trust Company, and was to be voted by a committee of three. One of these was to represent the minority stockholders, the other the 26,000 shares owned by Segal, and the third, who was never actually named, was to act on behalf of the interests which advanced the money the sugar company stood in need of.

Then the witness began to tell what he knew of the $1,250,000 loan, which the American Sugar Refining Company made to Segal. He came to this city from Philadelphia about Dec. 20, 1903, and met Segal at the Waldorf. The next day he saw him again. They got into a cab, without Segal's saying where they were going, and drove down to the home of Gustav Kissel, who negotiated the loan, in Sixteenth Street, west of Broadway.

"What did Kissel say?" asked Mr. Wise.

"He told Mr. Segal that he could get him enough money," the witness replied, "but on three conditions: You must not care where the money comes from; it must be enough to tide you over your difficulties, and the bond and stock of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company should be put up as collateral."

"Was anything said at this meeting," asked Mr. Wise, "about closing the new Philadelphia refinery?"

"Yes, Mr. Kissel said it would be better to let the construction stop, as even with a large loan it would not be enough to supply working capital. There would be no difficulty in getting more money to start the refinery later on, Mr. Kissel assured Segal."

Segal Gives Up Control.

It was also arranged that Segal should give up the control of the sugar company, and the witness told how he had remonstrated with Segal, and Segal had replied that he, the witness, was a resourceful man and ought to know how to raise money on the Pennsylvania company's stock, as it must be raised somehow.

Then Kissel said that they must meet John E. Parsons, and they all three went down to his office. There the affairs of the Pennsylvania company were explained to the Sugar Trust lawyer, and he was informed that Segal could not deliver the Pennsylvania company's stock. Mr. Parsons, according to the witness, replied that it was not then any good going on with the negotiations, and Harned replied that if the delivery of the actual stock was impossible there was noting to prevent the handing over of the voting trust certificates.

Takes All the Blame Himself.

"It was my scheme," said Mr. Harned. "I'll take all the blame."

"What's that? What's that?" asked Mr. Nicoll.

"He says he'll take all the blame," replied Mr. Wise, and then went on to ask whether Mr. Parsons had said that unless he had the consent of the minority stockholders he would not go on.

"I don't recall," said Mr. Harned, "but anything wrong was my fault, and not Mr. Parsons's."

Then the District Attorney put in evidence a memorandum with regard to the loan to Segal, the most important clauses of which referred to the means of keeping the voting trust in the power of the lender of the $1,250,000 so long as the loan lasted, and suggested a form of resolution with reference to keeping the Philadelphia refinery closed.

Mr. Harned denied that there was anything in the conference with Mr. Parsons about keeping the name of the lender of the $1,250,000 hidden, and he concluded his testimony for the day by telling of his expostulation with Segal at Kissel's office about accepting a loan which came from the American Sugar Refining Company.

Kissel, he declared, then broke in and asked Segal what he cared where the money came from and what Harned had to do with it, anyhow, with the result that Segal agreed that he didn't care who provided the money so long as he got hold of it, and he sent Harned away.

In arguing against the admission in evidence of the Real Estate Trust Company's books, Mr. Nicoll was proceeding to ridicule the charge that the defendants could have forced Segal to borrow $1,250,000, when Judge Hand broke in and declared that it did not make much difference whether Segal was a victim or not, as the point was whether there had been a restraint of trade or any fraud on the minority stockholders.

The Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company went into liquidation and Joseph Jumkin of Philadelphia, who was then attorney for the receiver, George H. Earle, was called to tell of the suit which the Pennsylvania Company entered against the American Company for $30,000,000 to reimburse the stockholders for the loss they sustained through the closing of the Philadelphia refinery. It was compromised for $2,000,000, and on the evidence taken in that case the present prosecution is largely based.

The trial will continue at 10:30 this morning.

LEWIS PAVING REPORT UP.

Would Assess Property Owners for Repaving—Referred to Committee.

At a meeting of the Board of Estimate yesterday the report of Chief Engineer Lewis on the city's paving problem was taken up and referred to a special committee. The proposal of Mr. Lewis is that the city return to the system whereby the owners of abutting property will be assessed for their share in the repaving of the streets.

So much repaving work has been done recently that it was proposed to issue corporate stock instead of taking the necessary money from the budget. Mr. Lewis's plan will necessitate the changing of the law, and it will probably be opposed. Borough Presidents McAneny and Cromwell and Vice Chairman Kline of the Board of Aldermen compose the special committee to which the matter was referred.

ATTACHED ROSENBLATT SEAT

Sheriff's Office Man Got to Exchange Just After Seat Was Sold.

Sheriff Julius Harburger sent one of his deputies, Nathan Metzger, to add a stock exchange seat to the possessions of the Sheriff's office yesterday. Metzger arrived at the Exchange three-quarters of an hour after the seat of Sigmund H. Rosenblatt, which he went to attach, had been sold. But nothing daunted, Metzger served his attachment for $26,306.90 against the cash proceeds of the sale on Secretary Ely of the Stock Exchange.

Anxious to Join Carpet Association.

It was learned yesterday at the office of H. L. McElroy, 41 Union Square, who is organizing the Carpet and Rug Association of America, that more than 500 men in the trade have expressed their intention of joining. It is said that definite steps will not be taken before May, at which time members of the trade from all over the United States will be in New York.

MRS. WARE, GUILTY, FREED.

Lawyer Explains That She Is Really Mrs. Hessler, a Deserted Bride.

The woman known as Mrs. Catherine Ware, who was arrested last Sunday on a charge of defrauding the Hotel Knickerbocker out of a board bill, pleaded guilty yesterday in Special Sessions. Sentence was suspended after her counsel, Edward S. Carpell, had asked for clemency as all her bills had been paid. The court was inclined to deal severely with her until Mr. Carpell said:

"Your Honors, this defendant's real name is Mrs. Hessler, and she comes from one of the finest families in Pittston, Penn., and has considerable money in her own right, but she has been through an experience that has brought upon her a great mental strain.

"Less than six weeks ago she was married to a man much younger than herself in Washington. After a honeymoon of three weeks he deserted her, taking with him cash and securities to the amount of $70,000. Mrs. Hessler still has a checking account at the Astor Trust Company, and a considerable deposit with the North River Savings Bank.

"The action of the husband brought upon her a nervous collapse, and she has not recovered from it. She has never been in any trouble before, and I know that she never had any intention of becoming a hotel beat. She has never been in anything which would warrant placing that stain upon her good name. She has a ticket to her home town with her and, if your Honors exercise clemency, she will return to her home and family, and probably recover in time from the mental strain she has been under."

At the time of her arrest Mrs. Hessler had refused to pay the hotel bill, and left taking with her a bag containing some of her clothing. She called up from the Hotel Imperial, where she had gone. Later she was arrested and arraigned in the Yorkville Court, where she was held in $800 bail, which she was unable to furnish. On Wednesday she was bailed out.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

6 Exceptional Piano Offerings

The following instruments are all in perfect condition, some of them are new instruments, while the others have been taken in exchange for new pianos and have been put in perfect condition at our factory.

These 6 pianos have been selected as exceptional instruments at exceptional prices:

	Original Price.	Sale Price.
Kranich & Bach Grand.......	$900	$400
Chickering Grand............	$1,100	$350
Weber Upright (New)........	$550	$385
Steinway Upright..............	$550	$350
Ivers & Pond Upright (New)..	$550	$300
Strich & Zeidler...............	$700	$400

Terms to suit your convenience.

The full amount paid on any of these instruments will be allowed on the purchase of any new piano within one year.

We also have many other slightly used instruments in excellent condition, as well as numerous piano players, all at exceptionally low prices, and all sold under our guarantee.

Complete list sent on request.

The Tel-Electric Company
Tel-Electric Building
299 Fifth Avenue
"Home of the wonderful Tel-Electric Piano Player."

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Bargains, upright pianos, $75 up; $5 monthly. Chickering Grand, $100; player-pianos, $350 up.

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TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order, and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.

FILING DEVICES
at right prices. Mention this "ad" and you will get a nice copper metal souvenir. Cabinets, cards, all supplies.
Wabash Cabinet Co.
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ROLL TOP DESKS
Office Furniture
in great variety of Style and Price.
T. G. SELLEW
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DESKS
Roll and Flat Top.
Chairs, Filing Cabinets.
Office Partition.
HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT (FORMERLY CIRCUIT) Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.—CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Complainant, against THE THIRD AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an order and decree duly made and filed in this cause on the 28th day of December, 1911, notice is hereby given that there has been filed with the undersigned, as Special Master, the accounts of Frederick W. Whitridge, the receiver of the mortgaged property herein, from September 1, 1911, to and including December 31, 1911, such being the accounts of said receiver from the date to which his accounts heretofore filed with the Special Master extended.

And take further notice that the receiver aforesaid has also filed with the Special Master a detailed statement of the mortgaged assets of the Third Avenue Railroad Company and of the other assets which have come into his hands as receiver, and which have now been transferred to the Third Avenue Railway Company, and of the liabilities of the receiver, which have now been assumed by the Third Avenue Railway Company, and a balance sheet showing the accounts of the receiver as of December 31, 1911.

And take further notice that included in such statement are statements of the property and assets that were in the possession or under the control of the receiver on December 31, 1911, and that further included in such statement is a list of the claims asserted by said receiver as existing against him or against the trust estate in his possession and a list of his unfulfilled contracts and other obligations.

And take further notice that all objections to the accounts aforesaid and all claims against the receiver or against the trust estate in his hands or that was in his hands, or any part thereof, and all claims against the moneys remaining in the hands of the undersigned as Special Master, must be filed with the Special Master on or before the 18th day of March, 1912. Said objections and claims must be filed at the office of the undersigned, Special Master, at No. 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Notice and warning is hereby given that all claims against Frederick W. Whitridge, as receiver, or against the property or estate that has been in his hands, or any part thereof, or against any moneys in the hands of the Special Master, must be filed as aforesaid or else the same and the assertion of the same will be forever barred.

Take further notice that all objections to the accounts aforesaid of the receiver must be filed in the office of the Special Master on or before said date, or else the same will be forever barred.

And finally, let all interested parties take notice that on Tuesday, March 19, 1912, at four-thirty o'clock in the afternoon, a hearing will be had before the undersigned at his office, in regard to said accounts and all the other proceedings of the receiver aforementioned, and in regard to the condition of the trust estate in his hands and in regard to the disposition of the moneys in the hands of the Special Master, and that any and all interested parties may attend upon such hearing. Upon such hearing, or as the same shall be adjourned, the Special Master will proceed to hear and determine any objections or claims filed as aforesaid with him, and to adjust, settle and state the accounts, and to determine all matters in respect thereto and in respect of said trust estate and of moneys in the hands of the undersigned as Special Master.

February 16th, 1912.

HOWARD TAYLOR, Special Master, Office and Post Office Address, No. 71 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

A cozy car
A good cigar
The latest news
From near and far
A tasty bite
A restful night
And that's the Road
of Anthracite
Lackawanna Railroad

UNDERWOOD URGES NEW INCOME TAX

His Report Argues Bill Is Constitutional, but Minority Pick Flaws in It.

IDLE WEALTH WOULD ESCAPE

Longworth Says Carnegie, Astors, and Rockefeller Would Pay Nothing—Nature of Tax.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Democratic Excise Tax bill was reported to the House to-day by Chairman Underwood, who filed an elaborate report defending both the wisdom and legality of such a tax. This legislative action is prompted by the desire of the House Democrats to put sugar on the free list and provide for any resulting loss to the National revenue.

The National revenue now raised by taxation is almost equally divided between customs and excise duties. In 1911 $701,372,375 was collected: from customs $309,965,662, and from internal revenue $322,529,201.

"These taxes," says the Underwood report, "are solely on consumption. Property, and the income from property as such, pay no part of these sums. Under a system of National taxation based wholly on consumption, wealth necessarily escapes its fair share of the burden of supporting the Government, which gives wealth the necessary protection under which it increases its gain. On the other hand, the man of meagre earnings, when he purchases the necessities of life, contributes out of his daily wage to the support of the Government. When a citizen pays taxes, according to his earnings, from whatever source, he gives support to his Government and receives protection from it in a more equitable manner than under any other plan of taxation yet devised. If his earnings increase his taxes increase. If his gains decrease, so do his taxes."

Objection to Income Tax.

Chairman Underwood's report puts the committee on record as favoring an income tax law, but says it does not report such a measure at this time for two reasons:

First—Because the Supreme Court has declared a general income tax law unconstitutional for lack of apportionment, and provision has been made whereby the States are now considering the acceptance or rejection of the proposed Sixteenth Amendment to the Constitution giving Congress undisputed authority to impose such a general tax.

Second—Because through the decision of the Supreme Court in upholding the constitutionality of the existing corporation tax law the committee has conceived the idea of extending its provisions as proposed, and to obtain in this way the practical results of an income tax law without violating the ruling of the Supreme Court in rejecting the income tax law of 1894.

The report points out that according to information from the State Department the adoption of the proposed income tax amendment to the Constitution has been favorably acted upon by twenty-eight States, leaving only eight States yet required for its approval. Besides meeting immediate revenue requirements Chairman Underwood argues that the enactment of the proposed excise tax will aid in preparing the public mind for a fuller appreciation of the justice and desirability of an income tax law.

Legality of New Tax.

That the proposed tax is constitutional the Ways and Means Committee Democrats believe, for the following reasons, which they argue can be sustained:

> The proposed tax is not a direct tax upon the property, real or personal, of the copartnerships or individuals, but a special excise upon the carrying on or doing business by such copartnerships or individuals, and it, therefore, needs no apportionment among the States according to population as required by the Constitution with reference to direct taxes.
>
> The proposed tax is uniform throughout the United States. If it be true that the tax is an excise, its indirect character is at once established.
>
> The proposed tax is an excise because—
>
> The tax is legislatively intended as an excise, as shown by the plain language of the bill.
>
> The subject of the tax is the conduct or transaction of business which, according to a uniform line of decisions by the Supreme Court of the United States, is a proper subject of excise tax.
>
> The fact that the tax is to be measured by the net income of the taxable person or firm does not change its real character.

Representative Longworth, a member of the committee, presented a report giving the dissenting views of the minority on the bill.

The minority report declared the bill unconstitutional in so far as it levies a tax on the income derived from real estate. The minority added that even if held constitutional the measure would not raise more than a small fraction of the revenue proposed by the majority.

"Under this bill," wrote Mr. Longworth, "Mr. Carnegie, for instance, and John D. Rockefeller would entirely escape taxation, and such great real estate owners as the Astors, whether living in America or abroad and whether their incomes are spent in America or diverted to foreign countries, would be exempted from taxation, while the men who are carrying on active enterprises, and through their enterprise are giving employment to their fellowmen and affording the means of livelihood, would be subject to taxation."

WESTERN MAILS DELAYED.

Snowdrifts Tie Up All the Roads West of the Rockies.

DENVER, Col., March 14.—With a dozen or more trains east and west bound stalled in snowdrifts near the Kansas-Colorado State line, the local offices of the Union Pacific to-day announced that all trains east bound would be annulled for the present.

The Rock Island morning trains east bound also were annulled. The Burlington, Sana Fé & Missouri Pacific Roads report their roads open, but trains are delayed.

SUES FOR GARY TOWN SITE.

Heirs of an Old Indiana Trapper Claim the Steel Town.

GARY, Ind., March 14.—Suit for possession of 160 acres of land on which stand the steel mills here has been brought in the Porter County Circuit Court by the heirs of August Blockl. The tract is valued at $500,000.

Blockl was a trapper of fur-bearing animals in the Indiana dunes for thirty years, and when the mills were built around his home he became despondent and committed suicide.

NEW CAPITOL FOR UTAH.

$800,000 of $2,000,000 Fund Was Harriman Inheritance Tax.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, March 14.—Plans for a $2,000,000 Capitol were selected yesterday by the Utah State Capitol Commission. The award was made to a local architect. The State has the money to complete the structure.

Nearly $800,000 of the fund was derived from the inheritance tax on the Union Pacific stockholdings of the late E. H. Harriman and $1,000,000 of bonds have been issued.

Bath Tub Jury Fails to Agree.

DETROIT, Mich., March 14.—The jury which has been trying the case of the Government against the Bath Tub Trust in the Federal Court here failed to reach agreement and was discharged by Judge Angell to-night.

BIG CUBAN TOBACCO CROP.

Season's Total Will Probably Reach Record of 700,000 Bales.

The present season's crop of Cuban tobacco will exceed the largest crop previously recorded by close to 75,000 bales, according to J. L. Kendrick, editor of The Tobacco World, who recently returned from an extended visit to the Cuban markets.

"For the first time in a number of years weather conditions have been uniformly of such a character as to promote the growth of a bumper number of plants," said Mr. Kendrick yesterday. "Farmers throughout the island have apparently taken advantage of the opportunity offered, and have utilized it to the utmost.

"Predictions are freely made in and around Havana that the present crop will total over 700,000 bales. As last year's crop amounted to only 350,000 bales, these preliminary figures, if verified, should prove very favorable to the industry at large. The largest crop of Cuban tobacco ever recorded previous to the present season was raised in 1900, and amounted to approximately 625,000 bales.

"The quality of the tobacco in the growing is perhaps not up to the superlative standard of Cuba, being generally pronounced rather light, and in some instances washed out.

"There is a general feeling of optimism in Cuba as far as the tobacco industry is concerned, despite the political situation down there, and the general unrest in the clear Havana trade in this country."

PERIL IN A RAW SILK DUTY.

A Heavy Import Tax Would Ruin the American Manufacturer.

Considerable interest is evinced in the New York silk market in the recent report from Washington that the Underwood faction has recommended the placing of duty on raw silk to offset the loss sustained by the Government in admitting sugar free.

Discussing the report yesterday, a prominent raw silk importer said:

"As far as I can see there is no real reason why such a step should be taken. There are no sericultural enterprises in this country to be fostered, and the levying of duty on raw silk for revenue only would have a very detrimental effect upon the American silk industry as a whole. Unless the duty was placed at a rather high figure, it would not affect the business of the importer to any great extent, but the levying of even a 10 per cent. duty on the raw material would make it difficult for a good many of the manufacturers to keep their heads above water. It is difficult for them now to compete with foreign manufacturers, especially so in the sale of novelties, and unless the protective features of Schedule L were increased in proportion to the increased price of raw silk, considerable damage to the industry would result.

"Should a heavy duty, say, 25 per cent., be placed upon the raw material, the end of American silk manufacturing would be in sight, no matter how high a duty was charged on imported silk goods in the piece. With foreign silk operatives earning from 15 to 88 cents a day, against the average wage of the American worker, it can easily be seen why the domestic manufacturer would have to quit. It is hard to believe that the Underwood faction will really attempt to force the item into the tariff, but you never can tell what will happen.

"At the present time most of the importers are awaiting developments and saying nothing. If the movement should come to a definite head, we would, of course, take a firm stand against it, and endeavor to show the Government and the public the fallacy of imposing such a duty. After all, it would be the consumer who would have to stand the expense."

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Lower Duty on Supercalendered Paper—Paper Hats Not "Toys."

The Kern Commercial Company and other importers were successful yesterday before the Board of United States General Appraisers in lowering the rate of duty on supercalendered and embossed grease-proof paper. The merchandise was returned for duty at the rate of 4½ cents a pound, whereas the importers alleged that the duty should be 2 cents a pound and 10 per cent. ad valorem. The importer's claim for the lower duty is sustained and the Collector reversed.

It was decided by the board that paper hats are not "toys" within the meaning of the present tariff law. Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne and the P. H. Petry Company asked for a rate of 35 per cent. under the toy schedule of the act. The merchandise was assessed at the rate of 5 cents a pound and 35 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 410 of the present law. Judge Fischer holds that the hats are not toys within the meaning of the law and overrules the protests.

The board sustained a protest filed by Emrich, King & Schorsch regarding the classification of base metal puff boxes. It is held that the articles are not of the personal adornment variety specified in the tariff law, but are to be admitted as "manufactures of metal." The goods were assessed at 85 per cent. and are admitted at 45 per cent. under the metal schedule.

STORMS AIDED ROCK ISLAND.

Dull Winter, but Great Crops to be Hauled Figured as the Result.

The Rock Island management believes that the report of gross earnings for February will make a much better showing, actually and relatively, than for the corresponding month last year, and will show a decided improvement over January. There was a considerable increase in freight traffic, which still continues, and the weather conditions were much better in February than in January.

Basing their opinion on reports which have been received from along the lines of the system, Rock Island officials believe that the unusually severe snowstorms which caused them so much trouble and expense during the Winter will more than pay for themselves before the end of the year.

These heavy snows were hailed with delight throughout the granger States, where there has been very little rain for two years, and the farmers are looking forward to big crops this year. As a result of this confident expectation there is said to be a better feeling all through the West, and business conditions generally are improving.

RESIGNS AS ASPHALT HEAD.

John M. Mack Retires from General Co.—A. W. Sewall Succeeds Him.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., March 14.—John M. Mack has resigned as President of the General Asphalt Company, and Arthur W. Sewall, one of the corporation's two Vice Presidents, has been elected his successor.

Mr. Mack's resignation was due apparently to criticisms of the General Asphalt Company's expenditure of more than $1,500,000 in the development of oil fields in Trinidad, where the company owns valuable asphalt deposits.

Mr. Mack's resignation was presented on Wednesday to the voting trustees of the corporation, William F. Harrity, Rudolph Ellis, Alvin W. Krech, Henry Tatnall, and H. W. Biddle, and was accepted on the same day. The company's stock, the greater part of $17,000,000 common, and nearly all of the $14,000,000 preferred, is vested for ten years from May 19, 1903, in these trustees.

New Officers for American Cigar Co.

To succeed George Arents, Jr., F. H. Ray and P. H. Gorman, who resigned as a result of the dissolution of the American Tobacco Company, E. S. Edwards, G. W. Hill, and P. J. Hanlon have been elected Directors of the American Cigar Company. P. S. Hill, who heads the American Tobacco Company, has been made President of the Cigar Company as well. The new Vice Presidents of the latter company are R. E. Chrystie, A. L. Sylvester, N. Weiss, Richard M. C. Glenn, A. Schneider, and S. E. Johnson, while George C. Finch has been elected Secretary and Treasurer.

VACUUM CLEANER CO. FAILS FOR $2,000,000

McCrum-Howell Concern Consents to Receivership, Being Unable to Realize on Assets.

CAUSED BY OVER-EXPANSION

Plants in Connecticut and the West Enlarged in Expectation of Greater Business—To Reorganize.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 14.—Receivers were appointed to-day by Judge Sanborn in the United States District Court for the McCrum-Howell Company, with home offices at 103 Park Avenue, New York, on an application filed by A. E. Pfahler of Philadelphia, a stockholder. The company, through its attorney, while it consented to the appointment, declared that it was not insolvent.

The receivers named by the court are Edward Stettinius, President of the Diamond Match Company, and Walter Updegraff of Philadelphia, a stockholder of the McCrum-Howell Company. The court proceedings followed a sensational drop in the stock of the company in the different exchanges. Liquidating sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange to-day broke the price for common shares to 3½, a fall of 2½ points since the close of the market yesterday. The preferred stock dropped 10⅝, touching 14½, a decline of more than 82 points from a high level a few months ago.

The affairs of the company, which is popularly known as the Vacuum Cleaner Trust, have recently led the Governors of the Chicago Stock Exchange to call for a complete report of the company's condition. L. G. McCrum, President of the company, was one of the defendants in the Federal proceedings against the Bathtub Trust. He is reported to have broken down in health. The company's current indebtedness is estimated at $2,000,000 or more.

Alfred E. Pfahler of Philadelphia, in whose name the receivership petition was filed, is the holder of $310,300 of the stock of the vacuum cleaner concern. An answer to the petition was filed simultaneously with the application for a receivership by George D. Howell, Vice President of the company. The respondent agreed to the receivership, but declared that inability to realize on assets, and not insolvency, was the explanation of the company's financial condition.

The McCrum-Howell Company is incorporated under the laws of Connecticut, and up to two years ago was engaged in the manufacture of radiators, boilers, enamel ware, bathtubs, lavatories, and sinks. The corporation has five large plants—two of which are at Norwich, Conn., and the others at Uniontown, Penn.; Racine, Wis., and Chicago. The company at present controls the sole rights to about 85 per cent. of the vacuum cleaner patents in the United States.

The original capitalization of the company was $7,000,000, but last Fall an additional amount of preferred stock was issued to the par value of $1,500,000 to secure further working capital. The object of the increase in capitalization was to develop the vacuum cleaning industry. In 1910 the company purchased the plants and liquid assets of the Model Heating Company of Philadelphia, American Air Cleaning Company of Milwaukee, Cameron-Schroth Cameron Company of Chicago, and the Vacuum Cleaning Company and Sanitary Devices Company. It was this sudden invasion of the vacuum cleaning manufacturing field which has led to the present financial embarrassment of the corporation.

An official of the company stated yesterday that the departure into the manufacture of vacuum cleaning apparatus had involved an immense advertising expense, long-time payments on sales made, and the overexpansion of plants in the expectation of greater business. As a result, he declared, while the assets of the company greatly exceeded its liabilities the Directors had been unable to realize upon the assets at short notice.

The receivership proceedings, he explained, were part of a friendly programme tending toward a reorganization of the corporation. For several days the firm of George H. Burr & Co. of 43 Exchange Place has had accountants examining into the affairs of the company with the result that an agreement was reached that receivership proceedings should be started and the affairs of the company re-established upon a stable basis.

Judge Holt of the Federal District Court late yesterday appointed Walter D. Uptegraff and Edward R. Stettinius auxiliary receivers for the assets in this city under a bond of $5,000. They had previously been appointed receivers at Philadelphia as well as Chicago.

It is said the volume of business for the [illegible] year has been slightly ahead of the [illegible] ended April 1, 1911; when it was $2,700,000.

There is outstanding about $1,800,000 in commercial paper in the hands of many parties, maturing within the next four months, of which $300,000 matures before March 31. The company has quick assets in excess of its commercial paper, but cannot turn these assets into money to meet obligations.

The liabilities are $2,118,000 and quick assets $1,749,000, consisting of accounts receivable, $1,480,000; bills receivable, $219,000, and cash, $50,000. In addition to these assets are plants at various cities, stock and materials valued at from $2,000,000 to $5,000,000.

The last annual report of the company on April 1, 1911, showed assets $8,387,496 and liabilities, accounts and bills payable, $762,803. Capital stock, $7,000,000 and surplus $612,615.

The company has plants, buildings, and stock at Uniontown, Penn., valued at over $600,000; Norwich, Conn., valued at over $750,000; Tacony, Penn., $75,000; Chicago $175,000; Racine, Wis., $100,000, and at various other cities.

The business was started on March 1, 1904, as the Kelly Richmond Company, a Connecticut corporation, with a capital stock of $500,000. The name was later changed to the Kellogg, McCrum, Howell Company, and the capital stock was increased to $1,500,000. On April 1, 1906, the name was changed to the McCrum-Howell Company. In 1909 the capital stock was increased to $3,000,000, and in October, 1910, was again increased to $7,000,000. Lloyd G. McCrum is President and George D. Howell Vice President.

The company has absorbed various concerns in other cities and has established many branches.

NO WITNESSES FOR PACKERS.

Chicago Defendants to Rely on the Arguments of Counsel.

CHICAGO, March 14.—The ten Chicago packers charged with criminal violation of the Sherman law will submit their case to the grand jury without presenting any testimony. This announcement was made to-day to United States District Judge Carpenter by counsel for the defendants. Court was then adjourned until Monday, when arguments to the jury will be begun.

The decision to refrain from placing witnesses on the stand for the defense was reached after a number of conferences between the packers and their attorneys which continued until just before court convened to-day.

The move came as a surprise to the Government representatives who believed the defense would call a number of witnesses in an effort to refute the testimony already heard in the case.

Several of the defendants, it is said, were willing to take the witness stand in their own behalf, but were advised against that course by their attorneys.

The closing argument of the attorneys will occupy a week, and the case will be given to the jury March 23 at the latest.

Tobacco Competition Puts Up Prices.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 14.—All records for thirty years were broken in the local leaf tobacco market to-day when one hogshead of burley brought $45 a hundred pounds, and another $44. Competition among buyers for several firms which were represented by one buyer prior to the Supreme Court decision dissolving the so-called Tobacco Trust, brought about lively bidding and resulted in the high prices.

DODGING THE AIGRETTE LAW.

Audubon Folk Can't Block Philadelphia Mail Order Scheme.

About every woman at all known in the social or artistic life of the city has received in her mail within the last few days a fine illustrated catalogue and price list of aigrettes from a newly organized Philadelphia concern soliciting mail orders for the decorations, the sale of which has been prohibited in this State under heavy penalties since July 1 last.

The fly leaf of the booklet carries this: "The laws of New York do not prohibit the wearing of aigrettes, nor are you prohibited from purchasing them outside the State of New York for personal wear. We take all the responsibility—you take none. We positively guarantee this."

Many of these catalogues fell into the hands of those who had given time and money for the passage of the law, causing unbounded disgust and indignation.

Scores of them were sent to the National Association of Audubon Societies, which fathered the law already placed on the statute books of New Jersey, where it failed to pass at the first attempt, Massachusetts, Ohio, Oregon, Missouri, Louisiana, and California, and with them the senders inclosed letters asking that something be done to combat its practical nullification.

Secretary T. Gilbert Pearson of the association, at his office, 1,974 Broadway, said yesterday that the Philadelphia dealers were within the law in their present enterprise.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
AMERICAN RAILWAYS COMPANY—			
Month February.	$350,535	$321,600	$28,935
July 1-Feb. 29	3,195,309	3,008,652	186,657
ANN ARBOR—			
1st week March	39,964	34,773	5,192
July 1-March 7	1,582,400	1,450,038	132,362
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—			
1st week March	179,932	174,792	5,140
July 1-March 7	6,580,391	6,530,246	50,145
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—			
1st week March	464,308	361,375	102,933
July 1-March 7	17,979,277	15,296,138	2,683,139
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—			
1st week March	7,375	6,311	1,064
July 1-March 7	354,200	401,541	*47,341
ATLANTIC COAST LINE as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—			
Mileage	4,526.30	4,494.69	31.61
Freight revenue	1,781,237	1,749,108	32,129
Passenger rev	754,229	722,381	31,848
Other trans. rev	166,673	198,363	*31,690
Non-trans. rev	35,856	30,632	5,224
Total op. rev	2,737,997	2,700,486	37,510
Mt. way and str.	386,768	348,441	38,327
Mt. equipment	405,676	401,891	3,784
Traffic exp	57,044	49,151	7,893
Trans. expenses	1,041,085	923,573	117,512
General expenses	73,875	69,799	4,075
Total op. exp	1,964,451	1,792,857	171,594
Total net rev	773,545	907,628	*134,083
Taxes	107,000	95,500	11,500
Operating inc	666,545	812,128	*145,583
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Freight revenue	12,441,624	11,975,594	466,029
Passenger rev	4,738,516	4,378,459	360,057
Other trans. rev	1,159,872	1,100,683	59,189
Non-trans. rev	194,569	168,732	25,836
Total op. rev	18,534,583	17,623,470	911,112
Mt. way and str.	2,466,373	2,356,937	109,435
Mt. equipment	2,760,984	2,738,564	22,420
Traffic expenses	315,903	317,775	*1,872
Trans. expenses	6,419,670	5,809,663	610,006
General expenses	502,182	481,088	21,093
Total op. exp	12,465,114	11,704,030	761,083
Total net rev	6,069,468	5,919,139	150,028
Taxes	749,000	663,000	86,000
Operating inc	5,320,468	5,256,439	64,028
CHICAGO & ALTON report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for January—			
Mileage	1,025.72	1,025.11	.61
Freight revenue	692,387	731,538	*39,151
Passenger rev	287,064	323,923	*36,859
Other tran. rev	76,540	79,688	*3,147
Non-tran. rev	9,373	9,353	20
Total oper. rev	1,065,366	1,144,504	*79,138
Mt. of way and structure	107,967	102,759	5,208
Mt. of equipm't	274,127	246,952	27,175
Traffic expenses	38,257	37,051	1,205
Transpor. exp	484,908	479,110	5,798
General exp	33,623	34,490	*867
Total oper. exp	938,884	900,364	38,520
Net oper. rev	126,481	244,139	*117,658
Outside op., deb	4,464	1,197	3,267
Total net rev	122,016	242,942	*120,925
Taxes	36,000	37,000	*1,000
Oper. income	86,016	205,942	*119,925
July 1 to Jan. 31:			
Freight revenue	5,723,874	5,654,737	69,136
Passenger rev	2,561,385	2,665,225	*103,840
Other tran. rev	569,302	555,553	13,747
Non-tran. rev	86,538	64,295	22,243
Total oper. rev	8,941,100	8,939,814	1,286
Mt. of way and structure	1,268,705	1,236,999	31,705
Mt. of equipm't	1,694,710	1,514,895	179,815
Traffic expenses	280,161	266,246	13,914
Transpor. exp	3,217,391	3,308,966	*91,574
General exp	232,443	243,169	*10,725
Total oper. exp	6,693,412	6,570,277	123,135
Net oper. rev	2,247,687	2,369,537	*121,849
Outside op., deb	22,901	13,514	9,386
Total net rev	2,224,786	2,356,022	*131,235
Taxes	255,000	251,600	3,400
Oper. income	1,969,786	2,104,422	*134,635

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

NATIONAL FIREPROOFING COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Net income	436,071	531,370	467,834
Prev. surplus	1,356,089	1,265,739	976,909
Total surplus	1,792,161	1,797,109	1,444,744
Preferred div	316,020	316,020	79,005
Depreciation, &c.	100,000	125,000	100,000
P. & L. sur	1,376,141	1,356,089	1,265,739

WESTERN TELEPHONE & TELEGRAPH COMPANY for the year ended Jan. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Interest	951,112	690,652	624,338
Divs., &c.	1,581,432	1,604,294	1,545,308
Total receipts	2,532,544	2,294,946	2,169,641
Int. and disc't	1,569,328	1,343,026	1,285,741
General exp	44,462	25,514	22,429
Total	1,613,790	1,368,540	1,308,170
Balance	918,753	926,405	861,471
Dividends	800,000	800,000	800,000
Surplus	118,753	126,405	61,471

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Berger, L. L., Buffalo, N. Y.; cloaks and suits; 15 E. 26th.

Pelletier Co., Sioux City, Iowa; F. M. Pelletier, dry goods; C. J. Norris, house furnishing goods and china, 45 E. 17th.

Woodward & Lathrop, Washington, D. C.; J. E. Fronani, cut glass and china; J. M. Buzzell, dress goods and linings; Mr. Burdette, groceries: 334 4th Av.

Echulp, N. W., Monessen, Penn.; general mdse.; 41 Union Square.

Gimbel Bros., Philadelphia, Penn.; Mrs. H. M. Quirk, ladies' suits and skirts, 32d and Broadway.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; H. J. Ellsworth, dress goods; 214 Church.

Field Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. B. Rioffe, ladies' underwear; 104 Werth.

Fellman D. G. Co., Galveston, Texas; L. Fellman, domestics, dress goods, laces, hosiery, and gloves; 45 E. 17th.

Steiner & Lofman, Montgomery, Ala.; W. Lofman, laces; L. A. Boarcke, notions and furn. goods; 43 Leonard; Cumberland.

Joske Bros. Co., San Antonio, Texas; J. K. Hull, crockery; 45 E. 17th. Cadillac.

Armstrong-Turner Millinery Co., Denver, Col.; L. S. Pennington, ladies' hats; 621 B'way.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. S. Ritchie, clothing; 115 Worth.

Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; I. B. Hope, hosiery and furn. goods; 220 5th Av.; Great Northern.

Gardner, W. S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; W. H. Gardner, dry goods; Cumberland.

Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. A. Hubach, lace curtains; 320 Church.

McMahon, W. H., Philadelphia, Penn., furniture; York.

Siegel Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss L. Cozad, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 6th Ave. and 20th.

Milner, W. L., Col., Toledo, Ohio; Miss A. Renner, waists, skirts, wrappers; 20 W. 22d.

Holden & Stone, Pittsfield, Mass.; F. L. Stone, cloaks, suits; Wolcott.

Porter, J. J., & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. Wells, millinery; Grand.

Barneys, H., & Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; H. A. Miller, flannels; 75 Spring.

Shartenberg & Robinson, New Haven, Conn.; C. J. Ward, millinery; 75 Spring.

Steiger-Dudgeon Co., New Bedford, Mass.; A. J. Bernard, cloaks, suits; 114 5th Ave.; Cadillac.

Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Mrs. J. C. Nichols, millinery; 320 Church; Victoria.

Halle Bros. Co., Cleveland, Ohio; F. J. Foley, domestics; 220 5th Av.; Latham.

Witz, M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Witz, piece goods; Breslin.

Wyckoff, A. B., Stroudsburg, Penn.; drygoods; Breslin.

Collender, McAuslan & Troup Co., Providence, R. I.; Miss A. M. Kenny, muslin underwear, ladies' and infants' wear; 2 Walker.

Heiber, J. C., Co., Utica, N. Y.; M. J. Hauff, domestics, dress goods and silks; Grand.

Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery and underwear; 72 Leonard.

Will exchange completely equipped dress factory, 60x100, above 25th St., for a smaller loft in the same neighborhood. Manufacturer, Box E 92 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

TURKISH TOWELING & COTTO-RATINE. A. S. Anabia, 47 Leonard Street.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Tobacco Issues Strong, Mining Shares Sluggish.

The industrial list was again the feature of the Curb yesterday, and substantial advances were made in many issues, the tobacco stocks being notably strong. Many of the mining issues closed even with the opening prices. Intercontinental Rubber was again active and sold up from the opening at 17⅝ to 19½, the close being at the opening level. Bonds were sluggish.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	*Allied Sec. Co.	85	86	85	86
17	Am. Coal Products pf.	108	108	108	108
500	Anglo-Am. Oil	13½	13⅝	13½	13½
500	Brit.-Am. Tob.	19⅞	20⅛	19⅞	20
15	Conley Foil Co.	270	275	270	275
250	Con. Rub. Tire	†11¼	11¼	11¼	11
2,500	Int. Rub. t.cts.	17⅝	19½	17	17⅝
232	J. I. Case pf. and int.	100½	†100½	†100¼	100⅜
132	J. S. Youngs	170	178	170	178
650	L. V. Coal Sales Co., w. i.	200	200	197	199
170	McA. & Forbes	184	190	184	190
400	Manh. Transit	1 9-16	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝
70	Nat. Transit	40	41	41	41
13	N. Y. Transit	345	350	345	350
115	Ohio Oil	94	98	94	96
115	P. R.-Am. Tob.	228	239	228	239
25	R. J. Reynolds	212	214	212	214
60	M. Rumely Co.	101⅝	101¾	101⅝	101¾
40	Standard Oil of Ind., w. i.	210	215	210	212
75	Stan. O. of N.J.	369	370	369	370
50	Stand. Oil subs.	492	492	490	490
600	Studebaker Co.	41	42	40	42
100	Studebaker pf.	98	98	98	98
100	Un. Cigar Mfg.	54⅝	54¾	54¾	54¾
180	Un. Cig. Stores	195	195	194	194½
170	F. W. Woolworth	78½	78½	78	78
235	‡F. W. Woolworth pf. flat	110	†110¼	110	110¼

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Am. Porc. Gold	33	33	33	33
700	*Beaver Con.	47	47	47	47
100	Braden Copper	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
600	Caledonia Min.	71	71	71	71
2,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	9-16	⅝	9-16	9-16
3,700	D. F. Daisy	11	12	11	12
200	Giroux Mining	4⅜	4 7-16	4⅜	4 7-16
1,000	Greene-Cananea	7⅝	8	7⅝	8
12,000	*Greenwater	8	9	8	8
35	Gug'heim Exp.	208	208	205	207
160	Insp. Con., w. i.	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
100	Kerr Lake	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16	3 1-16
1,500	La Rose Con.	3 13-16	3 13-16	3¾	3 13-16
100	Mason Valley	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
1,850	‡McKinley-Dar.	1¾	1 13-16	1¾	1¾
1,125	Nevada Hills	2½	2½	2 7-16	2½
600	Nip. Mines Co.	7½	7⅝	7½	7½
500	Ohio Copper	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
100	Pacific Smelt.	¼	¼	¼	¼
400	Porcu. Central	4	4	4	4
800	Porcu. North	1½	1½	1½	1½
700	Porcu. South	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
2,100	P. E. Dome	10	10	9	9
1,000	Ray Central	2⅛	2 3-16	2⅛	2⅛
400	Silver King Con	1	1	1	1
500	Tonopah Min.	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7⅝
1,000	Tonopah Ext.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
700	Tri-Bullion	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
200	Tularosa	¾	¾	¾	¾
2,000	*Wet. Sil. M.	72	72	71	72
200	Y. G. Mines	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Chi. El. 5s	98½	98½	98½	98½
10,000	Con. R. T. 4s	59	59	59	59
1,000	M., S. & N. 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½
47,000	Mon. Tram. 5s	100⅛	100½	100⅛	100¼
50,000	N. Y. C. 4½s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
28,000	P. G. & E. 5s	92	92	91⅞	92

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

⁂

	March 14. Bid.	March 14. Asked.	March 13. Bid.	March 13. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	8¼	8¾	8¼	8¾
A., G. & W. I. pf.	18	18½	18	18½
Am. Light & Trac.	297	302	297	302
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	106	109	106	109
Borden's Cond. Milk	126½	128	126½	128
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	108½	110	108½	110
Braden Copper	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜
British Col. Copper	4½	4¾	4½	4¾
Con. Rubber Tire	11½	12	11	12
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	44	46	40	46
F. W. Woolworth	78⅝	79¼	78⅝	79¼
F. W. Woolworth pf.	109¾	110¼	110	110¼
First National Copper	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Giroux Mining	4 7-16	4½	4⅜	4 7-16
Greene-Cananea	7⅞	8	7⅞	7¾
Guggenheim Explor.	204	108	200	203
Inter. Rubber ctfs.	17½	18	17	17½
J. Kayser	65½	66	65½	66
J. Kayser pf.	106	107	106	107
Kerr Lake	3	3⅛	2⅞	3
Lehigh Valley S. Co.	199	200	199	201
M. Rumely Co., w. i.	101	101½	101	101½
Mason Valley	12½	13	12	12½
Mason Valley 6s	121	125	121	125
Nipissing	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7¾
Ray Central	2⅛	2 3-16	2⅛	2 3-16
Studebaker Co.	42	43	42	43
Studebaker Co. pf.	98	99	98⅝	99½
Tonopah Mining	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	7¾
United Cigar Mfrs.	54½	55¼	53¾	54½
United Cigar Stores	193	195	189	191
U. S. L. & H., new	10¾	11¼	10¾	11¼
U. S. L. & H., new pf.	78½	79½	78	79
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Capital.	Company.	Bid.	Asked.
$5,000,000	Anglo-American Oil	13	14
5,000,000	Atlantic Refining	425	435
200,000	Borne & Scrymser	210	240
10,000,000	Buckeye Pipe Line	145	152
500,000	Chesbrough Mfg.	690	710
250,000	Colonial Oil	115	140
300,000	Continental Oil	825	900
8,000,000	Crescent Pipe Line	72	76
1,000,000	Cumberland Pipe Line	100	110
5,000,000	Eureka Pipe Line	320	330
8,000,000	Galena Signal Oil	205	220
2,000,000	Galena Signal Oil pf.	130	140
10,000,000	Indiana Pipe Line	130	140
12,727,575	National Transit	41	45
5,000,000	New York Transit	335	350
4,000,000	Northern Pipe Line	130	140
10,000,000	Ohio Oil	95	100
18,000,000	Prairie Oil & Gas	290	300
500,000	Solar Refining	600	625
10,000,000	Southern Pipe Line	205	215
2,500,000	South Penn Oil	525	535
3,500,000	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	190	210
25,000,000	Standard Oil (Cal.)	195	200
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Ind.)	6,100	6,500
30,000,000	Standard Oil (Ind.) w. i.	210	215
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Kan.)	220	235
1,000,000	Standard Oil (Ky.)	230	250
600,000	*Standard Oil (Neb.)	225	275
98,385,000	Standard Oil (N. J.)	367	371
	Standard Oil subsid.	485	505
15,000,000	Standard Oil (N. Y.)	362	368
3,500,000	Standard Oil (Ohio)	175	185
100,000	Swan & Finch	800	1,100
12,500,000	Union Tank Line	70	73
15,000,000	Vacuum Oil ex rights	150	165
	Vacuum Oil rights	200	275
110,000	Washington Oil	25	35
400,000	Waters-Pierce	1,200	1,500

*Ex stock dividend.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	March 14. Bid.	March 14. Asked.	March 13. Bid.	March 13. Asked.
British-American	20	20¼	19¾	19⅞
Conley Foil	270	280	265	275
Porto Rico-American	235	240	225	235
E. J. Reynolds	212	214	211	215
United Cigar Stores	194	195	193	195
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	150	155	150	155
J. S. Young	178	180	165	172
MacAndrews & Forbes	190	193	183	185

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 2d, 1912, for Contract 61 for the construction of the Wallkill blow-off, including about 7,000 feet of concrete conduit 7 feet inside diameter, about 80 feet of cut-and-cover aqueduct, a blow-off chamber, and necessary castings for valve and aqueduct connections. The work is located 1¼ miles northeast and southwest, respectively, from the Gardiner and New Hurley stations on the Wallkill Valley Railroad, Ulster County, New York.

At the above place and time bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR MANUFACTURING BREECHES.—Army Building, Whitehall Street, New York City, N. Y., March 11, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 11 o'clock A. M. March 25, 1912, at which exact time bids will be opened at the Depots named below, for manufacture and delivery at either the New York, Philadelphia, or Chicago Depots of the Quartermaster's Department, Breeches, o. d., as follows: 300,000 prs. cotton, foot; 30,000 prs. cotton, mounted; 150,000 prs. woolen, foot. Information upon application. M. GRAY ZALINSKI, Depot Q. M.

PROPOSALS FOR CONSTRUCTING BY CONTRACT one submarine tender will be received at the Navy Department until 12 o'clock noon, April 30, 1912, when they will be publicly opened, instead of March 20, 1912, as announced in the advertisement of January 16, 1912. Philip Andrews, Acting Secretary of the Navy, March 13, 1912.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

H. C. BROWN & CO.
February 29th, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of H. C. BROWN & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either H. C. Brown or Percy H. Goodwin will sign in liquidation.

H. C. BROWN, PERCY H. GOODWIN,
GEORGE BROWN, JR.
Baltimore: Calvert Building. New York: 40 Wall Street.

Metropolitan Street Railway Co

Notice to Holders of "Replacement Certificates, Series of 1911," dated March 15, 1911, and of "Tax Payment Certificates of Indebtedness, Series of 1911," dated March 15, 1911, all issued by Adrian H. Joline and Douglas Robinson, as Receivers, etc.:

The Joint Committee on Reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company hereby offers to purchase at par and accrued interest to the maturity thereof (March 15, 1912), all or any part of the said Replacement Certificates and Tax Payment Certificates of Indebtedness above mentioned, and will pay for the same on delivery of the said certificates in bearer form, with all interest claims pertaining thereto, for account of the said Joint Committee, on or at any time after March 14, 1912, at the office of

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 28 Nassau Street, New York City; or at the office of

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York City.

Dated New York, March 13, 1912.

By order of the said Joint Committee:
G. E. TRIPP, Chairman;
A. J. HEMPHILL, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.
Second Publication.

The Annual Meeting of THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION will be held at the principal office of the Company, No. 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J., at twelve o'clock noon on Tuesday, April second, 1912, for the purpose of electing directors; to ratify and confirm a contract dated February 6, 1912, between Studebaker Vehicle Company and others (including directors of the Company) of the first part and the Company of the other part adjusting certain differences arising out of inventory in connection with the original acquisition of the properties of the Company, which contract is on file with the Secretary and will be open to the inspection of Stockholders; and to ratify and confirm all actions taken at the various meetings of the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee, the records of which will be presented to the meeting and will be open to the inspection of Stockholders, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting. The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed from the close of business on March 12, 1912, until the opening of business on April 3, 1912.

SCOTT BROWN, Secretary.
Dated March 6, 1912.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY.

New York City, March 11th, 1912.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of Broadway Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 754 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22nd day of March, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon, for the election of Directors of the said Company pursuant to Section 36 of the Banking Law of the State of New York and as provided in the agreements of merger of Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York and Flatbush Trust Company into Broadway Trust Company, and for the purpose of adopting new by-laws for Broadway Trust Company and acting or voting upon any other matter or thing that may come before the said meeting. The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on March 12th, 1912, and will remain closed until the opening of business on March 23rd, 1912.

FREDERIC G. LEE, President.
JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF MEETING.
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the Office of the Company in Beechmont, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April third, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the election of Directors and the transaction of all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company.

For the purposes of the meeting the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at three o'clock P. M., on Tuesday, March 5, 1912, and will be reopened at ten o'clock A. M., April 4, 1912.

By order of the Board of Directors.
ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.
Dated February 6, 1912.

THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY

PACIFIC EXTENSION MORTGAGE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Guaranty Trust Company of New York, having resigned as Trustee of the Pacific Extension Mortgage of Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway Company, dated June 1, 1881, a meeting of the holders of the bonds issued and outstanding under the said mortgage is hereby called to be held at the office of The Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Company, No. 25 Broad Street, Manhattan, New York City, on the 27th day of March, 1912, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing a new trustee of the said mortgage.

Dated New York, February 21st, 1912.
A. C. DOAN, Secretary.
THE MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE AMERICAN CONTRACT & FINANCE CO.:

You will please take notice that a general meeting of the creditors of the American Contract and Finance Company has been called by the undersigned to be held at the office of Messrs. Alexander, Watriss & Polk, Room 905, No. 32 Nassau Street, on the 9th day of May, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Dated N. Y. City, Feb. 29th, 1912.
JAMES S. McDONOGH,
Permanent Receiver of The American Contract and Finance Company.
ALEXANDER, WATRISS & POLK, Attorneys for Permanent Receiver, Office and Post Office Address, No. 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE JAY C. WEMPLE CO.:

Notice is hereby given that the election of Directors for the Jay C. Wemple Co. not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, a meeting of the members of said Corporation for the purpose of electing Directors and Inspectors of Election thereof will be held at the office of said Company, No. 35 East 20th St., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

A. D. BRITTON, Secretary.
Dated New York, N. Y., March 7, 1912.

STERLING MOUNTAIN RAILWAY COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sterling Mountain Railway Company will be held at its office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 2d day of April, 1912, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

W. S. JOHNSON, Secretary.
Dated March 15, 1912.

SOUTHFIELD BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southfield Branch Railroad Company will be held at its office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 2d day of April, 1912, at 12:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

W. S. JOHNSON, Secretary.
Dated March 15, 1912.

A MEETING OF THE LOT OWNERS OF The Green-Wood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Wednesday, March 20th, at 12 o'clock, noon, to receive the annual report of the Trustees.

T. HOOD MUIR, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND
New York, N. Y., March 14, 1912.

The regular quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) on the PREFERRED stock of the American Gas and Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending April 30th, 1912, payable May 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business April 15th, 1912, on which day the transfer books will close, and re-open May 2d, 1912.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND.
New York, N. Y., March 14th, 1912.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the COMMON stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending March 31st, 1912, payable April 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business March 21st, 1912, on which day the transfer books will close and reopen April 2d, 1912.

FRANK B. BALL, Secretary.

CENTRAL LEATHER COMPANY.

The interest due April 1, 1912, on the coupon and the registered bonds of this Company will be paid by the Central Trust Company of New York. The transfer books for the registered bonds will close March 15, 1912, and reopen April 2, 1912.

GEO. W. PLUM, Treasurer.
New York, February 29, 1912.

General Chemical Company of California,

25 Broad Street, New York, March 15, 1912.

A dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the First Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1, 1912, to Stockholders of record at 3 P. M., March 21, 1912.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

NEW YORK & HARLEM RAILROAD CO.

New York, March 14th, 1912.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a dividend of 2% on the Preferred and Common Stock, payable on the first day of April, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 22d, 1912.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

GENERAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.

25 Broad Street, New York, March 1, 1912.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) will be paid April 1, 1912, to preferred stockholders of record at 3 P. M. March 21, 1912.

JAMES L. MORGAN, Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS.

American Woolen Company

Fifty-Second Quarterly Dividend

Notice is hereby given that the regular quartely dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the Preferred Capital Stock of the American Woolen Company of record March 25, 1912, will be paid on the 15th day of April, 1912.

Transfer books for Preferred Stock will be closed at the close of business March 25, 1912, and will be reopened April 5, 1912.

Checks will be mailed by the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

WM. H. DWELLY, JR., Treasurer.
Boston, Mass., March 13, 1912.

Preferred Dividend Notice

D. C. HEATH AND COMPANY

BOSTON

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths per cent. has been declared by the Directors of D. C. Heath & Co., payable to stockholders of record April 1, 1912. Books close March 25, 1912. Checks will be mailed.

WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

D. C. HEATH AND COMPANY

BOSTON

A dividend of twelve per cent. has been declared on the outstanding common stock from the surplus net profits of this Company. Checks will be mailed to stockholders of record February 28, 1912.

WINFIELD S. SMYTH, Treasurer.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

30 Church Street, New York, February 9, 1912.

A DIVIDEND OF TWO PER CENT. (2%) out of accumulated income has been declared on the PREFERRED STOCK of the Company, payable on Wednesday, April 24, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, March 30, 1912.

R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.

23 Wall Street, New York, February 9, 1912.

On April 24, 1912, the Voting Trustees for Preferred Stock Trust Certificates of the Southern Railway Company, WHICH HAVE ASSENTED TO THE EXTENSION AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 27, 1902, will be prepared to distribute the above dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) when received by them, among the parties entitled thereto, as same appear of record on their books at the close of business March 30, 1912.

J. P. MORGAN & CO., Agents for Voting Trustees.

THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL COMPANY.

New York, March 14, 1912.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of The American Agricultural Chemical Company, held this day, March 14, 1912, a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the preferred stock, and a quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) on the common stock, were declared, payable on April 15th, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 25th, 1912.

The transfer books of both the preferred and common stock will close at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, March 25th, and remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M. on Saturday, April 13th, 1912.

THOMAS A. DOE, Treasurer.

HASELTON STEEL TUBE COMPANY 3-YEAR 5% GOLD NOTES, Due April, 15, 1912

Notice is hereby given that the entire amount of outstanding Notes of the above issue will be paid on and after April 15, 1912, together with the Coupons due on that date pertaining thereto, upon surrender thereof at the office of BANKERS' TRUST COMPANY, New York City, which has been appointed as the Company's agent for such purpose.

HASELTON STEEL TUBE COMPANY.
Dated March 15, 1912.

NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.

New York, March 12th, 1912.

A quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. (1¼%) on the capital stock of this company has been declared, payable on Monday, April 15th, 1912, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Wednesday, the 27th inst. For the purpose of the annual election of Directors of this company, which will be held on the 17th day of April next, the transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, the 27th inst., and reopened at 1 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, April 17th next.

EDWARD L. ROSSITER, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF
J. G. WHITE COMPANY, INC.,
43 Exchange Place, New York,
ENGINEERS—MANAGERS,

THE TRI-CITY RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.

The Board of Directors of The Tri-City Railway and Light Company has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of this Company for the quarter ending March 31st, 1912, payable Monday, April 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record Friday, March 22d, 1912.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Dividend No. 112.

The guaranteed quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. on the Capital stock of the MANHATTAN RAILWAY COMPANY will be paid by the undersigned, Lessee, at the office of its Treasurer, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on and after April 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. March 15, 1912.

Interborough Rapid Transit Co., Lessee.
J. H. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation.

The Directors of this Corporation have declared a quarterly dividend of 1½% (37½c. per share) on the Preferred capital stock, and a dividend of 2% (50c. per share) on the Common capital stock, both payable April 5th, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 18th, 1912.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

New York, March 7th, 1912.

An Extra Dividend of six per cent. (6%) on the capital stock of this Company (including the $533,500 of stock known as "Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Guaranteed Stock") has been declared payable on Friday, March 29th, 1912, at the office of the Treasurer, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, March 15th, 1912.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

THE UNION BAG AND PAPER CO.

17 Battery Place, N. Y. March 6, 1912.
52nd Quarterly Dividend.

A dividend of 1% on the preferred stock of The Union Bag and Paper Company has this day been declared, payable April 15, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 19, 1912. Stock transfer books will close at the close of business March 19, 1912, and will be reopened at the opening of business, April 10, 1912.

JAMES F. BUSH, Secretary.

KNICKERBOCKER ICE CO.

26TH DIVIDEND.
Chicago, February 21, 1912.

The Board of Directors have declared a regular semi-annual dividend of Three (3%) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of this Company payable April 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record of March 15, 1912.

Checks will be mailed to stockholders by the Central Trust Company of New York.

WILLIAM A. WALTER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
Lanston Monotype Machine Company,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable on the 30th day of March, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business, March 23, 1912.

J. SELLERS BANCROFT, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, March 5, 1912.

KOLB BAKERY COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the KOLB BAKERY COMPANY a dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) was declared on the PREFERRED STOCK of this Company for the period of three (3) months ending March 30, 1912, payable on April 1, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 30, 1912.

C. J. LAYFIELD, Treasurer.

The Aeolian, Weber Piano and Pianola Company.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS per cent. (1¾%) was declared upon the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable the 30th inst. to stockholders of record March 23rd, 1912.

WILLIAM E. WHEELOCK, Treasurer.
March 13th, 1912.

The American Tobacco Company,
No. 111 Fifth Avenue, New York.
March 13, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the transfer books of the registered 6% gold bonds of The American Tobacco Company will close at 3 o'clock P. M. on March 28, 1912, for the payment of interest thereupon due April 1, 1912, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., April 2, 1912.

J. M. W. HICKS, Treasurer.

HOTEL SECURITIES COMPANY,

New York, February 21st, 1912.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of 3% upon the capital stock of this Company, payable March 30th, 1912, to stockholders of record at close of business March 22nd, 1912. The transfer books will be closed March 22nd, 1912, at 3 P. M., and be reopened March 30th, 1912, at 10 A. M.

J. SPERRY KANE, Secretary.

THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

March 14th, 1912.

DIVIDEND: The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent., free of tax, payable April 1st, 1912, to Stockholders of Record. Transfer books will close March 23d and reopen April 2d, 1912.

EMIL KLEIN, Cashier.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter per cent., (1¼%) has been declared upon the preferred stock of this company, payable April 1st, 1912, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 16th, 1912. Transfer books will remain open. Checks mailed.

R. H. ISMON, Secretary.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

General List Rises Sharply in Last Hour After Early Strength in Special Issues.

PRICES AT YEAR'S HIGHEST

Some News and Many Rumors Figure in Stock Exchange Discussion—Public Interest Increases.

A movement which in vigor and in the number of issues to which it extended outdid any similar movement which occurred during the last few weeks of improving markets, carried the general level of railroad and industrial issues to the highest point of the year. During the earlier hours of trading the stocks which displayed the greatest amount of strength were some of the higher priced industrial issues and a number of the less prominent stocks in other classes while the major issues which commonly take the leadership in market movements remained more or less neglected. What uncertainty in respect to the market position of these issues was caused by the attention given to the specialties, while the most active issues showed little movement, was dispelled in the last hour when the whole list rose with considerable increase in activity and with sufficient strength to bring about net gains for the day which in many instances exceeded a full point. In some cases the net advances were even larger, exceeding two points, but this was for the most part true only of the stocks which had been the features of the market before the rise extended toward the close of the session of the general list.

Speculative operations of traders very naturally appeared prominently in the trading which carried prices upward in the late afternoon and which left them at the close practically at the high point of the session. Operations of this character seemed, however, less dominant in the market during the early stages of the advance, for public interest in the trading seems to have been steadily broadening during recent days. There was a disposition yesterday to look upon the rising prices as nothing more than the logical working out of the position in which the market found itself, the dominant feature of which, its thoroughly liquidated position has been so frequently commented upon in connection with the earlier stages of the movement which has been underway. With the rise in prices which has taken place it is natural to assume a somewhat freer supply of stocks than was available at the lower levels, but against this assumption must to be offset the apparent increase in public interest and the fact that on each occasion recently when the market became dull prices yielded but little and quickly recovered.

In addition to this explanation of the market's movement based on the theory of the general Stock Exchange position there were one or two developments yesterday which were helpful in furthering the rise. Thus the decision of the Finance Committee of the Senate to make an adverse report on the house bill revising the steel schedule of the tariff law and the reports of further hardening of steel prices were both instrumental in shaping sentiment favorably to the steel shares. On the other hand no new factors were injected into the situation and while the hoped for settlement of the English coal strike again went over another day the disposition was to adhere to the previously formed conviction that the very conditions surrounding this strike and the check which it has put upon industry will compel an early adjustment of the dispute. While there was no large amount of fresh developments to give shape to the market there was a wide variety of rumors to several of which, even though they lacked confirmation, the Stock Exchange was disposed to give considerable attention. Some of these had to do with the affairs of the Erie Railroad whose shares were conspicuously strong features of yesterday's trading. The Stock Exchange has long looked upon the Erie as a likely acquisition for some one of the Western railroad systems and it was again paying heed yesterday, despite its previous disappointments in respect to similar reports, to a rumor that one of the important Western systems had acquired enough stock to give it a dominant voice in the Erie's affairs.

The further rise in International Harvester found its inspiration in the reports which persist that a suit against the Company under the Sherman law will be avoided by a voluntary readjustment of the Company's affairs. Having in mind the outcome of the readjustments which were forced upon the Standard Oil and American Tobacco Companies there is a disposition, in the absence of any specific information regarding the lines which readjustment by the International Harvester would be likely to follow, to assume that it would take a shape which would in effect represent some extra distribution to the Company's shareholders. This theory in respect to the working of plans for the dissolution of trusts, whether dissolution be forced upon them under adverse decisions or be undertaken as a way out of suits brought under the anti-trust act, cannot be applied indiscriminately. Yet it is only natural, in view of the recent experience in this matter of two of the more conspicuous trusts, that such dissolutions should from the point of view of the security holders lose most of their appearance of misfortune.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅜ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 2¾@3 per cent. for sixty days, 3@3¼ per cent. for ninety days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for four, five, and six months, and 3¾@4 per cent. for eight and nine months, and 4@4¼ per cent. for ten to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4¼ per cent. for prime four to six months' maturities.

Private discount rate abroad: London, 3½ per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 3⅛ per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 4¾ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $288,313,194; balances, $11,447,750; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $329,095.

The local banks have lost $8,684,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8765; demand, $4.8725.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½; check, 5.17½ less 1-16.
Berlin—Cable, 95⅝; check, 95¼.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.19⅜ less 1-64; check, 5.20 plus 1-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.33; check, 40.30.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20; check, 5.20 less 3-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.84; 90 days, $4.82⅜.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.83⅞; 90 days, $4.82⅛.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 94¼; 90 days, 94⅛.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21⅜ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21⅞; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94⅝; 90 days, 94.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c premium; St. Louis, 20c premium; St. Paul, 40c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted unchanged in London, at 26 15-16d per ounce, and unchanged in New York, at 58½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Advertising Steel Cars.

The accident to the New York Central's fastest train has served the double purpose of increasing the agitation of railway men, the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and the public for a different type of steel rail, which can stand up under the increasingly heavy loads to which the tracks are subjected, in Winter as well as in Summer, and of calling the attention of the traveling public to the desirability of selecting a steel passenger coach when traveling. The remarkable escape of all the passengers in the Twentieth Century, as compared with the usual fate of passengers riding in wooden coaches in similar wrecks, ought to prove reassuring to timid people who are always fearful of a long railroad journey. Incidentally, the Central's loss promises to become the steel car manufacturers' gain.

⁂

Municipal Bond Output.

The year 1911 may not have been considered a favorable period for financing corporation needs, but there was no dearth of buyers for State and city issues. The total sales of municipal bonds in this country aggregated $636,124,000, which is more than $100,000,000 above the total for any preceding year. In 1908, when there was a big demand for municipal issues, the total sold was $530,021,000. New York State disposed of $22,500,000 4s during the year, while New York City sold a total of $60,000,000 of its 4¼s of 1960. The feature of the recent months has been the low price prevailing for municipal bonds. Investors who a few years ago were satisfied with a yield of 4 or 4.25 per cent. now demand gilt-edged securities, returning them from 4.50 to 5 per cent. New York City's bonds sold in January, 1911, averaged 4.207 per cent.

⁂

Interest in Harvester Surplus.

The prospect of some sort of a splitting up of the International Harvester Company as a solution of the Department of Justice's objections to the standing of the present organization under the Sherman law has aroused interest in the forthcoming annual report's showing of surplus in the light of a possible distribution to stockholders of free funds. The necessities of the company in the matter of working capital are large, because of the long credits given customers and the large amount of materials and stocks of finished product on hand. At the end of 1910, the last fiscal year for which a report has been made, the item of materials and supplies was carried at $61,646,435. Notes and accounts receivable totaled $55,506,547. The surplus of $16,069,549 at the close of the year would have been $36,000,000 had it not been for the payment of $20,000,000 in a special dividend to stockholders for application on the new stock issue of $20,000,000 put out in January, 1910. This total represented the growth in surplus from $16,691,000 at the end of 1908. What the increase in surplus has been since the close of 1910 is a matter of conjecture, but it has undoubtedly been large, in view of the company's recent policy of funding its requirements for expansion, as in the case of its $20,000,000 note issue, at the beginning of this year.

⁂

German Supremacy.

The loss to Germany of a recent contract for steel railway material for use on the Egyptian railways emphasizes the extent to which the German manufacturers have undermined the English and Belgian foreign business. The Railway Administration of Egypt, with strong English leanings, was in the market for 1,345 metric tons of saddles for rails. The bids were at prices which include delivery. The bid of a Dusseldorf firm which got the contract was £7.6, or approximately $38, a metric ton for the most costly of the three classes of saddles. This was nearly £1 cheaper than the highest English bid, which was £8.5875 for this class, and compares with the cheapest of £8.250. The cheapest Belgian bid was £7.835.

⁂

Stock Market Averages.

The stock market yesterday averaged highest so far this year. The twenty-five leading industrial stocks made a new high record. The twenty-five leading railroad stocks averaged just a little below their high record of Jan. 3. Industrials and railroads together averaged almost an even half point above the figures of Jan. 3, when both classes were at their previous high point together. The industrials also averaged higher than on the corresponding day last year. The averages, with comparisons, follow:

1912.

RAILROADS.				
Wednesday, March 13	91.71	91.34	91.52	91.46
Thursday, March 14	92.22	91.30	91.76	92.19
INDUSTRIALS.				
Wednesday, March 13	65.54	64.83	65.18	65.11
Thursday, March 14	66.12	65.24	65.68	65.91

1911.

RAILROADS.				
Wednesday, March 15	94.91	94.82	94.61	94.47
Thursday, March 16	94.26	93.72	93.99	93.88
INDUSTRIALS.				
Wednesday, March 15	66.46	65.86	66.16	66.09
Thursday, March 16	66.06	65.74	65.90	65.83

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	91.43 Jan. 2	92.44 Jan. 3	88.74 Feb. 1
Industrials	64.00 Jan. 2	66.12 Mar. 14	61.74 Feb. 1*

*Also on Feb. 27.

1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	91.79 Jan. 3	97.49 Feb. 6	91.79 Jan. 3
Industrials	62.95 Jan. 3	67.17 Feb. 6	62.95 Jan. 3

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	Apr.	1,'13	100½	100¾	4.23
Balt. & Ohio..4½	June	1,'13	100½	100¾	4.02
Beth. Steel Co..6	Nov.	1,'14	100½	101¼	5.53
Ches. & Ohio..4½	June	1,'14	99¼	99½	4.74
C., H. & D. pur. money..4	July	1,'13	99⅝	99¾	4.20
Chi. & Alton..5	Mar.	15,'13	99⅝	99¾	5.25
Chi. El. Rys..5	July	1,'14	99⅝	98⅝	5.66
Erie..6	Apr.	8,'14	101½	101⅝	5.23
Erie..5	Oct.	1,'14	100	100¼	4.89
Gen. Motors..6	Oct.	1,'15	100	100¼	5.84
Gen. Rubber..4½	July	1,'15	97⅛	97⅝	5.35
Hudson Co..6	Feb.	1,'13	99⅞	100	6.00
Int. & Gt. N..5	Aug.	1,'14	98	98⅜	5.68
Int. Harv. Co..5	Feb.	1,'13	100⅜	101	4.62
Int. Rapid T..4½	.....	1912	100	100⅛	..
Lack. Steel Co..5	Mar.	1,'15	91	92	9.00
Minn. & St. L..5	Feb.	1,'13	95¼	96	9.00
Mo., K. & T..5	May	1,'13	99⅝	97¾	5.12
Mo. Pacific..5	June	1,'13	95⅞	96¾	6.65
M. C. of Mex..4½	Sep.	1,'13	98	98	5.95
N. Rys. of M..4½	June	1,'13	97⅛	98	6.31
N. Y. Central..4½	Mar.	1,'14	100⅝	100⅞	4.24
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R..4½	.....	1912	100	100⅛	..
Pac. T. & T..5	Jan.	5,'13	100⅛	100½	3.96
St. L. & S. F..5	Mar.	1,'13	100⅛	100¼	4.87
St. L. & S. F..5	June	1,'13	99½	100	5.00
Southern Ry..5	Feb.	1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.04
Tidewater Co..6	June	1,'13	101⅝	101⅞	4.66
U. S. Rubber..6	Dec.	1,'13	104⅝	104⅝	5.11
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min..5	Aug.	1,'14	100	100¼	4.73
Westinghouse..5	Aug.	1,'13	101⅛	101⅜	4.56

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	March 13.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Rcts., customs	$1,250,135	$12,672,693	$214,530,901
Internal rev.	764,929	10,002,719	205,864,143
Corporation tax	4,900	215,821	2,968,023
Miscellaneous	527,606	2,053,950	36,992,685
Total receipts	2,547,572	24,944,286	460,355,753
Expenditures	1,961,107	24,935,278	480,916,571
Surplus	586,464	9,007	*20,560,818

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

*Deficit.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $60,110,894; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $34,443,885.

The total balance in general fund was $122,673,598.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Industrials Lead in the Trading in the Markets at Other Points.

SLUMP IN McCRUM-HOWELL

Unfavorable Developments Carry the Preferred Down to 13, with Small Recovery.

Numerous industrial issues made good advances in the course of yesterday's dealings. Investment issues continued in fairly good demand and prices firm, but changes were of no significance at Baltimore yesterday.

Following the strength in Amalgamated and Anaconda, regarding both of which there were rumors of possible dividend increases, copper stocks developed a slightly firmer tone at Boston, but without unusual activity. Industrial issues attracted more attention, owing to news of trade conditions. American Telephone sold up to the highest point since last Summer, and American Woolen securities responded to the practical settlement of the Lawrence strike. American Agricultural Chemical declared the usual dividends, the common stock being fairly active and higher. Other prominent issues were American Sugar common, in which there was some profit taking on the annual report; General Electric, and Pullman.

Heavy selling in the McCrum-Howell issues continued on the Chicago Stock Exchange, exceeding 4,000 shares, and resulted in considerable further declines, though speculative buying at the low figures caused a partial rally toward the end of the day. The common shares opened a fraction off, at 5⅝, and sank to 3, returning to 4½ by the close, 1½ points under Wednesday. The senior issue was at 26 at the opening, compared with 25¼ Wednesday, but, on widely fluctuating sales, sank to 13, closing at 15¼. Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, so La Salle Street heard, have entered the fish market field with Frederick Robbins, former treasurer of the Booth Company, in active charge of operations. The packing firm has unlimited distribution facilities, and its entry into the field caused Booth Fisheries issues to slump sharply. The opening for the common was at 40¼, compared with 42 last night, and later sales were made at 39, though the close was at 41, a point under last night. The preferred opened a point down, at 79, and receded 2 points further, to 77. Later an almost complete recovery brought the price to 79¾. Elsewhere in the list there fas a strong undertone. Sears-Roebuck advanced a point, and Can was higher. The demand for bonds was excellent.

The general Philadelphia market continued firm, with further fractional gains in Electric Storage Battery, Lake Superior Corporation, Lehigh Valley Transit preferred, and Tonopah. Hasty covering of short contracts caused a violent rise in United States Steel during the last hour of the trading, which gave the final dealings a very firm aspect. All the arbitrage shares responded, as well as Tonopah Mining, Tonopah Belmont, the Asphalts, U. G. I., and Philadelphia Electric.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
170	Aug. & Aiken El. pf.	83½	83	83
10	Balto. Elec. pf.	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝
250	Cons. Coal	106½	106½	106½
195	Cons. Power	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜
100	Cons. Power pf.	114¼	114¼	114¼
50	Fidelity & Deposit	15½	15½	15½
50	Houston Oil cm. free	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
840	Hstn. Oil cm. tr. cfs.	10½	10½	10½
50	Hstn. Oil pf. tr. cfs.	62⅞	62⅞	62⅞
95	Maryland Casualty	97	97	97
45	Northern Cent.	128	128	128
200	Seaboard Air Line	22½	22¼	22¼
805	Seab'd Air Line pf.	46	45½	45½
30	United Railways	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
100	Western Maryland	60	60	60
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Atl. Cst. Li. cons. 4s.	95¼	95¼	95¼
4,000	Balto. Elec. 5s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞
1,000	B. & Annap. S. L. 5s.	77½	77½	77½
130,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
8,000	Cons. Gas 4½s	98	98	98
2,000	Fairmont Coal 5s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜
5,000	Georgia & Ala. 5s	106⅜	106⅜	106⅜
11,000	Ga., Car. & No. 5s	106	106	106
2,000	G. B. S. Brew. Inc.	6	6	6
3,000	Ga., Fla. & So. 5s	107	107	107
12,000	Houston Oil div. cfs.	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
11,000	Milwaukee Rfdg. 4½s	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
8,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	99½	99½	99½
8,000	Pa. Water & Pow. 5s	91½	91½	91½
14,000	United Ry. Inc.	64⅞	64⅞	64⅞
2,000	United Railways 4s	85½	85½	85½
3,000	U. Elec. L. & P. 4½s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Atchison pf	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
820	Boston Elevated	133	132½	132½
75	Boston & Albany	222	221½	222
12	Boston & Maine	99½	99	99
80	C. J. R. & S. Y. ex div	167	167	167
110	Fitchburg pf	128	127½	128
184	Mass. Elec. pf.	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
280	Mass. El. pf. stmpd.	82⅞	82⅝	82⅞
1,073	Mass. Elec. pf. frac. war	20c	19½c	20c
145	N. Y., N. H. & H.	138½	138⅛	138½
5	Old Colony	187	187	187
55	Union Pacific	168⅜	167¼	168½
85	Union Pacific pf	91½	91¼	91¼
161	West End	88	88	88
17	West End pf.	103¼	103¼	103¼
	TELEPHONES.			
2,486	American	147⅝	146⅝	147⅞
16	Mexican	2½	2½	2½
10	Mexican pf	6¼	6	6
83	New England	164	162½	162½
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
1,115	Am. Agr. Chem.	60½	59⅝	60
125	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	104½	103⅞	104½
60	Amoskeag pf	102	102	102
12	Am. Pneu. Svc. 2d pf	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
1,206	Am. Sugar	123½	122½	122½
107	Am. Sugar pf.	119	118½	118½
150	Am. Woolen	29⅞	29	29⅞
351	Am. Woolen pf.	90½	89½	90½
15	East Boston Land	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
107	Edison	298½	298	298½
624	General Electric	167½	165	167¼
37	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	165	165	165
101	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	87½	86½	87½
895	Mass. Gas	93	92½	92⅞
172	Mass. Gas pf.	98	97½	97⅝
10	McElwaine Co. 1st pf.	107	107	107
3	Mergenthaler	220	220	220
53	Minn. Gen. Elec.	132	130¼	132
12	N. E. Cotton Yarn	105	105	105
1,848	Pullman	161½	158⅝	160⅝
42	Reece Buttonhole	16	15½	16
40	Reece Folding Mach.	4¼	4¼	4¼
71	Swift	102¼	102	102¼
2	Torrington, Class A.	31	31	31
12	Torrington pf	29½	29½	29½
103	United Fruit	184½	184¼	184½
498	United Shoe Mach.	52⅜	52½	52⅜
370	United Shoe M. pf.	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝
2,495	U. S. Steel	66⅞	64⅞	66⅞
76	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅝	110⅛	110⅝
6	Westinghouse	37	37	37
50	Wollaston Land	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
	MINING.			
730	Adventure	8	7⅞	7⅞
60	Algomah	6	6	6
40	Allouez	41	40½	41
8,069	Amalgamated	72⅜	70⅞	72¼
5,015	American Zinc	27¼	26¼	27¼
110	Anaconda	40¼	40	40¼
400	Arizona Com'l ctfs.	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝
50	Boston & Corbin	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
727	Butte Balaklava	4	3½	4
690	Butte & Superior	25⅞	25	25⅞
1,500	Calumet & Arizona	62½	61½	61⅝
23	Calumet & Hecla	454	450	451
225	Chino	25⅞	25⅜	25⅞
515	Copper	57	55⅞	56¼
740	East Butte	13⅝	13½	13⅝
170	Franklin	13⅞	13½	13⅞
500	Giroux	4 7-16	4⅜	4 7-16
283	Granby	37½	37	37
1,095	Greene-Cananea	8 1-16	7⅞	8 1-16
638	Hancock	31⅝	30⅞	31
185	Hedley	17¼	17⅛	17¼
90	Indiana	15¼	14⅞	15¼
83	Inspiration	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜
17	Island Creek	43⅞	43½	43⅞
52	Island Creek pf.	87	86⅝	86⅝
905	Isle Royale	28⅛	27⅞	28
200	Kerr Lake	3	3	3
895	Keweenaw	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
135	Lake	37⅛	36⅞	37⅛
10	Mason Valley	12½	12½	12½
840	Mayflower	10½	10¼	10½
80	Miami	24⅝	24¼	24⅝
15	Michigan	3	3	3
50	Mohawk	56	56	56
780	Nevada Con.	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
110	New Arcadian	5	4⅞	5
55	Nipissing	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
1,710	North Butte	28⅛	27⅞	28⅛
20	North Lake	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
285	Ojibway	6¼	6	6¼
445	Old Colony	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
600	Old Dominion	49	48⅞	49
20	Pond Creek Coal	16	16	16
6	Quincy	78⅛	78	78
600	Ray Con	17¼	17	17¼
615	Shannon	12⅝	12¼	12⅝
110	Shattuck Ariz	19⅝	19	19⅝
650	South Utah	65c	62c	62c
25	St. Mary's Land	50¼	50⅛	50¼
165	Superior	27⅞	27	27⅞
200	Superior & Boston	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
105	Trinity	6	5⅞	5⅞
425	Tuolumne	4	4	4
200	Union Copper Land	2	2	2
60	U. S. Smelting	38	37⅞	38
90	U. S. Smelting pf.	48½	48	48½
30	Utah Cons.	16	15½	15½
170	Utah Copper	57⅞	57⅜	57⅞
10	Victoria	4½	4½	4½
8	Wolverine	106	106	106
50	Wyandote	2½	2½	2½
	BONDS.			
$10,000	Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
700	American Ice 6s	76	76	76
82,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91¼	91	91¼
1,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	115	115	115
1,000	Am. Zinc 6s, 1915	105	105	105
3,000	A. G. & W. I. SS 5s	67¼	67¼	67¼
6,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	97	97	97
5,000	Central Vt. 1st 4s	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
8,000	C. J. Ry. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
2,000	Ill. Steel 5s, 1913	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	117	117	117
3,000	K. C., M. & B. inc. 5s	87	87	87
6,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99½	99	99
5,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
4,000	Rep. of Cuba 5s	103½	103½	103½
10,000	Shannon Ariz. 6s	89	89	89
10,000	West. T. & T. 5s	100½	100½	100½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,735	Am. Can	14½	13⅞	14½
200	Am. Can pf.	95⅝	95½	95½
5	Am. Radiator	400	400	400
760	Booth Fisheries	41	39	41
105	Booth Fisheries pf.	79¾	77	79¾
25	Chicago Pneu. Tool	44½	44½	44½
33	K. C. Ry. & L.	19	19	19
1,650	McCrum-Howell	5⅝	3	4½
2,150	McCrum-Howell pf.	26	13	15¼
24	Nat. Biscuit	149½	149½	149½
50	People's Gas	107	107	107
875	Sears-Roebuck	156½	154	156½
50	Street's Stable Car	7	7	7
25	Swift & Co.	102	102	102
650	United Boxboard	¾	¾	¾
200	U. S. Steel	66	64⅞	66
50	Int. Harvester	116½	116½	116½
	BONDS.			
$7,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
5,000	Cudahy & Co. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
3,000	Chic. Pneu. Tool 5s	95	95	95
5,000	Chi. City Realty 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
7,000	Com. Edison 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
6,000	Com. Electric 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
2,000	Chi. Rys. 5s, A	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜
2,000	Morris & Co. 4½s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
10,000	So. Side Elev. 4½s	95⅜	95⅜	95⅜

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
20	Amal. Copper	72¼	72¼	72¼
200	Am. Milling	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
15	Am. Railways	44½	44½	44½
5	Baldwin Loco. pf.	104	104	104
457	Cambria Steel	42	41⅞	42
32	Catawissa 1st pf.	55⅜	55⅜	55⅜
1,165	Erie	36⅜	35	36⅜
830	Elec. Stor. Battery	55⅞	55⅛	55⅞
50	Fourth St. Bank	325	325	325
974	General Asphalt	23⅜	23	23⅜
250	General Asphalt pf.	64	63⅝	64
114	Ins. Co. of N. A.	21½	21⅜	21½
2,364	Lake Sup. Corp.	29⅝	29	29⅝
30	Lehigh Navigation	88⅝	88⅜	88⅝
25	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctfs.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
65	Lehigh Valley	81⅜	81⅛	81⅜
1,075	Lehigh Valley Tran.	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞
662	Lehigh V. Tran. pf.	29½	29⅜	29½
140	Philadelphia Rap. Tr.	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
215	Philadelphia R. T. t.c.	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜
191	Penn. R. R.	61 13-16	61⅝	61⅝
44	Penn. Salt Mfg.	124	124	124
570	Philadelphia Co.	55⅛	55	55
100	Philadelphia Co. pf.	44½	44½	44½
8,785	Philadelphia Elec.	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜
15	Philadelphia Trac.	83⅝	83	83
1,860	Reading	78⅞	78	78 7-16
75	Rock Island	24⅝	24¼	24¼
2,416	Tonopah Belmont	11	10½	11
1,077	Tonopah Mining	7 13-16	7 9-16	7 13-16
1,051	United Gas Imp.	88⅞	88⅛	88⅞
10	Un. Con. of N. J.	242½	242½	242½
8,130	U. S. Steel	66⅞	64⅞	66⅞
822	Union Traction	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Consol. Ice pf.	48	48	48
885	Crucible Steel	11	10⅝	11
65	Crucible Steel pf.	83⅞	83¼	83⅞
410	Mfrs. Light & Heat	31⅞	31⅜	31⅞
240	Ohio Fuel Oil	16½	16½	16½
38	Ohio Fuel Supply	47¼	47	47
45	Oklahoma Gas	62½	63	63½
87	Osage & Oklahoma	41⅝	41	41
20	Pitts. Plate Glass	107	107	107
1,039	Pure Oil	9⅝	9¼	9⅝
800	Ross Mining	11c	11c	11c
200	Tonopah Extension	1.95	1.90	1.90
440	West Penn. Traction	75½	75½	75½
49	West Penn. Trac. pf.	84⅝	80⅝	84⅝
200	U. S. Steel	66⅞	66⅜	66⅞
10	W'house Air Brake	163	163	163
275	W'house Electric	37⅛	37	37
	BANK.			
7	Bank of Pitts., N. A.	116	116	116

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.06	Julia	.20
Alpha Con.	.15	Justice	.09
Andes	.08	Kentucky Con.	.07
Belcher	.60	Dady Wash. Con.	.11
Best & Belcher	.11	Mexican	3.67½
Bullion	.05	Occidental Con.	.60
Caledonia	4.25	Ophir	1.42½
Challenge Con.	.26	Overman	1.90
Chollar	.10	Potosi	.06
Confidence	.97	Savage	.21
Con. Cal. & Va.	.74	Sag Belcher	.60
Con. Imperial	.06	Sierra Nevada	.28
Crown Point	.60	Union Con.	1.15
Gould & Curry	.05	Utah Con.	.10
Hale & Norcross	.23	Yellow Jacket	.70
TONOPAH.		Daisy	.10
Belmont	10.85	Diamond'd Bl. B.	.08
Jim Butler	.54	Goldfield Con. M.	4.75
McNamara	.23	Goldfield Merger	.22
Midway	.31	Great Bend	.04
Montana	2.45	C. O. D.	.11
North Star	.80	Jumbo Extension	.34
Rescue Eula	.20	Florence	.64
Tonopah Exten.	1.90	Lone Star	.05
West End	1.55	Red Hills	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kend.	.04
Adams	.02	Vernal	.18
Atlanta	.20	Silver Pick	.08
Blue Bell	.02	Nevada Hills	2.45
Comb. Fraction	.16	Manhattan Con.	.16
Booth	.10		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	7	Jackpot	6¼	6⅜
Elkton	59½	60	McKinney	52½	54
El Paso	68	69½	Old Gold	3½	4¼
Findlay	4½	7	Portland	90	92
Gold Dollar	14⅝	15¼	Vindicator	73	80
Isabella	11⅜	12½	Jen. Samp.	5	7

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Sixty-six stocks made up the trading list on the Consolidated Stock Exchange—the broadest market witnessed on the floor this year. The day ended with a violent advance in prices under way, following early inactivity so far as the leading stocks were concerned. Much attention, however, was accorded to the specialties in the early dealings, with the market as a whole gradually strengthening.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,070	Amal. Copper	71	72⅝	70⅞	72⅝
30	Am. Beet Sugar	57½	57⅞	57⅜	57⅞
220	Am. Can	13⅞	14⅝	13⅞	14⅝
70	Am. Can pf.	95⅝	96⅝	95½	96⅝
150	Am. Car & F.	54⅝	55⅜	54⅝	55⅜
100	Am. H. & L.	48	48	48	48
20	Am. Ice	22	22	22	22
100	Am. Cotton Oil	50⅞	51¼	50⅞	51¼
130	Am. Locomo.	37	37½	36⅞	37½
4,010	Am. Smelting	76	77⅞	75⅞	77⅞
350	Am. Sugar	123⅛	123½	122⅞	122½
180	Am. T. & T.	147⅛	147⅝	147⅛	147⅝
630	Anaconda Cop.	39⅝	40⅜	39½	40⅜
20	At., T. & S. F.	105¼	105⅞	105¼	105⅞
160	Balt. & Ohio	103⅞	104¼	103⅞	104¼
40	Beth. Steel	30	30⅜	30	30
80	Brooklyn R. T.	80¼	80⅝	80¼	80⅝
10	Canadian Pac.	232	232	232	232
180	Central Leather	22¼	22⅝	21⅞	22⅝
50	Central L. pf.	89	89	88½	88½
280	Ches. & Ohio	74⅜	75⅜	74⅜	75⅜
10	Chi. Gt. West.	18	18	18	18
510	C., M. & St. P.	107⅞	108¼	107⅞	108¼
10	Chino Copper	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
40	Col. F. & I.	26	26	26	26
50	Consol. Gas	141	141¼	141	141¼
50	Corn Products	11⅜	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝
100	Dist. Securities	30¼	30⅝	30¼	30⅝
5,470	Erie	34	36⅜	33⅝	36⅜
340	Erie 1st pf.	55⅛	56¼	55⅛	56¼
80	Gen. Electric	166¼	167	166¼	167
240	Gt. North. pf.	132⅝	133½	132½	133⅜
10	Inter.-Met.	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜
20	Inter.-Met. pf.	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
10	Int. Harvester	117	117	117	117
780	Lehigh Valley	163⅛	163⅝	162¼	163⅝
40	Louis. & Nash.	156⅜	156⅜	156⅜	156⅜
10	Mo., K. & T.	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
120	Missouri Pac.	40½	40⅝	40½	40⅝
50	Nat. Lead	54	54	54	54
490	N. Y. Central	112	112⅝	112	112⅝
70	Nevada Con.	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
60	Norf. & West.	108⅛	109⅜	108⅛	109⅜
40	North Am.	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
130	Northern Pac.	118⅝	120	118⅝	120
30	Pacific Mail	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜
20	Pennsylvania	123⅜	123⅝	123⅜	123⅝
20	Pressed S. C.	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞
8,220	Reading	156⅜	157⅛	155⅜	157
10	Rep. Steel pf.	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝
480	Rock Island	23⅞	24⅜	23⅞	24⅜
10	Rock Isl. pf.	49⅜	49⅜	49⅜	49⅜
180	Southern Pac.	108⅞	109⅞	108⅞	109⅞
80	Southern Ry.	28⅞	29⅜	28⅞	29⅜
140	Tenn. Copper	38⅞	39	38⅞	39
80	Third Av.	44	44	43⅞	43⅞
10,200	Union Pac.	167⅜	169	167	169
640	U. S. Rubber	49⅞	51⅜	49⅞	51⅜
20,070	U. S. Steel	64⅞	66⅞	64⅞	66⅞
30	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞	110⅞
100	Utah Copper	57	57⅞	57	57⅞
80	Va.-Car. Chem.	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
70	Wabash	7	7	7	7
50	West. Union	85⅜	85⅜	85	85⅜
10	Wheel. & L. E.	9	9	9	9
100	Westingh. E.	74	74½	74	74½
60,880					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
700	Atlanta	20	20½	20	20½
2,500	Blue Bell	.09½	.09½	.09½	.09½
1,700	Booth	.11	.11	.10	.10
800	Belcher	.60	.60	.60	.60
150	Con. Virginia	.75	.75	.75	.75
40	Goldfield C.	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
500	Jim Butler	.50	.50	.50	.50
1,400	Jumbo Exten.	.30	.35½	.30	.35½
1,000	Kewanas	.09	.09	.09	.09
1,000	McNamara	.24½	.24½	.24½	.24½
100	Montana	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20
400	Ophir	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45
200	West End	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
300	Yellow Jacket	.70	.70	.70	.70
10,290					

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Speculation in Tin Shares in London Continues to be Wildly Excited.

HOME STOCKS THERE LOWER

Central London Issues, However, Rise 6 Points on Amalgamation Rumors—Prices Firm in Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 15.—The London Times in its City article this morning says:

"There was a brisk inquiry for day-to-day advances yesterday morning, but the pressure was not excessive, as the market had supplied itself with cash adequate to its normal daily requirements by recent heavy operations at the Bank of England. It was enabled to reduce its debt to the Bank, but was not obliged to ask for any further aid after putting in short paper sufficient to provide for matured bills and loans that had become due. The market was employing its increased resources by cautiously extending its discount transactions.

"Rates for four to six months maturities fell slightly. Some gold was withdrawn from the Bank for export to Argentina.

"The Bank return shows a decrease in reserve, owing to further withdrawals of coin for internal use.

"On the Stock Exchange the most active markets were those for South African and Rhodesian shares, which showed great strength. Tin shares in several instances lost part of the recent rise. Elsewhere business was fairly active, and the tone not unsatisfactory.

"Central London railway stocks rose sharply on amalgamation rumors. Otherwise the trend of prices in the home railway market was downward.

"American shares were neglected."

LONDON, March 14.—Money was scarce, but discounts were easy to-day.

The settlement on the Stock Exchange was concluded without any apparent trouble.

Speculation in tin shares continues wildly excited. Oil shares and Kaffirs improved on increased business, while home securities reacted on profit taking and fears of prolonged coal strike conferences. Home rails showed an average loss of half a point. Central London issues scored a six-point rise on amalgamation rumors.

American securities opened dull, with fractional changes, and moved sluggishly, closing irregular.

Money, 3@3¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in he open market for short bills is 3⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3 9-16 per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted at Madrid at 7.75 and at Lisbon at 9.

PARIS, March 14.—Prices on the Bourse were generally firm to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 94f 85c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 24c for checks.

Private rate of discount, 4¾ per cent.

BERLIN, March 14.—Prices on the Boerse opened strong, but later reacted and closed quiet.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 45½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 5 per cent.

Private rate of discount, 4¾ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	77 15-16	..	..	−1-16
Consols, account	78 1-16	..	..	−1-16
Anaconda	8¼	39⅝	39⅛	+ ⅛
Atchison	107⅞	105⅛	105⅝	+ ⅛
Canadian Pac.	238⅞	232⅜	231⅞	+ ⅜
St. Paul	110⅝	107⅝	107⅝	+ ¼
Erie	35½	34⅝	34⅜	+ ¼
Erie 1st pf.	57	55⅜	55⅜	+ ⅜
Illinois Central	139	135⅜	135¼	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash.	160⅜	157	156⅝	+ ½
N. Y. Central	115	112¼	112	+ ¼
Pennsylvania	63¼	123⅛	123⅜	− ⅜
Reading	80	156	156	..
Southern Pacific	111⅜	109	108⅞	+ ⅛
Union Pacific	171⅝	167⅜	167⅝	− ⅜
U. S. Steel	66¾	65⅛	65	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	113	110⅛	110	+ ¼

Exchange 4.87¼.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 9 6	Esperanza	1 11 3
Tomboy	1 0 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	0 17 9	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 1½

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, March 14.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Notes in circulation decreased	23,550,000
Treasury deposits increased	21,150,000
General deposits increased	11,875,000
Gold in hand decreased	1,900,000
Silver in hand decreased	2,150,000
Bills discounted increased	25,775,000
Advances decreased	9,650,000

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, March 14.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£963,100
Circulation decreased	134,000
Bullion decreased	1,097,217
Other securities increased	3,078,000
Other deposits increased	1,135,000
Public deposits increased	103,000
Notes reserve decreased	937,000
Government securities decreased	833,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 42.02 per cent.; last week it was 44.26 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 3½ per cent.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
4½s..May, 1957, old	107⅜	107⅝	107¼	107⅝
4½s..Nov., 1957, new	107⅜	107⅝	107¼	107⅝
4½s..May, 1917, old	102¼	102⅝	102⅛	102⅝
4½s..Nov., 1917, new	102¼	..	102¼	102⅝
4½s..Mar., 1930-60, old	102⅜	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
4½s..Sept., 1960, new	102⅜	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
4s ..May, 1959, l'chg	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s ..Nov., 1958, l'chg	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s ..May, 1957, l'chg	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s ..Nov., 1955-6, reg.	99¼	99½	99¼	99½
4s ..May, 1919, l'chg.	99⅜	99⅞	99¼	100¼
3½s..Nov., 1954, l'chg	87⅛	87⅝	87⅛	87½
3½s..May, 1954, coup.	87⅛	87⅝	87	87½
3½s..May, 1954, reg.	86⅞	87⅝	86⅞	87⅞
3½s..Nov., 1941, reg.	88⅞	89⅜	88½	89

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday tin developed considerable activity, with a firmer tendency, 45 tons of spot selling at a range from 42.25 to 42.45, 25 tons of April at 42.00, and 25 tons of June at 41.17½. Copper ruled firm, 25 tons of standard May delivery selling at 14¼c.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Standard Copper—				
Spot	14.20	14.25	14.20	14.37½
March	14.22½	14.37½	14.20	14.25
April	14.22½	14.37½	14.22½	14.37½
May	14.25	14.30	14.22½	14.37½
Lead	4.00	4.10	4.00	4.10
Spelter	6.90	7.10	6.90	7.10
Tin	42.37½	42.45	42.00	42.25

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures for the day compare with Wednesday's closing prices:

	Thurs. £ s. d.	Wed. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	64 16 3	65 1 3
Copper, futures	65 11 3	65 16 3
Pig tin, spot	191 5	189 5
Pig tin, futures	187 10	186 5

The market ended quiet. Spanish pig lead was up 1s. 3d. at £15 8s. 9d. Spelter was down 2s. 6d. at £26 7s. 6d. Cleveland warrants were up 3d. at 50s. 9d.

Standard Oil
SUBSIDIARIES
FOR SALE
5 ATLANTIC REFINING
1 BORNE-SCRYMSER
50 BUCKEYE PIPE LINE
3 CHESEBROUGH MFG.
10 COLONIAL OIL
1 CONTINENTAL OIL
10 CRESCENT PIPE LINE
10 CUMBERLAND PIPE LINE
10 EUREKA PIPE LINE
10 GALENA SIGNAL COM.
50 INDIANA PIPE LINE
100 NATIONAL TRANSIT
10 NEW YORK TRANSIT
50 NORTHERN PIPE LINE
100 OHIO OIL
100 PRAIRIE OIL & GAS
2 SOLAR REFINING
10 SOUTHERN PIPE LINE
10 SO. WEST PA. PIPE LINES
100 STANDARD OF CALIFORNIA
5 STANDARD OF INDIANA
2 STANDARD OF KANSAS
2 STANDARD OF KENTUCKY
25 STAND. OF NEW JERSEY
50 STANDARD OF NEW YORK
10 STANDARD OF OHIO
10 UNION TANK LINE
10 VACUUM OIL
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5 Solar Refining
1 Standard Oil of Indiana
WE WILL SELL
1 Borne & Scrymser
10 Buckeye Pipe Line
10 Crescent Pipe Line
3 Cumberland Pipe Line
5 Galena Signal Com.
7 National Transit
10 Ohio Oil
10 Prairie Oil & Gas
10 Southern Pipe Line
2 S. W. Penn. Pipe Line
10 Stand. Oil of California
1 Standard Oil of Indiana
10 Standard Oil of Indiana (new)
7 Union Tank Line
Gwynne Bros.,
Tel. Broad 3232. 38 Broad St.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Buy
100 Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Stock.
100 Dome Mines Co. Ltd. Stock.
100 Gray National Telautograph Stock.
100 International Silver, Com. Stock.
$10,000 Kansas City, Mexico & Orient 4s.
$10,000 Otis Elevator Conv. 5s.
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
100 General Baking, Com. & Pfd. Stock.
100 International & Great Northern Stock.
25 Interborough Rapid Transit Stock.
50 Ohio Oil Stock.
100 Sen Sen Chiclet Stock.
3 Standard Oil of Indiana.
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
'Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N. Y.

Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. Stocks
International Nickel Common
Int'n'l Smelting & Refining Co.
Amer. Light & Traction Co. Stocks
Republic Railway & Light Co. Stocks
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Lamarche & Coady
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100 CRIPPLE CREEK CENTRAL COM.
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"The Plan Behind the Man"
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EDW. W. SHATTUCK, Investment Counsel
24 Stone Street, New York

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday, March 14, 1912.

Total sales March 14, 1912.......... 552,288
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 22,905,184
Same period last year.......... 24,635,996

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
¾	⅞	200	Allis-Chalmers	¾	¾	¾	¾	−⅛
3⅞	4¼	1,100	Allis-Chalmers pf	4½	4½	3¾	4	−½
72⅜	72½	39,200	Amalgamated Copper	71	72½	70⅞	72½	+1½
60¼	60⅜	1,400	Am. Agricul. Chem.	59⅞	60¾	59⅝	60¼	+1
57¾	57⅞	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	57½	57⅞	57½	57⅞	+⅜
14⅞	15	20,800	Am. Can	13¾	15	13⅝	15	+1¼
96	96¼	7,635	Am. Can pf	95⅛	96½	95⅛	96⅛	+1
55	55¼	2,700	Am. Car & Foundry	54¼	55¼	54¼	55	+½
50¾	51¼	2,400	Am. Cotton Oil	50⅝	51⅜	50⅝	51	+1
213	217	50	Am. Express	212	212	212	212	...
4	4¼	200	Am. Hide & Leather	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+⅛
22⅝	23	200	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	22¾	23	22¾	23	+⅛
10⅞	11	600	Am. Linseed	10⅞	11	10⅞	11	+¾
33	33¼	400	Am. Linseed pf	33	33	33	33	+2½
37	37¼	600	Am. Locomotive	36½	37	36½	37	+1
11¾	12⅛	700	Am. Malt	11½	12	11½	12	+½
55¼	55½	1,200	Am. Malt pf	55	56	55	55½	+¾
77⅜	77½	14,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	76	77½	75⅞	77½	+1¾
104¼	104⅝	900	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	104⅛	104½	104⅛	104½	+¼
86¼	86¾	200	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼	+1
129¾	130	300	Am. Snuff	129¾	129¾	128½	129	...
100	102	10	Am. Snuff pf. new	100½	100½	100½	100½	...
28	29½	250	Am. Steel Foundries	28⅛	28⅛	28	28	−1
122¾	123	7,900	Am. Sugar Refining	123½	123½	122⅝	122⅞	+½
118	119	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	−¼
147¾	147⅞	5,800	Am. Tel. & Tel.	146⅞	147⅞	146⅞	147⅞	+1⅛
258	260	900	Am. Tobacco	255	258¼	255	258	+5
102¾	103	400	Am. Tobacco pf. new	102¾	102⅞	102¾	102⅞	−⅛
29¼	29¾	500	Am. Woolen	29	30	29	29½	+1
90	91	600	Am. Woolen pf	89¾	90	89¾	90	+1
30	31	1,200	Am. Writing Paper pf	30	30¼	30	30	+⅜
40⅝	40¾	13,115	Anaconda Copper	39½	40⅞	39½	40⅝	+1⅛
108	109	45	Assets Realization	109	109	109	109	...
106⅛	106¼	3,900	Atch., Top. & S. F.	105⅝	106⅛	105¼	106⅛	+¾
103⅝	103¾	200	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝	+⅛
138⅝	139	510	Atlantic Coast Line	138⅝	139	138½	139	+½
104	104⅜	2,300	Baltimore & Ohio	103¾	104¼	103¾	104¼	+⅝
..	..	33	Bank of Commerce	198	198	198	198	...
1¼	1⅜	100	Batopilas Mining	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	...
30¼	30½	1,500	Bethlehem Steel	30⅛	31	30⅛	30½	+½
60	60¼	800	Bethlehem Steel pf	59½	60⅜	59½	60⅜	+½
80⅛	80¼	1,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	79⅞	80¼	79⅞	80¼	+⅝
232½	232⅝	3,650	Canadian Pacific	231¾	232¾	231¾	232⅝	+⅞
22	22¼	3,600	Central Leather Co.	22	22⅜	21¾	22⅜	+⅝
88⅝	89	800	Cent. Leather Co. pf	89	89¼	88⅝	88¾	+½
121	123	100	Cent. & So. Am. Tel.	121½	121½	121½	121½	...
75⅝	75¾	7,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	74¾	75¾	74⅝	75¾	+1¼
18¼	18½	300	Chicago Gt. Western	18	18¼	18	18¼	−⅛
36	36¼	300	Chi. Gt. Western pf	35¾	36	35¾	36	+½
108¼	108⅜	2,600	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	107½	108¼	107½	108¼	+⅝
141½	141¾	1,800	Chi. & Northwestern	140⅝	141⅝	140⅜	141¼	+⅜
25¾	26	600	Chino Copper	25⅝	25¾	25⅝	25¾	−⅛
25½	26	400	Colorado Fuel & Iron	25	25½	25	25½	+1
42	43	200	Colorado & Southern	42¾	42¾	42½	42½	−½
68	70	100	Col. & South. 2d pf	68	68	68	68	...
..	..	4,100	Comstock Tunnel	*13	15	13	14	+2
141⅜	141¾	2,300	Consolidated Gas	141	141½	141	141½	+½
11¾	12	600	Corn Products Ref.	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+⅛
80	80¼	500	Corn Products Ref. pf	79¾	80	79¾	80	+⅛
169½	170	120	Delaware & Hudson	170	170	170	170	−¼
21	22	300	Denver & Rio Grande	21	21	21	21	...
30½	30¾	725	Distillers' Securities	30	30¾	30	30½	+¾
9¾	10⅛	500	Duluth, S. S. & A.	9¾	10	9¾	9⅞	+⅛
19⅜	19¾	700	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	18⅜	20	18⅜	20	+2
36¼	36⅜	63,700	Erie	34⅛	36⅜	33¾	36¼	+1⅞
56½	56¾	9,320	Erie 1st pf	55	56½	55	56½	+1½
46⅛	46¼	2,200	Erie 2d pf	44¾	46⅛	44¾	46⅛	+1⅛
15	18	400	Federal M. & S.	14	15	14	15	+3½
42	43	1,100	Federal M. & S. pf	39	42	39	42	+3
166½	167	6,300	General Electric	165¼	167¼	165¼	166⅝	+1⅝
30½	32½	100	General Motors	31½	31½	31½	31½	+½
78	78⅛	200	General Motors pf	78	78	78	78	+1
4¾	4⅞	300	Goldfield Consol	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	...
133¼	133½	3,100	Great Northern pf	132¼	133½	132¼	133½	+1
38½	39	600	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	38½	39	38½	39	+¾
87	89½	10	Homestake Mining	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	...
134⅛	135	900	Illinois Central	135½	135⅞	134½	134⅞	−⅝
18⅜	18½	200	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	+⅛
58	58¼	800	Inter.-Met. pf	58¼	58½	58	58	+⅜
116	116½	4,900	Int. Harvester	116¼	117¾	116¼	116¾	+1½
11⅜	11½	3,780	Int. Paper	10¾	11½	10¾	11⅜	+⅝
56½	57	2,500	Int. Paper pf	54½	56⅜	54½	56⅜	+2
30¾	31½	500	Int. Steam Pump	30½	31	30½	30¾	+¼
81¼	81¾	400	Int. Steam Pump pf	81	81½	81	81½	+½
11½	12	100	Iowa Central	11	11	11	11	−¾
27½	27¾	600	Kansas City South	26½	27¼	26½	27¼	+¼
63¾	64	200	Kan. City South. pf	63½	64	63½	64	+¼
163⅞	164	13,100	Lehigh Valley	163	164	162	164	+1
175	178½	240	Liggett & Myers	175	177	175	177	+1⅞
109	109½	100	Liggett & Myers pf	109½	109½	109½	109½	+¼
156¾	157	1,700	Louisville & Nash.	157	157	156½	157	+¼
..	..	20	Mechanics & Met. Bk	265	265	265	265	...
4¼	4⅝	200	Mercantile Marine	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+⅝
19¾	20	200	Mercantile Marine pf	19½	19¾	19½	19¾	+⅛
24⅜	24½	2,500	Miami Copper	24	24⅝	24	24½	+½
22	23	400	Minn. & St. Louis	21	22½	21	22½	−½
138⅝	139½	500	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	138¾	138¾	138¼	138¾	+⅜
151½	152	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	151½	151½	151½	151½	+1½
87¾	89	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M. l. l.	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
28½	28¾	200	Mo., Kansas & Texas	28¼	28½	28¼	28½	+½
40½	40¾	1,138	Missouri Pacific	40	40¾	40	40¾	+½
148¾	149¼	2,000	Nat. Biscuit Co.	147¾	149	147¾	149	+2
127	129¾	25	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	128⅝	...
15⅜	15¾	500	Nat. Enam. & Stamp	14⅝	15⅜	14⅝	15⅜	+1
54	54½	200	Nat. Lead Co.	54	54¼	54	54¼	+¾
107	109	200	Nat. Lead Co. pf	108	108	108	108	...
30¾	31⅜	200	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	31	31	31	31	−½
19⅝	19¾	500	Nev. Consol. Copper	19⅜	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝	+⅝
50½	52	100	New York Air Brake	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	+1¾
..	..	2,200	New York Central	111⅞	112⅝	111⅞	112½	+½
19½	22½	200	New York Dock	20	20	20	20	...
138⅜	138⅞	300	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	138½	138¾	138½	138¾	+¼
50	51	300	Norfolk Southern	50	50	48¾	48¾	−1
109¼	109⅜	800	Norfolk & Western	108⅞	109¼	108⅞	109¼	+⅝
80⅝	80¾	900	North American	80⅜	80¾	80	80¾	+⅜
119⅞	120	3,935	Northern Pacific	118⅞	120	118¾	120	+1⅜
31¾	32	100	Pacific Mail	32	32	32	32	...
47¾	48¼	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	48	48	48	48	+¼
123⅝	123⅞	2,147	Pennsylvania R. R.	123½	123¾	123½	123¾	+⅛
174	176	200	P. Lorillard	175	175	175	175	...
110¼	110¾	100	P. Lorillard pf	110	110	110	110	+⅛
110	117	100	P., C., C. & St. L. pf	112	112	112	112	−4½
18⅝	18¾	400	Pittsburgh Coal	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	−¼
79	80	500	Pittsburgh Coal pf	79¼	79¼	79	79	−1
101	102	400	Pittsburgh Steel pf	101½	101⅞	101	101⅞	+⅜
32¾	33	500	Pressed Steel Car	32½	33	32½	33	+1⅛
100½	101¼	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	101	101	101	101	+⅛
160½	161⅜	4,285	Pullman Company	159	161½	159	161⅛	+2⅛
17	17⅛	2,750	Ray Consol. Copper	17	17¼	17	17⅛	...
30	30¼	500	R'way Steel Spring	30	30	30	30	+¼
156⅞	157	28,800	Reading	156⅛	157⅛	155¾	157	+1
96	96½	200	Reading 2d pf	96¼	96¼	96	96	−¼
19⅞	20	2,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	19⅜	20	19⅜	20	+½
72½	73	1,600	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	71½	72¾	71½	72¾	+1¼
24⅝	24¾	4,100	Rock Island Co.	23¾	24¾	23¾	24¾	+1⅛
50¼	50⅜	2,100	Rock Island Co. pf	49¼	50⅜	49¼	50⅜	+1⅛
28⅞	29	220	St. Louis & San Fran	28⅞	29	28⅞	29	...
67¼	67¾	300	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	67½	67½	67½	67½	+½
41⅞	42	1,075	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	40¾	41⅞	40¾	41⅞	+⅞
72¼	72½	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf	72	72⅜	72	72⅜	−⅛
156¼	156½	500	Sears, Roebuck & Co	154½	156¼	154½	156¼	+2½
41	41¾	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	41½	41½	41½	41½	−¼
109⅞	110	3,640	Southern Pacific	109	110	108⅝	110	+1⅛
107½	110	5	South P. R. Sugar pf	110	110	110	110	...
29¼	29⅜	4,100	Southern R'way ext	28⅝	29⅜	28⅝	29⅜	+⅞
74⅝	74¾	200	South. R'way pf., ext	74¼	74½	74¼	74½	+¼
20¼	21¼	100	Standard Milling	20½	20½	20½	20½	−1
38¾	38⅞	800	Tennessee Copper	38⅝	38¾	38⅝	38¾	+⅛
96	97	200	Texas Co.	97	97	96	96	−1
43⅞	44	500	Third Avenue, new	43½	44	43½	43⅞	+⅜
12¾	13	100	Tol., St. L. & West.	13	13	13	13	+⅛
5	6	200	Union Bag & Paper	5½	5⅞	5½	5⅞	+⅜
168¾	168⅞	33,600	Union Pacific	167¼	169	167	168⅞	+1⅛
91½	92	200	Union Pacific pf	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	−⅛
97½	98½	200	United Dry Goods	97¾	98	97¾	98	+¾
63½	64	400	United Rys. Inv. pf	62¾	64	62¾	64	+½
14½	15	20	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	15	15	15	15	...
94	96	25	U. S. Express	96	96	96	96	...
68	68½	100	U. S. Realty & Imp	68	68	68	68	+¾
51¾	51⅞	12,500	U. S. Rubber	49½	51⅞	49½	51⅞	+2⅜
112	112¼	300	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	112	112	112	112	+⅜
77½	78	300	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	77	77½	77	77½	+½
66¾	66⅞	122,900	U. S. Steel	64⅞	66⅞	64⅝	66¾	+1¾
110¾	110⅞	2,300	U. S. Steel pf	110½	110¾	110¼	110¾	+¾
57½	57⅝	2,400	Utah Copper	57⅛	57¾	57	57½	+½
46	47	100	Va. R'way & Power	46½	46½	46½	46½	...
54¾	55	400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	54½	54¾	54½	54¾	+⅜
62	64	100	Va. Iron. Coal & C.	62½	62½	62½	62½	+½
21	24	100	Vulcan Detinning	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼	+¼
6¾	7⅛	100	Wabash	7	7	6⅞	6⅞	−⅛
18⅜	18⅞	50	Wabash pf	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
58	59¾	500	Western Maryland	59¼	59¾	59¼	59¾	+½
84¾	85	2,450	Western Union Tel.	85	85½	84¾	84¾	...
74¾	75	2,600	Westinghouse E. & M.	74	75	74	74¾	+¾
110	114	100	Weyman-Bruton pf	112	112	112	112	−1
9⅛	9⅜	920	Wheel. & Lake Erie	9⅛	9¼	9⅛	9¼	+⅛
22	22½	300	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	22½	22½	22½	22½	+½
13¼	13¾	300	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	13½	13½	13½	13½	...

*Cents per share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales March 14, 1912.......... $3,423,500
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 191,535,000
Same period last year.......... 197,958,000

Panama 3s
50,000.......... 101⅞
Argentine Gov 5s
1,000.......... 98
Jap Gov 4½s, sterling loan
500.......... 93⅜
2,000.......... 93⅜
2d series
5,000.......... 92½
Jap Gov 4s, sterling loan
1,000.......... 86¼
N Y Canal 4s, 1961
2,000.......... 102½
N Y City 4s, 1957
1,000.......... 100¼
5,000.......... 100¼
N Y City 4s, 1958
6,000.......... 100
5,000.......... 100⅛
N Y City 4s, 1959
1,000.......... 100
10,000.......... 100⅛
N Y City 4¼s
62,000.......... 102½
6,000.......... 102⅝
N Y City 4½s, 1957
6,000.......... 107½
new
8,000.......... 107½

Allis-Chalmers 5s
2,000.......... 60¾
1,000.......... 61
3,000.......... 61⅛
7,000.......... 60¾
16,000.......... 61
2,000.......... 61⅛
3,000.......... 61¼
20,000.......... 61⅜
7,000.......... 61¼
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
2,000.......... 102⅝
1,000.......... 102½
Am Cotton Oil 5s
5,000.......... 94½
Am Sm Secur 6s
2,000.......... 103⅝
3,000.......... 103¾
Am T & T col 4s
67,000.......... 91
4,000.......... 91⅛
Am Tob 6s
2,000.......... 120⅝
Am Tob 4s
4,000.......... 95⅝
Am T & T cnv 4s
25,000.......... 115
25,000.......... 115¼
10,000 s 20f.......... 115
5,000 s 15f.......... 115
25,000.......... 115⅝
13,000.......... 115¼
1,000.......... 115⅜
75,000.......... 115½
Am Wr Paper 5s
2,000.......... 88½
Armour & Co 4½s
10,000.......... 92⅛
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
2,000.......... 80
A, T & S Fe gen 4s
5,000.......... 99¾
6,000.......... 99⅝
500.......... 99⅛
56,000.......... 99⅝
adjustment 4s
3,000.......... 91½
stamped
1,000.......... 91¼
4,000.......... 91⅜
conv 4s, 1955
3,000.......... 105¾
3,000.......... 106
conv 4s, 1960
138,000.......... 101⅞
35,000.......... 102
East Okl 4s
1,000.......... 96½
Trans S L 4s
10,000.......... 93¼
Atl Coast L 4s
22,000.......... 95½
Balt & Ohio, Monong Riv 5s
1,000.......... 104
1,000.......... 103⅞
Balt & Ohio gold 4s
10,000.......... 98⅝
6,000.......... 98½
P, L, E & W V 4s
1,000.......... 91⅝
S W div 3½s
500.......... 91½
1,000.......... 91¼
Beth Steel 5s
2,000.......... 93⅞
Bklyn R Trans ref conv 4s
3,000.......... 86½
Cal G & Elec 5s
1,000.......... 95⅜
6,000.......... 95⅜
Canada So 2d 5s
4,000.......... 100⅝
Cen Brch Ry 4s
1,000.......... 91½
Cent Leather 5s
10,000.......... 95¼
5,000.......... 95⅛
24,000.......... 95¼
Cen Pac gtd 3½s
2,000.......... 91
Cent Pac gtd 4s
5,000.......... 96½
Cent Vermont 4s
5,000.......... 92
Ches & Ohio con 5s
1,000.......... 111⅛
gen 4½s
2,000.......... 101¼
3,000.......... 101½
conv 4½s
43,000.......... 93
20,000.......... 93¼
25,000.......... 93½
C, B & Q gen 4s
30,000.......... 96
2,000.......... 95⅞
17,000.......... 96
C, B & Q joint 4s
2,000.......... 97
5,000.......... 97¼
10,000.......... 97
Ill div 3½s
4,000.......... 87⅝
13,000.......... 87⅜
27,000.......... 87⅝
1,000.......... 87¼
Ill div 4s
4,000.......... 99⅞
Chic Gt Wn 4s
5,000.......... 81⅞
3,000.......... 81⅛
C, M & St P Ter 5s
2,000.......... 101¾
C, M & St P gen 4s, ser A
2,000.......... 98¾
Chic & Northwn gen 4s
1,000.......... 98
C, R I & P R R 4s
5,000.......... 71¾
5,000.......... 71⅞
3,000.......... 71⅝
15,000.......... 72
65,000.......... 72½
C, R I & P Ry ref 4s
2,000.......... 89⅝
C, St P & Minn 1st 6s
3,000.......... 123½
Chino Copper 6s
2,000.......... 121
C, C, C & St L gen 4s
25,000.......... 92⅞
Col Mid 1st 4s
8,000.......... 50¼
Col & So 1st 4s
1,000.......... 97⅝
Col & So ref & ext 4½s
15,000.......... 97⅛
Del & H conv 4s
61,000.......... 98¼
Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s
5,000.......... 99⅝
Den & Rio Gde 1st & ref 5s
10,000.......... 88⅝
5,000.......... 88⅞
2,000.......... 88¾
Dis Sec Corp 5s
1,000.......... 74⅞
1,000.......... 74¾
1,000.......... 74⅞
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
10,000.......... 91½
12,000.......... 92
15,000.......... 92¼
1,000.......... 92⅛
12,000.......... 92½
Erie 1st con 4s
1,000.......... 88½
Erie 1st gen 4s
26,000.......... 78⅝
21,000.......... 78¾
15,000.......... 79
Erie conv 4s, Series A
10,000.......... 88
1,000.......... 88¼
5,000.......... 88⅜
1,000.......... 88½
1,000.......... 88⅝
2,000.......... 89
10,000.......... 89½
10,000.......... 90
Series B
60,000.......... 78½
2,000.......... 78⅝
5,000.......... 78½
55,000.......... 78⅝
25,000.......... 78⅝
11,000.......... 78⅞
26,000.......... 79
5,000.......... 79¾
15,000.......... 79¾
10,000.......... 79¾
6,000.......... 79⅝
Fla East C Ry 1st 4½s
8,000.......... 97½
Fort Smith Lgt & Traction 5s
8,000.......... 94½
2,000.......... 95
Gen Motors 6s
1,000.......... 100¼
1,000.......... 100⅜
11,000.......... 100
10,000.......... 100⅛
1,000.......... 100½
Ga Pac 1st 6s
1,000.......... 112⅞
Great Northern ref 4¼s
1,000 3.......... 101
5,000.......... 101¼
5,000.......... 101⅛
Inter-Met 4½s
85,000.......... 83¼
Int Rap Tran 5s
9,000.......... 104½
Interna'l Nav 5s
1,000.......... 80½
1,000.......... 80¼
8,000.......... 80
Int Steam P 5s
1,000.......... 92
9,000.......... 91½
Iowa Cent ref 4s
1,000.......... 63
Kana & M 2d 5s
1,000.......... 98¾
K C, Ft S & M 4s
2,000.......... 80
Kan City So 5s
14,000.......... 99½
Kings Co E L P pur mnoye 6s
5,000.......... 117
Lacka Steel 5s, 1923
3,000.......... 96
1,000.......... 95½
1950
2,000.......... 77¼
23,000.......... 77
Laclede Gas Lgt of St L 1st 5s
1,000.......... 102⅝
L S & M S 4s, 1928
20,000.......... 93¾
2,000.......... 93⅝
1931
11,000.......... 93⅜
Lex Av & P F 1st 5s
1,000.......... 102¾
Liggett & Myers 7s, tem bonds
4,000.......... 121
3,000.......... 120⅞
1,000.......... 121
Liggett & Myers 5s, tem bonds
7,000.......... 94⅝
L Isl rfd 4s
3,000.......... 96⅝
Louis & Nash & M & Mon 4½s
2,000.......... 104¼
Manhatn con 4s
5,000.......... 97
tax exempt
5,000.......... 97½
Mer Marine col Tr 4½s
3,000.......... 60½
Met St gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs
3,000.......... 101½
Met St Ry adj mge inc 5s, when issued
5,000.......... 55
43,000.......... 55¼
11,000.......... 55¼
10,000.......... 55½
5,000.......... 55¼
15,000.......... 55⅝
20,000.......... 55½
Met St Ry ref 4s, Tr Co ctfs stamped
2,000.......... 59½
Met St Ry ref 4s, when issued
10,000.......... 80¾
34,000.......... 80⅞
70,000.......... 81
5,000.......... 81¼
50,000.......... 81
26,000.......... 81¼
M. K & T 2d 4s
10,000.......... 82½
Mo Pac 4s
8,000.......... 73½
New Orl, Mobile & Chic 5s
5,000.......... 93½
N Y Central, L S col 3½s
3,000.......... 83¼
registered
21,000.......... 81½
M C col 3½s
1,000.......... 80
registered
2,000.......... 78½
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
6,000.......... 103⅞
N Y, L E & West Coal 6s
1,000.......... 107
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s, registered
1,000.......... 131¾
conv 3½s
25,000.......... 92½
25,000.......... 92⅝
N Y Tel 4½s
3,000.......... 100¼
2,000.......... 100⅝
N Y, Westchster & Boston 4½s
7,000.......... 99¼
Norf & W con 4s
1,000.......... 98¾
Norf & W cnv 4s, sub rects, full paid
6,000.......... 108
Nor Pac 4s
4,000.......... 99⅞
1,000.......... 99⅝
Nor Pac 3s
1,000.......... 69⅝
Or R & N con 4s
2,000.......... 95¼
Pac Coast 1st 5s
3,000.......... 103½
Ore Short Line gtd ref 4s
1,000.......... 94⅝
1,000.......... 94½
5,000.......... 95
Pac of Mo 1st 4s
1,000.......... 96
Pac T & T 5s
17,000.......... 100⅝
Penn conv 3½s 1912
58,000.......... 100
1915
3,000.......... 97½
P Lorillrd Co 7s, tem bonds
4,000.......... 122¼
P Lorillrd Co 5s tem bonds
10,000.......... 95¼
Pitts & Wn 1st 4s
1,000.......... 97½
Public Ser Corp sinking fund 5s
6,000.......... 98
Reading gen 4s
3,000.......... 98¼
6,000.......... 98⅜
Reading Jersey Cen Col 4s
10,000.......... 97
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
5,000.......... 90⅞
Rio Gd W 1st 4s
1,000.......... 86
R I, Ark & L 4½s
3,000.......... 92
Rome, W & Og con 5s
1,000.......... 107⅛
St L, Ir Mt & So, River & G 4s
2,000.......... 83¾
St L & S F R R gen 6s
1,000.......... 88
ref 4s
6,000.......... 80⅛
St L S W con 4s
65,000.......... 81½
5,000.......... 81⅝
San A & A P 4s
1,000.......... 86⅝
So Pac col 4s
2,000.......... 91⅜
So Pac conv 4s
9,000.......... 96
38,000.......... 96¼
So Pac 1st ref 4s
13,000.......... 95¼
1,000s6f.......... 95⅛
So Ry 1st 5s
4,000.......... 107⅞
10,000.......... 108
So Ry gen 4s
98,000.......... 79⅝
6,000.......... 79½
Stand M 1st 5s
1,000.......... 88¼
Tenn C & Iron, Birm Div 6s
2,000.......... 104
Tex Co conv 6s
11,000.......... 98½
Third Av con 4s, Trust Co ctfs
3,000.......... 79⅛
Third Av con 4s, tr ctfs sta
1,000.......... 77
Third Av ref 4s
16,000.......... 84⅞
4,000.......... 85
5,000.......... 84⅞
Tol, St L & Wn prior lien 3½s
1,000.......... 86
Underground Elect Rys of London 4½s
5,000.......... 96
Un Pac 1st 4s
3,000.......... 100⅝
Un Pac conv 4s
29,000.......... 102⅜
108,000.......... 102½
25,000.......... 102⅝
5,000.......... 102¾
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
19,000.......... 97½
2,000.......... 97⅝
U S Rubber 6s
4,000.......... 104½
6,000.......... 104⅝
10,000.......... 104⅝
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
100,000.......... 103
57,000.......... 103⅛
registered
500.......... 102⅞
500.......... 103
500.......... 103
Va Iron, C & C 5s
5,000.......... 96
Va & S W con 5s
1,000.......... 97½
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000.......... 98¾
9,000.......... 99
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
8,000.......... 57
2,000.......... 57⅛
16,000.......... 57
4,000.......... 57⅛
Wab, Det & C 5s
2,000.......... 106⅝
Wab, Pitts T 1st, Cent Tr ctfs
5,000.......... 89
West Elect 5s
5,000.......... 103
West Md 4s
1,000.......... 88¼
1,000.......... 88
27,000.......... 88⅛
West N Car 6s
2,000.......... 103¼
West Un fund & real est 4½s
10,000.......... 99¼
West Shore 4s
5,000.......... 100⅝
Westinghouse E & M 1st conv s f 5s
22,000.......... 94½
Wilkes & East 5s
1,000.......... 100½
10,000.......... 100¼
Wis Cent gen 4s
2,000.......... 92⅞
7,000.......... 93

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100½	101
2s, c, 1930	100½	101½
3s, r, 1918	102½	102⅞
3s, c, 1918	102½	..
4s, r, 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c, 1925	113¾	114¾
Pan 2s r, 1936	100¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101¾	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅞	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	190	198
Alb & Sus.	265½	..
Alle & W.	128	..
A A C pf.	103⅞	104
Am B S pf.	98	100
A B S & F.	95¼	96½
A B S & F pf.	133	134½
A C & F pf.	115⅝	117
Am Coal	60	90
A C O pf.	97	100
Am I Sec.	22¼	22½
Am Loc pf.	106	108
Am Sn pf.	107	108
Am T & C.	70	80
Am Tob pf.	104⅜	105
Ann Arbor	15	35
Ann A pf.	60	90
Assets Real	..	49
Bald L pf.	104	104¼
B & O pf.	88¾	90
B Un Gas.	141	142
Bruns Ter.	8	9
B, R & P.	102	105
B, R & P pf.	126	150
But'k Co.	29	30
Canada So.	67⅛	70
C R R of N J.	350	375
Chi & Alt.	17	19
C & A pf.	35	60
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C, M & St P pf.	144½	145
C & N W pf.	192	198
Chi, St P, M & Om.	136	140
C, St P, M & Om pf.	150	160
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	1¼	2
Chi Un Tr pf ctfs sta	4	4½
C, C, C & St L.	53	55
C, C, C & St L pf.	95	100
Cleve & P.	166	..
C & P Sp.	95⅛	..
Col F & I pf.	105	116½
C & S 1st pf.	76	77
Crex Carpet.	70	76
Cub-Am S.	..	45
C-Am S pf.	94½	96½
D, L & W.	558	564
D & R G pf	40	41½
D M & Ft D	5	10½
D M & Ft D pf.	25	..
Det & M.	115	..
D & M pf.	105	..
Du P de N Pow pf.	90¾	95
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
Gen Chem.	130	133½
Gen C pf.	106½	108
G & S Tel.	115⅛	..
Granby Con	..	60
G. W. Helme.	170	178
G. W. Helme pf.	110	112
Hav E Ry.	105	130
H E R pf.	118	120
Hock Val.	120	127½
Ill C l l.	92¼	..
Inger-Rand.	100	..
Ing-R pf.	97	..
Int H pf.	118	121
Iowa C pf.	24	29
K C, Ft S & Mem pf.	78	80
K & D M.	6	8
K & D M pf	45	50
Lack Steel.	28	30
Lacl Gas.	104¾	105¼
L E & W.	11½	14
L E & W pf	31½	32½
Lake Shore.	470	..
Long Island	45	50
Mackay Cos.	81	81⅛
Mackay Cos pf.	69	69⅝
Mah C R.	800	1,000
Man Elev.	138¼	139¼
May Dep St.	72	73⅛
M D St pf.	111½	113⅛
Mich Cent.	150	190
M & St L pf.	45	50
Mo, K & T pf.	62⅝	64
N, C & St L.	165	168
Nat En pf.	83	90
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	64¼	66
N O, M & C pf.	30	..
N Y, C & St L.	55½	57
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	98½	103
N Y, C & St L 2d pf.	86	89½
N Y D pf.	40	55
N Y, O & W	36¾	37
N O T & L.	56½	75
N & W pf.	90	92
Ont Mining.	1¼	1⅝
Pabst B pf.	107	110
Pac Coast.	89	99
P C 1st pf.	85	105
P C 2d pf.	90	105
P T & T pf.	98¼	..
Peo G, C.	106¾	107
Peo & E.	11	16
Pere Marq.	..	30
P M 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	200	..
Phila Co.	110¼	110¾
P, C, C & St L.	105	106
P, Ft W & C.	165⅛	..
P, Y & A pf.	160⅛	..
Pub S Cor.	109	111½
Quicksilver.	4	4¼
Q'ksil'r pf.	4	5
R R Sec. I C stk ctfs.	80¼	88½
Ry St S pf.	99⅞	102
Rdg 1st pf.	90	90½
Rens & S.	185⅛	..
R, W & O.	122	..
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	150	200
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs.	54⅛	58
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs.	109	125
St L S W.	32¼	32¾
Sears-R pf.	123½	..
S-S S & I pf	100	108¼
So P R S.	79	88
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	80	88
Stand M pf.	60	62
Texas Pac.	22	23¼
T P L Tr.	89	93
Third Av, f paid.	50	53
T, P & W.	16½	..
T R & L.	3½	4
Tol, St L & West pf.	32	32½
T C R T.	104	106½
T C R T pf.	143	145
Und Typew.	102	104
Und T pf.	111½	114
U B & P pf	51	..
U C M pf.	106	107
Un D G pf.	104	104½
U Ry Inv.	35½	36
U S C I P pf.	51	52¼
U S Ind Alc	28	30
U S I A pf	98	100
U S R & R	1⅛	2¾
U S R & R pf.	..	12
Va-Car Ch Co pf.	119½	122
Va Ry & P pf.	..	88½
Vul Det pf.	79	85
W F Exp.	143	147
Weyman-B.	180	195
West Md pf.	78	80⅛
Westingh'se 1st pf.	118	122
Wis Cent.	56⅛	57½

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Bank Note Co. for dividend on preferred.
American Manufacturing Co for dividend.
American Pipe and Construction Co. for dividend.
American Pneumatic Service Co. for dividend on first preferred.
American Telephone and Telegraph Co. for annual meeting.
American Writing Paper Co. for dividend on preferred.
Augusta-Aiken Railway & Electric Co. for dividend on preferred.
Boston, Revere Beach & Lynn Railroad for dividend.
Cambria Iron Co. for dividend.
Chattanooga Railway and Light Co. for dividend on preferred.
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway for dividend.
Columbus, Ohio, Gas and Fuel Co. for dividend on preferred.
Cuban-American Sugar Co. for dividend on preferred.
Duluth-Superior Traction Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Eastman Kodak Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Guggenheim Exploration Co. for dividend.
Joliet & Chicago Railroad for dividend and special meeting.
Keokuk & Des Moines Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Knickerbocker Ice Co., Chicago, for dividend on preferred.
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad for extra dividend.
Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co. for dividend.
Manhattan Railway Co. for dividend.
Michigan Light Co. for dividend on preferred.
Michigan State Telephone Co. for dividened on common and preferred and annual meeting.
New England Telephone and Telegraph Co. for dividend.
New York, Lackawanna & Western Railroad for dividend.
Norfolk & Southern Railroad for dividend.
Pacific Gas and Electric Light Co. for dividend on common.
Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad for dividend on special guaranteed stock.
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad for extra dividend.
Royal Baking Powder Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat and Power Co. for dividend on preferred.
Safety Car, Heating and Lighting Co. for dividend.
Sears, Roebuck & Co. for dividend on preferred.
South Porto Rico Sugar Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Southern Railway for dividend on Mobile & Ohio stock trust certificates.
Southwest Penn. Pipe Lines Co. for dividend.
Standard Oil Co. of Nebraska for dividend.
Sulzberger & Sons for dividend on preferred.
Tonopah Belmont Mining Co. for dividend.
Twin City Rapid Transit Co. for dividend on preferred.
Utica & Black River Railroad for dividend.
West Jersey & Seashore Railroad for dividend.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Railways.
American Smelting and Refining Co. on common.
Borden's Condensed Milk Co. on preferred.
Boston Woven Hose and Rubber Co. on common.
Brockton & Plymouth Street Railway on preferred.
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.
Consolidated Gas Co. of New York.
Crescent Pipe Line Co.
Crown Reserve Mining Co.
Diamond Match Co.
E. I. du Pont de Nemours Powder Co. on common.
El Paso Electric Co. on common.
E. & T. Fairbanks Co.
Federal Mining and Smelting Co. on preferred.
Galveston-Houston Electric Co. on common and preferred.
Kerr Lake Mining Co.
Laclede Gas Light Co. on common.
Muskogee Gas and Electric Co. on preferred.
National Lead Co. on preferred.
Northern Ohio Traction and Light Co.
Pabst Brewing Co. on preferred.
Philadelphia Electric Co.
Pittsburgh Terminal Warehouse Co.
Rubber Goods Manufacturing Co. on common and preferred.
St. Joseph Lead Co. on common.
St. Joseph, South Bend & Southern Railroad on common and preferred.
Snell & Simpson Biscuit Co. on preferred.
Standard Gas and Electric Co. on preferred.
Standard Oil Co.
West Penn. Traction Co. on common.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

These memberships on the Stock Exchange have been posted for transfer: Sig. H. Rosenblatt to Edward E. Thalmann of Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., and E. H. Bonner to William P. Jenks of Craig & Jenks.

The Cotton Exchange membership of the late C. A. Clemons has been sold to H. H. Lehman for $13,500, an advance of $500 over the last previous sale.

James C. Colgate of James B. Colgate & Co., has been elected a Director of the Merchants National Bank in place of the late Donald Mackay.

The Listing Committee of the New York Curb Market Association has received information that the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd., will receive stock for transfer at their London office until March 25. All deliveries of the British-American Tobacco Company, Ltd., made on and after March 14 must be accompanied by a due bill for the dividend. The books were announced as closing March 21, when the dividend was declared Wednesday, but the American shareholders have been granted this extension of time.

The Union Pacific has notified stockholders that inasmuch as all orders for mailing dividend checks were destroyed in the Equitable fire checks cannot be sent those who have not given the Treasurer new mailing directions.

The Bond Buyer has issued its annual recapitulation of all municipal bond sales in the United States and Canada during 1911.

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OTIS ELEVATOR
POPE MANUFACTURING CO.
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Hanover 7907-8. 35 Wall St.

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Computing-Tabulating-Recording Co.
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The Franklin Society
Savings institution, founded 1888, under New York State Bank Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before April 3d earn from April 1st. Write for Booklet A, or start at once. 38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

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Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
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California Investments

Securities of Public Service Corporations in California present an unusual opportunity for investment. The State contains 158,297 square miles; liberally estimated, half of this may be regarded as unfit for a large population. The remaining HALF, with a density of population equal to that of Rhode Island, would support, without difficulty, forty million inhabitants. During the last decade, the population increased 60.1 per cent. The Panama Canal and Exposition will give an additional impetus to the present rapid increase.

The Companies whose securities we offer are conservatively capitalized and efficiently managed. They render the necessary services of lighting, heating, transportation and water supply to approximately 600,000 people in one of the most desirable and rapidly growing sections of the State.

We shall be pleased to submit our special circulars for your consideration.

Smith-Tevis-Hanford Company
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
60 Broadway New York City

A Class by Itself.

No similar Real Estate Company ever owned so large properties with so small a ratio of indebtedness as the NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS, which is shown by its Annual Statement to be less than 30% of its assets.

This Company has a larger ratio of security for its 6% Bonds than any other Company, and its shares also have produced for their owners the largest profits. It has done business for sixteen years under the same management.

No other like Company equals this record. A comparison of its Statements with that of any other similar Company shows that the NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS is in a class of its own.

It offers 6% Bonds in $100 amounts and Convertible Bonds with full business profits. Send for Booklet E.

New York Realty Owners,
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.
Experienced representatives wanted in all towns.

Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company

To the Holders of Certificates of Deposit of the Consolidated First and Collateral Trust Gold Bonds of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company, deposited under the Deposit Agreement dated August 17, 1908, who have complied with the terms of the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of said Company, dated May 16, 1911:

Notice hereby given that pursuant to the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company, dated May 16, 1911, the stock of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation (being the "New Company" referred to in said plan and Agreement) to which depositors who have complied with said Plan and Agreement are entitled under the terms thereof has been deposited by the undersigned with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York as Depositary for the account of such depositors and that they will be entitled upon surrender to said Guaranty Trust Company of New York at its office, No 28 Nassau Street, New York City, of their certificates of deposit, duly endorsed, to receive certificates of stock of said Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Corporation equal in par value to the face value of the bonds represented by their certificates of deposit, plus the amount paid as the assessment thereon.

Dated New York, March 12, 1912.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, Chairman
CLARENCE D. SIMPSON,
WILLIAM A. LATHROP,
STACY C. RICHMOND,
JOHN CARSTENSEN,
Committee.

LEWIS B. FRANKLIN, Secretary,
28 Nassau St., New York.
KRAUTHOFF, HARMON & MATHEWSON, DAVIES, AUERBACH, CORNELL & BARRY, } Counsel.

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No speculative propositions entertained. Smallest transactions considered, £40,000; largest, £400,000. Only principals or their representatives corresponded with, agents ignored. Booklet explaining how millions of pounds sterling have already been invested; advantages offered to borrowers and particulars required, will be sent only to principals or their representatives, on application in English, French, German or Spanish, to the—

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J. SPENCER TURNER COMPANY.

In accordance with Article III. of the six per cent. Debenture Bonds of this Company, dated February 1st, 1906, the following bonds have been drawn for redemption:

Numbers
1815 1839 1850 1865 1879 1887

and will be redeemed at par and interest accruing to February 1st, 1912, either at the office of the Company, Nos. 86 and 88 Worth Street, New York City, or at the Continental Trust Company, Baltimore, Maryland. Interest on these bonds ceased on February 1st, 1912.

J. SPENCER TURNER COMPANY,
T. M. TURNER, President.
March 1st, 1912.

To all Holders of Convertible Four Per Cent. (4%) Redeemable Gold Bonds of The Western Union Telegraph Company.

Notice is hereby given to all holders of the convertible four per cent. (4%) redeemable gold bonds of The Western Union Telegraph Company, issued under and pursuant to and secured by the trust agreement made by said The Western Union Telegraph Company, with the Bowling Green Trust Company as Trustee, dated November 26th, 1906, that The Western Union Telegraph Company, by action duly had by its board of directors, has declared its intention to and will pay off, cancel and redeem the whole amount of the bonds issued under and secured by said trust agreement, pursuant to the power and authority so to do contained therein; that the date fixed for said payment and cancellation and redemption is May first (1st), 1912, upon or prior to which date The Western Union Telegraph Company will deposit with the Equitable Trust Company of New York, New York City, as successor Trustee to the Bowling Green Trust Company, named as Trustee in said trust agreement, a sum sufficient to pay the principal of all of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the interest accrued thereon to May first (1st), 1912; that said Equitable Trust Company of New York, on said date, and thereafter as presented, will pay the principal of said bonds, five per cent. (5%) premium thereon, and the accrued interest to said date to the holders of said bonds respectively.

That said bonds will cease to bear interest after May first (1st), 1912, and that it is the intention of The Western Union Telegraph Company upon making such deposit and after said date, to have said trust agreement dated November 26th, 1906, cancelled and discharged by said trustee.

The Western Union Telegraph Company,
By THEO. N. VAIL,
President.

New York, January 22, 1912.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Fifth Ave. & 34th St. 60 Broadway.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 149th St.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Co. of New York
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,900,000
Allows Interest on Deposits

THE BUSINESS WORLD

TO ELECTRIFY BOSTON ROADS

Bill Enforcing Change by 1920 is Favorably Reported.

BOSTON, March 14.—The electrification of all railroads entering Boston is provided for in a mandatory bill unanimously reported to-day by the legislative Committee on Railroads.

The bill provides that all railroads within the limits of the metropolitan park system shall be operated by electric power. The metropolitan park system circles Boston with a chain of parks and has a radius of about fifteen miles from the State House.

The railroads, under the bill reported by the committee, have until 1920 to make the changes required.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

All Staples Higher on Foreign News and Weather Conditions.

Wheat shows a better undertone on steady foreign advices and an improved technical situation. Season-end statistics are still interpreted bullishly. Weather is favorable. Corn and oats were steadier on weather conditions, although cash demand still lacks the urgency noted several days ago. Provisions were firm with grain. Cotton advances on foreign advices, improved spot inquiry in some sections, and prospects of unsettled weather. Profit-taking sales again appeared on the bulge.

WHEAT.

Irregular price movements characterized yesterday's session, although the net results were rather insignificant, the list showing fractional advances. Technical conditions seemed to dominate to a greater extent than the news developments, and while sentiment seemed more bearish an oversold condition of the market resulted in a rally of nearly 1c a bushel from the low point. Unexpectedly firm cables from Liverpool, with decided strength in the spot option there, brought about fair American advances at the outset, but the realization that the foreign market was governed by conditions existing at Liverpool alone, in the way of extremely light stocks, lessened the influence of this feature of steadiness. Leading bears at the West were credited with hammering values, encouraged by the absence of a general cash demand, and also by the favorable Winter wheat conditions. The Price Current report on the growing crop was favorable, and it was noticeable that interests which have been buying recently on the prospects of a crop scare east of the Mississippi were among the best sellers of the new crop deliveries. Argentine shipments were estimated at 4,000,000 bushels for the week, and while the prospects for large exports from that country had been a factor in the foreign markets since the beginning of the week these figures were somewhat larger than had been anticipated, and were also instrumental in the selling. The fact that no special news accompanied the rise seemed to strengthen the opinion that the technical conditions were mainly accountable for the late rally. The Chicago Trade Bulletin estimated that only 74,000,000 bushels of wheat will be shown July 1 as a surplus and carry-over, against 226,000,000 bushels last year and 92,000,000 in the Patten year 1909. Apparently this authority is allowing for the disappearance of 12,000,000 bushels more of wheat from this time on to July 1 in the way of exports, &c., as the reserve report last week was only 40,000,000 below last year. The statement was bullishly construed, but had little influence. An estimate of flour stocks in the United States and Canada by the same interest placed the total at 2,069,000 barrels, a decrease in February of 183,000. Last year there was an increase of 93,000 barrels, when the stock on March 1 was 2,343,000 barrels. Interior receipts thus far for the week total 2,007,000 bushels, against 1,616,000 last year and 1,792,000 a year ago; shipments were 937,000, against 879,000 and 793,000 respectively. Export demand for Canadian wheat showed some improvement, with 15 loads reported. Cash No. 2 red was quoted at $1.04¾, elevator, domestic basis, and $1.06¾, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.17¾; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.21½; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.13¼.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The list on the whole presented a firmer undertone. At intervals the depression in wheat had effect, with further liquidation, but a liberal increase from shorts developed and there was some new buying on the decline, due to further unsettled weather conditions. A slight improvement in the cash demand was noted at some points, but this is still irregular. Movement from first hands is light, although arrivals at terminal points are liberal. In the interior movement for four days this week is 900,000 bushels greater than for the same period last week and 1,500,000 bushels in excess of last year. Shipments are about 500,000 bushels below last week. There was no business reported with foreigners. Cash No. 2 Western was quoted at 79½c, elevator, domestic basis, and steamer, 74½c; No. 2, free on board, afloat, for export, 74½c.

OATS.—The undertone was firmer, with other grain. Predictions of snow and colder weather also had effect. Farmers are not selling freely, although arrivals are moderate. The cash situation exhibits no particular pressure, but demand seems less urgent. Cash standards and No. 3 white quoted at 59½c; No. 2 white, 60c.

PROVISIONS.

There was a lowering of hog values early, but this was without effect on hog products. Offerings were limited and the market responded easily to the advance in grains.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.07⅝	$1.07⅛	$1.07¼	$1.07⅜
July	1.05⅛	1.04⅜	1.04⅞	1.04½
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.20@9.30	9.20
March	..	..	9.20@9.30	9.20
May	..	..	9.50@9.60	9.50
July	..	..	9.75@9.76	9.75

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.03⅜	$1.02¼	$1.03⅛	$1.02⅜
July	99⅜	98½	99⅛	99
September	96⅜	95⅝	96⅜	96⅜
Corn—				
May	72	70⅞	71⅜	70⅞
July	72	71⅜	71⅞	71⅜
September	72	71⅝	72	71⅝
Oats—				
May	53¾	53¼	53½	53⅝
July	50	49½	50	49¾
September	42⅝	42⅛	42⅝	42¼
Lard—				
May	9.42½	9.40	9.42½	9.42½
July	9.62½	9.57½	9.60	9.62½
September	9.85	9.75	9.80	9.82½
Ribs—				
May	8.97½	8.92½	8.95	8.92½
July	9.05	9.00	9.05	9.02½
September	9.25	9.20	9.22½	9.22½
Pork—				
May	16.05	15.95	16.05	15.97½
July	16.35	16.22½	16.32½	16.25
September	16.60	16.52½	16.60	16.52½

COTTONSEED OIL.

But meagre interest was manifested in yesterday's trade. An apparent absence of support was mainly accountable for the sagging of values. Crude was not changed over night, and quoted at 4.50 to 4.60 in the Southeast and Texas; 4.60 to 4.67 in the Valley. The late firmness in lard exerted its most influence in restricting pressure. The spot situation is steady, although consuming inquiry lacks urgency, and unquestionably the labor conditions abroad interfere with inquiry from that source.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			5.63	5.60
March	5.66	5.65	5.64	5.65
April	5.66	5.66	5.67	5.67
May	5.70	5.69	5.69	5.71
June	..	..	5.73	5.75
July	5.80	5.78	5.79	5.81
August	5.88	5.88	5.88	5.89
September	5.93	5.92	5.92	5.93
October	5.89	5.88	5.88	5.87

COTTON.

With the exception of Tuesday, final prices on each trading day of this week have been at about the low point of the sessions. The net changes in values have been insignificant, but some authorities are inclined to attach importance to even this, asserting that, with the news such as it is, the market has displayed no resiliency. Apparently the inference is that, despite the support which seems to be rendered by prominent spot interests and bulls, the advances are utilized for profit-taking purposes. At least this conviction was spread yesterday with much gossip to the effect that the selling by leading commission houses was partly for the account of the principal holders.

Gains of from 7 to 11 points at the opening represented about the high prices for the day. There was little to encourage bear operations in the news, excepting possibly the action of the market. Local spot interests were reporting an improved inquiry over the South, particularly at Texas, and at other points there was no evidence of holders pressing their cotton for sale. It was rumored that a small Southern exporter was involved in financial difficulties, some authorities being inclined to view this as indicative of underlying strength. Of course this embarrassment is exceptional, therefore cannot be accepted as an absolute criterion. Official Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c advance, and New York spot cotton .05c advance; middling quoted at 11c.

Liverpool advices were higher than due. This in connection with the rather encouraging accounts from Manchester tend to allay whatever apprehension crops up relative to the foreign labor conditions, the feeling still pervading the trade that the prospects for arbitrage this week remain bright. The further advances of wages granted in various New England sections is still being subjected to favorable comment, many arguing that healthy trade conditions in this country are confirmed by the action of the operators.

Another day of fairly satisfactory weather was reported in the Eastern belt, although in Western districts unsettled conditions were shown, and predictions were for general rains over the entire section to-night, probably followed by clearing. The crop expert of S. H. P. Pell & Co. reported in line with the majority of the numerous private advices intermittently received claiming that the belt as a whole promises a very late crop, a material reduction of acreage and fertilizer, and indifferent cultivation. Conditions in Texas were stated to be fully equal to normal, with a better Winter season than for many years, it being added that increases in new lands will materially offset reduction of acreage in other parts.

Into-sight figures for the week are estimated at about 40,000 bales under last week, when 270,000 bales were reported, against 97,000 bales a year ago. Exports continue free and to date total approximately 8,500,000 bales, against 6,475,000 bales last year. Local warehouse stocks are 142,000 bales, against 198,000 bales a year ago.

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid. Asked.	Prev. Close.
March	10.48	10.42	10.42@10.43	10.37
April	..	..	10.42@10.45	10.38
May	10.59	10.52	10.52@10.53	10.47
June	..	..	10.57@10.59	10.52
July	10.71	10.63	10.63@10.64	10.58
August	10.68	10.62	10.62@10.64	10.57
September	10.65	10.61	10.61@10.63	10.56
October	10.73	10.65	10.68@10.69	10.62
November	..	..	10.70@10.72	10.65
December	10.80	10.73	10.75@10.76	10.69
January	10.74	10.69	10.70@10.72	10.64
February	..	..	10.69@10.71	10.63

COFFEE.

Coffee was again inactive. Sales being 23,750 bags. Prices held firm, closing net unchanged to 5 points higher. Cost and freight office from Brazil were unchanged to slightly lower. Havre closed at noon at an advance of ¼ franc, Hamburg gained ¼ pfennig, Rio and Santos were unchanged.

Spot coffee, 14⅛ to 14½ for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	13.28	13.25	13.28@13.29	13.28
April	..	..	13.34@13.36	13.32
May	13.39	13.36	13.39@13.40	13.36
June	..	..	13.43@13.45	13.39
July	13.48	13.46	13.48@13.49	13.43
August	..	..	13.54@13.55	13.49
September	13.60	13.58	13.59@13.60	13.55
October	..	..	13.56@13.57	13.51
November	..	..	13.54@13.55	13.49
December	13.54	13.52	13.52@13.53	13.47
January	..	..	13.49@13.51	13.46
February	..	..	13.46@13.47	13.43

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, lb., 30c; extras, 29½c; firsts, 28½@29c; seconds, 27½@28c; thirds, 25@26½c; held, firsts, 28@29c; seconds, 26½@27c; thirds, 25@26c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 28@29c; good to prime, 26@27c; common to fair, 23@25c; process, specials, 27c; extras, 26½c; firsts, 25@26c; seconds, 24@24½c; factory, current make, firsts, 25c; seconds, 23½@24c; thirds, 22@22½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 22½@23c; No. 2, 20½@21c.

CHEESE—State whole milk, held, specials, white, lb., 18¾c; colored, 18¾c; average fancy, white, 18½c; colored, 18¼@18½c; Winter made, white, average fancy, 17½c; colored, 17½c; undergrades, 16@17c; daisies, Fall and earlier best, 18¾c; State skims, Winter make, white, specials, 14¾@15c; colored, 15c; choice, 14@14½c; fair, 13@13½c; undergrades, nominal, 7½@12½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 23@25c; first, 21@21½c; seconds, 20½@20¾c; dirties, 20c; checks, 18@19c; duck eggs, Baltimore, 41@42c; Kentucky and Tennessee, 38@40c; far Southern, 30@38c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, Hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 26c; selected whites, fair to good, 24@25c; Western, gathered whites, 22@24c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, Hennery browns, 22@23c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 21@21½c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

JOSEPH BENDER.—A petition has been filed against Joseph Bender, dealer in human hair goods at 436 Grand Street, by these creditors: Henry Gunsher, $200; Alex E. Klahre & Co., $240, and Jacob Clark, $95. The liabilities are stated to be more than $3,000 and assets about $750. Judge Holt appointed David H. Lehman receiver.

EMMA SEELE, ladies' hairdresser, of 318 West 117th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities of $2,143 and no assets. Among the creditors are Thomas W. Seele, $1,000, and Mary Watts, $720.

A. MOLTZ & CO.—A petition has been filed against Abraham Moltz, doing business as A. Moltz & Co., wholesale florist, at 57 West Twenty-sixth Street, by these creditors: Jacob Kopp, $200; Alfred Gill, $200, and David Urdang, $200. The liabilities are said to be $6,000 and assets $2,500.

FREDERICK E. THOMPSON of 345 West Fifty-first Street has filed a petition with liabilities of $2,497 and assets of $20.

JOSEPH COHEN, butcher, of 92 Rivington Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities $1,414 and no assets.

JOHN DANSON, carpenter, of 64 East 105th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities $2,960 on 13 claims for unknown amounts and no assets.

JOHN SCHNEIDER, manager for the Schneider Farms Company of Boston Road, near Burke Street, the Bronx, has filed a petition, with liabilities $15,740 and assets $95. Among the creditors is the Twenty-third Ward Bank, $4,810.

MOTT HAVEN LUMBER COMPANY.—Schedules of Isidor L. Cohen, doing business as the Mott Haven Lumber Company, at 174th Street and West Farms Road, show liabilities $121,128, and nominal assets $72,070. Among the creditors are Cora E. Bernheimer, $38,000, secured; Edna B. Cohen, $10,000, secured; Hirsch Lumber Company, $11,700, secured; Blanchard Lumber Company, $3,051; Whiting Lumber Company, Philadelphia, $3,223; Northern Bank, $10,655, and Patton & Co., Albany, $4,064.

JACOB GUMPERTZ.—Schedules of Jacob Gumpertz, furrier, 22 East Twenty-first Street, show liabilities of $9,985 and assets of $1,183. Among the creditors are Kahn Brothers & Co., $4,775; A. Jaulus, $841, and G. B. Peyser, $692.

BAMBERGER & OSTHEIMER.—Schedules of Bamberger & Ostheimer, dealers in dry and men's furnishing goods at 1,494 First Avenue, show liabilities of $10,007 and assets of $4,476.

UNITED NOVELTY COMPANY.—Schedules of the United Novelty Company of 405 Sixth Avenue show liabilities of $13,359 and assets of $4,440.

FAMOUS CLOAK AND SUIT COMPANY.—Schedules of the Famous Cloak and Suit Company of 2,140 Third Avenue show liabilities of $3,947 and assets of $5,150.

FALLON & McMANUS.—Judge Holt has appointed George E. Leonard receiver for Fallon & McManus, grocers, at 1,454 Bryant Avenue, the Bronx, with authority to continue business ten days.

DIEHL'S BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY.—Judge Holt has appointed Henry W. Sykes receiver for Diehl's Bakery and Confectionery at Mount Kisco, with authority to continue business for twenty days.

CAFE MADRID.—Robert C. Morris, receiver of the Cafe Madrid at 1,551 and 1,553 Broadway, has obtained leave from Judge Holt to continue business for fifteen days more at the request of creditors, pending efforts for a settlement. Business is running about even, and the receiver expects the Cabaret Show will swell the receipts considerably.

BERNSTEIN & BERNSTEIN.—Judge Davis of the Supreme Court has granted an application for the appointment of a receiver for the partnership property of Michael and Mitchell Bernstein, who were formerly partners as Bernstein & Bernstein, architects, in a suit brought by Michael against Mitchell for a dissolution of the partnership, formed on May 1, 1902, on account of a disagreement between the partners. Philip Siegel will be appointed receiver on filing a bond of $10,000. Michael Bernstein began business in 1894.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Appell, Edward and Katherine—J. Bloch, $819.
Acker, Isaac—W. Scott, costs, $153.
Same—same, $138.
Applegate, Chester A. or William C.—N. Y. Telephone Co., $112.
Bahr, Edward D., (not summoned,) and Dominick Santry—M. Helfstein, $192.
Bonfrisco, Thomas—Joseph Doelger's Sons, $663.
Same—Same, $507.
Bierman, Frederick—J. C. Fargo, costs, $125.
Bankow, Rolar C.—G. Van Buhren, costs, $118.
Croffery, Kathryn, administratrix—City of New York, costs, $148.
Copeland, Charles E., and Frank Bennett—J. H. Lane & Co., $4,137.
Cohen, Max or Mandel—I. Berk, $124.
Cahill, Philip—H. L. Hirschberg, $385.
Carroll, Kerwin F.—J. Danahy, $289.
Cully, James S., and Edward J. Farrell—B. Farrell, $495.
Caracena, Fernando—J. Caracena, costs, $144.
De Siano, Smerigo—Victor Co., $167.
Dougherty, Susan—E. Wade, $684.
Estees, William—M. Foerschner, $118.
Epstein, Morris—M. Vogel, $114.
Elfand, Benjamin—G. S. Males, $118.
Fanning, William—H. Helm, $119.
Feinberg, Herman, and H. Feinberg & Co.—P. Warny, $842.
Greenwald, Louis—City of N. Y., $148.
Gibson, Tobias R. or Richard T.—G. Baumann, $1,653.
Gammon, Charles E.—City of N. Y., costs, $107.
Greenberg, Aaron—J. J. Bakerman, $363.
Carson, Benjamin—J. Silberman, $398.
Carson, Abe—E. Maloy, costs, $283.
Harrington, Mary E., executrix, and Thomas Conville Brewing Co.—Empire Trust Co., $45,621.
Hoffman, Christian, (not summoned,) and Rudolph—Leonard Lewis Co., $121.
Hamilton, Benjamin F.—D. A. Doble, $351.
Same—Same, $419.
Hearn, George A., Arthur A. H. Hearn, George C. Schenck, and Herbert S. Grimes—E. N. Hicks, $393.
[illegible], $1,179.
Hare, George H.—Berkshire Industrial Farm, $245.
Kaster, John H., Jr.—H. T. Dakin, $317.
Kauffmann, Frederick—B. B. Marco, $178.
Kanner, Harry—F. W. Geller, $119.
Kracke, Edward A.—Knickerbocker Trust Co., $6,405.
Loewenberg, Simon—J. G. Anderson, $204.
Lemberg, Leon and Sophie—Dime Savings Bank of Brooklyn, $1,119.
Lowenstein, Lena—City of New York, costs, $132.
Lind, Frederick, Sr., guardian—City of New York, $115.
Mancinelli, John, and Guistina Brigotti—Nestar Co. of New York, $165.
Montgomery, John H.—N. E. Peck, $318.
Mulligan, William G.—J. B. Burggraf, $126.
Menton, John H.—H. von Glahn et al., $294.
McCarthy, Thomas—D. Paulos, $119.
Martin, Getorge W.—H. Vossnack, Jr., Ind., $216.
Menken, Galatea M., executrix—R. B. Aldcrofft, Jr., costs, $128.
Neier, Harry D.—H. J. Koehler Sporting Goods Co., costs, $108.
Pasarelli, Antonio—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $153.
Peet, Frank M.—Hudson Trust Co., $1,906.
Rodgers, John C.—City of New York, costs, $153.
Robbins, Jacob—I. Kashare, $594.
Sullivan, Cornelius D.—City of New York, costs, $140.
Springer, John H.—C. A. Springer, $7,271.
Stiano, Ralph—J. P. Mersereau, Inc., $107.
Schieb, Charles H.—J. K. Larkin et al., $292.
Schult, Gustave H.—E. L. Heebner, $433.
Seeley, George C.—Butler Brothers, $207.
Slutzky, Isaac—S. Kaplan, $119.
Santry, Dominick—M. Helstein, $192.
Traynor, James, and Israel Unterberg—S. Jablow et al., $124.
Wynkeep, Daniel W.—Marsellus Pitt Co., $1,270.
Wechsler, Nathan—L. Lerher, $224.
Whitson, Frank L.—L. Gintel, $2,652.
Yanella, Felix—J. M. Fornes et al., $192.
Hartford Garage Co.—Diamond Rubber Co. of New Yokr, $183.
Mining Supply Co.—R. A. Berger et al., $132.
Interborough Taxicab Co.—H. C. Kindervatter, $3,109.
City of New York—J. B. Burggraf, $2,191.
Fort Washington Construction Co.—Voska Fleosch & Cidlo, $1,188.
John Langley Co.—Wheeling Corrugating Co., $101.
Robert T. McMurray & Brother—Keenan Structural Slate Co., $730.
Reinitz Imperial Laundry Co.—E. V. Kohnstamm et al., $1,126.
Elevator Operating Controller Co. and Universal Safety Car Controller Co.—D. M. Shea, $2,087.
William Baldwin, Jr., Heating Co.—Union Radiator Co., $327.
Sherman Securities Co.—European American Bank, $5,687.
McCaffrey Water Motor and Power Co.—European American Bank, $5,790.
Van Courtlandt Realty Co.—H. Handy, $968.
Pelham Park Railroad Co.—H. Burke, $500.
Same—B. Burke, $200.
A. Warren Construction Co. and Abraham Warren—Pfotenhauer & Nesbit Co., $323.
Same—Same, $472.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Lippman, Jacob—Northern Bank of New York, Aug. 11, 1911, $606.
W. C. Hamilton Construction Company—F. C. Havens, May 25, 1911, $1,182.
Schultz, Adolph and Charles A. Conrath—Buchalter and Caneva, Feb. 19, 1912, $174.
Fiordino, Marcellina and Thomas Rosson—People, &c., Sept. 13, 1911, (vacated,) $1,000.
Gingold Realty Company—G. E. Walter, Dec. 4, 1911, (released,) $536.
Same—Same, Dec. 23, 1911, (released,) $840.
Armone, Salvadore G.—Dinock & Fink Co., July 10, 1911, $277.
Romanelli, Frank and Maggie—East River National Bank, July 18, 1908, $2,075.
Sproessig Storage Warehouse Company—J. Leitner, Feb. 27, 1912, $370.
Razzano, Vincenzo, Pasquale Curzio and John J. Foley—Klenert & Rosenbluth, Inc., Nov. 28, 1911, $343.

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Many could not find time to go on the long cruises.

THIS 16 DAY CRUISE has been arranged for those whose time is limited.

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Victoria Luise
FROM
New York April 6
11 A. M.

Arrive Havana Apr. 9, 5 P.M.
From " " 11, 4 P.M.
Arrive Colon " 14, 8 A.M.
From " " 15, 5 P.M.
Arrive Kingston " 17, 7 A.M.
From " " 18, 4 P.M.
Arrive New York " 22, 4 P.M.

Tourists in FLORIDA and other southern resorts may join these Cruises at Havana.

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KAIS'N AUG. VIC.........March 30, 9 A. M.
*BATAVIA.....................March 30, 12 noon
PRES. GRANT..............April 6, 9 A. M.
*Hamburg direct. Second cabin only.

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. HAMBURG..............April 4, 12 noon
S. S. MOLTKE................April 18, 10 A. M.
†S. S. HAMBURG.............May 15, 9 A. M.
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La Bretagne....March 28 | *La Touraine....April 18
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NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; week days only. Str. CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
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Lusitania Mar. 20 May 8 July 10 | April 17 May 29 Aug. 7 | 1 A. M. June 19 Aug. 28
Mauretania April 3 May 22 July 24 | April 24 June 12 Aug. 21 | 1 A. M. July 3 Sept. 11
CAMPANIA Mar. 27, 1 A. M. June 5 | May 15, 1 A. M. June 26
CARONIA April 10, 10 A. M. June 1 | May 4, 10 A. M. June 29
CARMANIA May 18, 10 A.M. July 13 | June 15, 10 A.M. Aug. 10
The "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the commander. Passengers served cold buffet supper between 9 P. M. & midnight Tuesday.
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Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
IVERNIA March 28, May 16 | CARPATHIA a April 11, a May 30 | SAXONIA April 25, June 12 | PANNONIA a b May 2, a b June 20
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TITANIC APRIL 20
May 11-June 1
June 22-July 13
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NEARBY SAILINGS
St. Louis.... Mar. 16, 9:30 A. M.
Vaderland... Mar. 16, 10:00 A. M.
Lapland..... Mar. 26, 10:00 A. M.
Minnetonka. Mar. 30, 8:30 A. M.
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis.......Mar. 16 | Philadelphia..April 20
St. Louis.......Apr. 13 | New York......Apr. 27
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka. Mar. 30, 8:30 AM | Minnewaska. Apr. 13
Minnehaha. Apr. 6, 10:30 AM | Minneapolis. Apr. 27
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Vaderland.....Mar. 16 | Kroonland......Mar. 30
Lapland.........Mar. 23 | Finland ....Apr. 6
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Olympic (new) Mar. 23, n'n | Titanic (new)...Apr. 20
Olympic (new)...Apr. 13 | Oceanic ....Apr. 27
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Celtic....Mar. 28, noon | Adriatic ....Apr. 4
Laurentic. Mar. 30, noon | Baltic ....Apr. 11
FROM BOSTON To The MEDITERRANEAN
CANOPIC..Mar. 19, 11 AM; Apr. 27, June 8
CRETIC....April 6, noon; May 18, June 29
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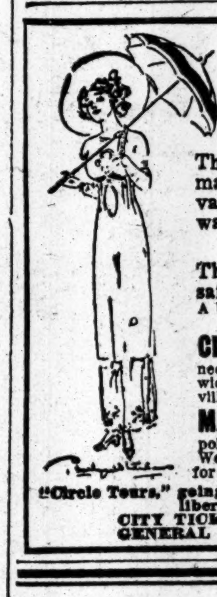

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M-3

North German Lloyd
George Washington, Sat., Mar. 23
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Tues., Apl. 2.
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Thurs., Apl. 11.
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Special Sailing of the Prinzess Irene
SUNDAY, MARCH 17, 11 A. M.
For MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES, GENOA
Owing to late arrival here, the Prinzess Irene will sail for Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples and Genoa Sunday, March 17 at 11 A. M., instead of Saturday, March 16.
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California. Mar. 23, 10 AM | Columbia..Apr. 13, 2 PM
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Volturno.......Mch. 28 | Uranium.......Apr. 25
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Marvel of Luxury, Comfort, Steadiness.
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*Potsdam ....Mar. 26
†New Amsterdam.........Apr. 2
*Noordam..................Apr. 9
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SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:12 | Sun sets..6:08 | Moon rises..6:09

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:08	5:45	11:32	11:41
Governors Island	5:48	6:25	12:26	0:00
Hell Gate	7:38	8:15	2:01	1:35

Arrived—Thursday, March 14.

SS Prinzess Irene, Palermo, March 3.
SS Niagara, Havre, March 2.
SS Vaderland, Antwerp, March 2.
SS Alice, Algiers, March 1.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda, March 12.
SS Overdale, Barbados, March 4.
SS Santa Marta, Jamaica, March 9.
SS Curityba, Nuevitas, March 9.
SS Santa Rosalie, Cienfuegos, March 7.
SS Momus, New Orleans, March 9.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, March 11.
SS Millinocket, Stockton, March 1.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, March 13.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, March 12.
SS Indravilli, Boston, March 12.
SS Patris, Piraeus, Feb. 25.
SS Birchton, Gibraltar, Feb. 22.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Brantwood	St. Lucia	Feb. 27
Birchtor	Gibraltar	Feb. 22
Exeter City	Swansea	Feb. 28
Vedra	Rouen	Feb. 26
Mesaba	London	Feb. 28
Main	Bremen	Mar. 2
Alice	Palermo	Feb. 28
Cairnhill	Glasgow	Feb. 28
Lusitania	Liverpool	Mar. 9
Barcelona	Hamburg	Feb. 29
Kansas City	Swansea	Feb. 28
Idaho	Hull	Feb. 27
Roma	Horta	Mar. 7
Araby	Greenock	Mar. 1
Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	Mar. 2
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Mar. 12
Citta di Messina	Oran	Feb. 27
Morro Castle	Havana	Mar. 12
Zulia	Curacao	Mar. 7
El Sud	Galveston	Mar. 9
Laconia	Naples	Mar. 5

DUE TO-MORROW.

Perugia	Palermo	Mar. 1
Themistocles	Palermo	Feb. 28
Uranium	Rotterdam	Mar. 2
Algonquin	Turks Island	Mar. 11
Ottawa	Nanes	Mar. 8
Sabine	Galveston	Mar. 9

DUE SUNDAY.

Espagne	Havre	Mar. 9
George Washington	Bremen	Mar. 9
California	Glasgow	Mar. 9
Kursk	Libau	Mar. 5
Bristol City	Swansea	Mar. 2
Swazi	Algiers	Feb. 27
Ramazan	St. Lucia	Mar. 9
Prins Willem IV	Haiti	Mar. 12
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Mar. 14

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Cr. of Navarre, Trinidad	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Theo Willie, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Altai, Inagua	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Yumuri, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Magdalena, Colon	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
P. Sigismund, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Parima, Trinidad	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	———	4:00 P.M.
Vaderland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Farley, Argentina	2:30 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Niagara, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Caroline, Havre	———	3:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Santa Anna, Naples	———	3:00 P.M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Prinzess Irene, Naples	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAR. 14, (MARCONI.)
SS Lusitania, Liverpool to New York, 508 miles E. noon; due 15th, 12 M. Cunard Line.
SS Espagne, Havre to New York, 1,450 miles E. 8 A. M.; due 17th, 3:30 P. M. French Line.
SS Lapland, Antwerp to New York, 1,893 miles E. 10 A. M.; due 18th, 9 A. M. Red Star Line.
SS Main, Bremen to New York, 650 miles E. 12:30 P. M.; due 16th, 11 A. M. North German Lloyd.
SS Graf Waldersee, Hamburg to New York, 750 miles E. 5:10 P. M.; due 17th, 9 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP. (UNITED.)
SS Morro Castle, Vera Cruz to New York, 407 miles S. 8 A. M. Ward Line.
SS Korona, Demerara to New York, 1,125 miles S. 8 P. M. Quebec Steamship Co.
SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, 60 miles N. of Tortugas 7 P. M. Morgan Line.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, 508 miles S. 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Sabine, Galveston to New York, 505 miles S. 7 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Zulia, Curacao to New York, 159 miles S. 8 P. M. Red D Line.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, 56 miles S. 8 P. M. Savannah Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Berlin, at Genoa, March 14.
SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, at Plymouth, March 14.
SS Craighall, at Perambuco, March 11.
SS St. Lawrence, at Bordeaux, March 12.
SS Cuthbert, at Para, March 13.
SS Netherly Hall, at Bombay, March 13.
SS St. Patrick, at Hongkong, March 13.
SS Amrio, at St. Vincent, C. V., March 14.
SS Burma, at Rotterdam, March 12.
SS Kalomo, at Kobe, March 13.

Sailed.

SS Olympic, from Queenstown, March 14.
SS President Grant, from Hamburg, March 14.
SS Minnetonka, from London, March 14.
SS Asiatic Prince, from Santos, March 12.
SS Queen Amelia, from Rio Janeiro, March 13.
SS America, from Naples, March 13.

Passed.

SS Barotse, for New York from Calcutta, passed Perim.
SS Noordam, New York for Rotterdam, passed the Lizard.
SS Excelsior, New York for Copenhagen, passed Butt of Lewis.
SS Savoie, New York for Havre, signaled Brow Head.
SS Wells City, New York for Bristol, passed Fastnet.
SS Amerika, New York for Hamburg, passed the Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Panama Maru	Mar. 15 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, Australia (via Vancouver)—Makura	Mar. 15 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Protesilaus	Mar. 15 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	Mar. 15 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	Mar. 21 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Chiyo Maru	Mar. 23 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Japan	Mar. 29 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Australia, New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Tahiti	Mar. 29 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Mar. 31 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

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THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Loft Zone Figures in Big Sales and Leases—Operators Acquire Valuable Fourth and Madison Avenue Corners for Trade—Seventh Avenue Deal—Good Bronx and Suburban Market.

The Fourth and Madison Avenue loft zone districts figured prominently in the realty trading yesterday, two valuable corners changing hands, one being the northwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street, and the other the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Thirtieth Street. The sale of the latter parcel, containing one of the fine old-time residences on the avenue, will be followed immediately by the demolition of the dwelling and the erection on the site and adjoining property of a high-class twelve-story loft.

The corner plot, 24.9 by 95 feet, occupied by a four-story house, has been sold by Sarah T. Adams to Lee Holstein at a price close to $225,000, at which it has been held. The property has been in the hands of the Adams family since 1874, when it was bought by Alice Adams for $50,000. The deal was negotiated by William A. White & Sons, the seller being represented by S. F. Adams, Jr.

Mr. Holstein owns the adjoining property at 112 and 114 Madison Avenue, having taken title from the United States Realty and Improvement Company early this month. His entire plot fronts 74 feet on Madison Avenue and 95 feet on Thirtieth Street. Plans are being prepared by the architect, William H. Birkmire, for the twelve-story mercantile building, to be started this Spring, and which will cost about $325,000. Negotiations are under way for the leasing to a single tenant of the basement and first three lofts. The locality has witnessed rapid commercial changes recently, a sixteen-story building now going up on the Emmett property at the southeast corner of Twenty-ninth Street, and big improvements have been made to the north.

The Fourth Avenue deal, in which a small parcel was involved in trade, involved properties valued at about $600,000. The transaction was negotiated by M. & L. Hess, who sold for the Rodisi Holding Company, of which Jacob Neadle is President, the group of seven old buildings on the corner, including 424 to 432 Fourth Avenue, and 49 and 51 East Twenty-ninth Street.

The buyer of this corner, which fronts 107.6 feet on the avenue and 80 feet on the street, one of the largest unimproved corners remaining on the avenue, is Samuel K. Jacobs, who has been an active operator in the loft section. In part payment Mr. Jacobs gives the four-story building at 114 West Thirty-first Street, on plot 20.10 by 107 and irregular.

$875,000 Lease for Loft.

The good leasing conditions in the loft zone district were indicated by a deal larger than the ordinary yesterday when Albert B. Ashforth leased the sixteen-story structure at 39 and 41 West Thirty-second Street, adjoining the Hotel Pierrepont, between Broadway and Fifth Avenue. The lease has been taken by a newly formed corporation known as the New Centre Company for 25 years at an aggregate rental of about $875,000. The firm will occupy offices and lease out the remaining portion. The store and first two floors were recently leased to a piano concern, but this has been canceled. The building is on a plot 43 by 98.9 feet. The lease was made for William G. McAadoo of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad and Frederick B. Jennings of the law firm of Stetson, Jennings & Russell. The building is to be known as the New Centre Building.

Seventh Avenue Plot Sold.

The old three-story building at 112 Seventh Avenue, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth Streets, has been sold by William H. Archibald for W. F. O'Brien to an investor. The lot is 19 by 90 feet. The buyer, who is interested in adjoining property, has no plans for immediate improvement.

Investors Buying Loft Property.

The old four-story building 181 Greenwich Street, on a lot 25.6 by irregular, located between Cortlandt and Dey Streets, has been sold by J. Reckendorfer, S. J. Reckendorfer, and Mrs. Daisy Strauss. L. J. Phillips & Co. represented the sellers and Horace S. Ely & Co. the buyers. This is the first transfer of the property in over thirty years.

Further north, in the Greenwich Village section, Warren & Skillin and B. H. Weisker, Jr., resold to an investor the six-story store and loft building 289 Bleecker Street, 53 feet south of Barrow Street, on a plot 28 by 73. This plot is in the direct line of the new Seventh Avenue extension, and it is the second time it has been sold in the last ten days.

A client of the Willard S. Burrows Company has purchased from Daniel W. Richman 33 East Tenth Street, an eight-story loft building, on a plot 44.5 by 94.9. Mr. Richman acquired the structure in January from Robert Shaw Minturn in exchange for the Horner Building, at 20 to 26 West Thirty-sixth Street.

Buyer for West 86th Street Dwelling.

The five-story American basement dwelling 12 West Eighty-sixth Street has been sold by William W. Hall to a client of L. J. Phillips & Co. The building, which covers a lot 22 by 100, has been held at about $87,000. Peter W. Rouss recently purchased No. 48 in the same block. The buyer will occupy.

Harlem Tenements in Trade.

Dominick De Luise has purchased from Williams & Grodginsky 322 East 118th Street, a five-story tenement, on a lot 25 by 100.11. In part payment the sellers took 409 East 117th Street, a four-story building, on lot 16.8 by 100.11. Jacob Bernstein negotiated the deal. Williams & Grodginsky have resold the 117th Street house to a Mr. Shieka.

Max Marx Buys Big Plot.

An important deal in the Kingsbridge section was announced yesterday by William A. Darling & Son, who sold for Charles B. Meyers a plot 100 by 380 and irregular on the west side of Broadway, 386 feet north of 232d Street, and extending through to Kingsbridge Road.

Max Marx, the buyer, gives in part payment 134 Lawrence Street, a six-story tenement, on a plot 40 by 100.

Bronx.

The Progress Holding Company has purchased from A. B. Gilson 635, 637, 639, and 641 East 187th Street, two six-story new-law apartment houses, on a plot 75 by 100. This property is situated within about 200 feet of the proposed Lexington Avenue and Southern Boulevard, with a station at 138th Street. Edward W. Browning, in conjunction with D. H. Jackson, negotiated the transaction.

Charles Edward Jones has sold for Lawrence W. Gallagher a plot 50 by 108, on the west side of Aqueduct Avenue, 304 feet south of Washington Bridge, to a builder, who will erect a five-story apartment house.

The St. John's Park Realty Company has sold to a client of H. N. McLernon the three-story dwelling 2,215 Andrews Avenue, on a lot 25 by 100. The property was held at $15,000.

E. Nordstrom has purchased for investment from the Franklin Avenue Company 1,412 and 1,414 Franklin Avenue, near 170th Street, a five-story twenty-family flat, on plot 40 by 100. The buyer gives in part payment the southeast corner of 188th Street and Valentine Avenue, a plot 55.6 by 121, improved with a one and a two family house. The transaction involved about $85,000. H. A. McDonough negotiated the transaction.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Joseph Dimaria to Samuel Ringler, for investment, 4,518 Fifth Avenue, a three-story brick store and dwelling, on a plot 22.4 by 100. Also, for Angelica Odasz to a client, for investment, the three-story and cellar three-family brownstone house, on a plot 20 by 100, known as 21 St. Mark's Place.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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Friday & Lehman have sold 2,964 Fulton Street, a two-story frame building, for William Frey, to a client; 858 Macon Street, a two-story and cellar limestone two-family dwelling, for Philip Schmitt, to a client, and 1,557 East Fifteenth Street, a two-story and cellar frame two-family dwelling, on lot 40 by 75, for a client.

Long Island.

Friday & Lehman have sold 15 and 17 Haven Place, Woodhaven, two two-story and cellar frame four-family flats, for F. C. Schrader, and five acres at Plainfield, L. I., for Peter Gallagher, to a client.

William H. Moffit has sold to William S. Kline of Kinderhook, N. Y., a parcel of five lots at Manhattan View, College Point.

William C. Haugaard has sold to Ralph M. Helmer of Jamaica a parcel 60 feet on the west side of Orchard Street, Hillcrest, Jamaica.

Martin Strauss has sold to the Wilson Realty Company of Freeport a parcel 100 feet on the west side of Lott Avenue, Union Course.

William J. McCormick has sold to Corina Rapp of College Point a parcel 100 by 445 on the east side of Eighth Street, Flushing.

Ralph M. Helmer has sold to William C. Haugaard of Richmond Hill a parcel 80 feet on the east side of Hillcrest Avenue, Hillcrest, Jamaica.

The New York & Queens Electric Light Company has sold to the Long Island Railroad a parcel 75 by 100 feet on the east side of Van Wyck Avenue, Dunton.

Marsh Estate Sells Land.

The heirs of Nathaniel Marsh have sold through D. T. Cornell a portion of the homestead, consisting of about twelve lots, on New York Avenue, between Hope Avenue and Belair Road, Staten Island. The buyer, William A. Eadie, will erect six cottages on the property.

Suburban.

The D. H. Jackson Company has sold to Anna B. Gilson the southeast corner of Park and Douglas Avenue, Yonkers, a plot 100 by 100. The same company sold the opposite corner about the first of the month to John Bickford.

Recent Buyers.

George M. Clarke is the purchaser of the four-story dwelling 24 East Seventy-fourth Street sold recently by Simon Uhlman, as trustee.

Spaldings Going to Fifth Avenue.

The removal of the uptown store of A. G. Spalding & Brothers to Fifth Avenue next September was announced yesterday. The firm has taken over the unexpired term, about three years, of the lease now held by Henri Bendel, at 520 Fifth Avenue, a four-story building just north of Forty-third Street, owned by the estate of George E. Warren. Spaldings sold the lease of the Spalding Building in Forty-second Street to the Pentalpha Company a short time ago, and the structure is to be torn down by May 1 to form part of the site for the new Stern department store. Until Sept. 1 Spaldings have secured temporary quarters in the Central Building, at 25 West Forty-second Street. The Bendel millinery firm pays $18,000 a year for its present building, but it is understood that Spaldings will pay $22,500 for the unexpired term. The Bendel firm has just leased for its new home 10 and 12 West Fifty-seventh Street, where a seven-story building will be erected.

Lewisohn Building Purely for Lofts.

Philip Lewisohn, the owner of the Mendelssohn Hall property in Fortieth Street, stated yesterday that the new twenty-two-story building to be erected there will be devoted purely to commercial uses. No lease has been taken on any portion of the structure for a moving picture theatre, and the architects, Maynicke & Franke, have made no provision, they stated yesterday, for a theatre either on the Fortieth or Forty-first Street sides of the new building.

The building will be of the Gothic style of architecture with open lofts on every floor, extending from street to street. Among its fireproof features will be two staircases inclosed with heavy fireproof partitions and fireproof doors, and there will be two smokeproof towers, reached only by the outside of the building along balconies to the entrances of the towers. All the staircases and towers will have a separate fireproof exit to the street. The structure is expected to be ready for occupancy next December.

Leases.

The Duross Company have leased for Dr. Andrew P. Dubben the four-story house at 202 West Fourteenth Street, adjoining the corner of Seventh Avenue, to August Huhne, for a term of years. The lessor is to alter the parlor floor and basement to stores. The same brokers have also leased 204 West Fourteenth Street for Mary E. Danihy to A. Glenzrock for a term of four years and two months.

Frederick Southack and Alwyn Ball, Jr., have leased for the Mount Aetna Realty Company the store and basement at 289 Bowery to Harry M. Reich, and for the same owners the entire building at 285 Bowery to Reiser & Tanzer.

Gustave Britt has leased for Mary E. Troup the three-story and basement dwelling 298 West Twelfth Street to Harriet Roy.

William Burland has leased to Davis Eisler 2,100 square feet in the building at 809 Westchester Avenue for fifteen years, at an aggregate rental of $151,250. The space will be used for amusement purposes.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Dr. John J. Rothwell, 139 West Seventy-eighth Street, a three-story dwelling, to W. P. Trent.

The Ernestus Gulick Company announces that the Sperry & Hutchinson Company and the Hamilton Corporation have leased the fourth, fifteenth, and sixteenth floors, containing about 25,000 square feet of space, in the Putnam Building, 2, 4, and 6 West Forty-fifth Street, for a long term. The two companies will give up their old quarters in the Builders' Exchange, 34 East Thirty-third Street, and move their executive offices to Forty-fifth Street about March 20.

Leroy Coventry has leased for Amelia Levinson to the Brixton Construction Company for a term of five years and six months the premises 310 West Eighty-seventh Street.

Daniel Birdsall & Co. have leased the store, basement, and sub-basement 514 and 516 Broadway and 60-66 Crosby Street. The lease aggregates about $50,000.

Cammann, Voorhees & Floyd have leased the building 8 Cedar Street for Samuel K. Ordway to Walden & Co.; also the building 175 Front Street, corner of Burling Slip, for the Haynes Company to the Atlantic Turpentine and Refining Company; the building 90 Water Street to George S. Wallen & Co., the building 168 Front Street to H. H. Dean & Co., and the building 164 Front Street for William H. Smith.

Cross & Brown Company have leased for Wendell L. Nichols the ground floor at 318 and 320 West Forty-eighth Street to the Wishart-Dayton Truck Company, and the fourth floor at 815 and 817 West Forty-seventh Street to Hayes & Miller.

Charles Harft has leased lofts at 55 East Eighth Street to Max Siffer, 56 East Eighth Street to Ruben Kaufman, 23 University Place to the Quality Skirt Company and 61 Bleecker Street to L. Ludwig.

Lewis B. Preston has leased through George Ketcham for the New York County National Bank the corner store in the Roxborough Apartment on the northwest corner of Broadway and Ninety-second Street to the United Women's Apparel Company, and also the remaining stores in the building. The property, which was sold by Mr. Preston to the New York County National Bank last Fall, is now without a vacancy.

Hearing on Bridge Approach.

The parking plan for the Brooklyn Bridge approach on the Brooklyn side will come up for a public hearing in the City Hall this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The object of the hearing is to ascertain public opinion in regard to the project. It is said the special committee is in favor of putting 50 per cent. of the cost on the adjoining property owners.

Favor Seventh Avenue Extension.

The Real Estate Board of Brokers have passed the following resolution: "Resolved, That the Real Estate Board of Brokers favors the opening of Seventh Avenue from Eleventh to Varick Streets, and the widening of Varick Street as proposed by the resolution passed by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment."

Amendment to Tenement House Law.

The United Real Estate Owners' Association has caused to be introduced in the Assembly a bill giving the Tenement House Department discretion in the issuance of permits for the occupancy of rooms in all houses, where such rooms do not conform to all the requirements of law as regards lighting and ventilation, as provided for by Section 73 of the tenement house law.

The exercise of this discretion is now permitted only "in the case of rooms located in apartments that extend through from the street to the yard." The bill has been introduced by Assemblyman Shilvek, No. 807, Introductory No. 751, and has been referred to the Committee on Affairs of Cities.

Unpaid Taxes for 1911.

All taxes on property, which became payable last October, and which have not yet been paid, are now payable to the Collector of Assessments and Arrears, and not to the Receiver of Taxes.

Note.

Henry M. Fitch represented the Norwood Park Company in the $1,400,000 trade in which the Glen Cairn apartment figured.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings were confined to the Bronx Salesroom. They resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Stanton St, 150 to 154, n w corner of Suffolk St, 66x73.6, three, four, and five story tenements and stores; partition, to Jacob Rosenberg, $81,650.

Cleveland Pl, 19, e s, 192.8 ft e of Spring St, 27x99.8x26.2x99.8, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, adjourned to March 22.

Grand St, 76, n s, 50 ft e of Wooster St, 25x 100, one-story store; foreclosure, to Adelaide Betz, $8,100.

AT 3,156 THIRD AVENUE.

163d St, n s, 200 ft e of Washington Av, 100x 169.2x100x168.11, vacant; foreclosure, adjourned to March 28.

Bryant Av, 1,548, e s, 185 ft s of 173d St, 20x 100, three-story brick dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, D. E. Booss, $9,000.

Brook Av, 1,220, e s, 96.1 ft s of 168th St, 25x 95, one-story dwelling; foreclosure, to Annie Kelly, $4,500.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

29th St, 153 and 160 West, for a twelve-story mercantile building, 50x88; 25th Construction Co., 31 East 27th St, owner; W. E. Birkmire, architect; cost, $200,000.

71st St, 231 to 237 West, for a nine-story apartment, 69.8x86.2; A. Campagna Construction Co., 600 West 115th St, owner; G. Ajello, architect; cost, $200,000.

Walker Av, s s, 124.6 ft w of Frisby Av, for a three-story brick shop and dwelling, 25x55; Albert Freyer, 1,497 Zerega Av, owner; Karl F. J. Seifert, architect; cost, $5,000.

Prospect Av, s e corner of Tremont Av, for two five-story brick stores and tenements, sizes irregular; Friedman Construction Co., 171 Broadway, owner; H. I. Young, architect; cost, $110,000.

Katonah Av, w s, 25 ft n of 236th St, for two one-story brick stores and dwellings, 37.6x 54; John P. Pape, on premises, owner; B. Ebeling, architect; cost, $6,000.

156th St, s s, 175 ft e of Courtlandt Av, for a five-story brick tenement, 75x87.7; Benjamin Benenson, 407 East 153d St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., architect; cost, $60,000.

177th St, s s, 88.57 ft e of Jerome Av, for two five-story tenements, 87.6x70; Plough-Fox Company, 391 East 149th St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., architect; cost, $60,000.

180th St, s s, from Honeywell to Daly Av, for three five-story brick tenements, 89.6x21, 47.6x68, and 50x72; Cross Avenue Co., 3,787 Broadway, owner; Benjamin W. Levitan, architect; cost, $120,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

25th St, 45 to 51 West, to an eleven-story mercantile building; Building and Engineering Co., 1,133 Broadway, owner; W. H. Birkmire, architect; cost, $5,000.

Lenox Av, w s, 75.11 ft n of 121st St, to a four-story dwelling; B. Goldman, 592 Lenox Av, owner; Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects; cost, $12,000.

24th St, 27 to 35 West, to an eleven-story mercantile building; S. T. Kerwin, 1,133 Broadway, owner; W. H. Birkmire, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MARCH 14.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part:

Manhattan.

ELIZABETH ST, 230, e s, 20x91.1; Dean Holding Co. to Louis Oliva, 17 Baxter St, (mtg $10,000,) March 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway........$100

GREENWICH ST, 181, e s, 25.7x43.5x25x52.8; Louis J. Reckendorfer and others to Isabel H. Hadden, 74 Lexington Av, Jersey City, N. J., (mtg $7,000,) and all liens, Feb. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$1

HOUSTON ST, 34 and 36 West, n s, 40xx83; Henry P. Davy to Samuel Kempner, 88 East 75th St, (mtg $75,000,) March 4; attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St........$1

JANE ST, s s, 68.6 ft w of 8th Av, 22.6x50.2x 27x35.3; Julia F. Lemke to William S. Wensley, 88 South Maple Av, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $6,000,) Feb. 26; attorney, C. V. Pallister, 280 Broadway........$1

LEXINGTON AV, 715, e s, 20x65; Albert S. Batcheller to Israel O. Blake, 995 Madison Av, (mtg $20,000,) Dec. 23, 1911; attorney, Philip Carpenter, 111 Broadway........$1

LAWRENCE ST, 134, s s, 40x99.5; Thomas Alexander to Charles B. Meyer, 148 East 86th St, (mtg $40,000,) March 12; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway..$100

LENOX AV, s e corner of 130th St, 99.11x85; James R. Roosevelt and others, trustees of William Astor, deceased, for John J. Astor, to Cathleen Turney, Wheelock Mansion, 158th St and North River, all liens, March 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway........$100

LENOX AV, s e corner of 130th St, 99.11x85; Cathleen Turney to Max Marx, 419 Convent Av, (mtg $60,000,) March 14; address, 128 Broadway........$100

MADISON AV, 778 and 780, w s, 40x80; 780 Madison Avenue Co. to Hanover Improvement Co., 49 Wall St, (mtg $145,000,) Feb. 15; attorney, George R. Coughlan, 49 Wall St.$100

ORCHARD ST, 15, w s, 20x50; Mary Ehrman to Edith Epstein, 115 West 88th St, all liens, Feb. 29; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway........$100

PARK AV, 565 to 569, e s, 65.4x100; 567 Park Av to William J. Taylor, 823 Park Av, (mtg $140,000,) March 11; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$100

PEARL ST, 104, s s, 19.7x64.10x irregular; Emily C. Campbell and others, executors, &c., of S. Barber, to John H. Karsch, 641 8th Av, all liens, Feb. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway........$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 225 and 226, e s, 50.5x 98.5, with strip adjoining on s 0.1¼x—; Union Land Holding Co. to Gustav Obendorfer, 2,109 Broadway, March 5; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway........$100

SOUTH ST, 156, n w s, 24.10x80.5x25.8x80.6, s w s; Eloise L. B. Norrie to James L. Breese, Havre de Grace, Maryaldnd, June 3, 1911; attorney, Graves D. Miles, 111 Broadway..$1

2D AV, s e corner of 6th St, 24.3x53.4; Adam J. Klinger to Hy. Klinger, 800 6th St, (mtg $27,500,) ½ right, title, and interest, B. & S., March 18; attorney, George F. Roesch, 291 Broadway........$1

2D AV, 570, e s, 25.6x72; Hy Klinger to Adam J. and Joseph Klinger, 140 East 31st St, (mtg $12,000,) ½ right, title, and interest, B & S, March 18; attorney, George F. Roesch, 291 Broadway........$1

25TH ST, 104 East, s s, 20.3x98.9; Amanda A. M. Taylor to Birchwood Realty Co., 114 Liberty St, March 12; attorney, E. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St........$100

25TH ST, 324 East, s s, 25x98.9; Hy Klinger to Adam J. Klinger, 140 East 31st St, (mtg $12,000,) ½ right, title, and interest, B & S, March 18; attorney, George F. Roesch, 291 Broadway........$1

47TH ST, 415 East, n s, 25x100.5; Lizzie Goerlitz to Theodor Sauer, Hollis, L. I., (mtg $6,000,) March 13; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway...$100

54TH ST, s s, 94 ft e of 1st AV, 50x100.5; Benjamin J. Weil to Fanny Gruen, 401 East 52d St, B & S, all liens, March 14; address, 5 Beekman St........$100

61ST ST, n s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.5; William B. Isham and another, executors, to Pembroke Jones at Wilmington, N. C., March 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$275,000

72D ST, s s, 350 ft e of 2d Av, 16.7x102.2; Louis Karmiohl to Jacob Karmiohl, 340 East 72d St, (mtg $7,000,) March 12; attorney, Nathan Friedman, 309 Broadway........$1

86TH ST, 274 West, s s, 20x102.2; Kate A. Johnson to G. de Wayne Hallett, 128 West 85th St, (mtg $21,000,) March 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$100

99TH ST, 146 West, s s, 15.4x82.3x15.4x81.6; John A. Marcato to Kathleen G. Marcato, his wife, 146 West 99th St, (mtg $7,500,) March 14; attorney, Joseph Fennelly, 2 Rector St........$100

99TH ST, 114 and 116 West, s s, 42x100.11; Brown Realty Co. to Sarah Weiss, 602 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $46,000,) March 8........$100

101ST ST, 244 West, s s, 25x100.11; Cathinca B. Gurnsey to Hy. C. Copeland, 242 West 101st St, March 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$1

113TH ST, 76 and 78 West, s s, 50x100.10; Isabella M. Pettet to Abraham Shapiro, 291 Henry St, March 13; attorney, Rogan & G., 302 Broadway........$100

136TH ST, 122 West, s s, 15x99.11; John J. Myers to Frank Lockwood, Plainfield, N. J., (mtg $11,000,) Oct. 24, 1911........$1

Bronx.

ALEXANDER AV, w s, 33.1 ft n of 139th St, 16.7x70; Ethel Forster to Alice Forster, 404 West 116th St, March 13; attorney, Francis D. Haines, 150 Nassau St........$1

DAWSON ST, 789, n w s, 25x100; Henry Doll to H. C. Fredericks Realty Co., 41 Union Square, (mtg $9,000,) March 6; attorney, E. H. Burger, 99 Nassau St........$100

JEFFERSON AV, n w corner of Monaghan Av, 50x100; Philip Kaldopkin to George Ginsberg, 185 Henry St, March 13; attorneys, Bondin & L., 302 Broadway........$1

JONES AV, w s, 200 ft n of Jefferson Av, 100x100; Philip Kaldopkin to George Ginsberg, 185 Henry St, March 13; attorneys, Bondin & L., 302 Broadway........$1

LOT 476, map of Gleason property; Otto R. Wielhart to William J. Williamson and another, at Plandome Park, L. I., (mtg $4,500,) March 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$200

LOTS 307 to 316, map of Hunts Point Realty Co., Paola De Pietro to Hunts Point Realty Co., 165 Broadway, March 11; attorney, W. M. Weschler, 165 Broadway........$1

LOTS 1,007, 1,010, and 1,011, map of Gleason property; Matthew W. Del Gaudio to Anna De Fev, 652 East 187th St, Feb. 29; attorney, N. Cella, 220 Broadway........$1

LOTS 655 to 658, map of Gleason property; Katharina Hetzl to Bogert Flour Co., 1,214 Metz St, Brooklyn, March 12; attorney, P. M. Crandell, 346 Broadway........$100

LOTS 517 and 518, same map; Matthew W. Del Gaudio to Rebecca Del Gaudio, 1,812 Gleason Av, Feb. 29, (mtg $480;) attorney, same....$1

MAPES AV, w s, 118.2 ft s of 180th St, 66.1x 100; Pasquale Petrillo to Giosne Galiana, 2,078 Prospect Av, Feb. 1; address 2,078 Prospect Av........$100

MINFORD PLACE, 1,446, e s, 37.6x100; Stephen G. Still to Victor Gerhards, 1,363 Stebbins Av, quitclaim, March 13; attorneys, Clocke & C., 391 East 149th St........$1

SPUYTEN DUYVIL PARKWAY, n e corner of Spuyten Duyvil Parkway and Port Morris R. R., 140.5xirreg.x269.11; Marian Schramme to Sidney C. Schramme, at Eagles Nest, Spuyten Duyvil, (mtg $9,000,) March 7; attorney, W. R. Page, 257 Broadway........$1

TOWNSEND AV, s 50 ft of Lot 64, map of T. Poole estate, 50x100; James H. Hoffecker, Jr., to Arthur D. V. Lyons, 230 West 111th St, March 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$100

TOWNSEND AV, n 50 ft of Lot 64, map of T. Poole estate, 50x100; James H. Hoffecker, Jr., to John C. Wallace Co., 45 Broadway, March 13; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway........$100

UNION AV, e s, 201.2 ft w of 158th St, 62x—; Burkam Realty Co. to Wolf Burland, 801 Caldwell Av, March 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway...$1

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, 4,148, w s, 25x80; Pasquale Ruffalo to Martha E. Schultz, 282 Reservoir Place, March 18, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Ernest Schaefer, 135 Broadway...$100

WHITE PLAINS RD, 3,672-3,676, e s, —x 81; Adelaide Burlands to Maurice Black, 600 West 178th St, (mtg $31,000,) March 12; attorney, J. J. Quencer, 277 Broadway....$1

9TH AV, n s, 80.6 ft w of 4th Av, 25x100, Wakefield; Ralph Hickox to Delia Egan and another, 771 East 223d St, March 13; address, 3,830 White Plains Av........$100

178TH ST, n s, 88.8 ft e of Honeywell Av, 24x65.1; Emilie A. Winter to Charles Popp, 2,006 Honeywell Av, (mtg $7,500,) March 13; attorneys, Martin & Howe, 265 Broadway........$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified:

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 654, s e s, 29x130; Amelia W. Hammill and others to Katherine A. Wood, 872 Clinton Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 6, prior mtg $78,000, due Feb. 28, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Bidsall & ..., 317 Broadway........$12,000

CLARK ST, 16 and 18, e s, 50x90; Lillian Kellar to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, March 14, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$35,000

CORTLANDT ST, 63, s s, 25.1x77.6; Palmer H. Jadwein and others to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St., March 6, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. McGuire, 52 Wall St........$55,000

LENOX AV, s e corner of 130th St, 99.11x85; Cathleen Turney to the Trustees of Columbia College in the City of New York, 63 Wall St., March 14, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway........$60,000

MADISON AV, 778 and 780, w s, 40x80; Hanover Improvement Co. to 780 Madison Avenue Co., 49 Wall St., Feb. 15, prior mtg $160,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George R. Coughlan, 49 Wall St........$45,000

MULBERRY ST, 160, e s, 23.9x—; Giovanni Lordi to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St., March 14, 1 year; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St.$20,000

2D AV, 61, w s, 24x100; Lena Wolff to Metropolitan Savings Bank, 59 Cooper Square East, March 14, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St........$5,000

8D AV, w s, 79.1 ft n of 80th St, 19.8x—; Louisa H. Clausnitzer to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 34 Nassau St, March 14, due as per bond; address, 34 Nassau St........$2,500

23D ST, n e s, 350 ft n w of 10th Av, 50x—, leasehold; Samuel Goldstein to Gustave X. Mathews, 1,735 Madison St., Second Ward, Queens, March 12, due April 1, 1917, 6 p. c.; address, 1,735 Madison St., Second Ward, Queens........$10,000

25TH ST, 104 East, s s, 20.3x98.9; Birchwood Realty Co. to Amanda A. M. Taylor, Asbury Park, N. J., March 12, due June 1, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$80,000

29TH ST, 214 East, 25x98.9; Frank A. Setaro to Lawyers Realty Co., 160 Broadway, Feb. 24, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$21,000

34TH ST, 163 West, 25x98.9; William L. Sutphin to W. L. Sutphin Realty Co., 170 Broadway, March 14, prior mtg $120,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$5,000

37TH ST, 230 East, s s, 20x irregular; Otto Grimmer to Bond, Mortgage and Securities Co., 22 Exchange Place, prior mtg $17,000, March 14, demand; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place........$6,000

86TH ST, 274 West, 20x102.2; G. De W. Hallett to Kate A. Johnson, 225 West 86th St, March 14, prior mtg $21,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Richard Kelly, 170 Broadway.$14,000

88TH ST, 107 East, n s, 25.6x100.8; Birdie Wohlgemuth to Bankers Trust Co., 7 Wall St., March 13, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$19,000

101ST ST, 244 West, 25x100.11; Henry C. Copeland to Cathinca B. Guernsey, 1,672 Broadway, March 14, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $30,000

134TH ST, 102 West, s s, 25x99.11; Isabella M. Pettit to Abraham Shapiro, 291 Henry St., March 13, due Sept. 13, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Kogan & G., 302 Broadway......$2,000

Bronx.

DAWSON ST, 789, n w s, 25x100; H. C. Fredericks Realty Co. to Henry Doll, 789 Dawson St, March 6, 5 years; attorneys, Lewkowitz & S., 73 Nassau St........$9,000

FULTON ST, n w s, Lot 108, map of Washingtonville; John Rotando to Clara S. Dean, 764 Beck St, March 14, due Sept. 14, 1913; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$500

STEBBINS AV, se cor of Chisholm St, 45.11x 103.6x40.1x103.8; Zion German Evangelical Church of New York to ministers' elders, &c. of Reformed Protestant Dutch Church, 113 Fulton St, March 13, due, &c, as per bond; attorneys, Stitt & Phillips, 113 Fulton St.$10,000

VILLA AV, w s, 184.11 ft n of Southren Boulevard, 25x100; George Quaid to William Quaid, 962 Park Av, Jan. 6, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway........$3,000

VAN CORTLANDT AV, s s, 550 ft w of Spuyten Duyvil Road, 50x150; Lena Rheaume to James Douglas, Hudson Park, Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y., March 13, 3 years; attorneys, Douglas & A., 280 Broadway........$3,500

9TH AV, n s, 80.6 ft w of 4th Av, 25x100, Wakefield; Delia Egan and another to Frank C. Mayhew, 3,830 White Plains Road, March 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, 3,830 White Plains Road........$4,500

187TH ST, 639 East, 37.6x100; Progress Holding Co. to Henrietta Ingber, 139 West 116th St, March 13, (mtg $25,000,) due as per bond; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$5,000

178TH ST, n s, 88.6 ft e of Honeywell Av, 74x 65.1x24x65; Charles Popp to Emilie A. Winter, 2,006 Honeywell Av, (prior mtg $7,500,) March 13, 1 year, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Martin & Howe, 265 Broadway........$3,578

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

BROADWAY, 1, Room F on ground floor; Edw. F. Searles, by William Shillaber, Jr., agent, to Canadian Pacific Railway Co., at Montreal, Canada, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Hardin, H. & F., 50 Pine St..$2,750

BROADWAY, s e corner of 23d St, store No. 3; Orville A. Dickinson and another to Harry Klein, 1,287 Washington Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, M. Wigder, 106 Rivington Av........$6,000

BROADWAY, w s, near 236th St, three-story frame building and store; John P. Burns to Patrick O'Brien, 3d Av and 141st St, 6 years from Jan. 1, 1912; attorneys, Guggenheimer, W. & M., 37 Wall St........$780

CANAL ST, 181, all; Margaret A. Butts to Morris G. Saffer, 784 Kelly St, 10 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Saffer Brothers, 704 Broadway........$2,550

COLUMBUS AV, 892, part store; Horstmann & Oetjen to James Arboozis and another, 64 West 104th St, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, George Stavropoulos, 892 Columbus Av........$1,200

NASSAU ST, 63, all; Pierre G. Carroll and others to James A. Logan, Bayside, L. I., 21 years from May 1, 1911; attorneys, Dayton, B. & M., 149 Broadway........$8,500

ORCHARD ST, 15, all; Edith Epstein to Oscar Blechman and another, 350 Wyona Av, Brooklyn, from completion of building to April 30, 1919; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway........$3,600

PRINCE ST, 157, store; Eburn F. Haight to Giovanni B. Cella, 157 Prince St, 5 years from April 1, 1912; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 120 Broadway........$1,200

10TH ST, 231 and 233, store floor; Samuel Goldstein and another to Ernst Boecker, 231-233 10th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, G. X. Mathews, 2,040 Palmetto St, Brooklyn........$2,400

45TH ST, 69 West, store and cellar; Frank E. Rafel and another to Michael Naftal, 748 6th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, William C. Rittenberg, 261 Broadway........$3,000

51ST ST, 30 West, the land; the Trustees of Columbia College in the City of New York to M. Belle Brown, 21 years from Feb. 1, 1910; attorneys, O'Brien, B. & P., 2 Rector St.. $2,118

125TH ST, 215 West, store; Bank Building Co. of Harlem to Maurice M. and Emma M. Berger, 2,460 7th Av or 2,410 8th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1912........$5,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BLEECKER ST, 170; Fullerton Electric Co. against estate of N. Low, corporation, owner; Otto M..llin, contractor........$127

FOREST AV, s e corner of 166th St, 150x 102.7; Standard Plumbing Supply Co. against Amolsky Construction Co., owner and contractor; David Amolsky, contractor....$3,811

KENMORE ST, s w corner of Mulberry St, 35x91; Dellon Walnik Co. against Michael Brigante, owner and contractor........$950

WESTCHESTER AV, 2,311 to 2,315; Paul Daniel against Glover Construction Co., owner and contractor........$500

170TH ST, 514 West; John H. Moyer against Morris Simon or Morris Simon Construction Co., owner and contractor........$18

18TH ST, 119 East; Fischer Heinrich Iron Works against George Pollinger, owner; Goldstein & Spiegel, contractors........$115

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BAILEY AV, n w corner of 231st St; Oswald Pratti et al. against Martin Weber Construction Co. et al., Jan. 10, 1912........$55

BLEECKER ST, n w corner of Sullivan St; National Column Co. against estate of N. Low et al., Feb. 16, 1912........$602

BROOK AV, 1,416; Dawson Tile Co. against Kitchen Improvement Co. et al., March 11, 1912........$105

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 418 and 420; William Heyman against Anton Heiss et al., Aug. 15, 1910........$640

121ST ST, n s, 225 ft e of Barnes Av; James H. Ceburre against Dante Impeatrice et al., Feb. 8, 1911........$110

LIS PENDENS.

CHARLES ST, 88; Rose Lieber against Henry Schultz and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Goldsmith, Rosenthal, Mork & Baum.

DECATUR AV, w s, 400.9 ft n w of 195th St, 24.1x59.3; Nathan Kauffmann and others against James J. Phelan Co. and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, E. Jacobs.

EAST BROADWAY, 280; Cherry St, 270; Cherry St, 298 to 304; Frances Appel against Abraham Kommell and others, (partition;) attorney, S. Greenbaum.

MAIDEN LANE, 126 Beekman St, n e s, adjoining land of James B. & Walter B. Townsend, 25x66.8; Pearl St, 230 and 281; Duane St, 60; James W. Adams against Leo N. Pettit and others, (partition;) attorneys, Wood, Cooke & Seitz.

ST. ANN'S AV, 111; Stephen J. McCarthy against Jonas Weil and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Clarke & Clarke.

25TH ST, n s, 177.6 ft w of 9th Av, 22x98.9; John Reynolds against Margaret Mullaney and others, (foreclosure of mortgage, &c.;) attorney, J. A. Seidman.

117TH ST, 420 and 422 East; two actions; Charles H. Lowerre and others against Sunflower Realty & Security Corp. and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Carey & Carroll.

121ST ST, n s, 67.9 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 17x100.11; Sigismond Levy against Neil A. Flannery and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. W. Stern.

139TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of Broadway, 125x 99.11; Flora E. Morrow against West 139th St. Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Pressinger & Newcombe.

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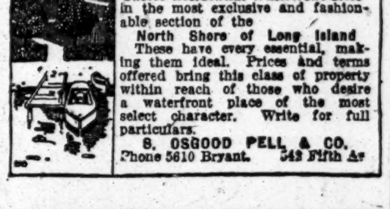

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COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

806—Hagon Johnson, guardian, &c., plaintiff in error, v. Lewis Paullin et al.—Leave granted E. F. Colladay to withdraw his appearance as counsel for plaintiff in error.

212—J. W. Calnan Co., appellant, v. Henry A. Doherty et al.—Argument commenced.

214—Rachael B. Brown, plaintiff in error, v. Thomas O. Selfridge.—Argument concluded.

215—The City of Pomona et al., appellants, v. Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co.—Argument commenced.

Day call for March 15: Nos. 215, 216, 217, 139, (and 140,) 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, and 223.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. Jury calendar. 73—O'Keefe v. Davey. 105—Brown v. Blake. 113—Niles v. Ludlow Valve Mfg Co. 136—Redlich v. Henley. 103—Glass v. C R R of N J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hazel, J. Admiralty. 170—Woodburn v. Tugs Luzerne and Flushing. 114—U S v. Tug Union. 115—Same v. Tug Dalzalline. 168—Rose v. City of N Y. 164—Butler v. Tug Bern.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Motion calendar. 1—Walkof v. Isaacs. 2—Stamburgh v. Refugio Synd. 3—Barry v. Harpoon. 4—Standard Elec Works v. Man Elec Supply Works. 5—Jackson v. McMullen. 6—Reardon v. P R R. 7—Myers v. Dairy Products. 8—Lawrence v. Banks. 9—Shubert Theatrical Co v. Wadsworth. 10—U S v. One Case Chemical Compound. 11—Sovereign Bank v. Stanley. 12—Chaloner v. N Y Evening Post. 13, 14—Nat Elec Sig Co v. Telefunken Wireless Tel Co. 15—Haynes & Co v. Druggists' Circular. 16—Hassler, Leitch & Co v. West India S S Co. 17—Geissler v. Henkel. 18—N Y Times Co v. N Y Press Co. 19—Same v. Sun P and P Assn. 20—Same v. Press Pub Co. 21, 22—Nat Elec Sig Co v. Telefunken Wireless Tel Co. 23—Panouleas v. McClurg. 24—Same v. Nat Equip Co. 25—Same v. Kuhn. 26—Same v. Powells. 27—Hudson v. N Y & Albany Transp Co.

STATE.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Supreme Court—Ingraham, P. J.; McLoughlin, Laughlin, Miller, and Dowling, JJ. Enumerated motions. 535—Warren v. Siegel Cooper Co. 539—Van Lengerte v. City of N Y. 541—In re Duell.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Bijur, J. Election cases. A—Matter of Duell. B—Matter of Duell. C—Matter of Yereance. D—Matter of Marx. E—Rosenfeld v. Britt. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Carnegie Trust Co. 2—Matter of Cathedral of the Incarnation. 3—Duren v. Duren. 4—Collins v. Bank for Savings. 5—Keller v. Bedford Const Co. 6—Markham v. Mathues. 7—Cook v. 146 5th Av Co. 8—Fuerst v. Maxwell. 9—Long Const Co v. Aunfrecht. 10—Windsor Trust Co v. Benjamin. 11—Same v. Nixon. 12—Same v. Littell. 13—Grein v. Goldberg. 14—Herbert v. Knick Trust Co. 15—Kudlich v. Bronx Hts Land. 16—Christopher v. Christopher. 17—Witherbee v. Bowles. 18—Same v. same. 19—Same v. same. 20—Dressel v. Glatt. 21—Exhibitors' Film Exchange v. Aithe. 22—Dimmick v. Western Union Tel Co. 23—Same v. Southern Pacific. 24—Buckhout v. Martin. 25—Collis v. Emigrant Ind Savings Bank. 26—De Graffenried v. Butler. 27—Hoffman v. Murray. 28—Levy v. Abrams. 29—Von Aster v. Lippman. 30—Bogen v. Zindell. 31—Matter of Mead. 32—Kropf v. Hoffman. 33—City of N Y v. Becker. 34—Low v. Buttner. 35—Matter of Baker Av. 36—Von Dehsen v. Mantha. 37—Coxey v. Gillette. 38—Driscoll v. Gaussios. 39—City of N Y v. Ireland. 40—Iden v. Beck. 41—Glavin v. City of N Y. 42—Shea v. Bingham. 43—People ex rel Leon v. Higgins. 44—Madison Trust Co v. Shapiro. 45—Ferwish v. Margolul. 46—Marshall v. Tiffany Co. 47—Nussbaum v. Purisch. 48—Levy v. Bellman. 49—Mungar v. Dubar. 50—Schultz v. Schultz. 51—Zinsser v. Koch. 52—City of N Y v. Specialists Realty Co. 53—Hogan v. N Y City Ry Co. 54—Valadier v. Valadier. 55—Keeler v. Del Gaizo. 56—Bartelstone v. Miller. 57—Shirker v. Ocean S S Co. 58—Rosenheim v. Bremner. 59—Fuchs & Shlakman Co v. Fuchs. 60—Gallert v. Kramer Cont Co. 61—Potter v. Potter. 62—Alexander v. Allen. 63—People v. Cohen. 64—People v. Vitusky. 65—Matter of Doyle v. Stoltzenberg Co. 66—Collis v. Union Square Savings Bank. 67—Ackley v. Maitland. 68—Reitman v. Sobel. 69—Mitteldorf v. Milliken. 70—Fewish v. Margolin. 71—City of N Y v. McGuire. 72—Same v. Greenbaum. 73—Same v. Wyler Const Co. 74—Dattore v. Mach Paving & Const Co. 75—Matter of Piers Old Nos 32 and 33. 76—Miller v. Patrolmen's Benevolent Ass'n. 77—People v. N Y Building Loan Banking Co. 78—Ackley v. Maitland. 79—Fenichel v. Zicherman. 80—Matter of Harris. 81—Arnold v. Greene Gold-Silver Co. 82—Gilbert v. West Mt Vernon Realty Co. 83—Thomas v. Smith. 84—Stevenson v. same. 85—Rambaut v. Tevis. 86—Coffin v. same. 87—Bancker v. Thompson. 88—Kinsman v. Kinsman. 89—De Graffenried v. De Graffenried. 90—Kaufman v. Kaufman. 91—MacDonald v. MacDonald. 92—Shattuck v. Guardian Trust Co. 93—People ex rel Topping v. Ptendeiejar. 94—Kantor v. Kantor. 95—People's Surety Co v. B D Luce Co. 96—Mackie v. Mackie. 97—Same v. Chalmers. 98—Stelle v. Mullan.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Page, J. Motions. Preferred causes. 5059—U S Trust Co v. Beldin. 5027—Fletcher v. 416 W 33d St Co. General calendar. 4375—Goldberg v. Sarashon. 4321—Fischman v. Berkowitz. 4333—Goldman v. Mallenick. 4335—Steinberg v. Steinberg. 4369—Hill v. Bernheimer. 4382—Tropano v. Egan. 4040—Along-the-Hudson Co v. Ayers. 3873—Ulmer v. Ulmer. 4390—Dodd v. Dodd. 4376—Rogers v. Rogers. 1218—Kreigsman v. Kreigsman. 4306—Willets v. Carter. 4159—Backmann v. Tourneur Realty Co. 1338—Bond v. Atlantic Terra Cotta Co. 3082—Barclay v. Berrie. 3653—Goelet v. Donnelly. 1041—Sutliff v. Sutliff. 2709—Burnstine v. Burnstine. 1061—Stuart v. Stuart. 4293—Harbison-Walker Ref Co v. Backer Const Co. 4511—Carscallen & Cassidy v. Zimmerman. 4513—Cohen v. Cohen. 4531—Illinois Surety Co v. Ingui. 4538—Callan v. Callan. 4542—Eifermann v. Honigstein. 4544—De Feo v. De Feo. 4545—Serritella v. Marchesoni. 4549—Taylor v. Ubert. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., case on; Part VIII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Seabury, J. Criminal Term—Trial Calendar. 1—Geno Mantani. 2—Jess Albrozza. 3—Joseph Lamb. 4—Allan Black. (3.) Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Newburger, J. 6315—Longman v. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co. 6183—Iffer v. Nat Hydraulic Const Co. 6302—McLarney v. Lohman. 6001, 6002—Tallman v. Tobin. 6036—Sudbury v. Merritt. 5291—Orlando v. Bove. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Goff, J. 757—Dunn v. N Y, N H & H R R. 767—Finnegan v. Joline. 771—Stocking v. Interborough R T Co. 773—Dunn v. Mayer. 778—Flaumhoft v. Joline. 779—Same v. same. 780—Keeley v. same. 781—Koch v. Linch. 718—McDonough v. Int R T. 719—Dunn v. Nassau Elec R R. 706—Dorman v. Whitridge. 762—Rosenhalt v. Joline. 538—Hockmann v. Nassau Elec R R. 168—Heller v. Brooklyn Union El R R. 439—Loope v. Erie R R. 619 Olsen v. Coney Island & Brooklyn. 736—Hennessy v. Int R T. 784—Barona v. N Y C & H R R R. 790—Monohan v. Joline. 792—Cipriano v. B H R R. 793—Rosenberg v. Joline. 794—Melbods v. Int R T Co. 795—Gigho v. Joline. 623—Maloney v. City of N Y and Cent Park, &c., R R. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—McCall, J. 4175—Laffay v. Boganffy. 2123—Murphy v. Elfers. 2951—Parnaiotodes v. Rio. 3207—Greenberg v. N Y Stick and Handle Co. 2855½—Bartner v. Diener. 2373—Kolbrener v. Bob. 353—Meyer v. Buttle. 3971—Bissinger v. Renault Taxi Service. 3867—Brand v. Tabachinck. 3407—Perthold v. Bochdam. 3168—Liberman v. Bartelston. 3799—Davidson v. Sklarsky. 4196—Gruder v. Schachter. 4253—Greenberg v. Hurtig & Seamon. 4275—Warwyniski v. Friedman. 3812—Gottrex v. Concrete Fireproofing Co. 3830—Smith v. City of N Y. 1829—Pearson v. Ehrich. 3931—Polinsky v. Fifth Av Coach Co. 3122—Smith v. City of N Y. 3418—Rosasco v. Ideal Opening Die Co. 3071—Felcin v. Socy of N Y Hospital. 3138—Mastronardi v. H W Boettger Silk Fin Co. 3763—Adamawitch v. Universal Silk Mill. 3106—Schwartz v. Dreyer. 3992—Wacker v. Rothschild. 3993—Wacker v. Rothschild. 4004—Carson v. N Y Tel Co. 4005—Carson v. N Y Tel Co. 3237—Chambers v. Wanamaker. 3412—Hamilton v. City of N Y. 3025—Case v. City of N Y. 3109—Moran v. Van Horn. 3112—Galbally v. City of N Y. 3985—Dayton v. Man Nav Co. 2247—A Laven v. N Y Transp Co. 3602—L Laven v. N Y Transp Co. 3238—Stuchiner v. City of N Y. 3758—Servetosh v. City of N Y. 3853—Nussbaum v. Puersch. 3863—Bach v. Catholic Church of St Thomas. 2200—Reusch v. Penn Tunnel & Term R R. 3803—Hardy v. City of N Y. 1773—Daino v. Pfleiger. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV., clear; Part VI., case on; Part VII., case on; Part IX., case on; Part X., case on; Part XI., case on; Part XII., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Greenbaum, J. 4543—Nat Reserve Bank v. O'Neill. 4011—Taft-Pierce Mfg Co v. Jebb. 4584—Carnegie Trust Co v. State Bank of Commerce. 3007—Marcus Woodworking Co v. Gulliver. 1897—Lintz v. Robinson. 3415—Netter v. Trenton Whisk Broom Works. 3169, 3170—Favish v. Hotel Astor. 4226—Hohneshand v. Hohlfeld. 4261—Farley v. Archibald. 1467½—Bimberg v. Sondheim. 4538—Severance v. Schultze. 6111—City of New York v. Shea. 6112—Same v. Sturgis. 6113—Same v. Import Cigar Co. 6114—Same v. Jack. 6115—Same v. Rodgers. 6116—Same v. Cayey Caguas Tobacco Co. 6120—Same v. Tuoti & Co. 6129—Same v. Imperial Theatre Co. 6206—Same v. M. Ferischbaum & Son. 6216—Same v. Maass. 3989—Thompson v. Parr. 4179—Dey v. Tilley. 4089—Gray v. Blackmore. 4594—Myers v. Quardri Color Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII., case on; Part XV., case on; Part XVI., case on; Part XVII., clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Motion calendar. Ethan Allen, Daniel Blank, Henrietta Davis, Charles T Yerkes, Thomas Fazakerly, Laura Mason, William P. Furniss, Margaret A Brennan, John H Schulthess, J Maguire, Jane Jones, A. Eissner, Schumel Bresnik, Augusta Gabriellini, &c, Giuseppina Cammarata, Peter M Callahan, Fannie Aaronowitz, &c, Julia Smith, Frederick Augarten, Mary Walsh, Emilio Costelli, Nathan E Clark, Thomas L Hamilton, Elsa Sexauer, Annie L Zeller, Richard Walsh, Samuel Schwartz, Bridget Farrelly, Imogene T Parmelee, Alexander Weill, Frank D Decker, Jacob Fromme, George F Cummings, Patrick J Ferrigan, Neilson Burgess, Ellen Owens, Adam George, Morris Goldberg, Emma B G Morse, Giovanni Micoli, Eberhard Velten, Lena Harris, Florence N McKeever, Harry G Von Sauers, John McLaren, Julia F Nash, Caroline S Rose, [illegible] infants, Eugene Katzenmayer, Julia Brady, Albert Guerin, Ephriam Howe, Josephine L Peyton, William H Beadleston, Clara J Rusling, Laurence F Cahill, Emeline A Ryan, Mary E Wood, William Combe, Johanna J Baldwin, Mary B Dun, Norman I Rees, William Gibson. Wills for probate. Almarine C Diggs, Harriet Demuth, George W Bird, Martha E Moore, Emmet Dusmore, Katherine A Ruehl, Lucia G Digiacomo, Annie Yeamans, Ellen Meyer, John Walsh, Louise A Lyon.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Donnelly, J.; Part III., Schmuck, J.; Part IV., O'Dwyer, J.; Part V., Lynch, J.; Part VI., Delehanty, J.; Part VII., McAvoy, J.; Part VIII., Green, J. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I., at 9:45 A. M. 6450—Feldman v. Menschel. 6275—Siff v. Deinberg. 6017—Bogert Co v. Winetsky. 8854½—Germain, Hoffbauer, &c, Co. v. Lubman. 5568—Davis Cons Co v. Adrian. 3667—Blunk v. Lehman. 3432—Sandzig v. Eckstein. 4161½—Crooke Heating, &c, Co v. Acme Bldg Co. 6217—Finck v. Carlson. 6456—Hasmon v. Boyle. 6511—Margulies v. Perlman. 5511—Hartog Candy Co v. Eckert. 6468—Baer v. Joline. 6427—Beha v. Haverty's Stables. 6492—Bobbin v. Garvin Mach Co. 5271—Nohas v. Marks. 6471—Howell v. Wennemer Bros. 6508—Martell v. Wallace. 6509—Kerluch v. Laidlaw. 6512—Kuzinn v. Pietrowski & Konop. 6514—Wechsler v. O'Neill. 5306—Schmidt v. Kernan. 6154—Contractors Supply Co v. Bronx Borough Bank. 2421—Mahoney v. Holdsworth. 828—Herman v. Kessler. 6270—Mannera v. Degnon Cont Co. 6372—Northern Bank v. De Carlo. 6391—Altmayer v. Buchtenkirch. 6401—Lyons v. Joline. 5826—Eisenberg v. Share. 8030½—Lessler v. Solomon. 5341—Talbot v. J. Hancock Mutual Life Ins Co. 674—Degener v. Goldstone. 6489—Cosgrove v. Schwentner. 6515—Pomerantz v. Lock. 6518—Struad v. Wm Nesser Co. 6520—Lehrer v. Einhorn. 6522—Hirschberg v. Katz. 6523—Kindgen v. Schoenberg. 6525—Northern Bank v. Warren. 6526—Plunkett v. Lecouver Press Co. 6527—Roasch v. Exeter Mach Works. 6528—Hart v. Reynolds. 6529—5th Av Auction Rooms v. Nagel. Clear.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III., Schmuck, J., case on; Part IV., O'Dwyer, J., case on; Part V., Lynch, J., case on; Part VI., Delehanty, J., case on; Part VII., McAvoy, J., case on; Part VIII., Green, J., case on.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II., Smith, J. 4114—Keller v. Prince. 4120—Strauss v. Blumenthal. 4148—Security Bank v. Finkelstein. 4159—De Groff v. Tucker. 4126—Borcowitz v. U S Grand Lodge, &c. 4123—Alexander v. Alterisi. 4118—Hutchings v. Radt. 4091—Engler v. Geringer. 4095—Hyman v. Levy. 4155—Darling Press v. Stadler. 4051—Glascow v. Bradshaw. 4141—Auerbach v. Mittenthal. 4146—Stuart v. Bruggerman. 4147—Macher v. Levinson. 4158—Sullivan v. Walsh. 4166—Smith v. Karndahl. 4170—Kallman v. Gingold Realty Co. 4175—Wolfert v. Cohen. 4176—Kent v. Gross. 4178—Cohen v. Wolfert. 4173—Schriever v. Ebell. Clear.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Tubbs v. Hulse—John J. Hynes.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J. Hanisch v. Krauss—John H. Rogan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—La Fetra, J. L A Westermann Co v. Otto Kreig—Morris N. Eder. Harris Auerbach v. Morris Lang—Benjamin L. Brandner.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J. Annie Cohen v. Morris Rosenbaum—Max Sugarman. Coyne & Delany Co v. Raymond Van Praag Supply Co—Harry A Gordon.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Judicial Department—Burr, Thomas, Carr, Woodward, and Rich, JJ. Enumerated day calendar. 115—Gegenheimer v. City of New York. 202—Butterly v. Deering. 239—Blaisdell v. L I R R. 230—Rice v. N Y C & H R R R. 280—Danner v. N Y & H R R. 251—Cooke v. Higgins. 223—Cole v. Kunkely. 123—Rossi v. L I R R. 279—Same v. same. 249—McGuire v. Autocar Co. 98—Imke v. City of New York. 212—Lazarus v. Eisler. 157—Smith v. American Ice Co. 241—Gullickson v. Central R R of New Jersey. 233—Griffen v. Hastings Co. 217—Matthews v. Brooklyn Savings Bank. 227—Brabson v. Hunt. 287—O'Connell v. Press Pub Co. 225—Raby v. Greater New York Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term Trials. Kelly, J. 1725—Bouchers v. Rosen. 1730—Hennessy v. B'klyn S'vgs B'k and another. 1737—Schwartz v. Bundick. 1767—Weinstein v. Livanti. 1170—Sandford v. Crane. 1776—Johnson v. Johnson. 1778—Greenberg v. Raisfeld. 1782—Moran v. Moran. 1688—Boccieri v. Russo. 1787—Levy v. A W Todelrisch Co. 1792—McLaughlin v. Lloyd. 1799—Peoples Natl B'k v. Geisman. 1800—Straight v. Straight. 1801—Robinson-Smith Construction Co v. Fox. 1803—Rockefeller v. Rockefeller. 1806—Golden v. Winham. 1816—Lipsitz v. Gray. 1601—Kirmss v. Kirmss. 1633—Cunningham v. City of N Y. 1822—Byrnes v. Byrnes. 1825—Peoples Trust Co v. McKenna. 1858—Kramer v. City of N Y. The following cases if marked ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 1860—Forman Realty Co v. Brandmuer. 1861—Liederman v. Nechals. 1862—Olshinsky v. Meisels. 1863—Waidelich v. Waidelich. 1864—Mras v. Mras. 1865—Krickman v. Krickman. 1866—Cohen v. Moslow. 1867—Regan v. Cohen. 1868—Beecker v. Farmers Loan & T Co. 1869—Emmons v. Emmons. 1870—Peoples Trust Co v. Smith. 1871—Berger v. Zimmerman. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1871.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Jaycox, J.; Part II., Kelby, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Benedict, J.; Part V., Crane, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J. 5857—Blaum v. Smith & Loughlin. 1650—Hansen v. Dickinson. 1124—Tortorillo v. Hanan et al. 3711—Kirchlin v. Nassau R R. 3713—McClennon v. B H R R. 3714—Grega v. Western El Co. 3071—Thompson v. Schaeffer. 6790—Hallon v. B H R R. 5514—Sigman v. Bordens Milk Co. 3718—Silverman v. B H R R. 3720—Chapman v. Hornbeck. 3721—Taggart v. B H R R. 3724, 3725—O'Sullivan v. Gibb et al. 3729—Abramowitz v. Reissler. 3740—Moroney v. C I & B R R. 3745, 3746—Olsen & Jahn v. B H R R. 3748—Boneski v. Schneider et al. 3750—McLoughlin v. Nassau R R. 3751—Lafranz v. Flatbush Ice Co. 3752—People's Trust Co v. Swimm. 3756—Brown v. Roberts & Bros. 3762—Ellis v. N Y & L I Traction Co. 3763, 3764—Minkoff v. Nassau R R. 3765—Eicholds v. Gallagher. 3768—McCann v. Brady et al. 3769—McLaughlin v. Empire City Cont'g Co. 3770-3772—Presti v. Dodge. 3771—Joyce v. C I & B R R. 3774—Ebel v. B H R R. 3093—Herity v. Tutty. 3777—Brand v. B H R R. 3781—Schmuhl v. Bockrath et al. 3786—Schapicrer v. Balmer et al. The balance of the calendar stands over until March 18. Highest number reached on regular call, 3825.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Blackmar, J. Motions. 1—Bermier v. Thomson. 2—Hogle Company v. Mulvaney et al. 3—Winckler and another v. Winckler. 4—Minden v. Grasman. 5—City of New York v. Hyman. 6—Matter of Richards Av. 7—Sweeney v. Stone. 8—Potter v. Allen. 9—Potter v. Bureau of Municipal Research. 10—Titcomb v. Sigretto et al. 11—Stoothoff v. Henry. 12—Matter of Crocheron St. 13—Matter of Cotton St. 14—Greenstein v. Burger 15—Klein and another v. Warner et al. 16—Hiller Con Co v. Klein and ano. 17—Stoddard et al. vs. Prendergast et al. 18—Stoddard and ano v. Prendergast et al. 19—L I R R Co v. Prisco et al. 20—Lawyers Title Ins & Trust Co v. Kraslow Const Co et al. 21—Hynes and ano v. Hildebrand. 22—Hauser v. Hauser. 23—Strong v. Bazaar. 24—Lutkins v. Lutkins. 25—Matter of Dessau Cork Co. (Zalkin.) 26—Schmeiser v. Schmeiser et al. 27—Huyler v. Smith. 28—Hill v. Hill. 29—Hill v. Hill. 30—Frindel v. Blaustein and ano. 31—Titcomb v. Sigretto et al. 32—Evans v. Goldstein. 33—Commiskey v. Bowen. 34—Donlon v. Bowen. 35—Wise v. Bowen. 36—Quail v. Bowen. 37—Roesch v. Vasold et al. 38—Dillworth v. Boran Hat Co. 39—Dean v. Dean. 40—McGowan v. City of N Y. 41—Matter of Brand (Avery.) 42—Drusin v. Drusin. 43—Matter of Smith. 44—Larala v. Chisholm Co. 45—Matter of Breiterman Cue Co. 46—Brockway v. Miller et al. 47—Matter of Avenue J. 48—Matter of Sheffield Av. 49—Matter of Triangular Public Place. 50—Reitman v. Fischman. 51—Ring & Son v. Winola Worsted Yarn Co et al. 52—Matter of Burtis. 53—Davis et al v. Brown et al. 54—Norton v. Shrives. 55—Patterson v. Wachtel Schuh Horse Co. 56—Matter of Sloss. 57—People ex rel Dennehy v. Prendergast. 58—People ex rel Altstadt v. Gomes. 59—People ex rel Klaiber v. Gomes. 60—Matter of 5th Assembly Dist (Rep.)

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Dike, J. Civil calendar. Actions triable by the court without a jury. 1565—Braune, continued, v. Shulz. 1566—Ballay v. Mason. 1731—Hunter v. Rice. 1644—Green v. Obert. 1703—Coney Island Lumber Co v. Coady. 1760—Shanker v. Palm Building Co. 1764, 1765—Home Mortgage Investment Co of New York v. Bender Construction Co. 1766—Hawkins v. Maxwell. 1763—Nass Contracting Co v. Freund. 1649—Berger v. Boylan. 1528—Gasner v. Schwartz. 1206—Union Bank v. Schneider. 1768—Empire City Lumber Co v. Agress Construction Co. 1728—Bottega v. Campbell.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Maddox, J.; Part II., Marean, J. Case on. 880—Muller v. Pope-Hartford Auto Co. Remainder of calendar passed until March 18. Highest number reached on general calendar, 654.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J. 3498—People v. William McCarthy. 3498—People v. Thomas Gilroy. 3499—People v. William McCarthy. 3495—People v. Antonio Notaro.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Mills, J. 217—Murray v. Shaw. 189—Russo v. Devivo. 195—Turner v. Boross. 165—Westchester Trust Co v. Condon. 199—Barton v. Barton. 214—Meinecke v. Meinecke. 232—Orsino v. Orsino. 204—Paternostro v. Watson. 202—Moskowitz v. Portchester Bottling Co. 177—Borgia Marble Works v. Mayer. 183—Baettenhaussen v. N. Y. Tarrain & Bldg Co. —..Schreiber v. Myers; Murphy v. Yonkers Savings Bank.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Tompkins, J. 524—Oglesby v. Cunneen; Dembitz v. Orange County Traction Co. 298—Kranicauz v. Shrive. 300—Vivian v. Recra Met St Ry Co. 308—Conklin v. Birdsall. 318—Mullahey v. Dravo Contracting Co. 377—Licolono v. Ullo. The remainder of the calendar goes over until Monday.

Most artistic works ever presented with a newspaper. Abbey's great panels, "The Quest of the Holy Grail," fifteen in all, reproduced in the actual colors in The New York Times' Easter Number, March 24. 300,000 copies for distribution among daily readers of The Times. Order to-day.—Adv.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

WHEREAS, MORITZ H. ROSENSTEIN, A resident of the City, County, and State of New York, died in the City of New York on December 29th, 1911; and,

Whereas, The said Moritz H. Rosenstein was for many years prior to his death engaged in the City and County of New York in the purchase and sale of feathers and similar articles, which said business for at least five years prior to his said death was conducted and carried on by him in his sole name at 48 East 9th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, under the name and style of "M. H. ROSENSTEIN"; and,

Whereas, The said Moritz H. Rosenstein, by his last will and testament, duly admitted to probate in the Surrogates' Court of the County of New York on the 17th day of January, 1912, gave and bequeathed the said business to his son, Benjamin Rosenstein; and,

Whereas, Letters testamentary were on the 18th day of January, 1912, duly granted out of the Surrogates' Court of the County of New York to Arthur S. Levy, Philip Lewisohn, Benjamin Rosenstein, and Charles Samuels, as executors of the last will and testament of Moritz H. Rosenstein, deceased; and,

Whereas, The said executors have by bill of sale, dated February 16th, 1912, transferred and delivered the said business to the said Benjamin Rosenstein, pursuant to the provisions of the said will;

Now, therefore, I, BENJAMIN ROSENSTEIN, whose place of abode is the Hotel Ansonia, Broadway and 73d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, do hereby certify, pursuant to the partnership law of the State of New York, that I am conducting at No. 48 East 9th Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, under the name "M. H. ROSENSTEIN," the business formerly conducted by Moritz H. Rosenstein at that address and under that name, and that I am the person and the only person now and hereafter dealing at the said address under the said name of "M. H. ROSENSTEIN."

Dated February 20th, 1912.

BENJAMIN ROSENSTEIN.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 20th day of February, 1912, before me personally appeared Benjamin Rosenstein, to me known and known to me to be the same person described in and who executed the within instrument, and he acknowledged to me that he executed the same.

ARTHUR S. LEVY, Jr.,
Comm. of Deeds, N. Y. City.

KENDALL & HERZOG, Attorneys for Benjamin Rosenstein, 27 William St., N. Y. City.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I, JAMES S. McDONOGH, of the City, County, and State of New York, do hereby give notice that I was appointed the permanent Receiver of the corporation The American Contract and Finance Company by a judgment of the New York Supreme Court, duly made at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, held at the County Court House in and for the County of New York, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 16th day of September, 1908, which judgment was duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 17th day of September, 1908, and that I have duly qualified as such Receiver, and that I, as such Receiver, pursuant to the statute in such cases made and provided, do hereby require:

1. All persons indebted to such corporation, by the 28th day of March, 1912, and at my office, No. 80 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively to me as such permanent Receiver, and to pay the same.

2. All persons having in their possession any property or effects of said corporation to deliver the same to me as such permanent Receiver by the said 28th day of March, 1912.

3. All the creditors of said corporation to deliver their respective accounts and demands to me by the 15th day of April, 1912.

4. All persons holding any open or subsisting contracts of said corporation to present the same in writing and in detail to me on the 15th day of April, 1912, and at my office, No. 80 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York City, Feb. 29th, 1912.

JAMES S. McDONOGH,
Permanent Receiver of The American Contract and Finance Company, No. 80 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ALEXANDER, WATRISS & POLK, Attorneys for Permanent Receiver, Office and Post Office Address, No. 32 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HERMAN LEVY, PHILIP D. LEVY, and the copartnership firm of HERMAN LEVY & SONS, composed of Herman Levy and Philip D. Levy, Bankrupts.—No. 15,814.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that an order has been made herein that the personal property consisting of diamonds, pearls, other precious stones, and jewelry and the safe and other office fixtures belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts, is to be sold by Joachim S. Van Wezel, Jr., Trustee herein. The safe and office fixtures may be inspected on application to the said Trustee or his attorneys; all the other property as stated above may be inspected at the office of said Trustee, No. 380 Canal Street, Manhattan, New York City, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M. on any business day from the 18th day of March, 1912, to and including the 28th day of March, 1912.

Open bids for the said property, either in bulk or in lots, may be made to said Trustee at or any time before the meeting of creditors held as stated below, and must be accompanied by cash or certified check of ten per cent. of the amount of the bids, and the right is reserved to reject any and all binds.

And you are further notified that there will be a meeting of creditors of the above-named bankrupts at the office of the undersigned Referee, No. 68 William Street, Manhattan, New York City, on the 29th day of March, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, when said bids will be presented to the creditors for action as to the advisability of accepting or rejecting any bid and for the purpose of authorizing the Trustee to sell said property.

New York, March 14th, 1912.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

JOACHIM S. VAN WEZEL, Jr., Trustee, 380 Canal Street, New York.

LEVY & FRANKENTHALER, Attorneys for Trustee, 37 Liberty St., New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BROWNRIGG & STEVENSON COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 16,183.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Please take notice that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold at public auction under the direction of Clifford G. Ludvigh, Esq., trustee, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the World Building, New York, N. Y., Room 1,127, on the 25th day of March, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. A general description of the property to be sold is as follows:

Controller, desks, chairs, &c.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per cent. of the appraised value.

The said property will be open for inspection at the above premises on March 21st and 22d, 1912, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

WILLIAM HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Trustee, 64 William Street, New York.

Dated New York, March 11th, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of CARHARTT AUTOMOBILE SALES COMPANY, bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of the Hon. Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, dated March 5th, 1912, the undersigned Trustee offers for sale on the 19th day of March, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, at the Joscelyn Garage, No. 112 West 52d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the following property:

One (1) Junior Runabout Carhartt 1912 model, with equipment.

One (1) Toy Tonneau Carhartt Automobile, 1912 model, with equipment.

One (1) Carhartt Touring Car, with equipment.

Two (2) 50 H. P. Herschel-Spillman Motors.

Said property may be inspected on any week day between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M. The Trustee reserves the right to reject the bids unless they shall bring 75 per cent. of the appraised value.

Dated New York, March 7th, 1912.

LOUIS H. MOOS, Trustee.

COHEN BROTHERS, Attorneys for Trustee, No. 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GAETANO ZINGALES, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, March 15, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 319 East 107th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of office fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver.

SEIGEL & SEIGEL, Attorneys for Receiver, [illegible] Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TERMINAL HAT CO., bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, March 15, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 50 Church Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gentlemen's hats, safe, desk, fixtures, &c.

BERNARD J. MacCORY, Trustee.

JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Trustee, 309 Broadway, New York.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy, 68 William St., N. Y. C.

Above sale is adjourned until Thursday, March 21st, 1912, at 11 A. M., same place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL OBERSTEIN, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Friday, March 22, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 667 6th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's clothing, suits, overcoats, fixtures, &c.

MAURICE L. SHAINE, Receiver.

JULIUS G. KREMER, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,305.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS LEVY and MORRIS EPSTEIN, individually and as copartners under the firm name of LEVY & EPSTEIN, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Morris Levy and Morris Epstein, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Levy & Epstein, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1912, the said Morris Levy and Morris Epstein, individually and as copartners under the firm name of Levy & Epstein, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., City and County of New York, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

March 15, 1912.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of B. ACKERMAN & CO., Bankrupts.—No. 16,290.

To the creditors of B. Ackerman & Co. of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of March, A. D. 1912, the said B. Ackerman & Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated March 13, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MAURICE STURM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Maurice Sturm, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 8th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 13, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of CHARLES HENRY BEHNKEN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles Henry Behnken, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 9th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 13, 1912.

NO. 16,151.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSHUA M. GOULD, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joshua M. Gould of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Joshua M. Gould was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 14, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—HYMAN MARKUN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated March 2d, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on April 15, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 12th, 1912.

NO. 14,057.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of EDWARD SILBERSTEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Edward Silberstein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 11th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 14th, 1912.

NO. 15,360. — UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY RICHMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Richman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 26th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 14th, 1912.

NO. 16,176.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM L. LYKENS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William L. Lykens, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 29th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 14th, 1912.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of THOMAS F. WINTERS, Bankrupt.—No. 16,153.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas F. Winters, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 2d, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 22d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 14th, 1912.

NO. 16,283.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH HESSEN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph Hessen of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Joseph Hessen was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., City and County of New York, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

March 15, 1912.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The Western storm has moved to the Mississippi Valley, with centres of depression over Missouri and Southern Mississippi, and general snows and rains have fallen over the central and south district between the Rocky and the Allegheny Mountains.

Snow fell in considerable quantities in Iowa and Illinois, and heavy rains in Tennessee and the East Gulf States, accompanied by high winds on the Gulf Coast.

Over the remainder of the country the weather was generally fair.

It is considerably colder in the central plains States and warmer in the extreme South, but temperatures are still below seasonal in all districts except the Atlantic States.

There will be snow over the north and rain over the south districts east of the Mississippi River on Friday, continuing Saturday in the Northeast States, but followed by fair weather elsewhere. In the West generally fair weather will prevail Friday and Saturday.

It will be colder Friday in the Central Valleys and the Gulf States, and colder Saturday in the Atlantic States.

A low pressure area has finally appeared in the British Northwest, and its eastward movement indicates a period of warmer weather, extending during Monday to the Atlantic with generally fair weather.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate south, increasing Friday night; Middle Atlantic Coast, increasing south, becoming brisk to high by Friday night; South Atlantic Coast, brisk to high southeast and south, becoming northwest by Saturday.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have moderate south winds, increasing Friday night with rain or snow to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York—Snow or rain Friday; Saturday clearing and colder; increasing south winds, becoming northwest Saturday.

Southern New England—Snow or rain Friday and probably Saturday, colder Saturday in west portion, increasing south winds.

New Jersey—Rain and warmer Friday; Saturday clearing and colder; increasing south winds, shifting to northwest Saturday.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain in south, rain or snow in north portion Friday; Saturday clearing and colder; increasing south winds, becoming northwest Saturday.

Northern New England—Snow in north, snow or rain in south portion Friday and Saturday; colder Saturday in Vermont; moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	39	31	4 P. M.	45	44
6 A. M.	37	30	6 P. M.	43	42
9 A. M.	40	35	9 P. M.	40	47
12 A. M.	46	40	12 P. M.	37	38

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 38; for the corresponding date last year it was 42; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 37.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 35; at 8 P. M. it was 38; maximum temperature, 45 degrees at 3:15 P. M.; minimum, 30 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 49 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 66 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:20—Front of 702 St. Ann's Av., unknown	$2,000
8:05—311 East 112th St., Joseph Miners	Slight
9:10—51 East 102d St., Ida Skybolish	$300
9:30—121 Pitt St., Annie Koll	$5
P. M.	
12:01—141 E. B'way, Nathan Sucarsky	Slight
12:05—100 East 1st St., L. Saunders	Slight
12:15—56 Rector St., Isaac Miller	$50
12:50—308 Cherry St., Benj. Cohen	Trifling
12:50—206 East 114th St., Isaac Levine	Slight
1:05—142 E. B'way, Mrs. Hassman	Trifling
1:30—214 East 15th St., unknown	Slight
1:20—214 East 15th St., Dr. Feeney	Trifling
1:30—46 W. 54th St., Samuel Bertron	Trifling
2:15—1,428 1st Av., Katie Hanck	Trifling
2:50—130 St. Marks Pl., Adolph Unger	$25
4:40—113 South St., Hockstadter & Co.	$500
4:45—20 Rivington St., M. Goldstein	$25
5:25—538 Bergen Av., Mary Crotty	Trifling
6:00—39 Montgomery St., Abe Goldberg	Trifling
6:45—Albany Post Rd., bet. 254th and 255th St., Harris Clothing Co.	Unknown
8:15—235 E. 117th St., Mike Finimore	$300
8:20—169th St., bet. Shakespeare and Nelson Avs., unknown	Trifling
9:55—519 East 13th St., Julius Fishman	$50
10:40—300 West 58th St., Reisenwebers	$50
11:05—80 7th St., Edward German	$50

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barret, Chief Clerk of the transfer tax office of the Surrogates' Court.

Estate of ANNA T. KING, died Nov. 25, 1910; net personalty, $30,932.93, including 546 shares Interborough-Metropolitan Railway Company preferred, $28,392; 100 shares Erie Railroad Company preferred, $4,700.

WILLIAM A. BAKER, died April 21, 1911; net personalty, $2,867.55, including fifteen shares Adams Express Company, $2,880.

JOHN J. SCHACHT, died Feb. 23; net personalty, $437.26.

CORNELIUS GARDINER, died March 17, 1911; net personalty, $16,528.03.

CHRISTIAN WEBER, died March 22, 1911; net personalty, $2,987.98.

MARY E. HARWOOD, died July 29, 1909; net personalty, $14,664.31, including 168 shares B. & A. Railroad, $7,075.02; forty-nine shares American Telephone and Telegraph Company, $6,909; six shares General Electric Company, $1,009.50.

STEPHEN VAN ALEN VAN HORNE, died July 11, 1911; net personalty, $20,759.89, including fifty-two shares Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, $13,910; twenty shares Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Company, $3,180.

MARY VERONICA McGUIRE, died June 9, 1911; net personalty, $610.73.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

HENRY E. SMITH died Feb. 28; left more than $50,000 personalty; to Florence Muchmore, (sister,) Norman Davis, (nephew,) and Marion Chase Currey legacies of undetermined values.

MARY A. BAKER died Feb. 26; left $1,000 personalty to John F. Baker, husband.

MARY E. MERCHANT or PIGGOTT died Feb. 20; left more than $10,000 realty and personalty of unknown value; to Frances L. Piggott Bardet, (niece,) Mary Elizabeth Piggott Bardet, (niece,) William H. Piggott, (nephew,) and Henry L. Bardet, (grandnephew,) legacies of unknown value; Church of St. Francis Xavier, $500.

ELIZABETH A. MARVIN died Feb. 8; left $6,000 personalty; to George C. Marvin, son, $4,500; Frank Marvin, son, $250, and to Henrietta M. Locke, sister, $150.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The premises on the Crescent, at the head of Temple Street, Long Island City, formerly occupied under lease as an annex to Public School 5, Queens Borough, have been turned over to the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund by the Board of Education. The building was vacated on Feb. 1.

The Schoolmasters' Association of New York and Vicinity will hold its 181st meeting at the Ethical Culture School, Central Park West and Sixty-third Street, at 10:45 o'clock tomorrow morning. The meeting will be devoted to a discussion of the topic "Home Study." The discussion will be led by Dr. Charles S. Chapin, Principal of the Montclair, N. J., Normal School, and by William Wiener, Principal of the Newark, N. J., Central High School. Men and women interested in secondary school work, whether they are members of the association or not, are invited to be present and to take part in the discussion.

Permission has been granted by the Board of Education for the use of Public School 95, Manhattan, on March 17, for an operatic concert to be given under the direction of Prof. Henry T. Fleck. No admission will be charged.

An amusing incident at Wednesday's meeting of the Board of Education was the discussion over the recommendation by the Committee on Elementary Schools that the Parents' Association of Public School 10, St. Nicholas Avenue and 117th Street, be permitted to give a motion picture exhibition at the West End Theatre on March 19 for the purpose of increasing the funds of the association, and that the pupils be allowed to sell tickets to their parents. Commissioner Metz said that the adoption of the report was unnecessary. Parents, he said, had the right to buy tickets from their children. Abraham Stern, Chairman of the committee, said the by-laws did not permit pupils to sell tickets except by permission of the board. "Oh," exclaimed Mr. Metz, "as long as a pupil is not a child I have no further objection to offer."

The following letter has been received by City Supt. Maxwell from Leonard P. Ayres, Associate Director of the Department of Child Hygiene, Russell Sage Foundation, dated March 13:

I have just spent several hours in examining your thirteenth annual report. It seems to me that it sets a new standard of high achievement in the clear recording and forceful presentation of the significant facts about a school system. I suppose that few people have occasion critically to examine as many hundred reports each year as I do. The current report for this city stands out in such sharp relief that I cannot refrain from expressing my sincere appreciation of the contribution you have made to the art of presenting school facts and school needs at once accurately, convincingly, and interestingly.

Morris High School has chosen the following Board of Editors for the 1912 Annual: Literary, Hart Lerman and Constance Edmunds; art, Charles Kuntz; organization manager, Bernard Carples; business manager, George Mensinger. The associate editors are the Misses Rauch, McAree, Robertson, Batt, Myers, Howay, Johnson, Moritz, Rabinoff, Rich, Bloch, Weil from the Mott Avenue annex, and Messrs. Plough, Sullivan, and Lewis from the Wakefield annex. This will be the seventh Annual that the Morris High School has issued. To commemorate the fifteenth anniversary of the school's existence the Annual will have a summary of the studies and athletics of the fifteen years.

Charles Wahle, a Morris High School graduate, gave a chalk talk in the school building yesterday.

The evening elementary school season will come to a close on March 28.

A report from the Committee on Elementary Schools, granting permission to Dr. C. Ward Crampton, Director of Physical Training, to attend the convention of the National School Hygiene Association at its conference in Boston on March 28-30, his expenses to be paid by the Board of Education, caused a discussion at last Wednesday's meeting. Nicholas J. Barrett, Chairman of the Committee on Supplies, doubted the board's financial ability to pay Dr. Crampton's expenses. So many of these things were allowed by the board, he said, that the fund was running short. He thought that Dr. Crampton might go at his own expense if it was important enough. Herman A. Metz said he was opposed to the resolution. From his own experience he knew that most of these things were mere junkets. Dr. Dennis J. McDonald hotly took up the cudgels in Dr. Crampton's behalf. It was not a junket, he said, nor was Dr. Crampton a junketer. Mr. Metz declared that he stood by what he had said. He was not referring to an individual, but to a system. The resolution was finally adopted with the proviso that Dr. Crampton might make the trip at the board's expense if it was able to provide the money.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Pension—Patrolman Patrick J. Hickey, 68th Precinct, on his own application, at $700 per annum; appointed March 17, 1886.

Appointment as Doorman—Richard Koch, 150th Precinct.

Transfers—Patrolmen J. J. Quinn, 5th to 149th Precinct; A. B. Ennis, 149th to 5th Precinct; G. Metzner, Jr., 26th to 274th Precinct to mounted duty.

Mutual Transfers—Lieuts. James E. Fitzpatrick, 274th to 276th Precinct, and Charles A. Stripp, 276th to 274th.

Assignments Acting Detective Sergeants—William Best and Harry Newman, Detective Bureau, to clerical duty.

Temporary Assignments—Lieut. William H. Kingler, 168th Precinct, to command 144th Precinct during absence of Capt. Coleman, for 10 days from April 10.

Dismissed from the Force—Patrolman John J. Quinn, 146th Precinct.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The President of the Borough of the Bronx recently sent a request to the Municipal Civil Service Commission that an examination be held at as early a date as possible for promotion from assistant engineer, Grade D, to assistant engineer, Grade E. An examination for assistant engineer, Grade E, will be held by the commission on March 19. The request has been referred back to the President of the Borough of the Bronx for further report relative to the terms of the examination.

William S. Warnock, Bay Fifth Street, Corona, L. I., has been marked qualified on the list of assistant fire marshal.

On a requisition of the Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity for the certification of additional names from which to make six appointments to the position of clerk, first grade, at $300 a year, the Municipal Civil Service Commission has certified twenty names in anticipation of declinations on account of insufficient salary.

The certification of twelve names has been approved by the commission on the request of the Secretary of the Department of Public Charities for an eligible list from which to appoint a pilot for a temporary period at $1,400 a year.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination at the New York Custom House on April 3 to fill vacancies in the position of preparator in the Division of Technology, United States National Museum, Washington, D. C. The pay is $70 a month. Men only will be admitted to this examination. The subjects, weighted as indicated, will be as follows: Spelling of twenty words of more than average difficulty, 5; arithmetic, 15; penmanship, 5; report writing, 15; copying and correcting manuscript, 5; geography and civil government of the United States, 5; training, experience, and fitness, 50. The regular duties of the preparator are connected with the exhibits of mechanical objects, including locomotives and other railway machinery, electrical apparatus, typewriters, talking machines, astronomical and civil engineering apparatus, watches, clocks, and other time-indicating devices, and firearms, and with objects illustrating the history of the development of land and water transportation and aerial navigation. He is required to unpack specimens when received, examine and check invoices, and do whatever is necessary in cleaning and putting machine in condition for public exhibition. He is also required to classify, arrange and properly install the exhibits. These duties involve much clerical work in writing descriptive schedules of specimens, making entries in the official records, copying historical information from books and papers. The position offers an opportunity for self education along technical lines. Applicants must have reached their eighteenth but not their thirtieth birthday on the date of the examination.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Capt. J. F. Janda, Signal Corps, upon completion of duty at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., to Columbus Barracks, Ohio, to make inspection of the telephone system, thence to New York.

Capt. E. Carpenter, Coast Artillery, to New York and Bridgeport and New London, Conn., for consultation with State authorities relative to installation of dummy armament in the armories of the Coast Artillery Reserves.

First Lieut. J. B. H. Waring, Medical Corps, report to Lieut. Col. J. D. Glennan, Medical Corps, President of Examining Board, Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, for examination for promotion.

First Lieut. M. M. Garrett, Twenty-ninth Infantry, recruiting officer, upon relief at Albany, N. Y., return to proper station.

Lieut. Col. M. G. Zalinski, Deputy Quartermaster General, to Washington and report to Quartermaster General of the Army for consultation.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander A. W. Johnson to Naval Attache, Santiago, Chile.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Petrel at Kingston; Paul Jones at Mare Island; Wheeling at Galveston; Standish, Vermont, and South Carolina at Norfolk.

Sailed—Lebanon, Patapsco, and Patuxent from Guantanamo for Norfolk; Culgoa and Yankton from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Leonidas from Charleston for Norfolk; Sterling from Newport News for Pensacola; Washington from Cristobal for Puerto Barrios; Justin from Corinto for Amapala.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

52d St., 30 West.—Six-story American basement brownstone dwelling, just remodeled, in most modern style, with electric elevator, room telephones, &c.; size, 22x100; restricted, insuring light and air; for sale or rent. C. C. Bull, 27 William St.

Near Morris High School; fine two-family house. 598 East 167th St.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

West Side.

Physician's apartment, 535 Park Ave.; specially planned housekeeping and professional apartment; 7 outside rooms, 2 baths, extra toilet and dressing room off surgery; in rigidly restricted co-operative apartment house. Unusual opportunity for high-class physician to secure ideal permanent location; rent $3,000. By appointment, telephone 139 Plaza.

Broadway corner, 7-room apartment, near Riverside Drive; cool and sunny; large concessions. Tel. 1470 Audubon. Sturgis, 571 West 139th.

A BUSINESS WOMAN to share five-room apartment, non-elevator, rent $35, Washington Heights. Write for appointment. E 88 Times.

70th St., 345 West.—Sublet, sunny elevator 4-room apartment; all improvements. Apartment 2D.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

Seven rooms and bath, between Broadway and the river, opposite private park; Subway station at 157th St.; very reasonable to right party. C. B. Winans, 605 West 156th St. Phone 4675—Audubon.

65 Morningside Av., Near 121st St.—Second floor, fully furnished, 7 rooms and bath; parlor 12x16, dining room 12x14; opposite beautiful park; rent, furnished, $75; unfurnished, $50.

Bargain.—Riverside Drive, corner 139th, (Subway 137th, 5th Av. coach.)—Eight rooms, fronting Hudson; pianola-piano; silver, linens. Morgan, Audubon 3130.

39th St., 52 West.—Furnished or unfurnished, entire floor, two large rooms; bath; also room and bath; electric light; telephone; resident or business.

208 West 59th St., (facing Central Park.)—Club rooms, suitable for musicals, recitals, or lectures; electric light; reasonable. Phone 7594 Columbus.

Five sunny, outside rooms, all improvements, overlooking Hudson and Fort Washington Park; concessions. Telephone Tremont 4749.

Furnished Apartments Wanted

Well-furnished two or three room apartment; desirable locality; couple; references. T 81 Times.

Business Opportunities

FOR SALE—ROAD HOUSE AND GARAGE—NEW.

Built on one-and-one-half-acre plot; 22 rooms; hardwood trim; parquet floors in living and dining rooms; garage will accommodate 12 machines; 20 stalls; cement floor; rooms over garage; on main turnpike, between Newark and Lake Hopatcong; at entrance to largest development near New York; 500 autos pass daily. For further particulars address

GEORGE R. PEARE,

170 Broadway, Room 1,001. Tel 1521 Cort.

A substantial interest can be had by a business man of established reputation in non-competitive corporation, in fields of operation covering America, manufactured article under statutory supervision; use compulsory; underlaying conditions make this an exceptional opportunity. Write for interview, Attorney, 7th floor, Suite 3, 15 Broad St.

West Virginia commercial apple orchard; 291 acres; fair buildings; 8,000 trees, 1 to 9 years age; two teams; highly cultivated; thoroughly organized; price $35,000; terms. Company incorporated, capital $50,000. Can be subdivided into units and sold at large profits. Address Caldwell, 601 West 135th St.

TO LET

Large boarding house, partly furnished; all modern improvements; will accommodate about 50 people; situated on lake in the Ramapo Mountains near Tuxedo; three minutes' walk from Erie depot. Address Miller, Ramapo, N. Y.

To Lease.—Factory; three story and basement; 75x70; can be equipped to order; location, 172 to 176 North 10th St.; shipping facilities the best. Apply by mail, W. D. Chase, 120 Clymer St., Brooklyn; tel. 1833W Williamsburg.

BANKER ADVANCES MONEY TO MANUFACTURERS AND MERCHANTS ON OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS; CUSTOMERS NOT NOTIFIED; TERMS VERY LIBERAL. FISHER, 283 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Have you a few hundred dollars which you would like to invest at 8%? No oil or mine; a business proposition worthy of your investigation; write for particulars and references. W 272 Times Downtown.

Advertiser desires to get in touch with reputable business houses, manufacturing concerns and individuals, who have worthy enterprises for which they require additional capital. E 40 Times.

Excellent chance for a first-class baker to buy a bakery. Trade excellent. Price reasonable. Object going to leave country. For particulars write Martin Sales Co., Norwalk, Conn.

A partnership can be secured on unusually good terms in old established, up-to-date real estate business now located on 5th Av. Address ALERT, 123 Times.

Vacuum carpet cleaning plant and rug manufacturing machinery; complete plant cheap. Hughes, 150 Broadway.

Sell equity $22,000 apartment house, $7,500 cash; trade balance or make loan. E 96 Times.

Moving picture theatres, all prices; trials given. Room 918, 11 Broadway; phone 8644—Rector.

Lost

LOST—On Sunday, March 10, at some point probably between the Queensboro Bridge and the Oakland Golf Club, a watch fob, black ribbon, with gold Greek coin attached; finder will be rewarded on return to Samuel L. Martin, Room 14, City Hall, Manhattan.

LOST—Silver handled umbrella with name and address of Miss Ethel M. Warren, Hillside, Roxbury, on stick; $5 reward; owner has had same 22 years and prizes only on account of association. Return Want Department, Times.

LOST—Gold watch fob, with locket in shape of scarab beetle; lost night of March 11, in front of 5th Av. Theatre, or in taxicab to Hotel Breslin, or in front of or in Hotel Breslin, (29th St. side;) reward. Address G 83 Times.

LOST.—On Monday, 9 A. M., between 214 West 140th St. and 8th Av. elevated station, or on 6th Av. Elevated to 33d St., a gold chain bracelet. Liberal reward. Drug store, 7th Av., 136th St.

LOST.—Wednesday night, signet ring, with two chip diamonds, on Abingdon Square or 8th Av., between Hudson St. and Abingdon Square. Reward if returned to Want Department, Times.

LOST—On Ridgewood train crossing bridge to New York at 11 o'clock, a metal strip with bevelled edge and engraved scale; reward. Return to Taylor Instrument Co., 892 De Kalb Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Small platinum and gold chain purse containing $5 and latchkey; lost in Subway or in neighborhood of 137th St. Station; reward. Communicate with I. R., Box 15, 1,364 Broadway.

LOST.—About 2 P. M. Thursday, Broadway and Amsterdam car, between 71st St. and 34th St., or Gimbel's store, turquoise ring, surrounded by diamonds. Reward. Lee, 269 West 71st St.

LOST—BELOW CITY HALL, YELLOW DIAMOND RING, GYPSY SETTING, ABOUT 4½ CARATS; LIBERAL REWARD. ADDRESS CHARLES V. MILLER, OLD ASTOR HOUSE, CITY.

LOST—Thursday, gold vanity box, monogram "N. S. P.," 42d St., between Broadway and 6th Av.; liberal reward. Mrs. I. Prager, Knickerbocker Hotel.

LOST—Between 30th St. and Madison Av. and 31st St. and 6th Av., small square package of photographs, in white tissue paper; reward. Notify E 93 Times.

LOST—Wednesday evening, between Subway, 72d St., and Metropolitan Opera House, fur neckpiece; liberal reward. Apartment 203, 99 Claremont Av.

LOST.—Thursday morning, between 150 West 87th St. and Madison Av. and 186th St., string pearls. Return to 150 West 87th St. Reward.

LOST—In 6th Av. "L," Tuesday night, box, containing large Gorham silver spoon, marked "K. B.;" suitable reward. Brehm, 27 West 67th.

LOST—Monday morning, small gold ring, sapphire and two small diamonds, near 26th, 4th Av.; $25 reward. Old Curiosity Shop, 354 4th Av.

LOST.—Pearl stud, mounted on gold bar; Monday, March 11, in Astor or Belmont Hotel, or Subway. Liberal reward. 'Phone 576 John.

LOST—Gold link bracelet on 58th St., down Broadway to 32d St.; liberal reward. Return 353 West 58th St., care of Houghton.

LOST—On 6th Av. elevated, gold watch, monogram "W. R. L.," chain with garnets; reward. Janitor, 83 Washington Pl.

LOST—At Metropolitan Opera House, Tuesday evening, March 12, silver mesh bag. Reward if returned to 37 Madison Av.

LOST—Monday, cameo pin, keepsake, Macy's, Gimbel's, to Waldorf; liberal reward. S. W., Room 701, 99 John St.

LOST—Black suede bag; cards within, Borden. Liberal reward by returning to Mark Cross, 210 5th Av.

LOST—Topaz brooch, old-fashioned gold setting. Reward if returned to Mrs. Lucas, Hotel Marseille.

LOST—Black morocco wallet, containing cards and hat order; $5 reward. O'Connor, 5 Greenwich Av.

LOST—Between 50 West 91st St., Broadway car, 120th, garnet brooch; reward. 50 West 91st St.

LOST.—Gentleman's thin gold watch, initialed "S. M."; reward. S. Murphy, 468 Riverside Drive.

$200 REWARD.

Fur raccoon muff and solitaire diamond ring, lost March 11, between West 96th St., Broadway, and Riverside Drive. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av. and 37th St.

REWARD $500—Lost on March 4, diamond about 7 to 8 carats; old mine stone; 56th St., 5th Av. to Globe Theatre, to Knickerbocker Hotel. W. W. Wright, 99 Nassau St., New York City.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST.—Fox terrier, (male,) black spot on back, one ear partly black. $5 reward. Hatfield House, 103 East 20th St. Mrs. Miller.

LOST—Collie, 2 years old, black and brown, with white markings; reward. 156 West 121st.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

FOUND, March 13—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St. 2D AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, 3 books, cap, shoes, cloth. 3D AV. ELEVATED: Ten umbrellas, 3 leather bags, 3 purses, 2 pairs of gloves, 2 odd gloves, book, slippers, cloth, collars, clothes, jar, can, demijohn, cage. 6TH AV. ELEVATED: Twelve umbrellas, purse, magazine, eyeglasses, gloves, one odd glove, shirt, coat, envelope, rubbers, paper, fan. 9TH AV. ELEVATED: Umbrella, purse, lunch bag, clothes, trousers, paint, keys. SUBWAY: Twelve umbrellas, suitcase, purse, 2 leather bags, portfolio, tickets, pin, ring, photo, newspaper, law papers, check, 2 books, hat, 2 pairs of gloves, rubbers, shirt, cloth, unfinished garment, raincoat, overcoat, key, bottle, 2 packages of medicine, groceries, battery, tools.

FOUND, March 14.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply Property Clerk's office, 240 Centre St.: Small quantity of pocketbooks, bunch of keys, half dozen carpet beaters, purse containing small amount of cash, hack license, coil of rope, pawn ticket, quantity of soiled collars, handbag, small amount of cash, cards and transfers; dress suitcase, chauffeur's license, handbag, tooth brush, pins, &c.; suitcase. AT 269 STATE ST., BROOKLYN—Horse.

FOUND, March 13—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, underwear, gloves, single glove, roll of blue prints, eyeglasses, case for glasses, leather portfolio, 8 umbrellas, package of cigars, dress suit case, lady's coat, pair of cuffs and cuff buttons, package of bottles, book, pocketbook, package of corsets, dress goods, money.

FOUND, March 13—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Ten umbrellas, 1 pair of gloves, wallet, checkbook, card case, 2 pairs of rubbers, slippers, ribbon, suit of pajamas, handbag, 3 packages, book.

Found

FOUND, March 13.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. Co.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Knife, bag, drawings, samples, magazine, statements, gloves, catalogues, purse, 4 umbrellas.

FOUND, March 13—NEW YORK CENTRAL and N. Y., N. H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Five umbrellas, 4 packages, keys.

FOUND, March 13—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: One book, 2 umbrellas, 2 packages.

FOUND, March 13—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five umbrellas, 2 packages.

FOUND, March 13—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Long Island City: Bracelet, 4 packages, book.

Situations Wanted, Female

ACCOUNTANT, &c.—Expert accountant, stenographer, typewriter, desires position as private secretary or office manager, where conscientious work will be appreciated; moderate salary. E 58 Times.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes and remodels; children's a specialty. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. 'Phone 408 Stuyvesant.

COOK, first-class, $30; waitress, $22. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Tel. Schuyler, 4298.

DRESSMAKER.—A first-class cutting and fitting dressmaker wants a few more customers at home; reasonable. Mrs. Layton, 237 West 110th st.

DRESSMAKING.—Plain, fancy; out by the day; reasonable. Mlle. Billisch, 1,145 3d Av.

LADY'S MAID wishes position; willing to assist with other work; good hair dresser. Advertiser, 239 East 55th St., care Gordon.

MAID, SEAMSTRESS.—Experienced. Call between 10 and 12 and 3 to 5 P. M., Hotel St. Regis, 55th St. and 5th Av.

MASSAGE.—Scientific treatment; $1 hour ladies' residences; professional lady; references. Mechano, 64 West 109th St.

NURSE.—Lady wishes to place first-class infant's nurse, who has been in her employ for two years; understands bottle feeding well. Call Friday morning, 50 West 49th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable graduate, well educated, very highest credentials, character, and ability; speaks and writes Spanish. Miss Parravicino, 544 West 145th St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Beginner; three years in high school; rapid, accurate, neat, capable; no agency; $7. T 309 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

WAITRESS or PARLOR MAID.—Experienced girl as first-class waitress or parlor maid; city or country; best references. 362 West 53d St. Clifford.

YOUNG LADY, English, wishes position as lady's maid or companion; good needlewoman; also understands manicuring and hairdressing. X 85 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTS written up regularly for estates, professional men, and small corporations by a firm of certified public accountants; will keep the books in our office if desired. X 83 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, accounts audited, systems installed, factory cost accounting, financial statements; instruct your bookkeeper; books kept part time; moderate. Aetna Audit Co., 302 Broadway. Telephone Worth 2381.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. 'Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems, reasonable. Mitchel, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; opens, closes, balances, adjusts books, highest credentials, $5 monthly. Fullersteen, 1,931 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT, long experience with certified public accountants, desires permanent position. V 274 Times Downtown.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, 18, with mercantile house, chance to advance; grammar school graduate; three years' office experience; references. V 287 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT TO EXECUTIVE.—A man well up on the organization of corporations and the development of their efficiency, who thoroughly understands how to obtain a maximum of results at a minimum of expense, will be open for engagement April 1. He is not looking for a mere job, but for a permanent, confidential connection with some broad-minded, able executive, who desires and will appreciate loyal, efficient assistance. Address T 294 Times Downtown.

A YOUNG MAN, 17, experienced, energetic, ambitious, at present employed, desires position in office, with opportunity for advancement; references furnished if desired. G 77 Times.

BAKER.—Second hand on bread or cakes. N., 1st Av. and 8th St.

BOOKKEEPER, familiar all phases corporation and modern accounting, foreign exchange, &c.; rapid, accurate, accustomed to management; responsible man with clean record, excellent personality, capable of handling large staff successfully; excellent correspondent; energetic, ambitious, loyal, and devoted to work; desires opening with firm or corporation here or elsewhere; moderate salary to start; very highest credentials, fidelity and ability. Edward B. Reece, 116 39th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thoroughly competent young man, married, 28, vast commercial experience, correspondent, credit man, able to take entire charge, desires position of responsibility. Address G 90 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 23, experienced, thoroughly capable, conscientious; correspondence, credits, cost accounts; now employed; wishes change; $25; references. K 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, thoroughly experienced, good education, desires responsible position; highly indorsed. V 280 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, writes up books, regular intervals; moderate. Accountant, 80 Henry St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, 27; thoroughly competent; A1 office man; highest credentials; $22. G 62 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, age 21, four years' experience; complete set books; cost work; excellent references. E 61 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, ACCOUNTANT.—Five years experience; wishes to connect with good house. X 89 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Importer's expert bookkeeper wants evening work on books, &c. Dale, 12 East 33d St.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.

Six years' experience French, American cars; four years with last employer; best reference; private interview solicited. E 81 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable and competent, careful driver, wishes position, private families; best references; city or country. Adolph, 160 East 79th St.

COOK.—Japanese; first-class; wants position anywhere; best references. S. S., 41 East 19th St.

COUPLE, Americans, desires position in country; entire work of small family; can handle horse; wife speaks French and German; with girl, age 11; best references. G. C., Bronxville, N. Y.

CORRESPONDENT, college graduate, 25, for collection, general, secretarial correspondence; excellent experience and references. J. R., 337 East 18th St.

GARDENER.—Wants position on gentleman's estate as gardener and florist; lifetime experience; single; age 31; best references as to character and ability. Address E 91 Times.

HOUSEMAN, 45, able to wait, care of furnace, garden, lawn, &c.; good references. A., 348 West 20th.

LAWYER desires position with mercantile house to take charge collections and make himself generally useful. G 6 Times.

MAN OF STANDING, 62, wants connection as agent, salesman; salary, commission. Tappan, E 66 Times.

NIGHT WATCHMAN.—Understands boilers; don't drink; reliable city reference. 200 East 23d St.

SALESMAN, TRAVELING BETWEEN NEW YORK AND CHICAGO, DESIRES TO CHANGE LINE; 15 YEARS' ROAD EXPERIENCE. G 74 TIMES.

SECRETARY OR MANAGER.

A man of 38, who has had a successful legal practice and valuable business experience, including the financing of several companies, desires to become associated with a sound business enterprise as secretary or manager. W 273 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 21; experienced correspondent, stenographer, and typist; salary $18. V 283 Times Downtown.

VALET.—Employer desires to find situation for valet whom he can thoroughly recommend in every way. Address W 275 Times Downtown.

VALET.—Desires position; can speak five languages fluently; excellent reference. E 90 Times.

WESTERN MAN, fifteen years' experience general merchandise, wants to carry line for reliable New York house or introduce novelty through Northwest to Oregon and Washington. E 60 Times.

YOUNG Italian-American, 21, strong, understands both languages, good handwriting, desires good position at anything. Jerrold, W 276 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, desires position lawyer's office; three years' business experience. V 289 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted Advertisements on Following Page.

Situations Wanted, Male

YOUNG MAN, 23, seeks position with first-class firm; good correspondent, bookkeeper, executive and selling ability; experienced in advertising and cigar lines; gilt-edged references. G 82 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, desires position with reliable firm only; wishes to start at bottom; salary no object. V 286 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position in large office where there is chance of advancement. Frank V. Hock, 236 Hamburg Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG man wishes position in office or anything; highest references. Adolph Jr., 160 East 79th St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co., (Agency,) 149 B'way. Tel. 8499 Cort.

Domestic.

BOND $1,000; OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 West 134th St., guarantees A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID OR PARLORMAID.—Thoroughly competent, neat appearing girl; best references; $25. Criterion Agency, 841 Columbus Av. 8468 Schuyler.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. Phone 4786—Columbus. Established 1899.

HELP, select colored, furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied; day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large, medium-sized rooms; gentlemen, couple; table guests accommodated; references.

16TH ST., 20, 22, and 33 WEST.—Extra large front room, second floor; electric light, hot water heat, elegant private bath, &c.; furnished first-class; telephone; other rooms; unexcelled board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793—Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large and small room; private bath; exclusive.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Handsome parlor suite; private bath; telephone; other rooms; table first-class.

54TH, 54 WEST.
Rooms, table guests, first class.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—With private family; beautiful balcony room, connecting bath, dressing room; electric light; excellent Southern cooking; desirable home for persons seeking high-class accommodations; gentlemen only.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Sub.; board optional.

71ST ST., 120 WEST.
A large, beautifully furnished room; southern exposure; also small room; parlor dining room.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Large room, suitable two gentlemen; also small room; Subway, "L"; telephone.

72D, 152 WEST.—Room, board; piano for girls studying music, art; highly recommended; moderate.

72D ST., (246 West End Av.)—Large and single rooms; excellent table; table boarders accommodated.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Sunny rooms, suitable one, two; private bath, refined surroundings; references.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large room, medium room; high-class house; parlor dining; excellent table; reference.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large second-story room, with private bath; parlor dining room; references.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Large room, with board; also single room; reference.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms; private bath; single, medium rooms; excellent table; references.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—Medium and hall sunny rooms, bath connecting; gentlemen; private family; reasonable.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Nice, sunny rooms; excellent table; board optional; reasonable; telephone; Subway.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Table guests accommodated; excellent home cooking; service exceptional; terms moderate; rooms for a couple of business men.

79TH ST., 137 WEST.—Pleasant double room, third floor; excellent table; couple or gentlemen; references.

79TH, 135 WEST
Table board, home cooking, including bread; reference.

81ST, 156 WEST.—Fine rooms, with board; gentlemen, couple; permanent, transients; table board; telephone.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Those appreciating home comforts, privacy, and excellent cooking will be offered clean, well-kept large or small rooms in quiet American home at reasonable rates.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.
Attractive room for attractive people. Schuyler 6397.

83D, 11 WEST.—Handsome large room, Southern exposure; small rooms; excellent board; table guests.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Desirable front room, suitable gentlemen, couple; excellent home cooking; Jewish family.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Large single rooms, baths; excellent home table; parlor dining table guests.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Large rooms; all conveniences; excellent table; table guests.

95TH ST., 65 WEST.—Handsome rooms; attractive dining; cuisine, service exceptional; transients accommodated; references.

96TH ST., 49 WEST.—Private Jewish family offers two well furnished rooms, excellent board, to few gentlemen or couple; reference; terms moderate.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

121ST, 509 WEST, Morningside Heights, near Broadway Subway.—Two beautiful adjoining rooms, newly furnished; high-class elevator apartment; delicious cooking; reasonable.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

142D ST., 512 WEST.—Pleasant front rooms, steam heated; near Subway; excellent table board.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 613 WEST.—Large rooms, running water, closets, overlooking Hudson; good board; telephone; references.

BROADWAY, 3,089.—Large room; home comforts; excellent table; Jewish family. 'Phone Morris, 1338 Morningside.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407.—Exceptional opportunity, gentleman wishing real home in private Jewish family. Sander.

GRADUATE NURSES SEEKING PLEASANT HOME. TELEPHONE MORNING—963.

ONE OR TWO WELL-RECOMMENDED young men can find board and congenial surroundings in a gentleman's private apartment on Washington Heights. 'Phone 7590 Audubon from 10-1 or 6-7.

WEST END AV., 879, (Corner 103d.)—Large, bright room, bath, &c.; excellent cuisine; rates moderate.

East Side.

29TH ST., 51 EAST.—Boarders wanted; excellent home cuisine in refined environment; beautifully appointed rooms. Tel. 1340 Madison.

44TH ST., 14 EAST.—One double room; table guests.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Single and double rooms; elevator; parlor dining room; fine table.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

MADISON AV., 69.—Hotel appointments and service; homelike environments; table choice, abundant; attractive prices.

MADISON AV., 210-212.—Large, sunny front room; homelike surroundings; choice table; table boarders.

MADISON AV., 694.—Single and double rooms; excellent board optional; prices reasonable; American.

Country Board

New York State.

"Rockhurst."—Desirable, homelike accommodations; choice location; references. Misses Lesley, Spuyten Duyvil. Tel. 104 L Kingsbridge.

New Jersey.

HIGH-CLASS, FURNISHED THREE-ROOM apartment, with bath and piazza; all modern improvements and conveniences, with first-class meals; for two, $25 weekly. Telephone 3731L Orange, 24 West St, East Orange, N. J.

ORANGE, Mountain Station, N. J.—English private family will board few people; private house. Telephone 4129 Orange. Irvine, 33 East Clark Place.

Country Board Wanted

MAN AND FAMILY desire board in country, near seashore, beginning April 15; state terms. G 87 Times.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 25, (9th St.)—Refined surroundings; beautiful large rooms; running water, bath; breakfast optional.

5TH AV., 2,013, (near 125th St.)—Large, steam, suitable two; well furnished; refined; $3.50.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms for bachelors; electricity; telephone; transit facilities unsurpassed; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Large second floor room, southern exposure; also single room for gentlemen.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large sunny front room; hot, cold water; telephone; also single room.

22D, 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, sunny room and dressing room; running water; telephone.

34TH ST., 466 WEST.—House, large sunny room; water; heat; one or two gentlemen; references.

37TH, 68 WEST.—Back parlor, fitted for physician's office; also large and small rooms; references.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Nicely furnished, clean, heated rooms; tiled bath; $2 upward; men. Hughes.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large room, running water; gentlemen; married couple; strictly first-class house.

46TH ST., 43 WEST.—Comfortable, attractive large, small rooms; private bath; running water; references; gentlemen.

54TH ST., 201 WEST.—Desirable front parlor, one or two bedrooms; southern, eastern; 'phone, steam, elevator; near Subway and L; refined surroundings; reference. McGregor, 6688 Columbus.

58TH, 15 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; electric light; board optional; reference.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; facing Central Park; suitable for studio.

60TH, 22 WEST, New York.—$25-$60 monthly; $1-$5 daily. Tel. 5891 Col. Elegantly kept; private baths; independent residence; meals.

67TH, 304 EAST.—Selected neighborhood; elegant large front room, suitable for two; breakfast; telephone.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Elegant large rooms, private bath; service unrivaled; breakfast optional; "L," Subway.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Attractive rooms adjoining bath; private house; steam heat; electric light; phone.

69TH ST., 145, (Corner Broadway.)—Furnished room; private family; first-class apartment; gentlemen preferred. Manning.

70TH ST., 103 WEST.—Two desirable vacancies; double room; private bath; single room; reasonable; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Unusually attractive room; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentlemen.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Fourth floor, front room; bath; hot water; references.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Attractive single rooms, $4.50 up; suites; private bath; gentlemen. 2317 Columbus.

72D ST., 302 West, near Riverside.—Nicely furnished, large front room; just vacated; suitable for one or two gentlemen; 'phone, Subway.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with every convenience; southern exposure; Subway

73D, 173 WEST.—Attractive rooms; references.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Two attractive rooms, private bath, southern exposure; private house; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Large sunny front room; suitable two gentlemen; twin beds; private house.

76TH ST., 180 WEST.—Large, front room; private bath; electricity; parquet floor; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, (corner of West End Av.)—Single and double rooms in beautifully appointed and furnished house; Summer rate; one block from Subway and Broadway cars; references.

77TH ST., 109 WEST.—Large, small rooms; unusually beautiful; comfortable; moderate; convenient rapid transit; telephone.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Well-appointed, attractive, sunny rooms; single; elevator apartment; telephone. Dutton.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor floor for doctor; breakfast optional; references.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable single room; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable, southern exposed rooms, with dressing room; bath adjoining; references.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences. Phone 7514 Schuyler.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Desirable southern medium rooms; running water, bath adjoining; private family; reasonable.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Gentlemen or man and wife; medium and hall rooms; meals optional.

84TH ST., 137 WEST, KENNEDY.
Newly decorated and furnished rooms; southern exposure.

86TH ST., HOTEL BRETTON HALL.—Sublet large room facing Broadway; private bath; $75 for one, $85 for two; bargain. Dr. R. C. Coburn.

86TH ST., 310 WEST.—Desirable second floor suite; will separate; single room; southern exposure; references.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Large front room; back parlor; private house; telephone; convenient "L," Subway.

92D, 3 WEST.—Large, light, east room; elevator apartment; business woman preferred. Saunders.

92D, 77 WEST.—Two connecting bedrooms; large closets, steam heated, hot water, telephone. Lorenz.

93D ST., 31 WEST.—Two large rooms, single or connecting, $6 each; running water; attractive rooms.

94TH ST., 76 WEST.—Newly furnished single and double light rooms; modern apartment; moderate. Harris.

95TH ST., (710 West End Av.)—Small, comfortable room; reasonable; Subway express and trolley. Dick.

95TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room, running water, private house.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; attractive room; high-class elevator apartment; breakfast. Grossman.

97TH ST., 145 WEST.—Private family; large, sunny, front room; hot, cold running water; bath.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room, bath, electricity, lavatory; private house; telephone 1067—J River.

103D, 76 WEST.—Choice room for gentleman wishing refinement in private family. Drummond.

103D ST., 155 WEST.—Light front room, southern exposure, conveniences; one, two gentlemen; reference. Mullen.

103D, 216 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Unusually large, comfortably furnished, outside room; private family. Jarett.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

110TH ST., 235 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room, facing Central Park; electric light, telephone, elevator; reasonable.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; gentleman preferred; two in family; references; central. Moore.

112TH ST., 511 WEST.—Sunny, steam heat, electricity, elevator. 3583 Morningside. Mrs. Clark.

112TH ST., Broadway, Riverside Drive.—Accommodation, Jewish family, gentleman; bright, sunny room; every convenience; adjoining bath; convenient 110th St. Subway, Broadway surface cars, Riverside stage; breakfast. G 57 Times.

115TH ST., 404 WEST.—Two choice rooms above Morningside Park; elevator, Subway, "El." Apartment 51.

401 WEST 118th ST.
Comfortable room, private family; elevator. Apt. 2.

417 WEST 118TH ST.
Delightful rooms, handsomely furnished; reasonable. Fort.

418 WEST 118TH ST.
Attractive front rooms; elevator; Sub.; Apt. 64.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Newly furnished, large front room; reasonable; elevator; dining room. Inquire Apt. 1.

121ST, 509 WEST, Columbia University neighborhood, half block east of Broadway.—Two beautiful adjoining rooms, newly furnished; Bancroft Apartments, just completed; fireproof; electric lights; elevators; most attractive restaurant.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Large, light rooms overlooking Morningside Park; elegant apartments; reasonable. Apartment 31.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Elegant suites, baths, shower, heat; elevator apartment; telephone; single, $3. Carter.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large, attractive front room, dressing room, adjoining bath; quiet, select house.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Suites, single rooms; private baths; hotel conveniences; home comforts; reasonable. Pierson.

146TH ST., 600 WEST.—Comfortable room; Hudson view; running water; elevator apartment; Subway. Apt. 62.

158TH ST., 646 WEST, (near Subway.)—Large and small room; private house; breakfast; gentlemen preferred.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS.—Whole or part 7-room apartment; newly decorated and furnished. X 90 Times.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room; married couple or lady; reference. Fisher.

CLAREMONT AV., 140.—Beautiful apartment facing Riverside Drive; bedroom and sitting room; restaurants convenient. Apt. 44.

MORNINGSIDE AVENUE, 14.—Parlor, bedroom, bath; elegantly furnished; refined surroundings; every convenience. Jewett.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

MY LIST comprises desirable furnished rooms of city. Particulars and information free. City Accommodation Bureau, 147 West 23d.

East Side.

23D ST., 20 EAST (MADISON SQ. SOUTH).
Suite 2 rooms, bathroom; by month.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelor's quarters; swimming pool, shower free; $5-$6 weekly. Zander apartments.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable room; private house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, comfortable room, private house; every convenience; gentlemen; references required.

56TH ST., 136 EAST, (Corner Lexington Av.)—Clean, comfortable single room; heat, bath, running water. Swanton.

60TH ST., 138 EAST.—Comfortable rooms, large, small; steam heat, bath, hot water; second floor.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Handsomely furnished large room, running water, bath, large closet, $5.50 weekly.

IRVING PLACE, 14, (Corner 15th St., Block East of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d St.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

New Jersey.

WASHINGTON ST., 119, East Orange.—For rent, 2 attractive front rooms, with board if desired. Telephone 658 L Orange.

Unfurnished Rooms

82D, 212 WEST.—Steam-heated, bright, sunny front parlor, bedroom adjoining, to let unfurnished to a respectable party; no kitchen privileges; references exchanged; $5.50 per week. Pedersen, fourth floor.

Suitable for Studio.—Large unfurnished front room; north light; near 5th Av. and 42d St. E 28 Times.

For Sale

Typewriters bought, repaired, sold, $10 upward; multigraphs, adding machines. Eagle Typewriter Co., 312 Broadway.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers. Nathan's, 239 West Broadway.

Paintings by old masters for sale privately, Thursday and Friday, 10—1, 2—6 P. M. 8 East 48th St.

Pianos and Organs

Steinway mahogany upright piano; fine condition; sacrifice for $110. 318 West 42d St.

Sohmer upright piano, in good condition, to cash buyer, $100. 237 West 49th.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—FANNIE M. WALLACE, Plaintiff, against JAMES FANTO and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 10th day of October, 1911, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 3,156 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 28th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by JOSEPH P. DAY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, County and State of New York, being lots numbers Twenty-eight and Twenty-nine, as the same are laid down on a Map, entitled "Map of the south part of the farm belonging to Peter Valentine," situated in the Village of Fordham, Town of West Farms, County of Westchester, New York, made by R. Henwood, Surveyor, dated April 24th, 1852, and filed in the Office of the Register of Westchester County as Map 315, excepting from said lots so much thereof as has been taken by the City of New York for the opening and widening of Ryer and Valentine Avenues, said plot being bounded and described as follows:

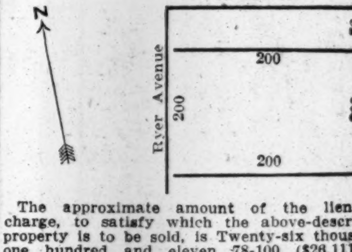
BEGINNING at a point in the Westerly side of Valentine Avenue as the same now exists where the same intersects the Northerly line of Lot Twenty-eight on said Map, which point is 76 feet more or less south of the Southerly side of 182nd Street; running thence Westerly along the Northerly side of Lot Twenty-eight, two hundred feet to the Easterly side of Ryer Avenue as the same now exists, thence Southerly along the Easterly side of Ryer Avenue two hundred feet to the Southerly side of lot No. Twenty-nine on said Map; thence Easterly along the Southerly side of Lot Twenty-nine two hundred feet to the Westerly side of Valentine Avenue, thence Northerly along the same two hundred feet to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 5, 1912.

M. JAMES WRIGHT, Referee.

JOHN H. ROGAN, Attorney for Plaintiff, 145 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is Twenty-six thousand one hundred and eleven 78-100 ($26,111.78) Dollars, with interest thereon from the 5th day of October, 1911, together with costs and allowance, amounting to Three hundred and forty-five 40-100 ($345.40) Dollars, with interest from October 10th, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assesments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $7,110.28 and interest.

Dated New York, March 5th, 1912.

M. JAMES WRIGHT, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—HATTIE MOSSLER, Plaintiff, against JAMES A. CUNNINGHAM, Defendant.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 27th day of November, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, (formerly the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York,) bounded and described as follows:

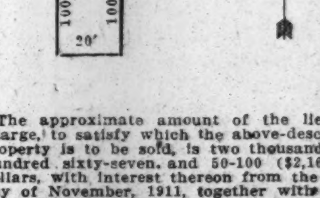
Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, distant three hundred and thirty-five (335) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of First Avenue and the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street; running thence southerly, and partly through the centre of a party wall, one hundred (100) feet and ten (10) inches; thence westerly, and parallel with One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, twenty (20) feet; thence northerly, and parallel again with First Avenue, and partly through the centre of a party wall, One Hundred (100) feet and ten (10) inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Sixteenth Street, and thence easterly along said last mentioned street, twenty (20) feet to the place of beginning.

Dated New York, March 2, 1912.

PETER GATENS, Referee.

FIXMAN, LEWIS & SELIGSBERG, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 55 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 324 East 116th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is two thousand one hundred sixty-seven, and 50-100 ($2,167.50) dollars, with interest thereon from the 27th day of November, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred sixty-one and 45-100 dollars with interest from November 27, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is four hundred five and 83-100 dollars and interest. Said premises will be sold subject to a first mortgage for eight thousand dollars and interest from July 1, 1911, at 5% per annum, which mortgage is past due.

Dated New York, March 2, 1912.

PETER GATENS, Referee.

For Regular Readers of The Times Only. Edwin A. Abbey's famous mural paintings in their original colors in the Easter Number of The New York Times, March 24. Beautiful series of pictures illustrating the most poetical idea ever presented with a newspaper. Order to-day to be sure of a copy.—Adv.

CHAUFFEUR TRIED FOR TAXI HOLD-UP

Men Who Confessed to $25,000 Robbery in Trinity Place Testify Against Montani.

HOW CRIME WAS PLANNED

Witness Says the Defendant Asked Him to Get Thieves to Help Rob Bank Messengers.

The story of the taxicab hold-up in Trinity Place on Feb. 15, when two bank messengers were robbed of $25,000 which they were taking to the East River National Bank, was told in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday before Justice Seabury and a jury. While the testimony of the many witnesses was being taken Geno Montani, the chauffeur of the taxicab, who is on trial for robbery, whispered in low tones to his counsel or occasionally looked up and glanced uneasily around the courtroom as if in search of some familiar face.

A jury was selected in record time, and Montani had not been seated thirty minutes before twelve men were seated in the long box before him. Assistant District Attorney Nott made a brief opening address, and then called Wilbur F. Smith, the aged bank messenger, who related how at Trinity Place two men jumped into the cab and beat him over the head with a blackjack. Paying Teller Charles W. Chandler of the Produce Exchange testified that he had put the $25,000 in a satchel belonging to the two messengers, and Frank Wardell, the sixteen-year-old messenger, corroborated Mr. Smith's story of the hold-up.

Samuel Lefkowitz, a chauffeur who worked for Montani when the latter ran a taxicab stand in front of the Broadway Central Hotel, said that on the morning of the robbery Montani sent him uptown on an errand, saying that he would take the bank call in person. George Sowietzer, the taxicab starter of the hotel, testified that the defendant had told him he would take the bank call on the day of the robbery.

Says Chauffeur Planned Hold-up.

Jess Albrozzo, one of the principals in the robbery, was then called. He is a short, stocky, dark-haired man, 26 years old. He said he was an electrician and saloon keeper. In reply to Mr. Nott's questions the stocky little witness said in a quick, clear voice:

"I lived at 87 West Third Street, and have known Montani about ten years, and Edward E. Kinsman—or Eddie Collins—a pugilist, for about the same length of time. On Feb. 3 I met Montani at Third and Thompson Streets, and he told me that he wanted some coin to buy a moving picture show. I took him to Fourteenth Street and Avenue A, where a fellow wanted to sell one. He wanted $12,000 for it, and Montani said it was too much to pay.

"On our way back Montani asked me if I knew of any one who wanted to make $10,000. I said: 'Sure, I know a million.' He said that he was to drive a couple of bank messengers who carried a lot of money. I thought he was kidding me, but said I could get some one for him. I walked along Third Avenue and picked up Dutch at Fourteenth Street. I mean Dutch Keller. I brought Dutch over to Third Street and told him there was a chance for him to make a big piece of change, and that there was a fellow who drove a taxicab and was willing to be held up, and for him to get a couple of friends. I then called Montani, and when he came over I introduced Dutch and said: 'Here's a game fellow for you.'

"They talked together, but I didn't hear what they said, but went with them to Rector Street and Trinity Place and heard Montani say: 'Here's the place where you are to hold us up.' I then went to the Nutshell Café, on Twenty-fourth Street, with Dutch and met Eugene Splaine, and asked him if he wanted to get in on a good thing by holding up a fellow who wanted to be held up. Eddie Kinsman was there and Splaine told him about it.

How a Thief Robbed Thieves.

"I saw Montani again. He told us that we were to hold him up at Trinity Place and Rector Street, and while walking down Sixth Avenue I met Joe the Kid (Edward Lamb) through Splaine. Dutch showed up about half an hour later, and I told him what Montani had said. We slept in Dutch's room that night and got up the next day at about 8:30 o'clock. I went first to the Broadway Central and then to Jimmy Push's saloon, at 208 Thompson Street, and Joe came in. I got the key to the back room from the bartender and gave it to Joe, then Scotty came running from Bleecker Street. I was standing outside talking to Arbano the Bluff, (Matteo Arbano, who held up the robbers after they had held up the cab,) and Scotty said that there were some friends of mine across the street. I went over and saw Kinsman, Splaine, and Dutch.

"Then Kinsman, Splaine, Dutch, Scotty, Joe, and myself went into the backroom, where Dutch opened the bag, which was full of money. Just then Arbano comes running in and grabs up the nearest bundle, which had $10,000 in it. We all were thunderstruck and did not know what to do, but just sat there looking at him. He ran out again, and we decided to make the best of it and divide the money. I got $4,000, with $500 from Splaine and $250 from Dutch; then we all scattered. Later I took the coin back to Jimmy Push's place and put all but $2,000 in the safe; the rest I put in a safety deposit vault for Montani. I got his share."

Scotty Lamb was then called. He said that he was to get $25 for running in front of the taxicab, but that he didn't have to do it as it slowed down. He said he saw Splaine and Dutch get into the cab, and testified that he never got his $25.

Former Pugilist's Confession.

Edward Kinsman, known as Eddie Collins, a former pugilist, testified that he was a waiter in the Nutshell, that Albrozzo first spoke to him about the hold-up, and that after a rehearsal he went to Dutch's place the night before the robbery and slept there.

"All of us except Montani were there," he added, "and the next morning we went to Trinity Place. It was arranged that when Dutch raised his hat it was a signal for us to jump on the cab. He raised his hat as Montani's cab came running down the street and slowed up because a team got in front of it. I saw Splaine and Dutch get in, and, closing the door on Splaine, I jumped to the seat beside Montani and tried to see what was going on inside, but could not. Montani said: 'Have you a gun?' I said 'No,' and he told me to hold my finger against him. I had my hands in my pocket all the time while I was with him and was not sitting very close."

The witness denied that there was any black touring car waiting for them, such as Montani first described, and said that he took the Sixth Avenue Elevated to Bleecker Street and then walked into Jimmy Push's saloon, where the money was divided.

The trial will contiuue to-day.

Help Wanted, Female

AN EXPERIENCED nurse for a 4-months-old child; one who has had experience with infants; city reference required. Apply to Apartment 8 E, 318 West 100th St.

CHAMBERMAID wanted for country club; good wages for suitable girl. Apply by mail, Steward, Wykadyl Country Club, New Rochelle.

COLORIST.—EXPERIENCED IN NATURE PRINT WORK. E 89 TIMES.

COMPETENT TEACHER, Isaac Pitman shorthand; must have had experience in public or private schools. G 86 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,

Require the services of

Experienced Saleswomen for their Button Department. Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,

Require the services of

Experienced half-time Waitresses for their Ice Cream Parlor. Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,

Require the services of

SPECIAL ORDER

Experienced Millinery Saleswomen for their no-charge Trimming Service. Apply in person at Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GOOD COOK as general houseworker; no washing, but to do ironing; family of four in an apartment; wages $25; answer by letter, with city reference. Box E 85 Times.

TEACHER, over 30, out of a position, to assist us in organizing clubs for a reading course; must be able to travel. R A 47 Times.

WANTED—A woman, about 35, to engage in special work, calling for energy and ambition more than experience; only one who is well educated and anxious to adopt an active career need apply. O P 244 Times.

WANTED.—Woman, over 25, good education and address, as traveling saleswoman, meeting selected people; salary and commission; dignified work; reliable company. Mr. Spain, Room 528, 156 5th Av.

Help Wanted, Male

A VALET for a bachelor, must be experienced, to shave, cook, and take care of an apartment; do not apply unless thoroughly experienced; must have city reference. Apply to Box E 86 Times.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for kimonos line in Greater New York, Brooklyn, and Newark. Manhattan Garment Co., 85 Washington St., city.

MEN.—A permanent income larger than most people realize can be created selling our new monthly health and accident policy; every sickness and accident; oldest and largest company; large commissions; would talk salary to right parties. Manager, Room 516, 1,133 Broadway.

MEN over 25, with selling ability; steady, paying positions, whole or part time. Call or address Manager, 6th floor, 277 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN WANTED.

Lucrative position open to salesman who can prove ability and furnish satisfactory references. Those not capable of earning $3,000 to $5,000 per year need not apply. Interviews granted between 9:30 and 12.
Gage E. Tarbell, 320 5th Av.

SALESMEN WANTED.—By Rand, McNally & Co. for line of advertising specialties and calendars; good commercial proposition; only men capable of handling same need apply. 40 East 22d St.

SALESMAN to cover Eastern territory, representing factory line of incandescent gas burners and brass goods accessories. Z 244 Times Downtown.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—For railroad construction work in West Indies, one bookkeeper, one storekeeper, and one storekeeper's clerk; must have railroad construction experience or need not apply; give references and full particulars regarding experience, also state salary expected, addressing letter to "Haiti," Box X 243 Times Downtown.

WANTED—One master joiner at $6 per diem; a competitive examination will be held at the navy yard, Philadelphia, Penn., April 15, 1912, for the purpose of filling the above position. For further information address Commandant, Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Penn.

WANTED—A man over 25, of good education and address, to act as salesman first, then manager; dignified work; reliable company. Mr. Spain, Room 528, 156 5th Av.

WANTED—A caterer, American; must be competent; having held good positions and furnish excellent references. 51 East 29th St.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

A.—A.—MRS. MALMBERG'S, 115 East 26th St.; oldest Swedish agency; established 1881; select servants for private families; formerly 352 4th Av.

Other Want Advertisements on Preceding Page.

NEGRO MAID A ROBBER.

Colored Man Helped Her Ransack House After He Bound Mistress.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Jennie B. Davis, a widow who keeps a rooming house at 531 West 187th Street, engaged at a Harlem intelligence office a negro woman who gave the name of Mollie Clark. Yesterday morning while Mrs. Davis was upstairs she heard some one opening and shutting drawers downstairs. She went down and in the front room she found a tall lanky negro she had noticed hanging about the street engaged in putting things in a black bag he carried. Mollie Clark, the new maid, was superintending operations. The negro saw Mrs. Davis at the same time she saw him and sprang at her.

Mrs. Davis retreated behind a table. There was a chase of several minutes before the negro knocked over the table and caught her by the throat. Choking her into unconsciousness he gagged and bound her hand and foot, using the table cloth for the purpose.

The negro man and woman then proceeded to rob the house. They went from room to room searching drawers and trunks and taking what they wanted. With the bag filled they departed. It was an hour before Mrs. Davis regained consciousness. After half an hour's work she got her hand free and pulling off the gag and freeing her feet she staggered to the telephone and notified Police Headquarters. Then she fell to the floor in a faint. She was found there by Ralph, her 14-year-old son.

It is not known how much the thieves got away with. Mrs. Davis's jewelry is gone as well as that belonging to her roomers. She is suffering from bruises and principally from shock. It was said last night she was in a serious condition.

The detectives arrived late in the afternoon. They gave hope that they would soon make an arrest.

SOME STRIKERS HOLD OUT

But Workers in Six Lawrence Mills Accept Terms.

LAWRENCE, Mass., March 14.—The strike at six of the textile mills in this city is ended. It remains in effect at seven mills here and one mill in the adjoining town of North Andover. The Everett Mill, which has kept its employes locked out since the strike started, is understood to be contemplating an early reopening at an increased wage scale.

At a mass meeting on the Common this afternoon the strikers, who had assembled in thousands, voted to declare off the strike at the Washington, Wood Ayer, and Prospect Mills of the American Woolen Company, the Atlantic Cotton Mills and the Kunhardt Worsted Mills. Approximately seven thousand operatives will return to work at these plants Monday.

The mass meeting, which followed the advice of the strike leaders in this action, also accepted the recommendation of the Strike Committee that the strike should be continued against the Pacific Cotton and Worsted Mills, the Arlington Cotton and Worsted Mills, the Pemberton Mills, the Lawrence Duck Mills, the Uswoco Worsted Mill, the Farwell Bleachery, the International Paper Plant and the Brightwood Woolen Mills of North Andover. All these mills have announced a wage increase, but the details of the proposed advance have not been made sufficiently clear to satisfy the strike leaders.

As a result of to-day's action it is estimated about three thousand operatives will remain on strike, not including the two thousand locked out at the Everett Cotton Mills.

The vote was taken after William D. Haywood of the Industrial Workers of the World and eleven other speakers had addressed the throng in as many languages, explaining in detail the wage advance granted by the Atlantic, Kunhardt and American Woolen Company's mills.

DROP DIVORCE SUIT, JUSTICE ASKS WHY

Court Puzzled by Rapidity with Which Second Schermerhorn Action Was Brought.

FIRST PAPERS ARE MISSING

Lawyers Ordered to Produce Them —Counsel for Schermerhorn Knows Little About His Client.

Supreme Court Justice Newburger returned a memorandum yesterday in the divorce suit of Josephine W. Schermerhorn against Nathaniel E. Schermerhorn. The report of Referee Elihu B. Frost of 5 Nassau Street recommending a decree of divorce for Mrs. Schermerhorn was handed to Justice Newburger a few days ago by J. S. and H. A. Wise, her lawyer. The court's memorandum indicates that there are some aspects of the case with which he is dissatisfied and upon which he intends to obtain further information.

Justice Newburger's desire for an investigation of the case was based in part, it was declared yesterday, on a report made to him that records in the County Clerk's office showed that the suit which had been tried before Referee Frost was not the first divorce action brought by Mrs. Schermerhorn against her husband. The papers in the previous case, including the affidavits on which it was closed, were missing, the report declared. The court's memorandum returned yesterday demands that the lawyers in the case, J. S. and H. A. Wise for Mrs. Schermerhorn and Rodolphe Claughton for the defendant, produce these missing papers.

Mr. Claughton was questioned by the reporters at his home, 113 West Nineteenth Street, last night.

"What is your client's business?" the lawyer was asked.

"I don't know enough of his affairs to answer that," Mr. Claughton answered.

"Where does he live?" he was asked.

"I really do not know," he declared.

"Why was the first suit instituted by Mrs. Schermerhorn dropped?"

"I don't remember," the lawyer replied.

"The record shows that it was discontinued by the joint consent of you and the lawyers for Mrs. Schermerhorn," the lawyer was told. "Why did you consent to have the suit dropped?"

"The record will show that," answered Mr. Claughton.

"But your affidavit and all the papers are missing from the County Clerk's office. What became of them?"

"Ask Mr. Wise," responded Mr. Claughton.

"And what was your affidavit that the Judge wants to see?" the reporter asked.

"I don't remember now," said Mr. Claughton.

One of the reasons, it was said yesterday, why Justice Newburger wants to see the complaints and answers in both the former suit and the one now before him is that he may compare them to satisfy himself that they are not the same. J. S. Wise, Jr., denied yesterday that the reason for withdrawing the suit and starting it so soon again was to obtain a change in referees. He said:

"So far as I know, my firm had never heard of Mr. Frost before his appointment in the case just brought, and I do not believe Mr. Claughton had. We would have been satisfied with the referee appointed in the first case."

The record shows that the first suit for divorce was brought before Justice Gerard, who appointed as referee, Eugene L. Parodi of 261 Broadway, who was a clerk in the office of Bowers & Sands at the time the Justice was a member of the firm. Mr. Parodi was appointed referee on Feb. 8, 1911. On April 11, 1911, the suit was discontinued by consent of both sides.

Soon thereafter a new suit was brought by the service of another complaint. Without waiting for the twenty days allowed for the service of an answer to elapse, one was served within a week, and then Justice Blanchard was asked to appoint a new referee. Justice Blanchard appointed Mr. Frost. There is nothing in the record to indicate that he was informed of the previous suit, and the appointment of a referee by Justice Gerard.

"Why was the suit first brought by Mrs. Schermerhorn discontinued?" J. S. Wise, Jr., her lawyer, was asked.

"On account of some technicality, I forget what," he replied. THE TIMES reporter asked him to look up the case, and the lawyer went into another room. On his return he said:

"We discontinued the suit because we found we had named the wrong place for the commission of the offense complained of, and consequently could not prove it."

"Why," he was then asked, "did counsel for Mr. Schermerhorn consent to a discontinuance, when he might have fought your case on this ground?"

"Because he could not collect costs against Mrs. Schermerhorn, and we could bring a new action, anyway," the lawyer replied.

Mr. Wise said that United States District Attorney Wise had withdrawn from his firm at the time he took public office.

"The Schermerhorn named as defendant in this case is a man of little prominence," Mr. Wise declared. "It seems strange that so much interest should be taken in the case."

Liners Three Days Late.

The Red Star liner Vaderland, from Antwerp, and the French liner Niagara, from Havre, arrived yesterday three days late, owing to bad weather, which has now become so habitual as an excuse for late arrivals on this side that the steamship companies are having cards printed to send out. They read: "The S. S. * * * is * * * days late, owing to stormy weather."

$12,000 FOR EIGHT TEETH.

Jury Awards That Sum to Car Victim, but Judge Holds It Excessive.

For the loss of eight teeth Axel Homestead obtained a verdict for $12,000 yesterday against the Brooklyn Heights Railroad. Later in the day Justice Maddox, sitting in the Queens County Court, Long Island City, declared the verdict excessive, and announced that he would give the plaintiff and his attorneys ten days in which to consider the acceptance of half that sum or a new trial.

Homestead lives at 82 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn. He is employeyd as an insurance agent, and about midnight of Aug. 30, 1910, when attempting to board a trolley car for Manhattan at Twenty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, he was struck by a car going in the opposite direction. According to the testimony he lost eight teeth in addition to having his jaw fractured, and it was a jury of eleven men, several of whom were equipped with false teeth, that decided that Homestead should receive $1,500 a tooth, one juror having been excused for cause. The suit was for $35,000 damages.

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"Get the knack of the NOTCH"

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WEEK END SALE

For Easter we offer 200 styles of grey, brown and mixed unfinished worsteds and blue serges. Coat and trousers to measure $17.00. Also 25 styles of oxford vicunas, thibets and English cheviots. Overcoat to measure $20.00. Considering the style, workmanship and trimmings, other tailors would have to charge you double our price.

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Made Expressly for Our Seventeen Stores

Browning, King & Co

Everyone has experienced satisfaction from the fact that his friends have admired the Clothes he wears. This Organization makes distinctive attire, the kind that will give you that individuality so much desired by men of good taste.

We make in our own Work-Shops not only the Clothing for Men and Boys that we sell but also all our Juvenile and Washable Suits.

A FEW INTERESTING ITEMS

OVERCOATS $18.00 to $40.00	Our "Curzon" Overcoat is a Raglan of which we are justly proud. The shoulders are particularly stylish......$25.00 to $40.00.
MEN'S SUITS $15.00 to $40.00	There are so many new styles of Men's Suits that we cannot mention them all. The "Bell" is one which conforms to the youthful figure and has a style all its own..........................$18.00 to $40.00.
YOUNG MEN'S $15.00 to $35.00	The "Conduit," with its natural shoulders and soft front and without padding, is a popular garment for the young man who likes the English cut....$22.00 to $35.00.
MEN'S & BOYS' FURNISHINGS	Particular attention is called to the values we are offering in Neckwear and Shirts.

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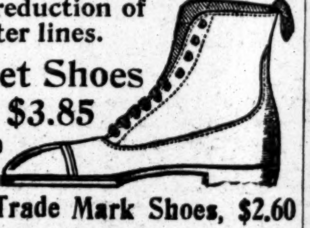
Spring Russets, $3.98

Styles worth "coming miles to see"

Flat toe, wide shank, low heel, and that "hand-finished" look.

Final reduction of winter lines.



Russet Shoes at $3.85 were $5.00 & $6.00

$4.00 Trade Mark Shoes, $2.60

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They are Samples and Factory Rejects

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TO-NIGHT 213th TIME ARLISS in DISRAELI

LITTLE THEATRE. Tel. Bryant 3840. 44th St., W. of B'way. Mat. Sat. Evs. 8:45. All Seats (Orch.) $2.50.
GALSWORTHY'S Comedy THE PIGEON
Beginning Tues., Mar. 19, SPECIAL MATINEES Every Afternoon except Saturdays at 2:30, THE TERRIBLE MEEK, by C. Rann Kennedy, and THE FLOWER OF THE PALACE OF HAN. Seats $2.

ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50
"GREAT SUCCESS."—Sun. THE GREYHOUND

GEO. M. COHAN Theatre. B'way & 43 St. Ev. 8:10. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
THIS OLD WINE IS FULL OF BUBBLES
Grand Revival of Geo. M. Cohan's Most Popular Musical Farce,
45 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY
GEO. M. COHAN as Kid Burns. SALLIE FISHER as MARY.

GRAND 23d St. 8th Av. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in The Red Widow. Mat. Sat.
Next Week—ALMA, Where Do You Live?

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Mme. Bertha Kalich & Co. | Tom Wise & Co. Willa Holt Wakefield, oths.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Frank Keenan & Co., Paul Dickey & Co., Bonita and Lew Hearn, others.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St. Daily Mat. 25c. Adele Ritchie, Chas. E. Evans & Co., Boston Fadettes, Geo. B. Reno & Co., oths.

Kinemacolor Theatre, 40th, near B'way. Daily, 2:30 & 8:30.
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MINER'S Every Day. Bargain Matinee
8th AVE. STAR SHOW GIRLS. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
BOWERY ZALLAH'S OWN CO. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
BRONX YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT.

David Kessler SECOND AVE. THEATRE, 35-37 Second Av., Cor. 2d St.
MAX R. WILNER Presents
Mr. Morris Morrison, the Great German Tragedian, in his repertoire now playing

IRVING PL. To-n't & Sat. Mat., Schiller's "WILHELM TELL." Sat. ev., "PULLMAN PORTER." Next Wk, "The Awakening of Spring," a tragedy of a child's life by F. Wedekind.

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Mat. To-day. Seats, 25c. The Midnight Maidens.

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8.
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NEXT SUN. (Seats Now) | GREAT CHARITY CONCERT in aid HEBREW INFANT ASYLUM.

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FIRST TIME TO-NIGHT—Added Feature.
MOST SENSATIONAL PARISIAN NOVELTY.
"THE CAPTIVE"
AN ORIENTAL SPECTACLE.
And other international novelties. Star Cast.
SUNDAY NIGHT—BIG CONCERT.

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
4TH MONTH LITTLE | Balcony $1.00 Fam. Circle 50c | Orch. $2.
BOY BLUE
"The Banner Comic Opera."—Press.
Special Matinee To-day, 2:15.
Benefit of Stage Children's Fund
THOS. WISE, MADGE TITHERADGE, BARNEY BERNARD, HOWARD KYLE, RICE & COHEN, PAULA EDWARDES, CHRISTINE NIELSEN, JOHN W. RANSONE, ISABEL D'ARMOND, MILDRED HOLLAND, CLARENCE HARVEY, 1st Act "BIRD OF PARADISE," AND OTHER NOTABLE ACTS.

MANHATTAN OP. HO., 34th St. & 8th Av. Viennese Operatic Co. To-night, The Merry Widow.
NEXT WEEK........THE MILLION

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-NIGHT at 8—OTELLO. Alda, Maubourg; Slezak, Amato, Segurola, Bada. Conductor, Toscanini.
SAT. at 2—GIOCONDA. Destinn, Homer; Caruso, Amato, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
SAT. at 8, Pop. Prices—KOENIGSKINDER. Farrar, Wickham, Fornia, Mattfeld; Jadlowker, Goritz, Didur, Reiss. Conductor, Hertz.
SUN. EVG. CONCERT—Gluck, Alten; Slezak, Rothier, Hinshaw, and entire orchestra.
NEXT MON. at 8—ARMIDE. Fremstad, Matzenauer, Gluck; Caruso, Amato, Gilly. Cond., Toscanini.
TUES. at 8, Phila.-Chicago Opera Co.—JEWELS of the MADONNA. White, Berat; Bassi, Sammarco, Warnery, Daddi. Gen'l Mus. Dir., Campanini.
WED. MAT. at 2, Prices from 75c. to $3.00—BOHEME. Gluck, Alten; Martin, Gilly, Segurola.
WED. at 8—AIDA. Destinn, Claessens; Caruso, Scotti, Didur, Rossi, Bada. Conductor, Toscanini.
THURS. at 7:45—LOHENGRIN. Fremstad, Matzenauer; Jorn, Weil, Witherspoon, Hinshaw. Cond. Hertz.
FRI. at 8—FAUST. Farrar, Fornia; Jorn, Renaud, Rothier. Conductor, Sturani.
TUES. EVG., Mch. 26, Spec'l Perf'ce, Double Bill—CAV. RUSTICANA and PAGLIACCI. Destinn, Alten; Caruso, Martin, Amato, Gilly. Cond., Sturani. Seats for this performance now on sale.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
TUES., Mch. 19, at 7:30—WALKUERE. Gadski, Morena, Wickham, Jorn, Weil, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
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Tickets now on sale at Box Office, 1 W. 34th St., 50 cts. to $2.

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—Society of New York—
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
Carnegie Hall. This Afternoon at 2:30
Bach Concerto No. 3, Haydn Symphony D Maj., Mozart "Jupiter" Symphony, Beethoven 5th Symphony.
50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
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Illustrating every branch of Woman's Work in Industry and Art.
NEW GRAND CENTRAL PALACE | Under auspices of ten leading Women's Organizations | March 14 to 23
Lexington Av., & 46th & 47th Sts.

HIPPODROME, Sun. Eve., Mar. 17, at 8:15.
ANNUAL CHARITY CONCERT
in Aid of Hebrew Infant Asylum.
RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Namara-Toye, Alexander Heinemann, Rosa Olitzka, Herbert Sachs-Hirsch, Henri La Bonte, and Albert Spalding.
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HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St. & B'way. | NEXT TUES. AT 3:30 P.M.
POPULAR PRICES. TICKETS NOW ON SALE THEATRE BOX OFFICE.

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Exhibition, Flower Arrangement and Landscape Gardening, HOTEL ASTOR, March 14th to 31st, 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. SPECIAL LECTURES BY MISS SCIDMORE, WITH LANTERN SLIDES, Friday, March 15th, Saturday, March 16th, at 4:30 P. M. Lectures daily at 4:30. Tickets, $1.00, on sale Hotel Astor; Yamanaka & Co., 254 Fifth Avenue; Kondo & Co., 6 West 33d Street.

NEWMAN TRAVELTALKS Carnegie Hall
Sun. Eve. 8:30—"Moscow & St. Petersburg."
Popular Prices, 50c-75c-$1.00-$1.50 Now.

BACHAUS Car. Hall, Fri. Aft., Mar. 22, at 3.
Seats 75c. to $2. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

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Next Week......Robinson's CRUSOE GIRLS

Columbia B'way & 47th. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. Burlesque HARRY HASTINGS' BIG SHOW. | Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.

5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. | Pauline, Chas. L. Fletcher & Co., Marshall Montgomery, Gertrude Barnes, others.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c | Visions d'Art, Cliff Gordon, "The Apple of Paris," and 12 other star acts.

Academy OF MUSIC. Pop. Prices. Mat. Daily. THE LIGHTS O' LONDON.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15. ROBIE'S KNICKERBOCKERS.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
LEWIS WALLER in MONSIEUR BEAUCAIRE

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
WHITNEY OPERA CO. in BARON TRENCK

Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Best Seats $2.
Weber & Fields Jubilee Co. of 100 in "Hokey Pokey" & "Bunty Bulls & Strings."

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Bought and Paid For
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William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39, bet. B'way & 6 Av. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
The play of a Woman's Soul. The Bird of Paradise

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:20. Matinee To-morrow 2:20.
LAST TWO WEEKS EVERYWOMAN
POPULAR MATS. TUES. & THURS. ENTIRE ORCH. $1. ENTIRE BALCONY 50c. Evs. 50c-$1.50.

39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
St. Patrick's Day Matinee Next Monday.

BIJOU Thea., B'way & 30th. Eves. 8:15.
The Season's Best Comedy. The Truth Wagon Matinee To-m'w 2:15.

WEST END 125th, W. of 8 Av. Evs. 8:15.
Mat. T'm'w SAM BERNARD in HE CAME FROM MILWAUKEE.
Next Week............THE KISS WALTZ

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-morrow & Wed. 2:20
MRS. FISKE in RUDOLPH BESIER'S Lady Patricia
MRS. FISKE'S ENGAGEMENT IN LADY PATRICIA WILL CONTINUE UNTIL MARCH 23.

LYCEUM 45th St. & B'way. Eve. at 8:15. Mats. To-morrow & Thurs. 2:15.
GERTRUDE ELLIOTT in Arthur Pinero's Best Comedy, Preserving Mr. Panmure
12TH NIGHT CLUB MONSTER BENEFIT.
BY BIG STAR CAST. MON. AF'OON, March 18

FULTON 46 St., n'r B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:20.
INSTANTANEOUS HIT!! WALKER WHITESIDE in THE TYPHOON

HARRIS W. 42d Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Thurs. 2:20.
THE TALKER

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:15.
SIMONE (in English) LAST 3 TIMES THE LADY OF DREAMS.
NEXT MON. Seats Now. SIMONE as FROU-FROU

PARK 59th St. B'way, Columbus Circle. Ev. 8:10. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:15.
3rd MONTH "Admirable Comedy."—Herald. "No question of success."—Sun.
LOUIS MANN in "ELEVATING A HUSBAND."

ORLENEFF Eve. at 8:15. MATINEE TO-MORROW 2:15.
GARRICK 35 St., n'r B'way. 3 Times Only "GHOSTS"
Beg. MONDAY, ORLENEFF in CZAR PAUL I.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Ev. 8 sharp. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2.
OTIS SKINNER IN AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET

New Amsterdam 42d St., nr. Broadway. Eves. 8 sharp. Matinee Wed. (Pop. Prices) & Sat. 2 sharp.
Last 2 Weeks This Theatre | Run of Oliver Twist will be continued at Empire Theatre, Beg. Mon., Mar. 25th
The Liebler Co.'s BIG CAST REVIVAL OF Oliver Twist
with Nat. C. Goodwin, Constance Collier, Marie Doro, Lyn Harding.
BEGINNING MONDAY, MARCH 25, KLAW & ERLANGER will present the New Musical Comedy, THE MAN FROM COOK'S
From the French of Maurice Ordonneau, English Book and Lyrics by Henry Blossom. Music by Raymond Hubbell. Seats Next Mon., Mar. 18th.

LIBERTY 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. at 2:15.
HENRY MILLER in THE RAINBOW by A. E. THOMAS.

GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-m'w & Wed. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris success "He can't arrest the laughter."
OFFICER 666
with GEORGE NASH & WALLACE EDDINGER.

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. T'm'w & Wed. 2:20.
EDDIE FOY in OVER THE RIVER, with CABARET SHOW.

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